

CD44v6-Driven Nanoparticles Combined with Immune Therapy for Colorectal Cancer

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Colorectal Cancer: barriers to effective treatment

- Colorectal Cancer (CRC): a major cause of cancer-related mortality

Challenges:

- Inter- and intratumoral heterogeneity
- Immunosuppressive tumor microenvironment (TME)
- Irinotecan: standard of care, but suffers from poor delivery and efficacy

OPPORTUNITY

If we can deliver irinotecan more selectively and simultaneously relieve immune suppression, we may unlock combination potential

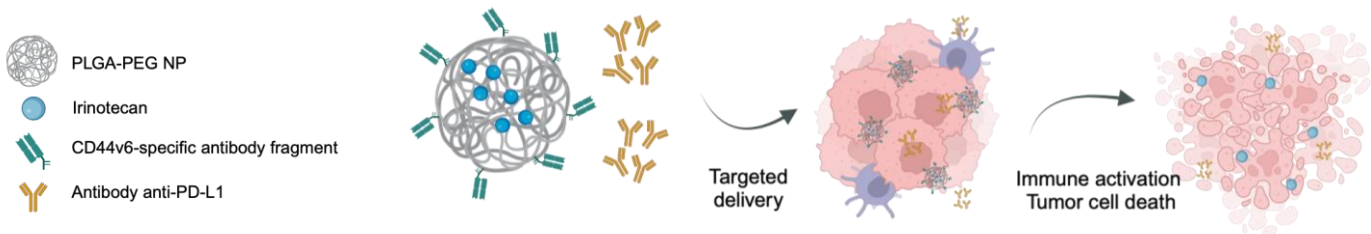
Siegel et al., 2024; Sobral et al., 2022; Buechler, 2021; Gilbert et al., 2012.

Our hypothesis

Combining nanomedicines and immunotherapy

- **CD44v6-targeted** PLGA nanoparticles loaded with **irinotecan (Iri@NP-v6)** → Enhance irinotecan delivery
- **Anti-PD-L1** immunotherapy → Reprograms the immunosuppressive TME

A combination approach to improve drug efficacy and immune response



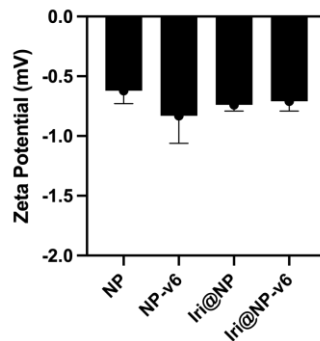
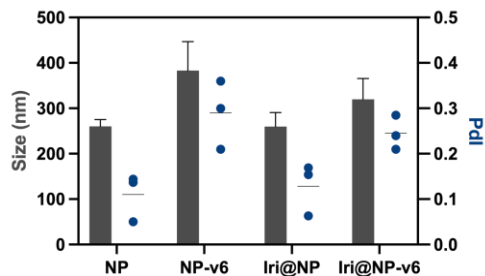
Baião et al., 2020.

Nanoparticle synthesis and characterization

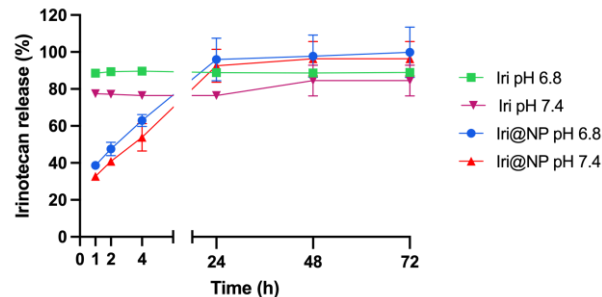
Iri@NP synthesized via single-emulsion and functionalized with a CD44v6-Fab fragment



Physicochemical characterization



Release profile



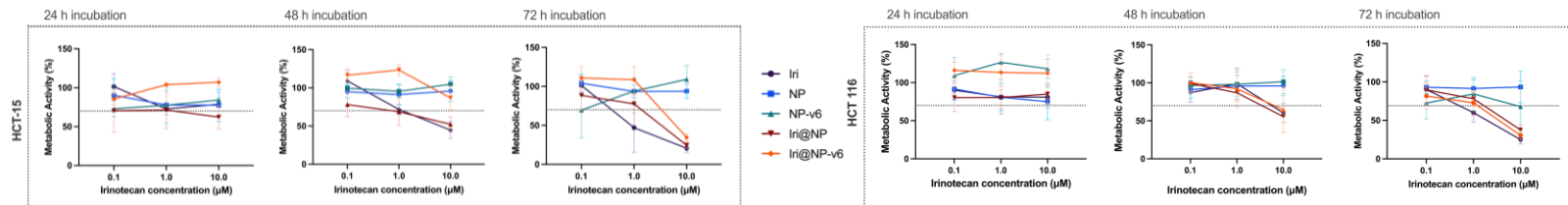
Iri@NP-v6 are **stable**, **efficiently loaded** with irinotecan (AE $\approx$ 34%), and **release the drug in a sustained manner**

Baião et al., submitted.

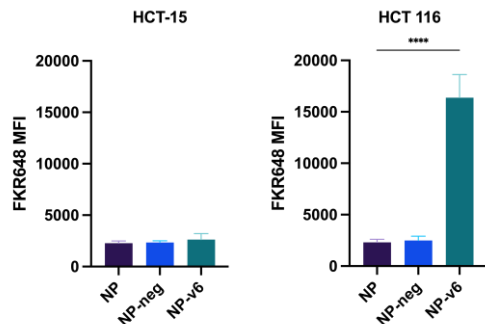
NPs cytotoxicity and specificity in 2D CRC models

CRC human cell lines: **HCT-15** (CD44v6^{low}) and **HCT 116** (CD44v6^{high})

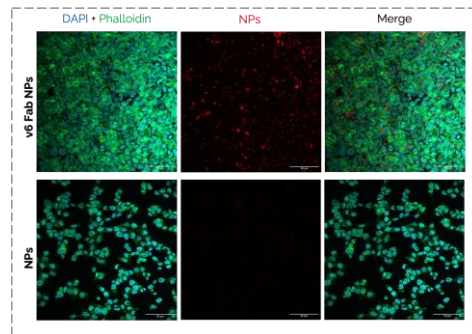
Resazurin metabolic assay



Cellular internalization
Flow cytometry



Confocal microscopy

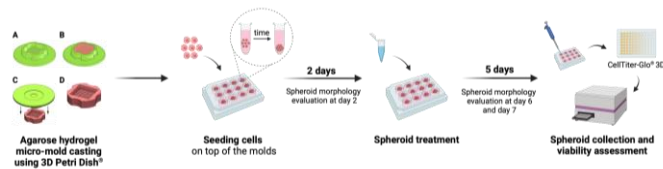


Validation of **specificity**
and **functionality** our
CD44v6-targeting
strategy

Baião et al., submitted.

NPs cytotoxicity in 3D CRC models

Experimental setup

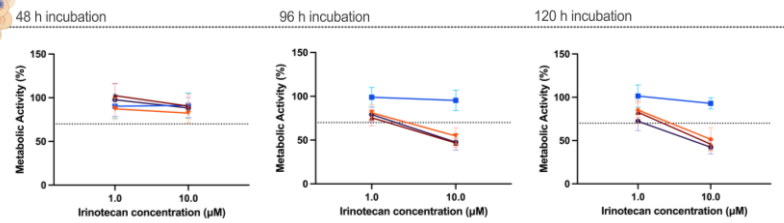
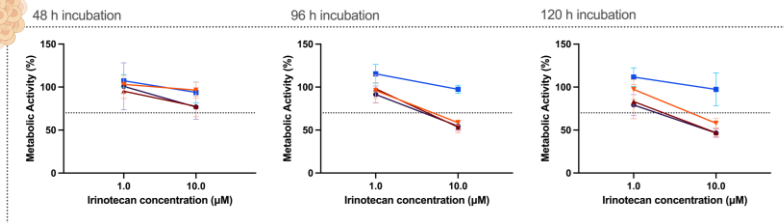


Monoclone CRC spheroid: HCT 116



Quadruple CRC spheroid: HCT 116 + HPMEC (endothelial) + HIF (fibroblasts) + monocytes

CellTiter-Glo® 3D cell viability assay



NPs demonstrate their **therapeutic potential** beyond simple monolayer cultures

Carvalho et al., 2023; Baião et al., submitted.

NPs immune modulation in 3D CRC models



Quadruple CRC spheroid

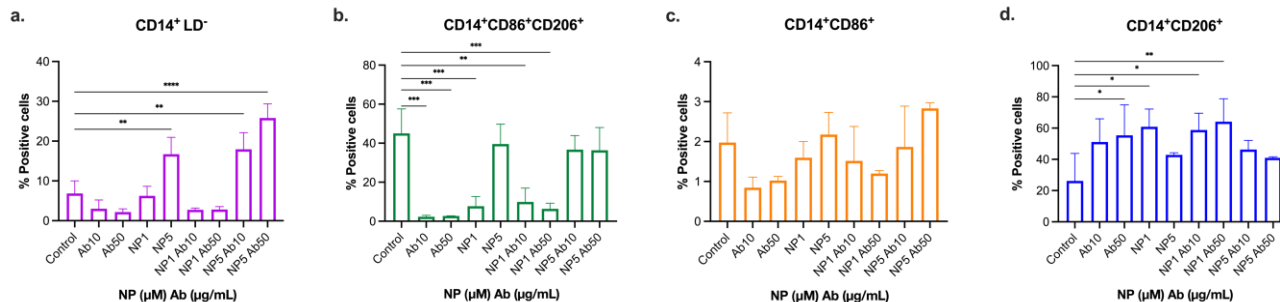
Treatment: NP (CD44v6-targeted irinotecan-loaded nanoparticles) and Ab: anti-PD-L1 antibody

Flow cytometry

CD14: monocytes

CD86: M1-like

CD206: M2-like

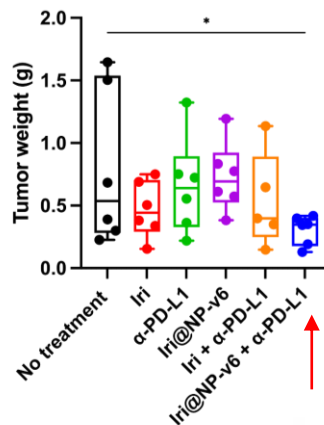
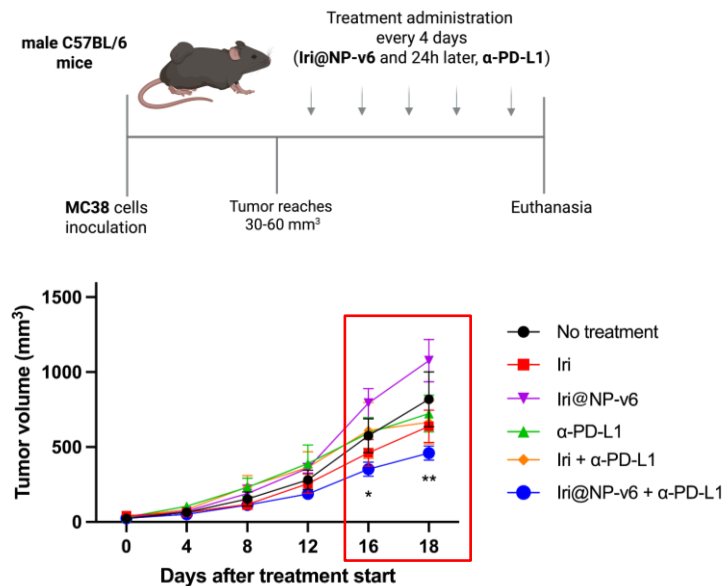


Combination therapy promoted monocyte retention and shifted the macrophage profile toward a less suppressive, more inflammatory phenotype (suggesting immune reprogramming within the tumor-like microenvironment)

Baião et al., submitted.

Combination therapy inhibits tumor growth *in vivo*

Mouse MC38 CRC cell line inoculated subcutaneously in C57BL/6 mice

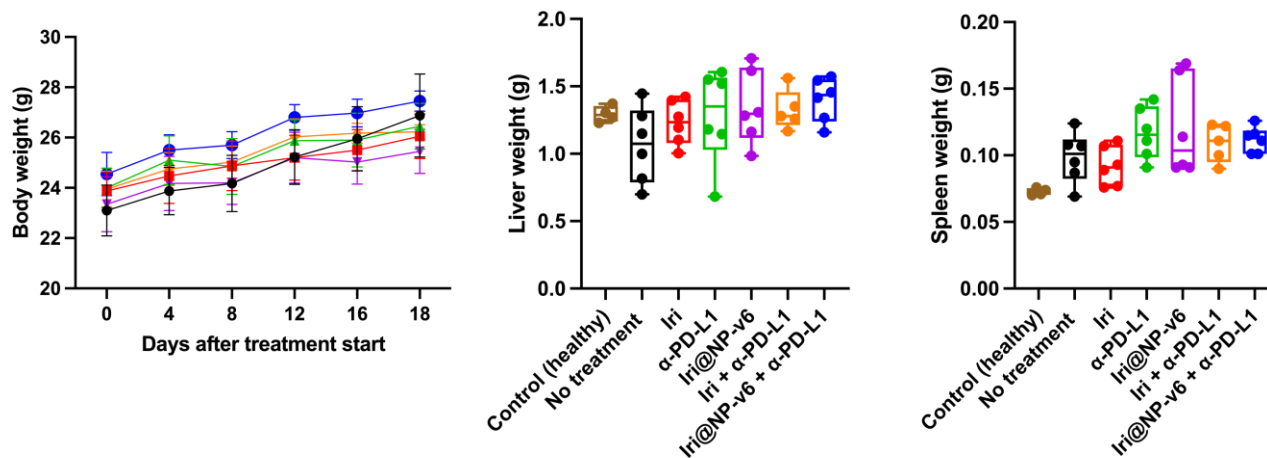


Tumor volume and weight were significantly reduced in mice treated with Iri@NP-v6 + α PD-L1, highlighting a clear combination effect

Baião et al., submitted.

Favorable safety profile and systemic tolerability *in vivo*

Mouse MC38 CRC cell line inoculated subcutaneously in C57BL/6 mice

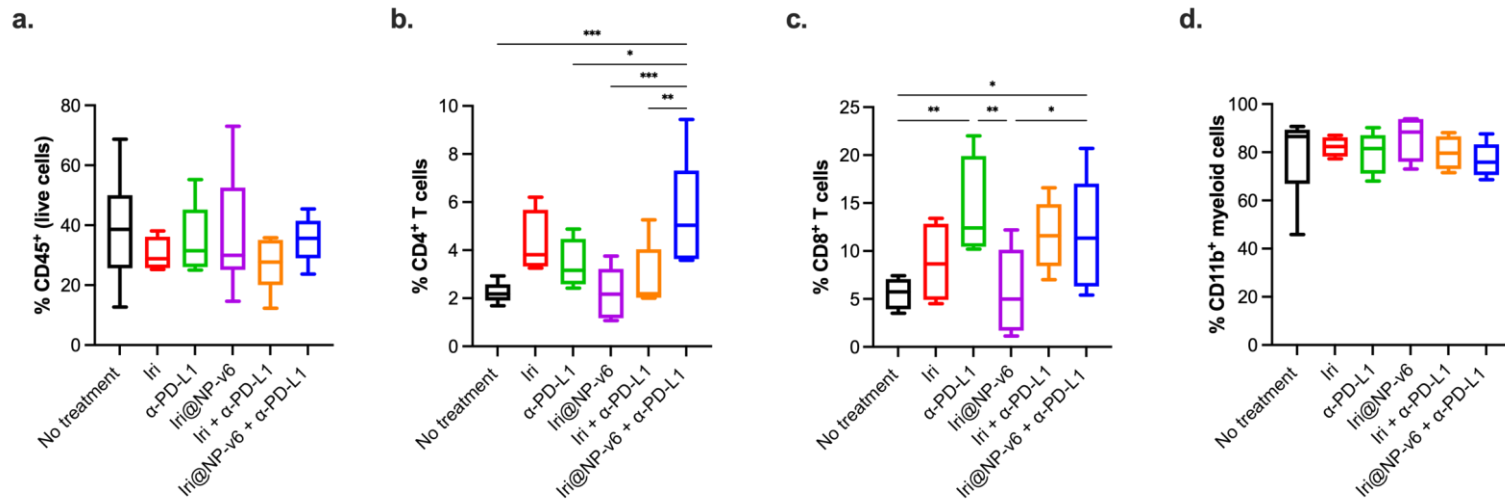


No significant changes in body weight or organ weight, confirming the **systemic safety of the nanoparticle-based combination therapy**

Baião et al., submitted.

Enhanced immune cell infiltration *in vivo*

Flow cytometry of mice tumors

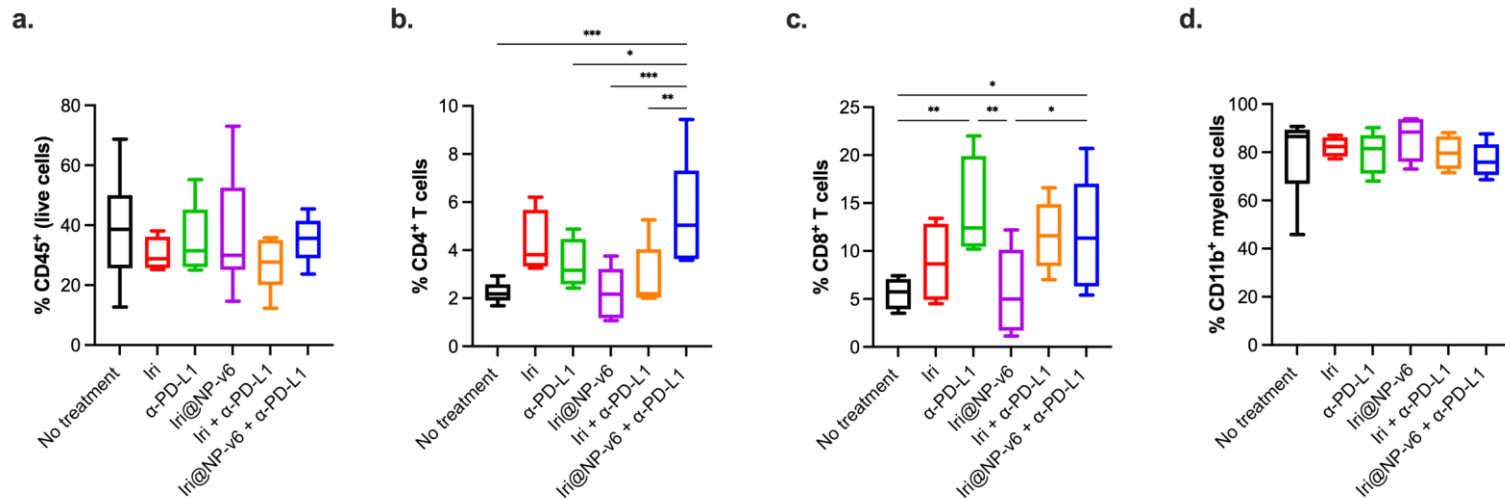


Combination therapy increased CD4⁺ and CD8⁺ T cell infiltration into tumors, suggesting a more immunologically active tumor microenvironment

Baião et al., submitted.

Enhanced immune cell infiltration *in vivo*

Flow cytometry of mice tumors



Iri@NP-v6 may induce immunogenic cell death and enhance antigen presentation, while PD-L1 blockade restores T cell effector function

Baião et al., submitted.

Conclusions and outlook

- CD44v6-targeted irinotecan-loaded NPs enhance drug delivery and immune activation *in vitro* and *in vivo*
- Combination with anti-PD-L1 enhances antitumor activity and increases immune infiltration
- The therapy shows good tolerability and induces immune modulation in the tumor microenvironment

Future directions

- Evaluate long-term effects and immune memory generation *in vivo*
- Apply the strategy to orthotopic and organoid CRC models for better clinical translation

Acknowledgments

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Flávia Castro, PhD (co-supervisor)

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Animal Facility

Histology and Electron Microscopy

Translational Cytometry



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NEXT-GENERATION
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