

Innovative Solid Lipid Nanoparticles-Enriched Hydrogels for Enhanced Topical Delivery of L-Glutathione: A Novel Approach to Anti-Ageing

Speaker: Dr Mengyang (Marvin) Liu

Mentor: Professor Jingyuan Wen



**PHILADELPHIA, PA
JULY 13-18, 2025**

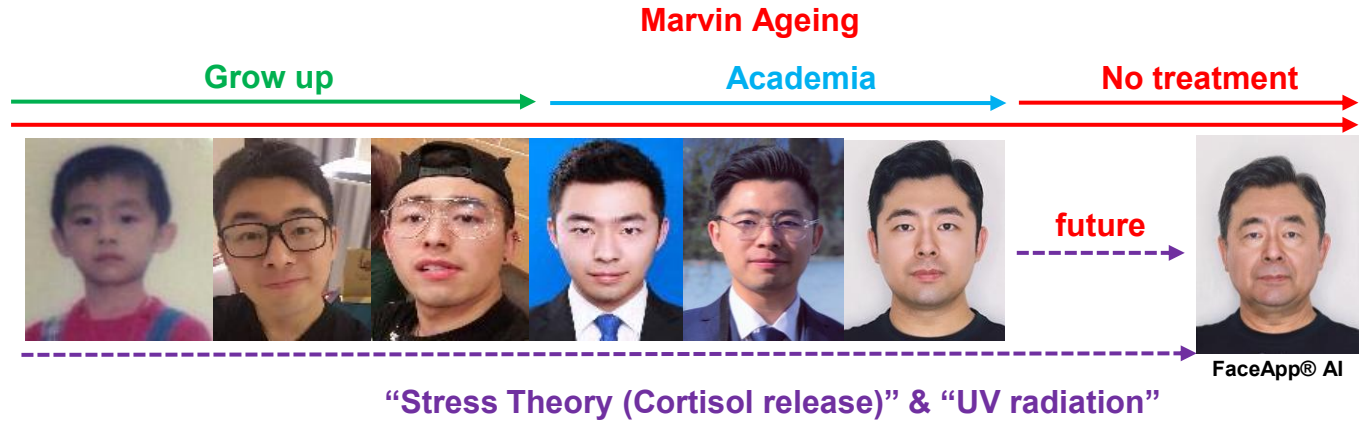


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**NEXT-GENERATION
DELIVERY INNOVATIONS**

Skin Ageing

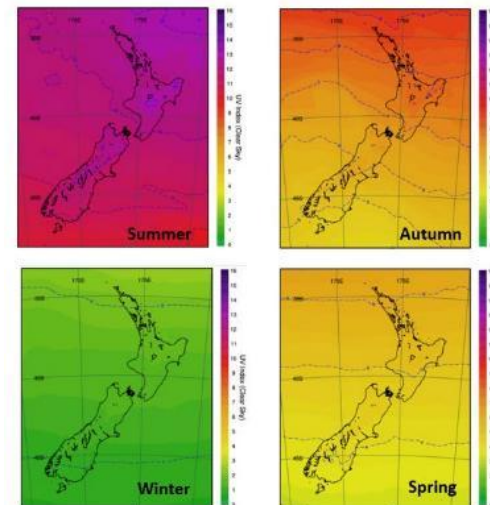
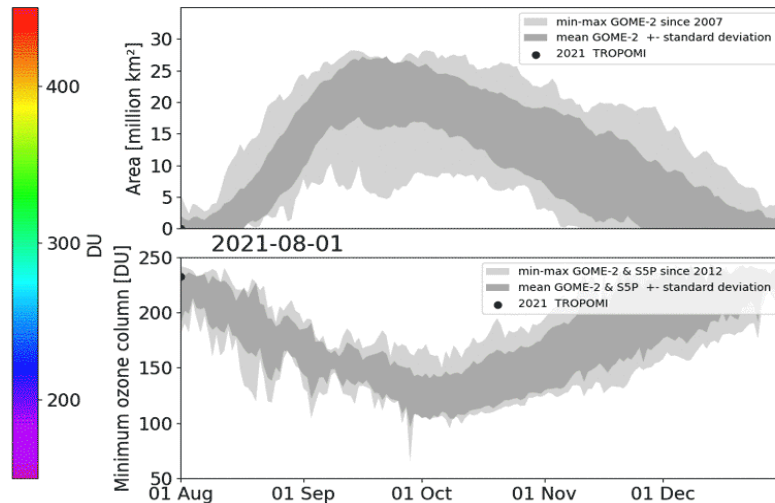
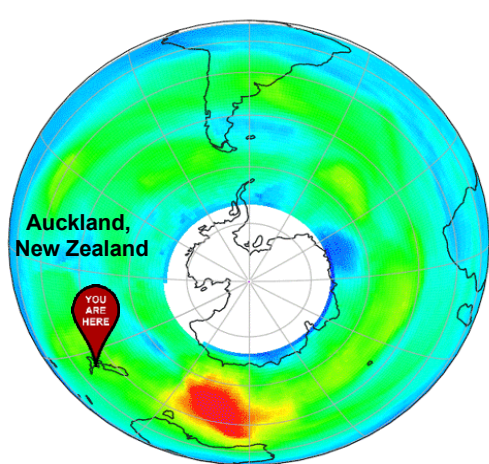
Skin ageing: a cumulative result from oxidation stress, influenced by both **intrinsic** (genetic and chronological) and **extrinsic** (environmental and lifestyle) factors



UV Radiations in NZ

Ozone hole (NZ): Less ozone conc. but more UV rays.

UVA radiations: Global **Rank #2** New Zealand (UV index > 11)



Anti-ageing

Anti-ageing peptides

Antioxidants: inhibit the oxidation from reactive oxygen species (ROS)/free radicals.

Glutathione (GSH): “**mother of all antioxidants**”; endogenous tripeptide

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<https://doi.org/10.1080/10837450.2021.2023569>



DRUG DEVELOPMENT AND INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY
2020, VOL. 46, NO. 5, 717-731
<https://doi.org/10.1080/03639045.2020.1752708>



REVIEW ARTICLE

Anti-ageing peptides and proteins for topical applications: a review

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RESEARCH ARTICLE

Preformulation studies of L-glutathione: physicochemical properties, degradation kinetics, and *in vitro* cytotoxicity investigations

Mengyang Liu^a, Manisha Sharma^a, Guo-Liang Lu^b, Naibo Yin^a, Murad Al Gailani^a, Sree Sreebhavan^b and Jingyuan Wen^a

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RECORD ABSTRACT ARTICLE

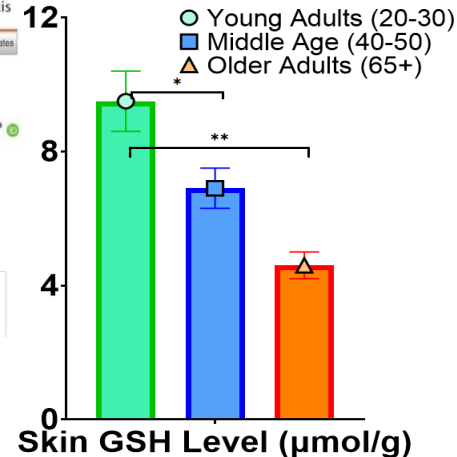
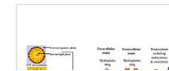
Oral delivery of glutathione: antioxidant function, barriers and strategies

Author(s): Tielan Wei^a, Sachin Sunil Thakur^a, Mengyang Liu^a, Jingyuan Wen^a, *

Publication date (Electronic): 10 May 2022

Journal: Acta Materia Medica

Publisher: Commscript



Any problems to deliver GSH in skin?

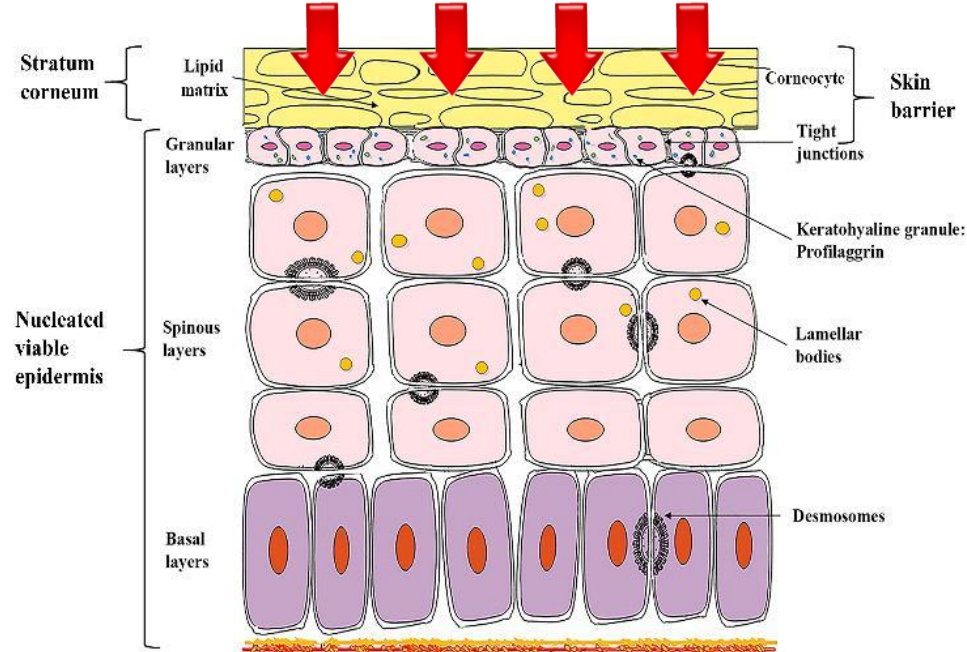
Problem #1: Skin barriers

Skin barriers :

1) **Stratum Corneum (SC):**

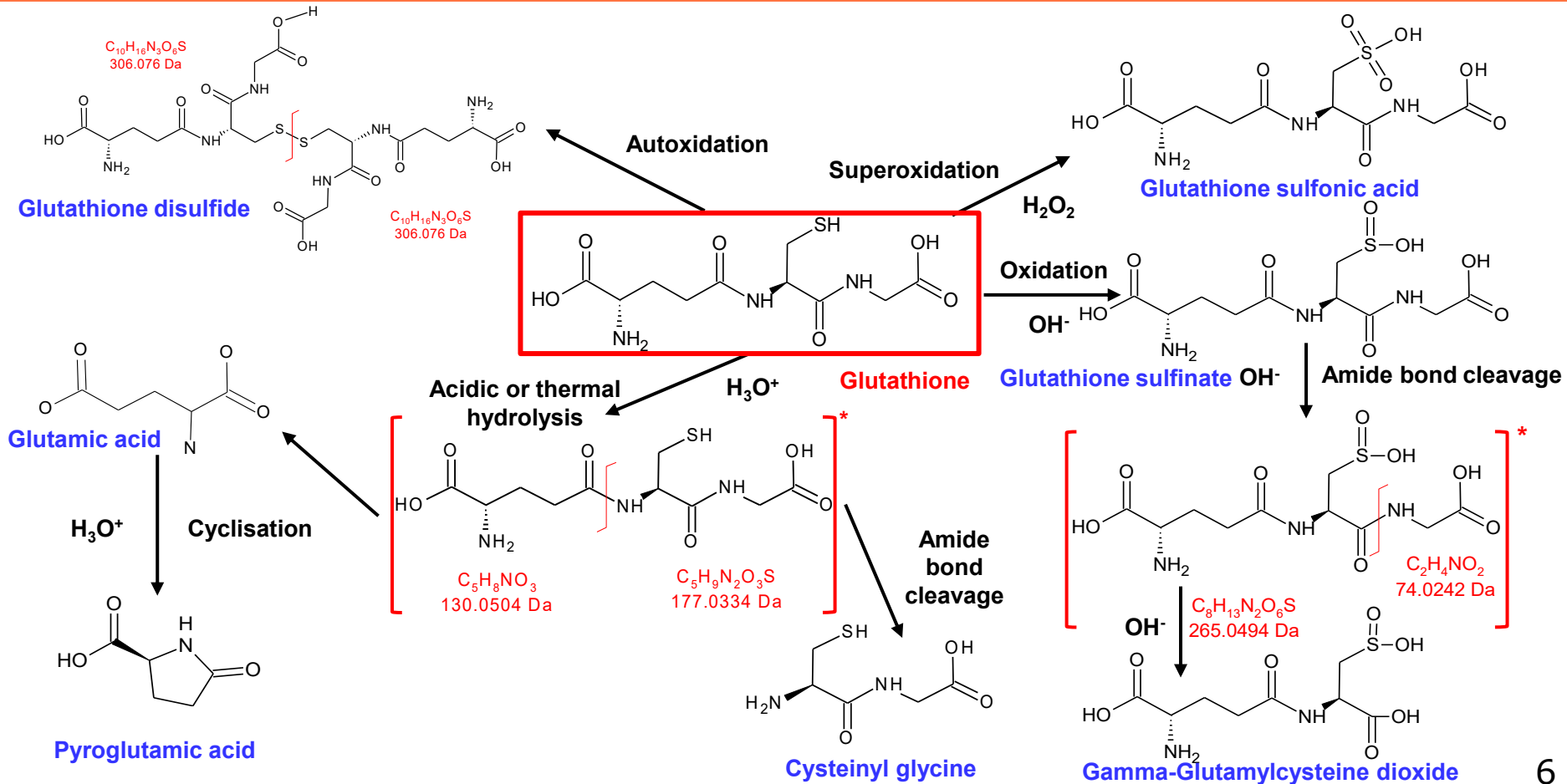
2) **Tight junctions**

- Molecular weight: < 500 Daltons
- Log P (partition coefficient): 1 to 3
- High lipid solubility
- Low skin irritation



Problem #2: GSH physicochemical properties

Preformulation studies of L-glutathione:



Problem #3: Application on Skin

Semi-solid dosage forms

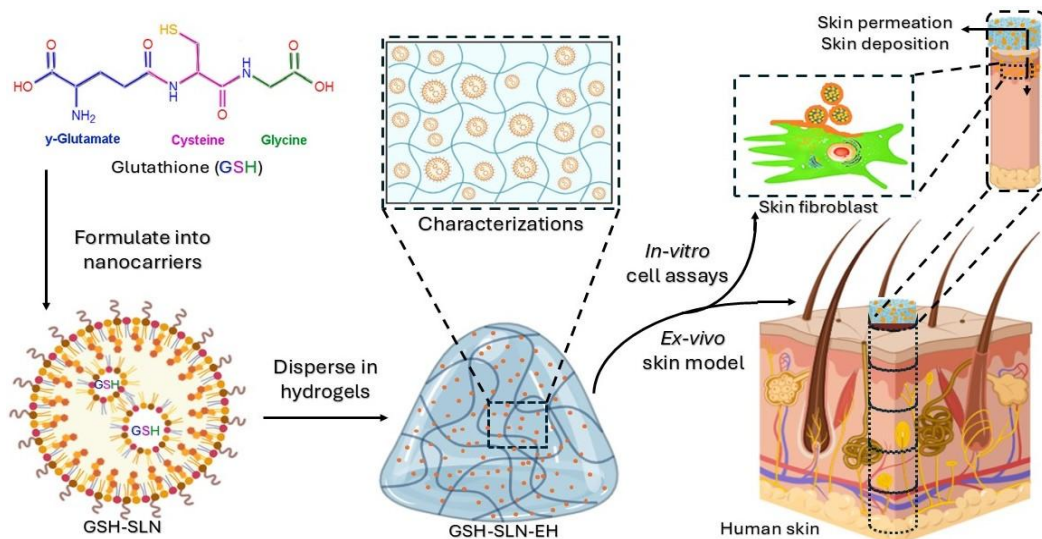
Skin Retention & Applicable

- Ointments
 - Creams
 - Gels
 - Others
- Hydrogel
- Cross-linked carrier
 - Skin hydration
 - Sustained release
 - Biocompatibility
 - Comfortable texture



Aim & objectives

Aim to develop a SLN enriched hydrogel for topical delivery of anti-ageing GSH for skin ageing



Objectives

- **Formulation development**
- **Formulation characterisations**
- ***In-vitro* cell studies**
- ***Ex-vivo* investigations**

Formulation development

Solid lipid nanoparticles (SLNs)

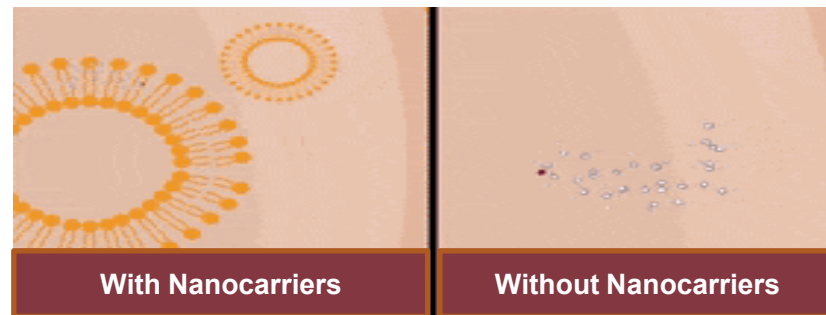
Solid Lipid Nanoparticles for Topical Drug Delivery: Mechanisms, Dosage Form Perspectives, and Translational Status

Author(s): Mengyang Liu¹, Jingyuan Wen², Manisha Sharma³
DOI: 10.2174/1381612826666200526145706



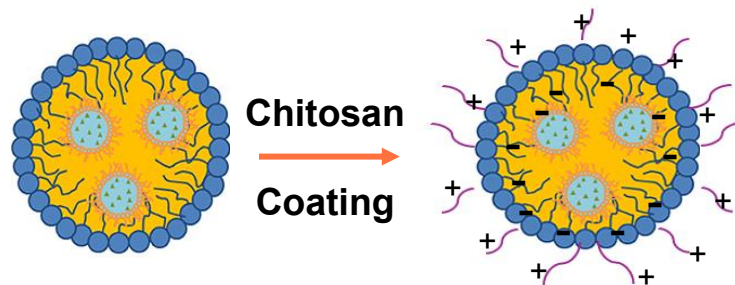
To enhance penetration:

- Lipid based carrier system
- Particle size 50 to 300 nm
- Penetration: surfactants & chitosan
- Hair follicle transport



To improve stability:

- Solid state
- Non/low-aqueous phase



Formulation development

Development of GSH-SLN

Factors screening by 2^{5-1} fractional factorial design: Particle size & EE%

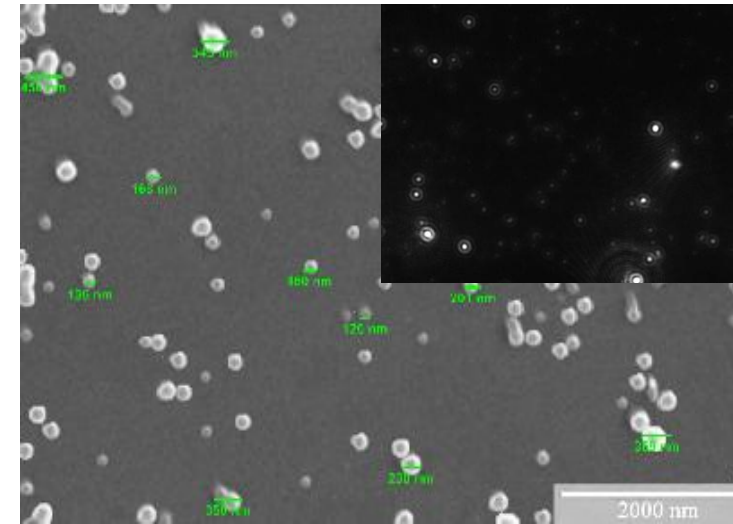
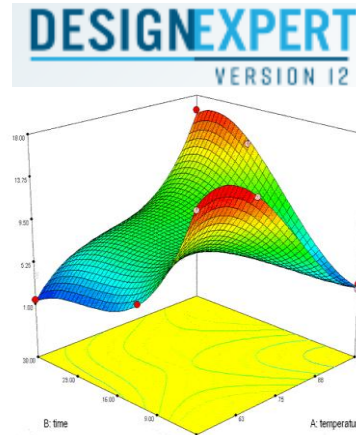
A: surfactants ratio (Span 85 : Tween 80)

B: sonication time

C: concentration of chitosan

D: sonication amplitude

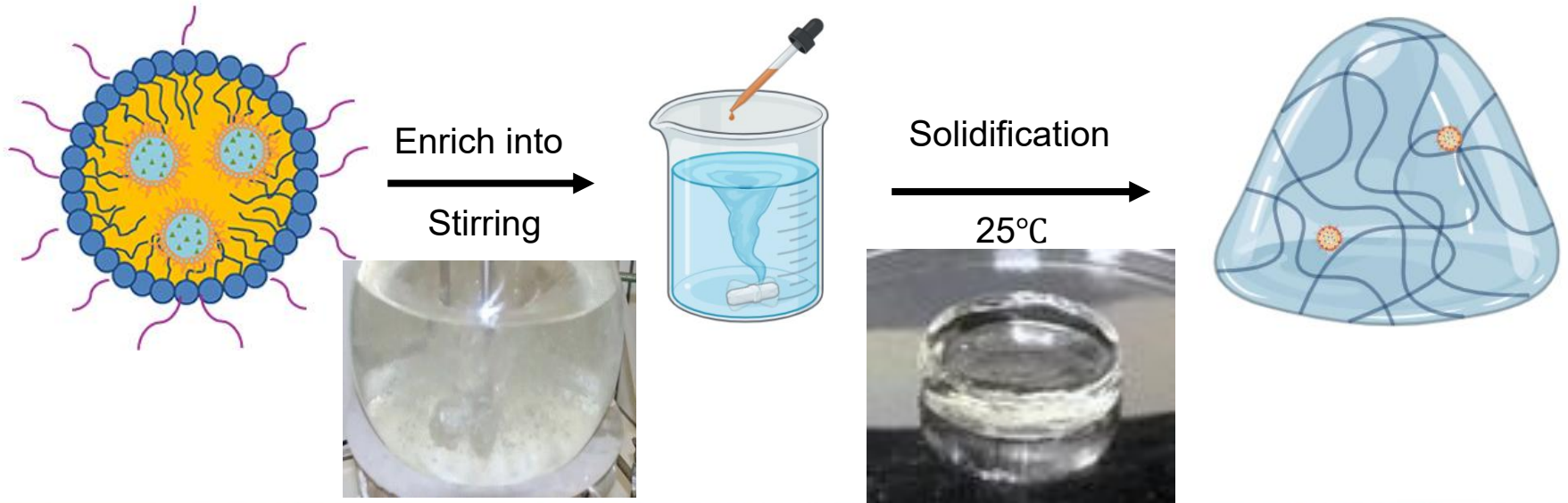
E: GSH concentration



Formulation development

Development of GSH-SLN-EH

GSH-SLN-EH preparation: Carbopol® 971 (1%, 3%, and 5% w/v)



Characterisation of GSH-SLN-EH

GSH-SLN-EH

Morphology: Cryo-SEM

~1000 nm pore mesh size

Texture profile:

Rheological properties:

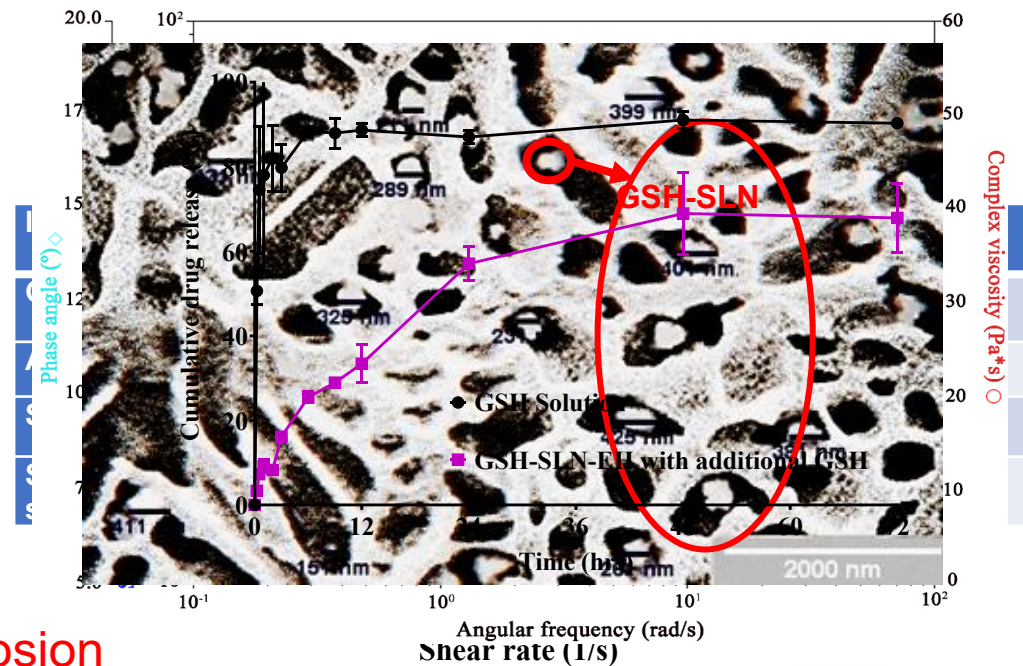
Pseudoplastic fluids

Viscoelasticity:

Solid-like to liquid-like transition

Drug release & mechanism:

Korsmeyer-Peppas: diffusion & erosion



In Vitro Cell Culture Studies (Skin Fibroblast)

Cytotoxicity:

No cytotoxicity and cell proliferation

UVA radiation rescue:

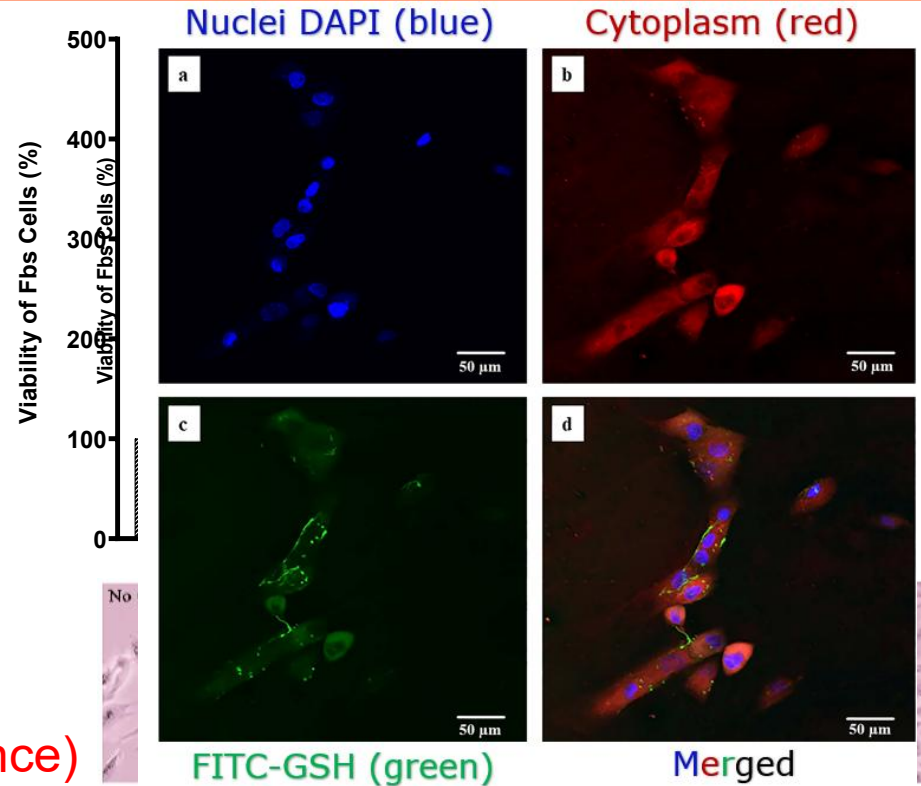
Antioxidant enzyme activities

High levels in SOD and GSH-px

Cellular uptake:

Maximum at 2 hours

(<3 hours avoid skin enzyme clearance)



Ex Vivo Studies (Human Skin)

Skin integrity:

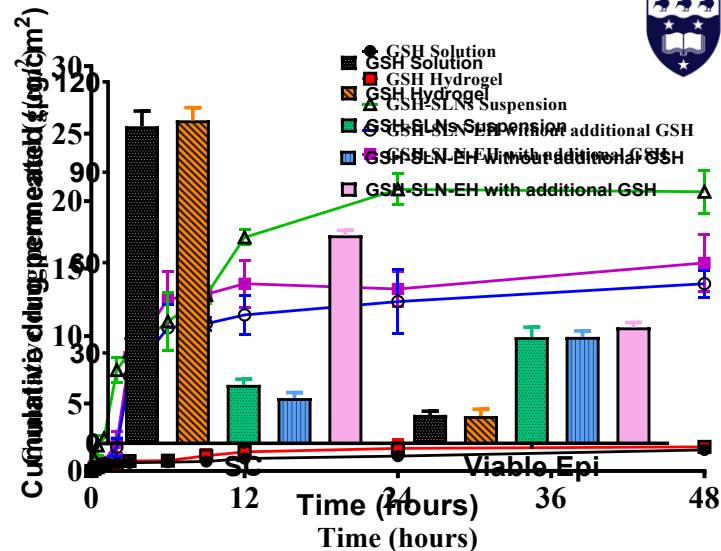
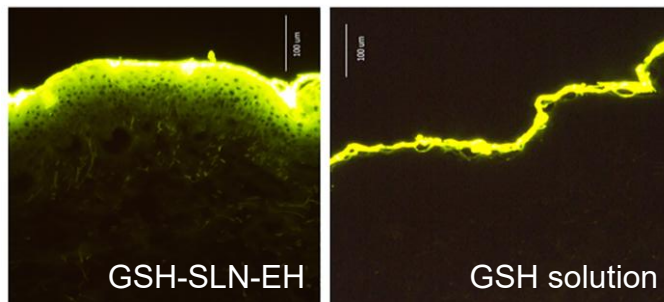
$28.4 \pm 1.8 \text{ k}\Omega \cdot \text{cm}^2$ skin's TEER

Permeation studies:

GSH-SLNs highest permeation

Deposition studies:

GSH-SLN-EH highest Epi- deposition



Formulations	SC deposition of GSH after 48 hours ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Epi/dermis deposition of GSH after 48 hours ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)
GSH solution	105.3 ± 5.0	9.5 ± 1.2
GSH gel	107.2 ± 4.2	8.07 ± 2.3
GSH-SLNs	19.4 ± 1.9	33.3 ± 3.3
GSH-SLN-EH	15.0 ± 1.8	35.8 ± 2.0

Conclusions

- **GSH-SLN-EH Formulation** was developed
- **Optimised formulation** was characterised
- ***In-vitro* cell and *ex-vivo* studies** were investigated



The aim was achieved to topical delivery of anti-ageing GSH using SLN-EH

- **Future perspectives**
 - Industrial partnership & commercialisation
 - *Quality control trails & GMP complained (scale up)*

Acknowledgements



CRS Drug Delivery Australia
Australian Local Chapter
**Best Student Oral presentation
Prize for CRS Travel Grant**



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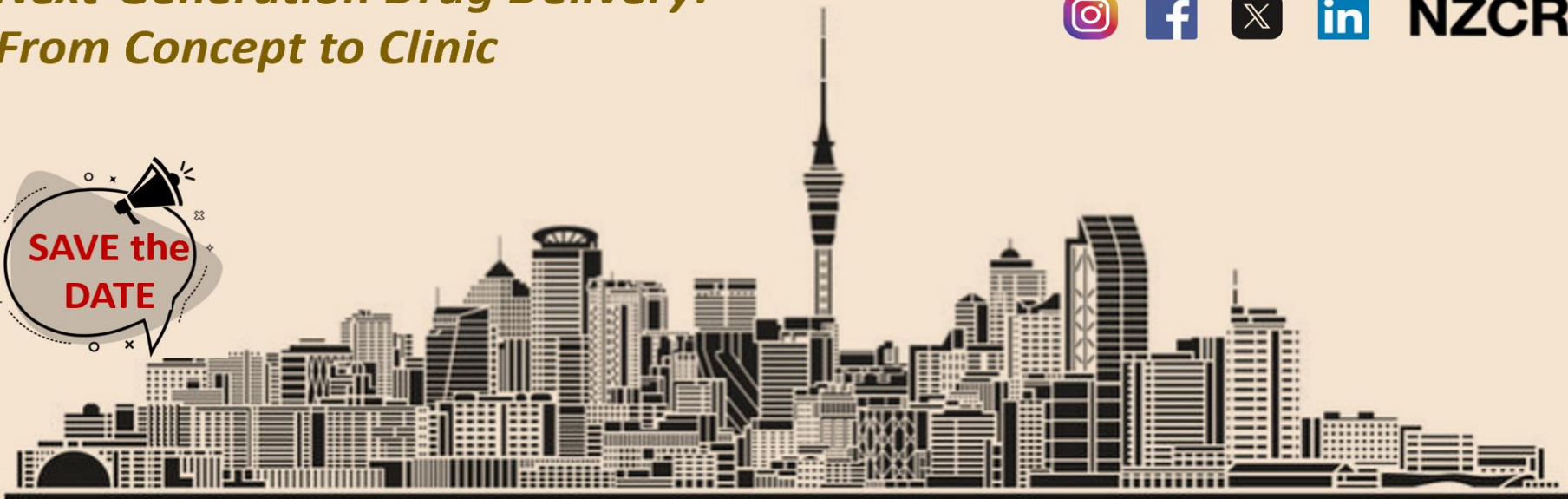
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*Next-Generation Drug Delivery:
From Concept to Clinic*

**SAVE the
DATE**



20-21st November 2025

Grafton Campus, University of Auckland, Auckland, New Zealand



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**NEXT-GENERATION
DELIVERY INNOVATIONS**

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Items	Values selected
Ratio of Span® 85 and Tween® 80	0.1
Ratio of two sonication times	0.5
Concentration of chitosan polymer	0.1 %
Sonication amplitude	45 %
GSH concentration	40. mg/mL

Chemical	Conditions	Initial	1 month	2 months	3 months
GSH solution drug content	4°C		68.1 ± 3.6%	49.2 ± 2.4%	29.9 ± 2.9%
	25°C	100%	62.2 ± 1.8%	40.1 ± 2.2%	25.1 ± 2.3%
	40°C		51.3 ± 1.7%	29.1 ± 1.2%	14.2 ± 1.9%
GSH-SLNs drug content	4°C		95.9 ± 2.7%	92.9 ± 3.1%	86.1 ± 3.8%
	25°C	100%	96.2 ± 1.8%	90.5 ± 3.6%	81.5 ± 4.6%
	40°C		90.1 ± 2.1%	85.2 ± 2.8%	79.2 ± 4.1%

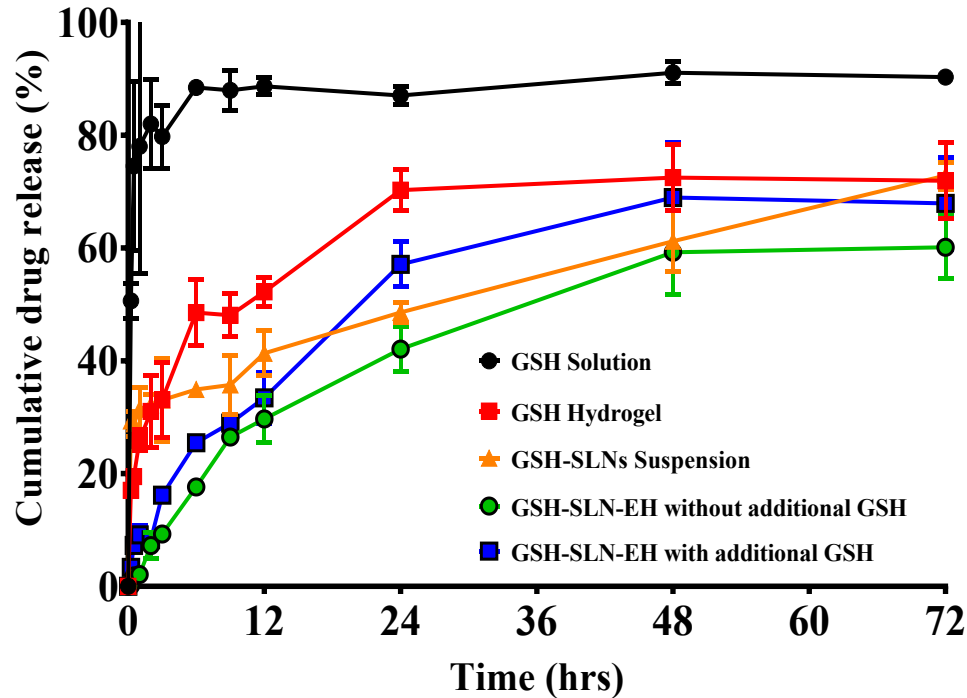


Physical	Conditions	Initial	1 month	2 months	3 months
Particle size (nm)	4°C		315.0 ± 30.6	321.5 ± 42.5	381.1 ± 41.8
	25°C	305.0 ± 0.6	334.3 ± 42.2	335.9 ± 49.1	419.5 ± 107.6
	40°C		415.9 ± 82.6	469.7 ± 178.9	658.9 ± 188.6



Zeta potential (mV)	4°C		17.1 ± 5.5	18.2 ± 8.6	15.3 ± 8.1
	25°C	20.1 ± 9.5	21.9 ± 2.5	14.1 ± 8.4	10.9 ± 10.4
	40°C		9.5 ± 9.7	8.1 ± 9.3	4.2 ± 9.2

Items	Conditions	Initial	1 month	2 months	3 months
Strength (g)	4°C	5.1 ± 0.5	5.2 ± 0.9	5.1 ± 1.7	5.2 ± 0.9
	25°C		4.9 ± 1.8	4.9 ± 1.1	5.2 ± 0.9
	40°C		6.5 ± 2.9	7.2 ± 2.8	5.2 ± 0.9
Spreadability (g)	4°C	33.6 ± 1.9	34.8 ± 2.5	35.7 ± 4.9	38.1 ± 5.9
	25°C		34.6 ± 3.9	32.9 ± 3.9	38.9 ± 3.8
	40°C		40.8 ± 5.9	42.7 ± 3.4	48.9 ± 5.4
Extrudability (g)	4°C	35.9 ± 3.2	34.6 ± 2.3	35.9 ± 2.5	35.6 ± 2.9
	25°C		35.6 ± 2.7	36.7 ± 3.2	37.9 ± 3.1
	40°C		43.7 ± 5.6	48.2 ± 6.4	52.2 ± 56.4
Thixotropic behaviours	4°C	Thixotropic	Thixotropic	Thixotropic	Thixotropic
	25°C		Thixotropic	Thixotropic	Thixotropic
	40°C		Thixotropic	Thixotropic	Anti-thixotropic
Viscoelasticity	4°C	Elastic (solid like)	Elastic	Elastic	Elastic
	25°C		Elastic	Elastic	Elastic
	40°C		Elastic	Viscos	Viscos



Samples	Zero order		First order		Higuchi		Korsmeyer-Peppas		
	R ²	k ₀	R ²	k ₁	R ²	k _k	R ²	n	k _h
GSH-gel	0.613	0.812	0.729	0.007	0.848	8.168	0.974 *	0.29	1.407
GSH-SLNs	0.755	0.689	0.908*	0.908	0.832	6.276	0.856	0.15	1.485
EH	0.844	0.901	0.908	0.006	0.971 *	8.255	0.884	0.97	0.320
EH&GSH	0.811	0.987	0.878	0.007	0.964	9.151	0.965 *	0.54	0.926