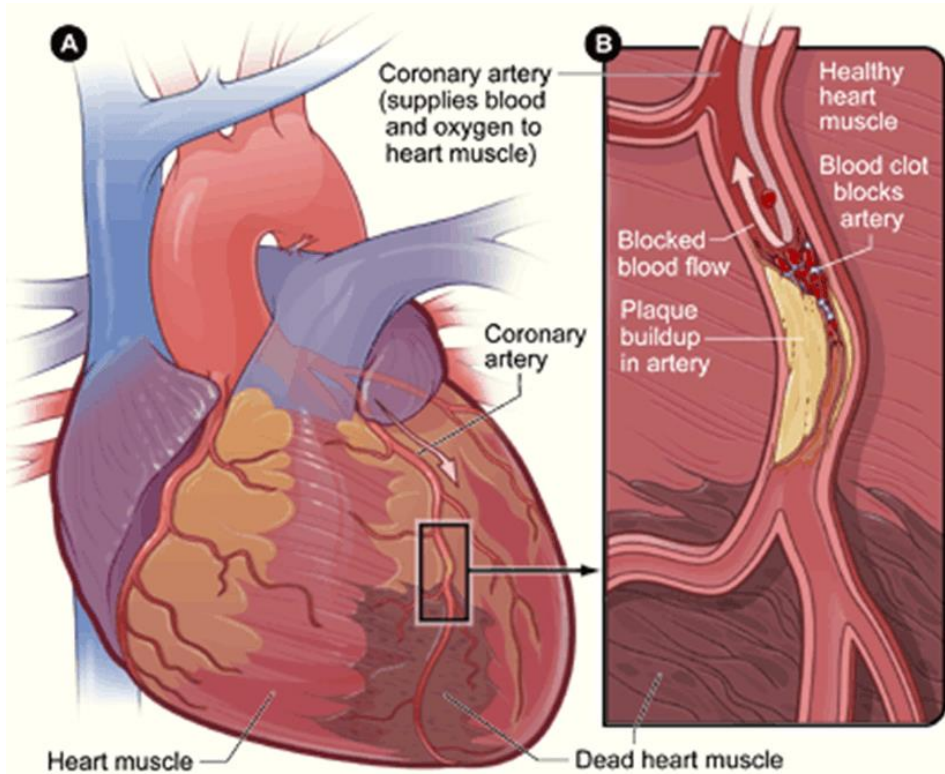


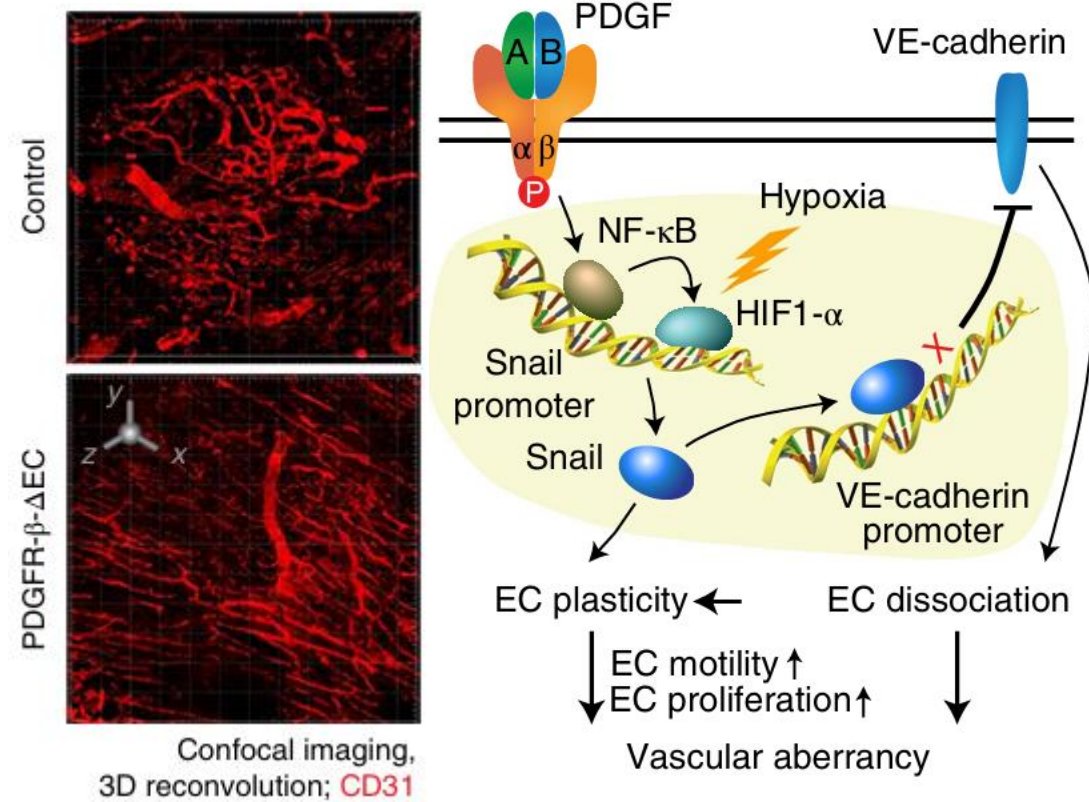
Cardiac-tropic Lipid Nanoparticles For Selective Vascularization After Myocardial Infarction

Junchao Xu, PhD
Michael J. Mitchell's Lab
University of Pennsylvania
July 15, 2025

Unmet Need: Targeted Revascularization After MI



Cardiac-targeted delivery is elusive in current MI therapy.

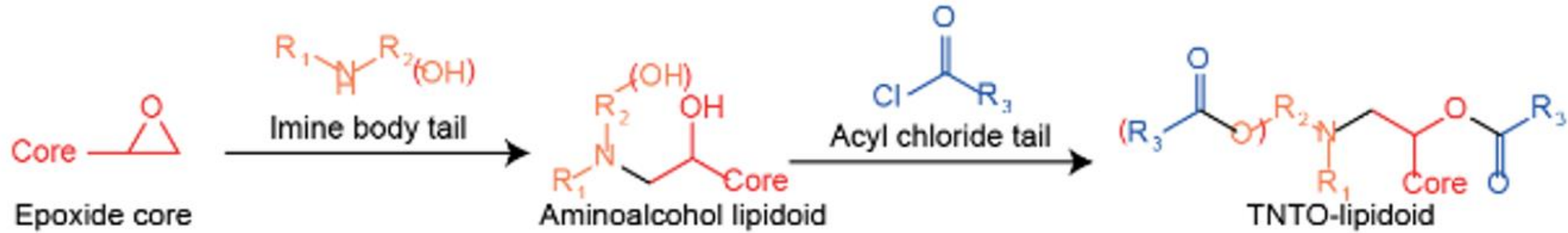


VEGF therapy yields dysfunctional, leaky vessels.

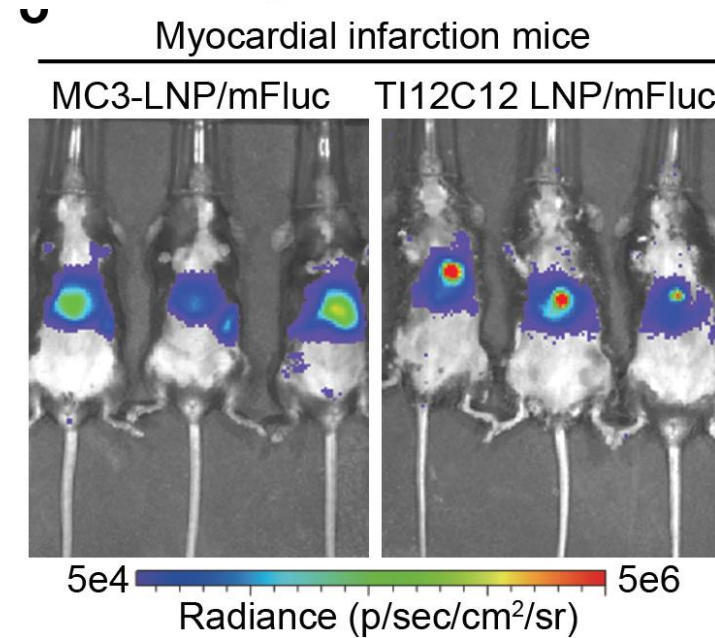
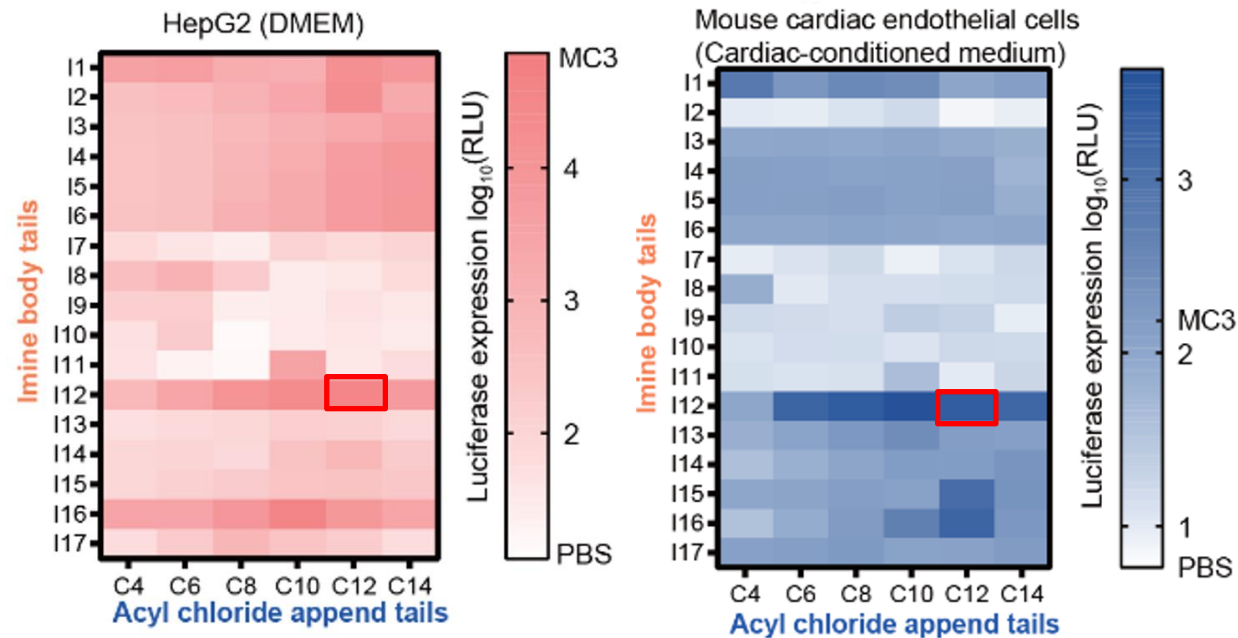
Gu et al. Nature Reviews Cardiology, 2021.

Huang, Yi, Mitchell et al. Nature Cardiovascular Research, 2022.

Stage 1 – Lipid Library Yields a Heart-Tropic LNP (Liver-Evasion Achieved)

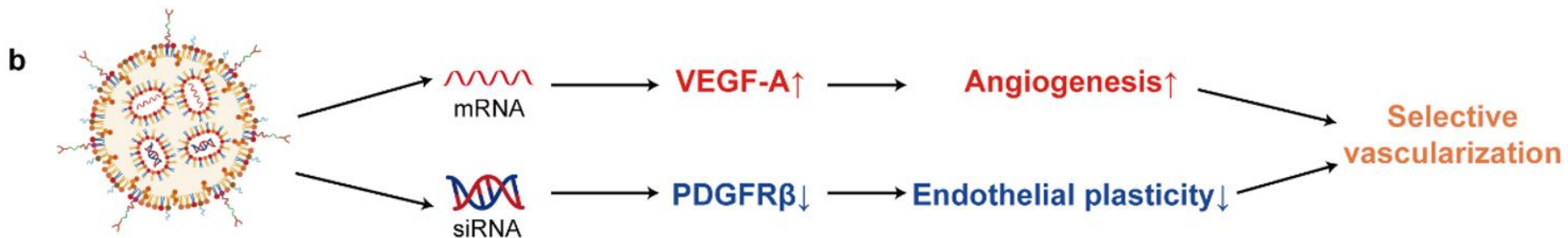
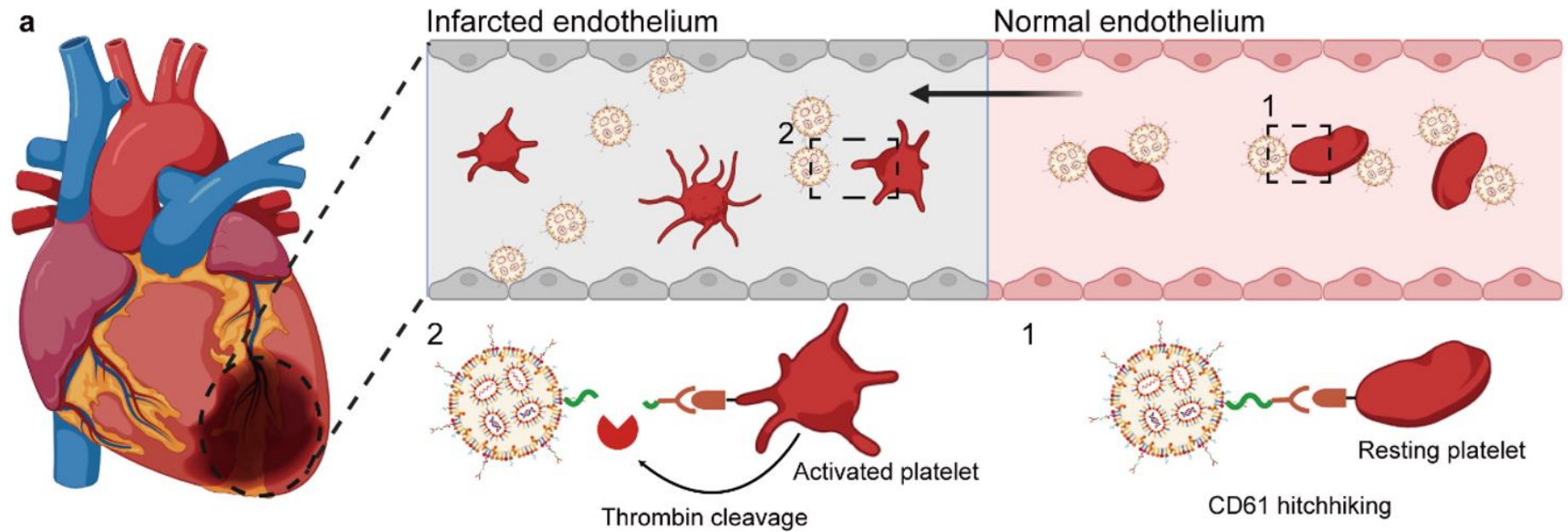


Han, Xu, Mitchell et al.
Nat Comm, 2024.



We screened a library of ionizable lipids and identified TI12C12-LNP with >10× heart-to-liver delivery ratio relative to a benchmark (MC3-LNP).

Stage 2 – Platelet Hitchhiking for Infarct-Specific Targeting



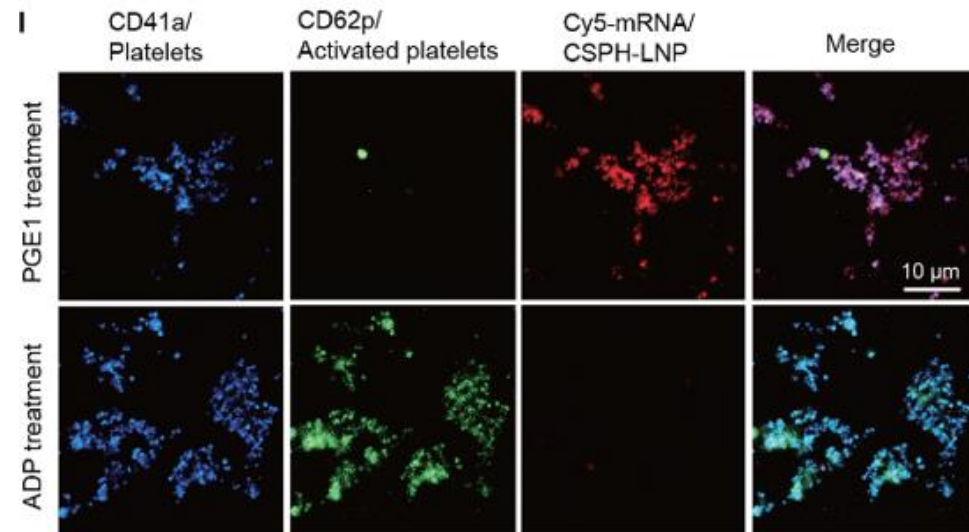
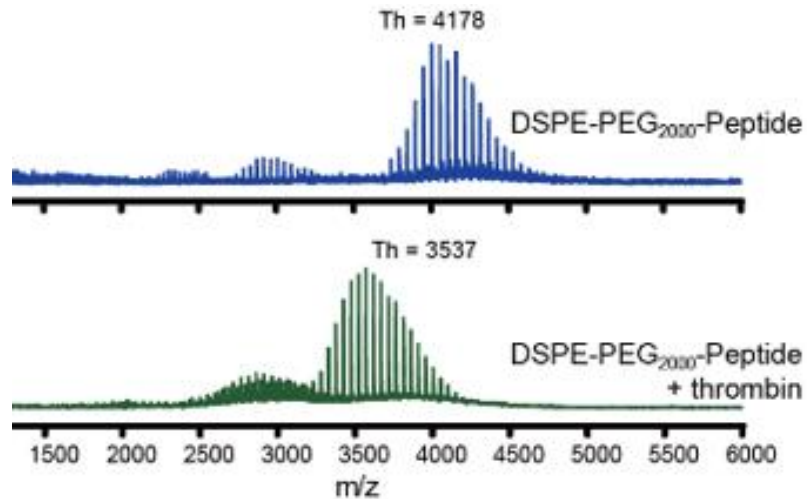
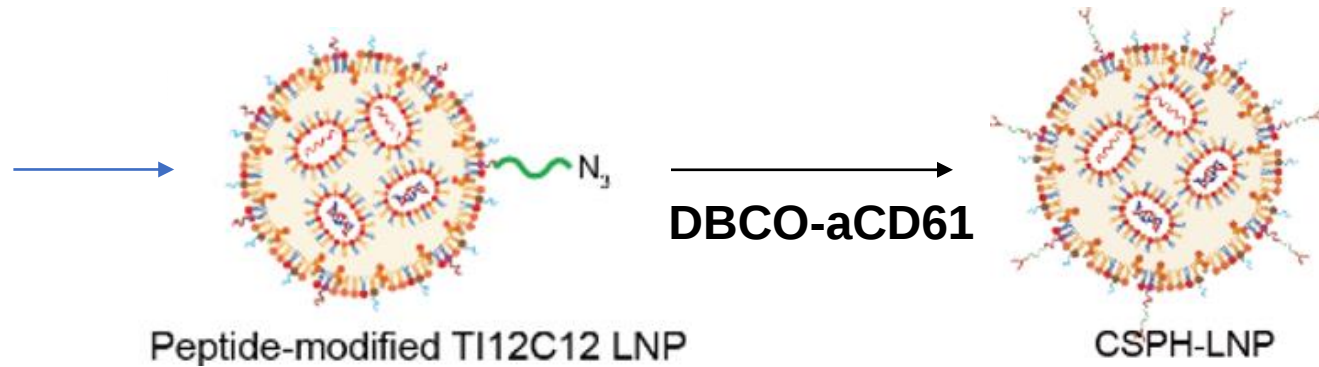
Conformation-Sensitive Platelet-Hitchhiking Lipid Nanoparticle (CSPH-LNP)

Attach LNPs to platelets that naturally home to and are activated at cardiac infarct sites.

Stage 2 – Platelet-Hitchhiking Implementation

TI12C12 lipid
DSPC-PEG-(Thrombin
cleavable peptide)
DMG-PEG, Cholesterol, DOPE

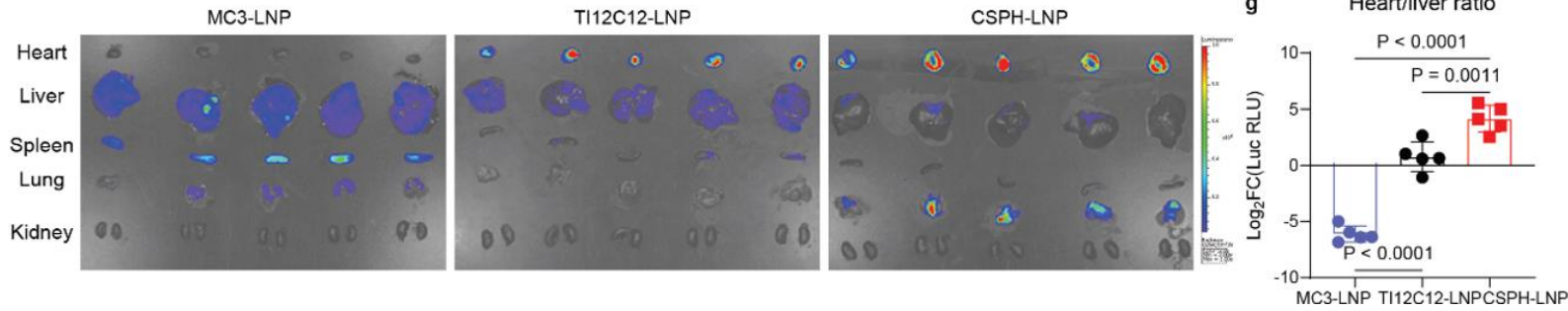
VEGF-A mRNA
PDGFR siRNA



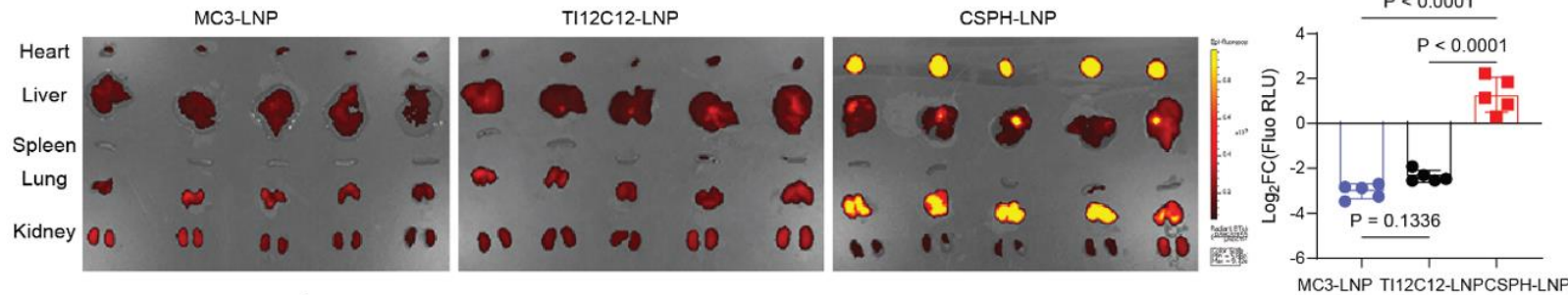
Platelet hitchhiking strategy was achieved by sequential conjugation of thrombin-cleavable peptide and CD61 antibody on TI12C12-LNP.

Infarcted heart targeted RNA delivery

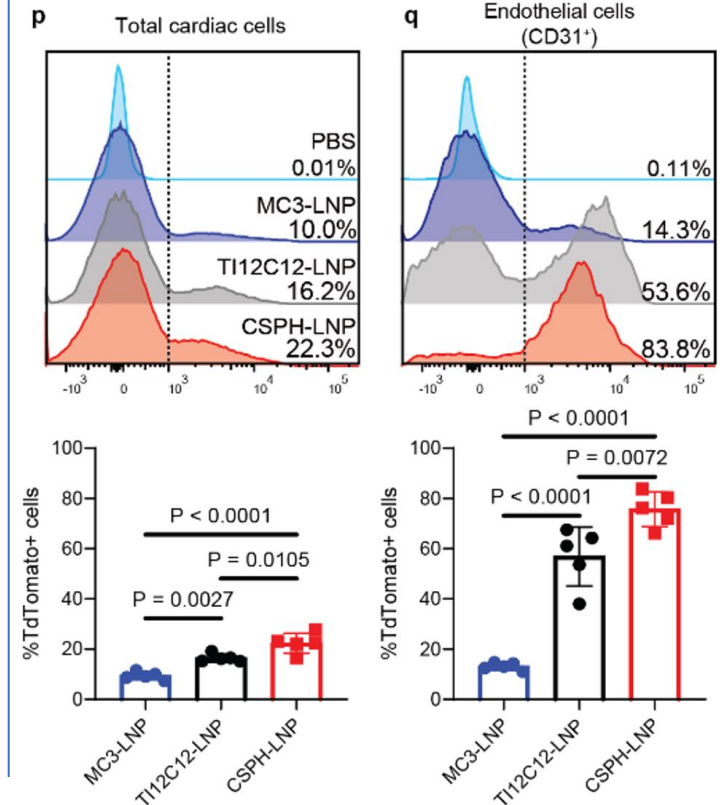
A. Firefly luciferase mRNA expression



B. Cy5-siRNA organ distribution



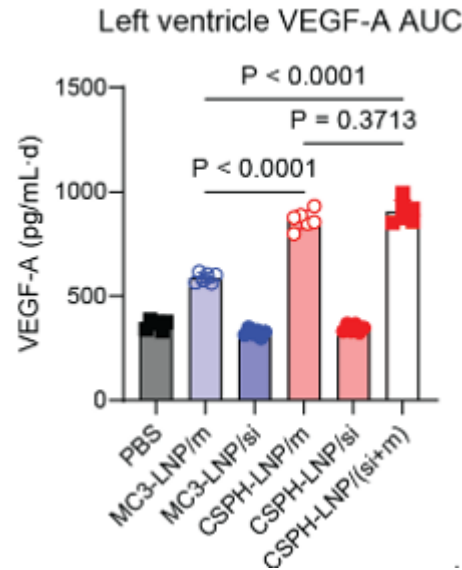
C. Ai14 mouse lineage tracing



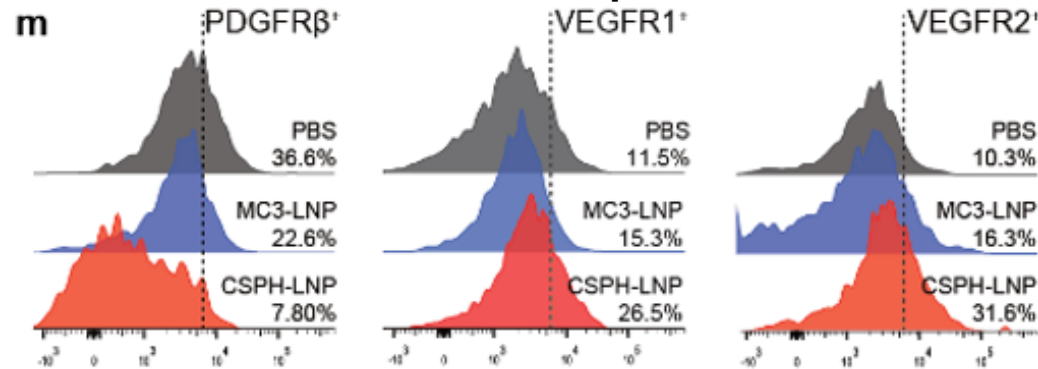
Combined strategy delivers both mRNA and siRNA predominantly to the infarcted heart.

Localized VEGF Expression & Receptor Modulation in Infarcted Heart

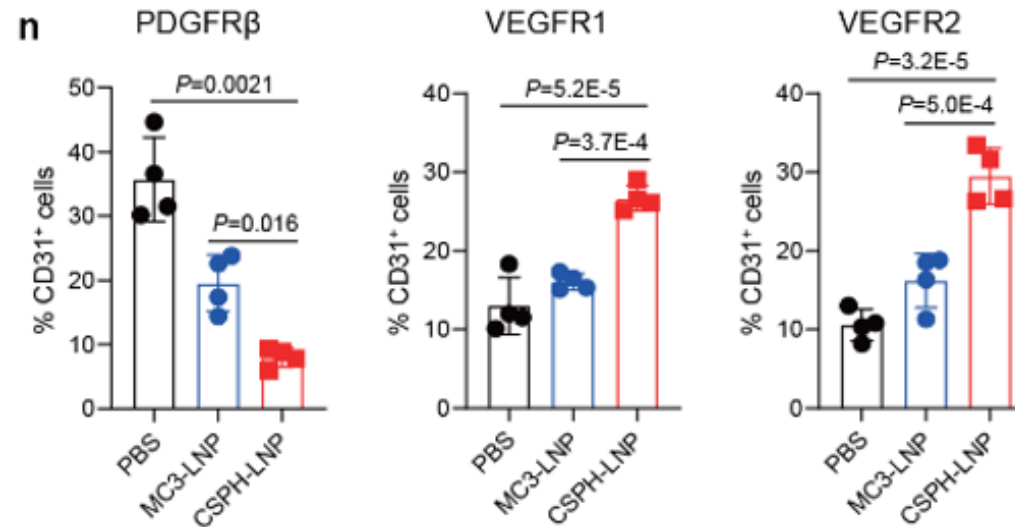
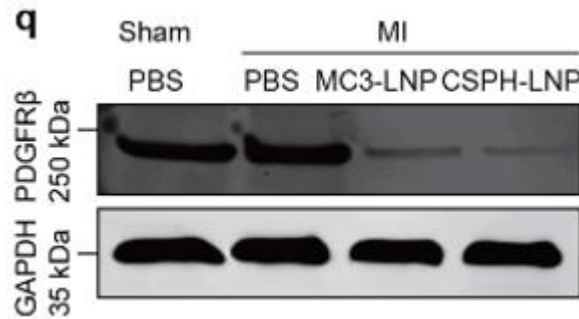
Cardiac VEGF-A expression



Endothelial receptor levels

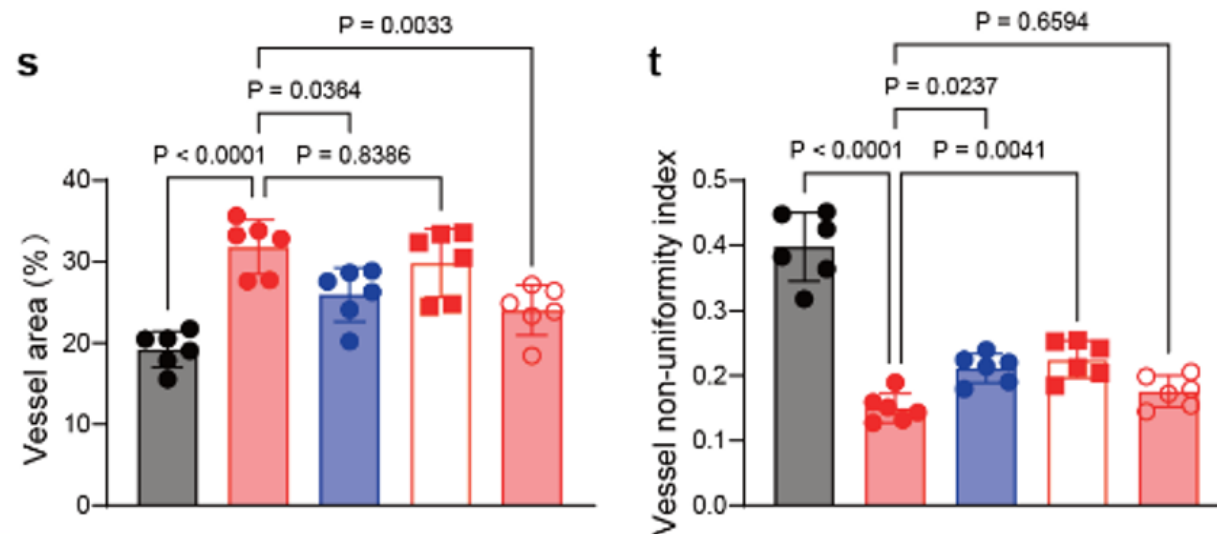
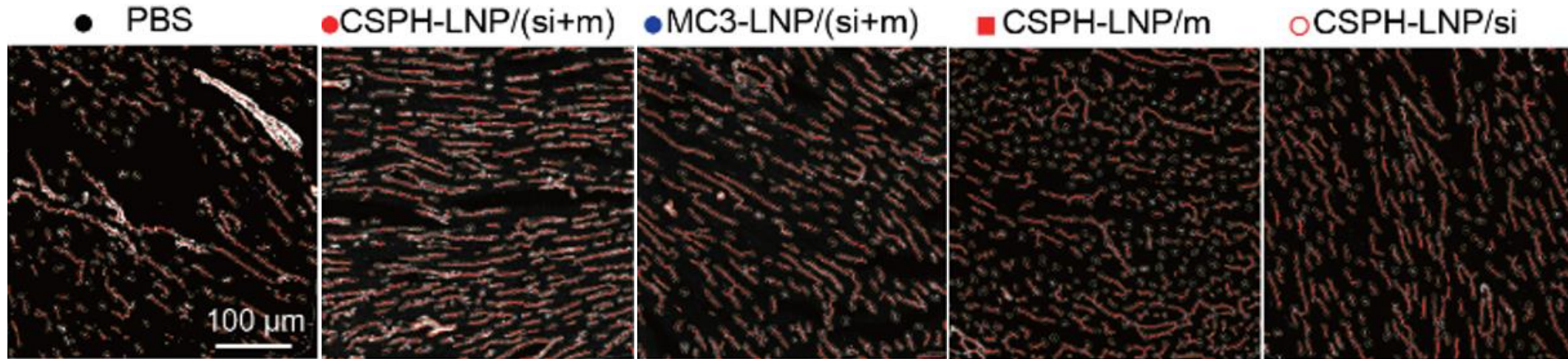


Cardiac PDGFR knockdown



Heart endothelial cells: VEGFR1/2 upregulated, PDGFRβ silenced – indicating a shift toward mature vessel formation.

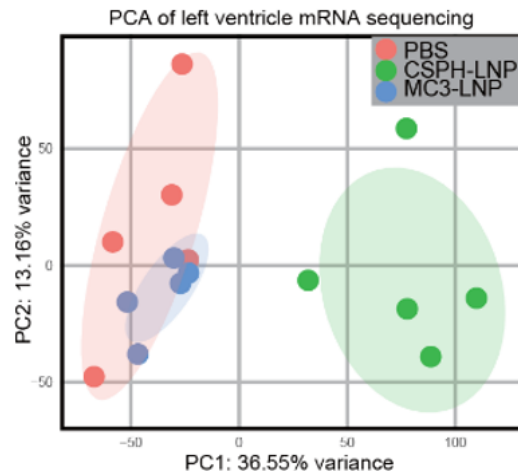
CSPH-LNP Produces Dense, Organized Vasculature in Infarct



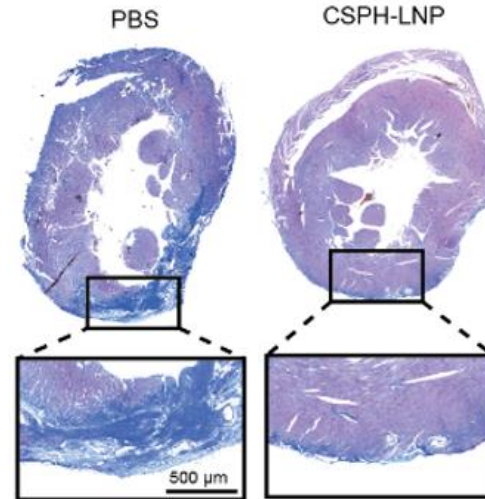
CSPH-LNP (dual cargo) induced more vessels than control, yet with fewer branches and longer average length, indicating mature, perfusable vasculature.

Improved Cardiac Repair and Function

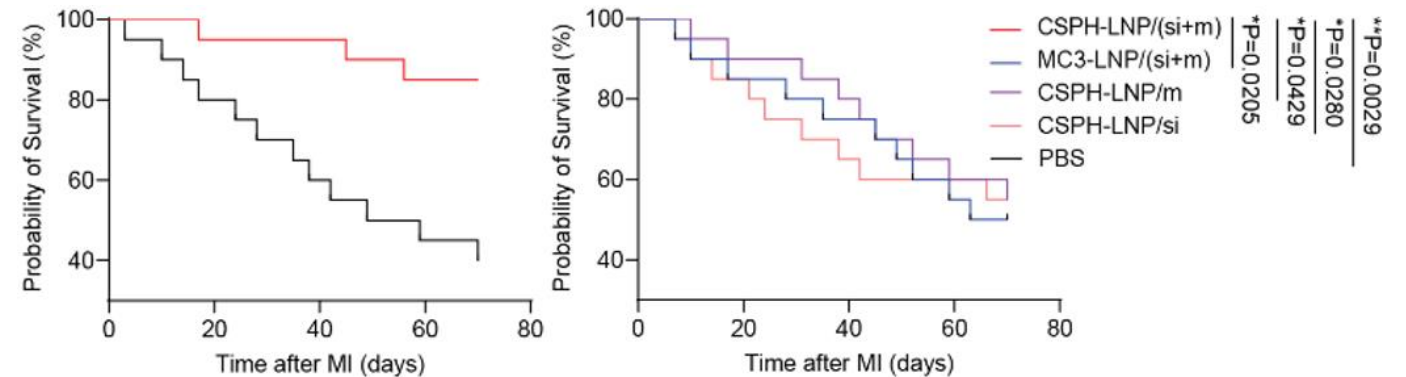
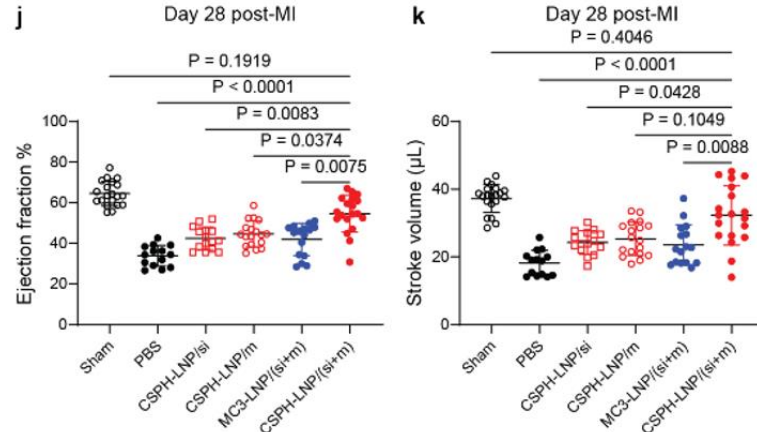
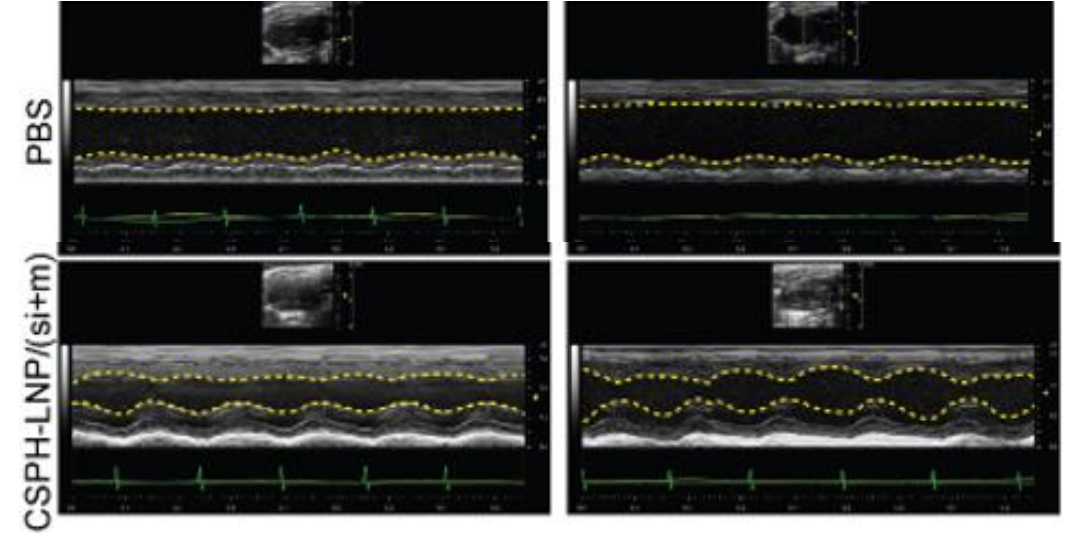
PCA of transcriptome



Masson's staining



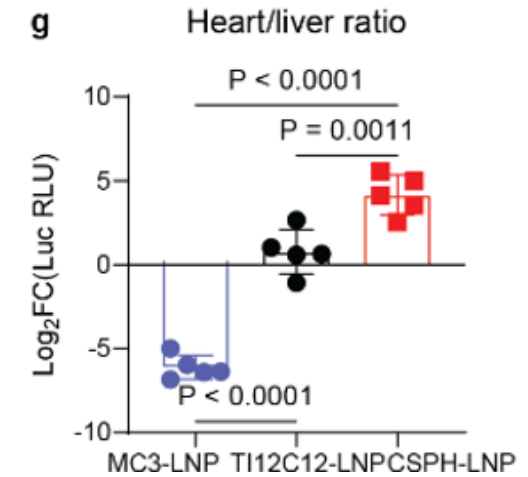
Echocardiogram



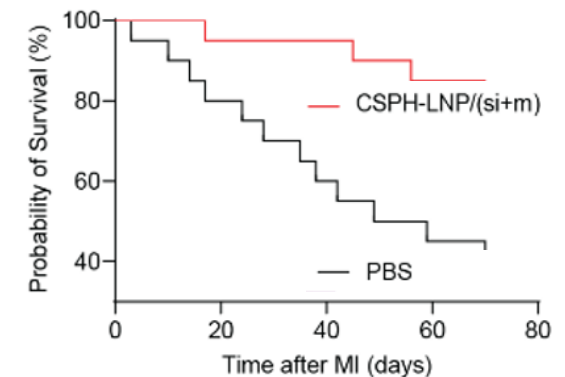
Dual-treated hearts exhibit smaller scars and a myocardial ejection profile closer to healthy tissue, indicating genuine functional recovery.

Conclusions

1. Platelet hitchhiking enables injury-specific LNP targeting.
2. Ionizable lipid screening for infarct tissue boosts mRNA transfection.
3. Achieved efficient co-delivery of VEGF mRNA + siPDGFR β to the heart.
4. Improved therapeutic angiogenesis and cardiac repair in post-MI mice.



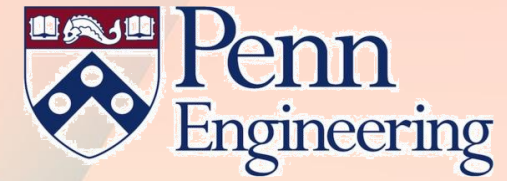
>1000-fold cardiac specific expression



Prolonged survival in MI mice

Acknowledgements

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Thank you for your listening!



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JULY 13-18, 2025

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DELIVERY INNOVATIONS**