

Machine learning to predict extracellular vesicle properties for drug delivery applications

Robert D. Kirian
Poster #126



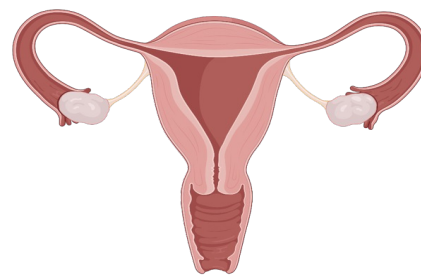
Unmet opportunity to develop drug delivery technologies for women's health

75% of funding allocated to male-specific disorders



Swingle et al, *Nature Reviews*, 2021.

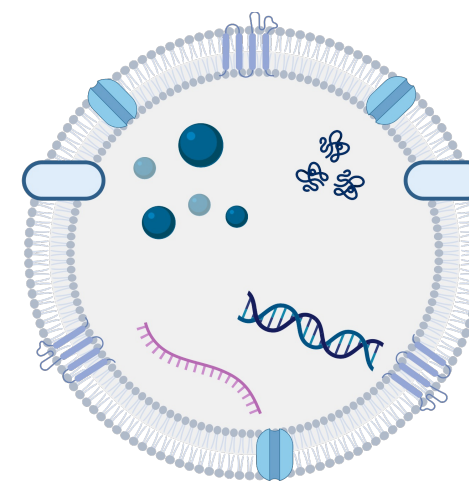
Vaginal drug delivery is an optimal method



- ✓ Avoids gastrointestinal environment
- ✓ Avoids hepatic “first-pass”
- ✓ Enables uterine “first-pass”

Zierden, et al. *Trends Mol Med*, 2021

Extracellular vesicles as therapeutic carriers

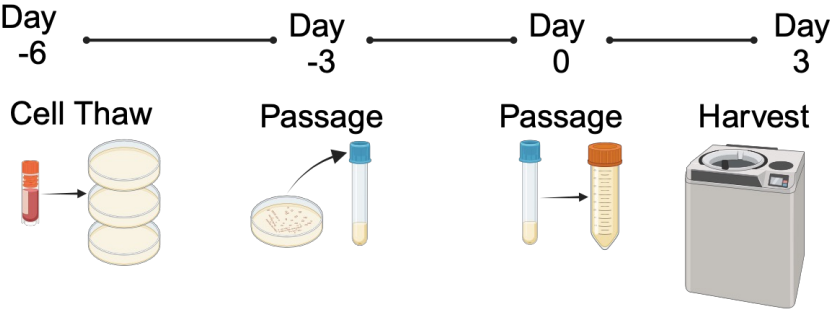


Kirian, et al. *Theranostics*, 2024

Hypothesis: Tuning culture parameters will enable control of EV characteristics

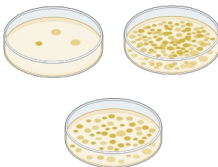
Culture parameters affect EV properties

Experiment Overview



Analysis

Colony Forming Unit (CFU) Analysis



Nanoparticle Tracking Analysis (NTA)

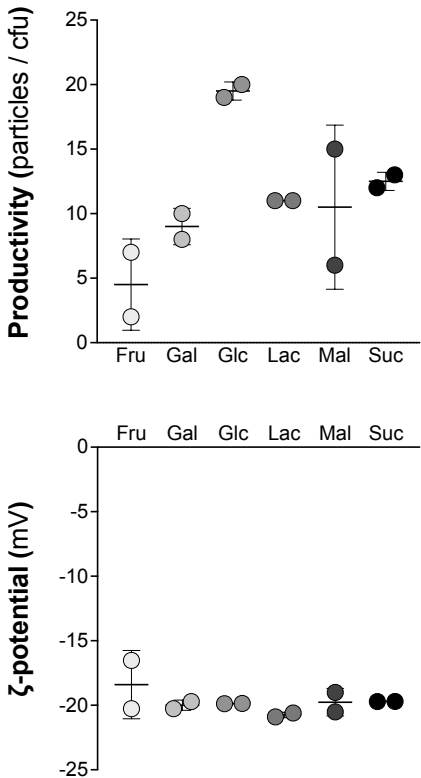
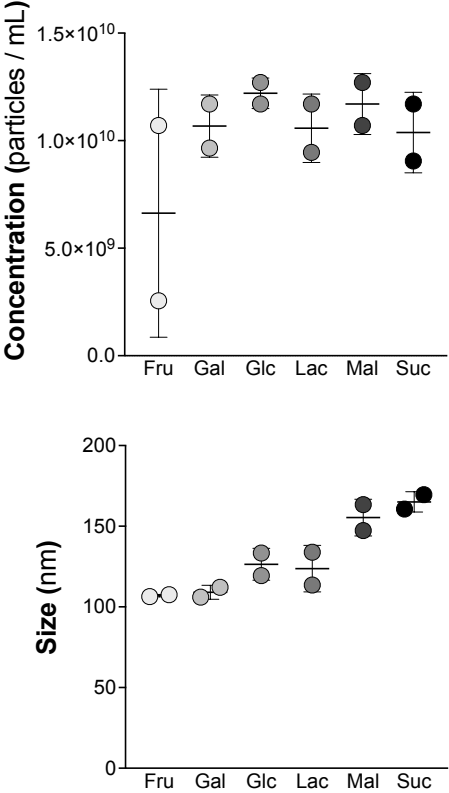
Evaluate:

- Size distribution (nm)
- Concentration (particles/mL)
- ζ -potential (mV)



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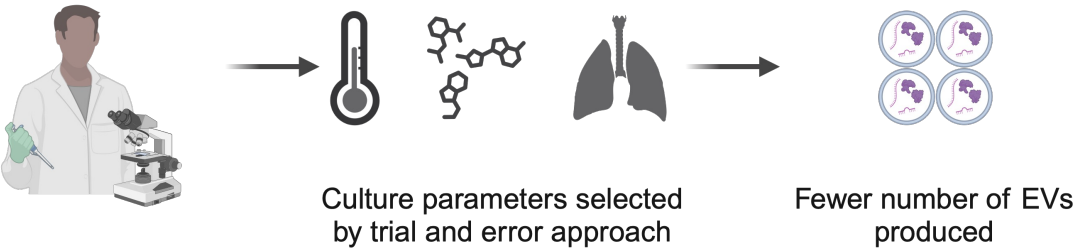
bEV characteristics with different carbon sources



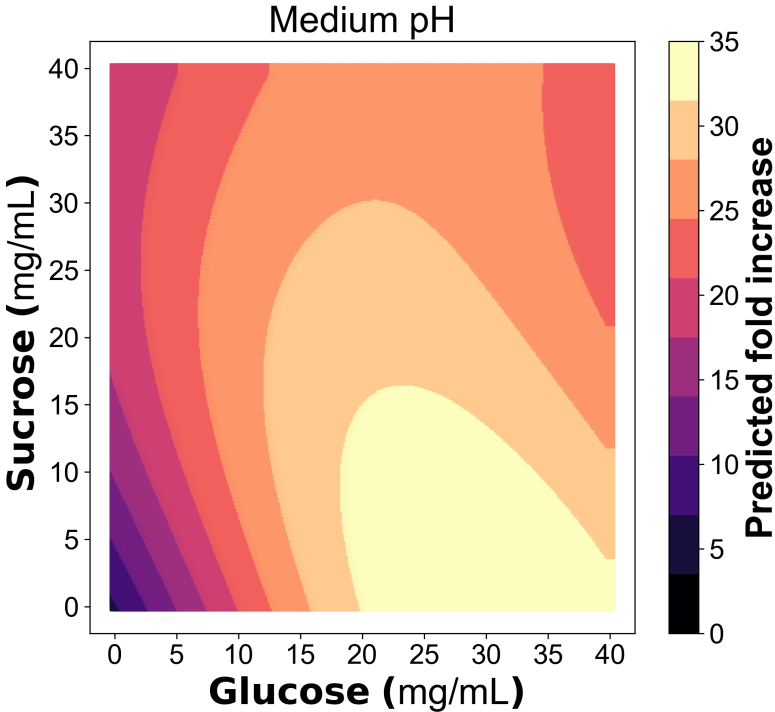
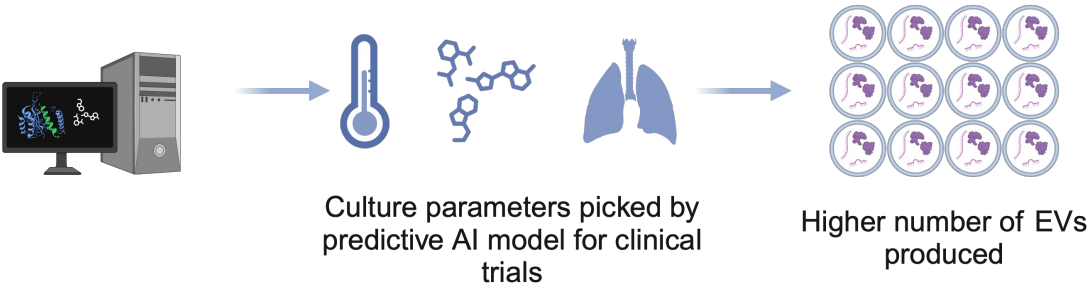
Experimental data can define boundaries for active learning



Traditional Trial and Error Methods



Predictive AI Machine Learning Model



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Zierden Lab: Using biological nanoparticles to understand and treat human health

PI: Hannah Zierden, PhD

Graduate students:

Alyssa Petersen
Darby Steinman
Kiana Yip

UMD Collaborators:

Po-Yen Chen, PhD
Snehi Shrestha
Tsai-Chun Chung

Undergraduate Students:

Karolina Akelaitis
Yasmi Chibber
Donggeon Kim
Caroline King
Aryan Shabanpour

Ethan Bolinger
Rose Coats
Xavier Garcia
Hayden Medlin
Elizabeth Everich

