

Tech Session II: Oral Delivery I

Deborah E. Shalev



Developing an Oral Formulation for the Anti-Prostate Cancer Drug Leuprorelin



Deborah E. Shalev

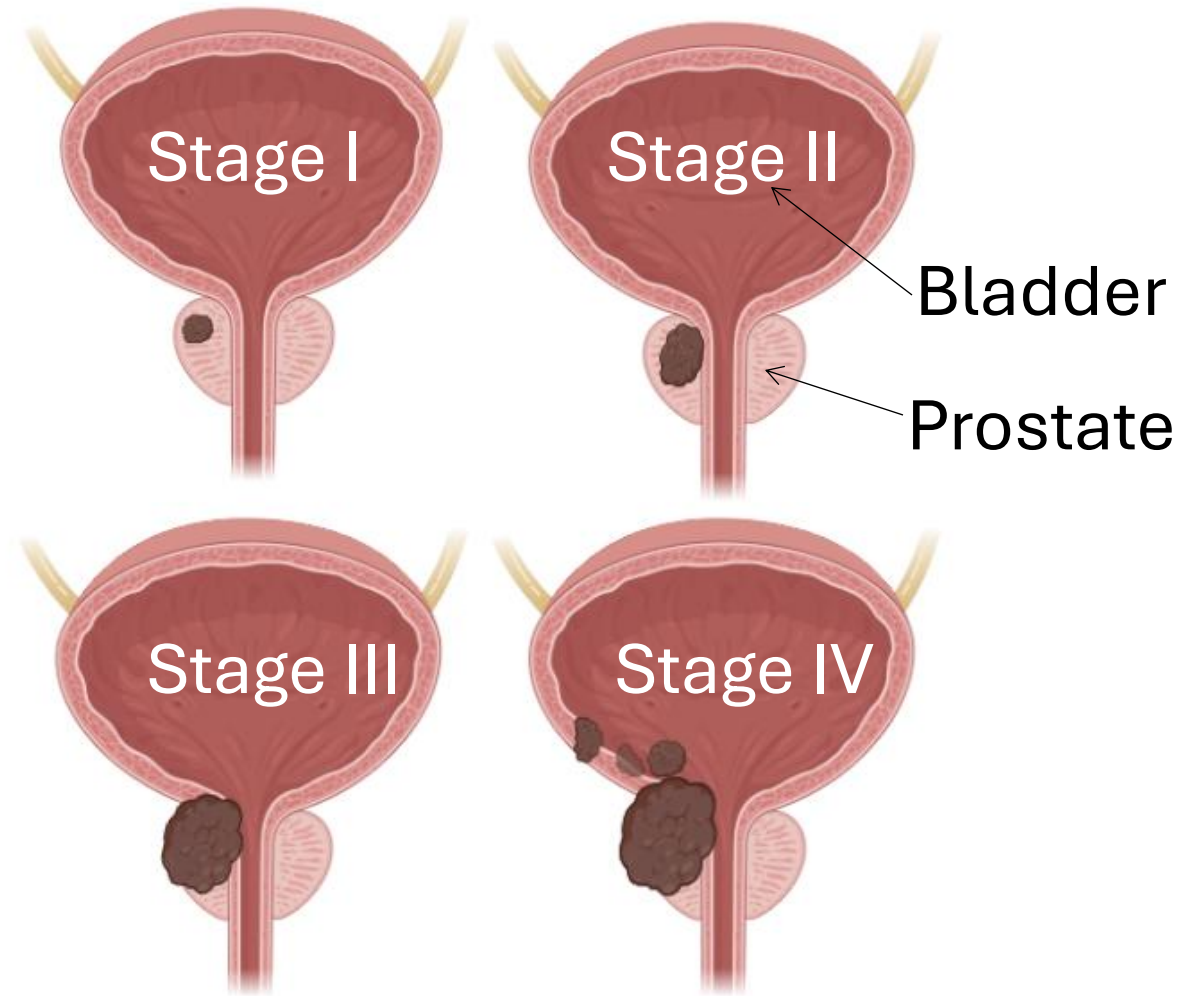
*Department of Pharmaceutical Engineering
Azrieli College of Engineering Jerusalem*

Over 1 in 8 men will be diagnosed with prostate cancer during their lifetime*

80% of all cases will survive 10 years or more†

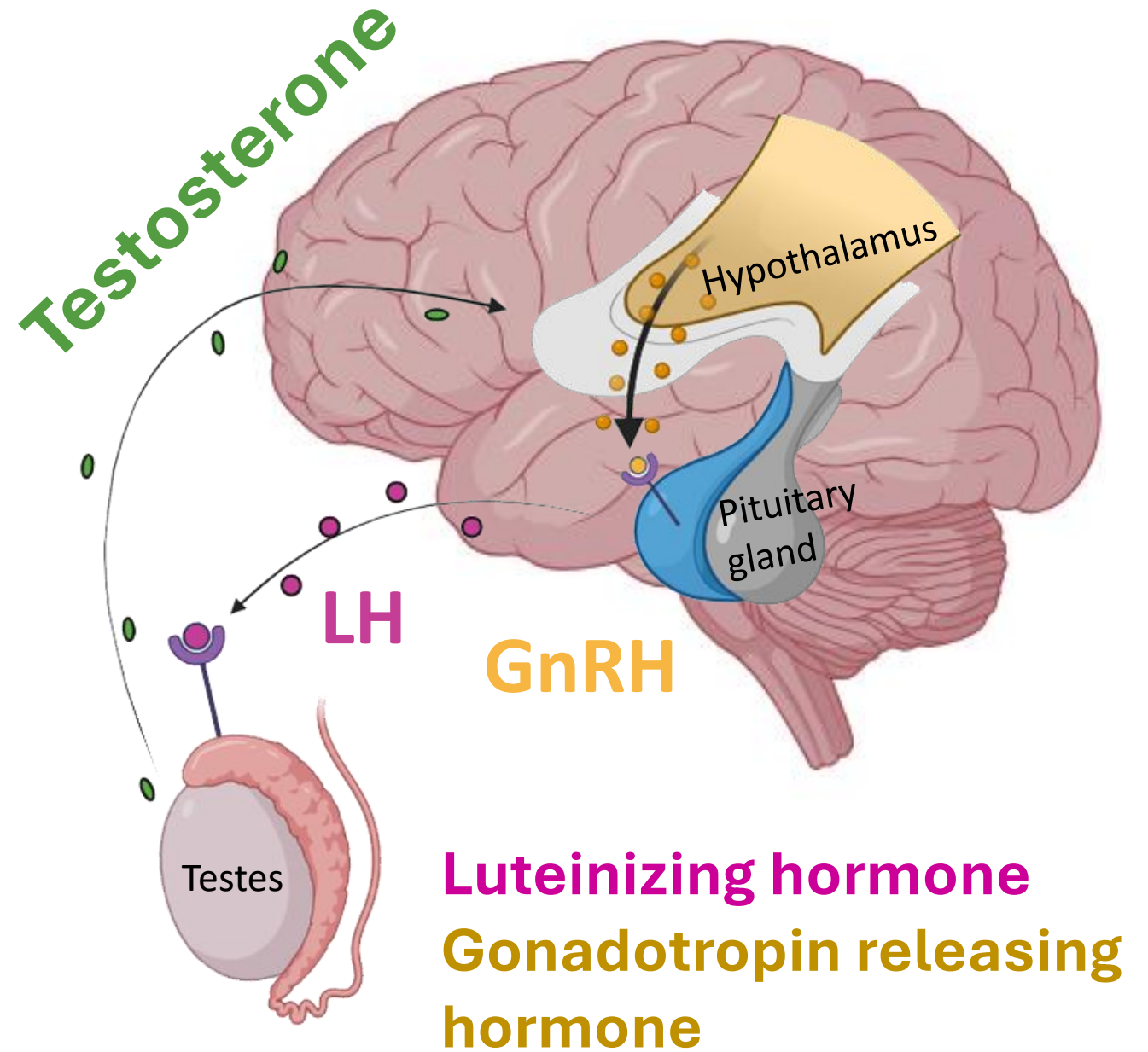
* *National Cancer Institute*

† *Cancer Research UK*

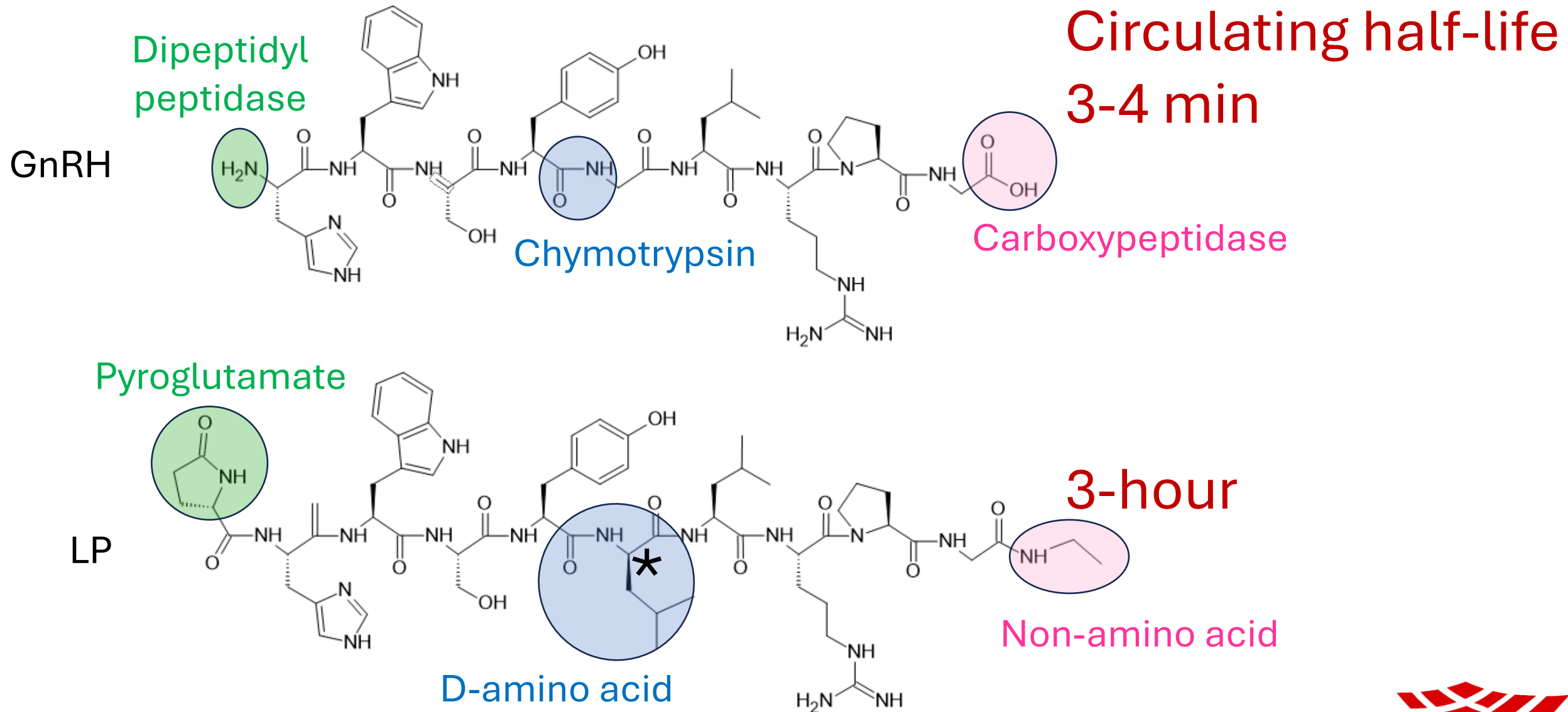


Leuprorelin is a GnRH agonist that desensitizes the GnRH receptor.

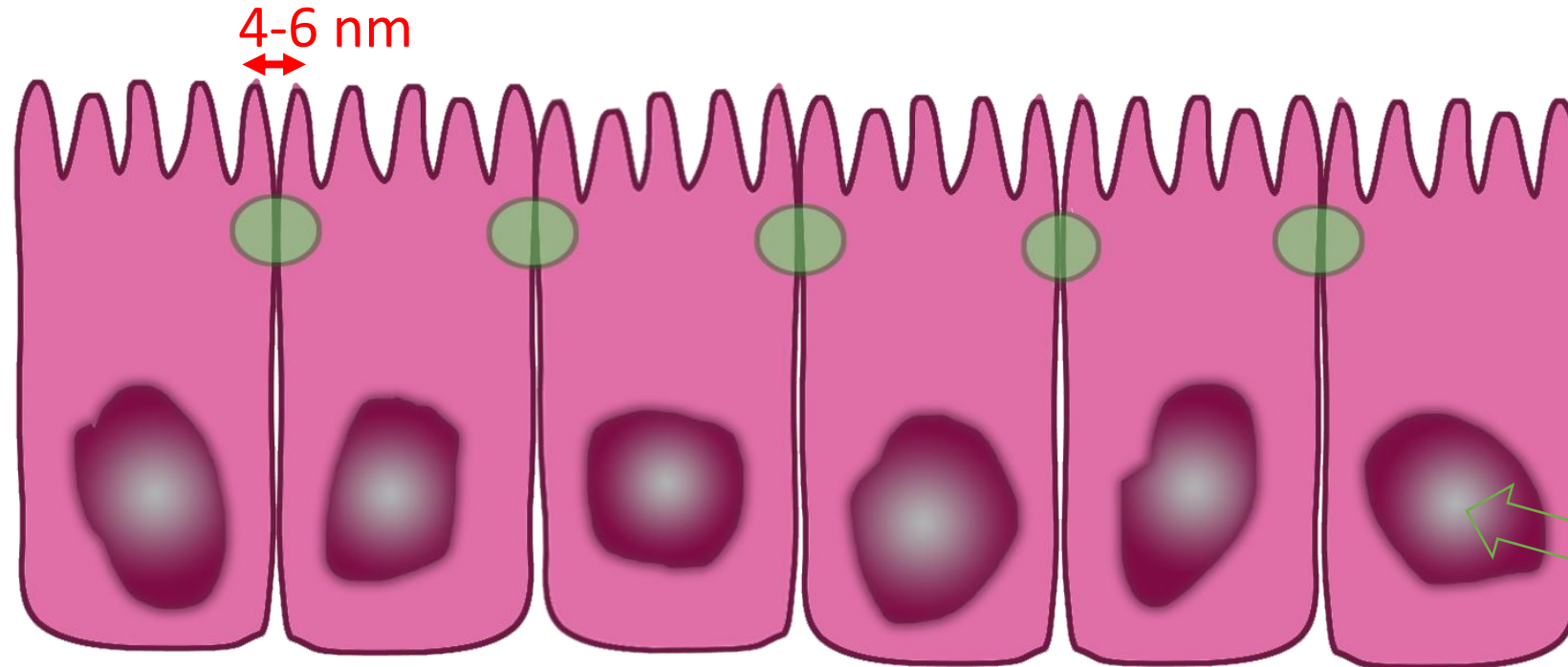
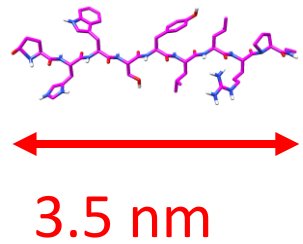
Leuprorelin is currently administered intramuscularly.



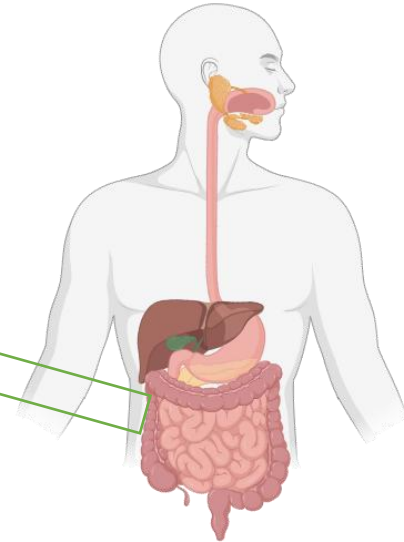
Leuprorelin is much more stable than GnRH



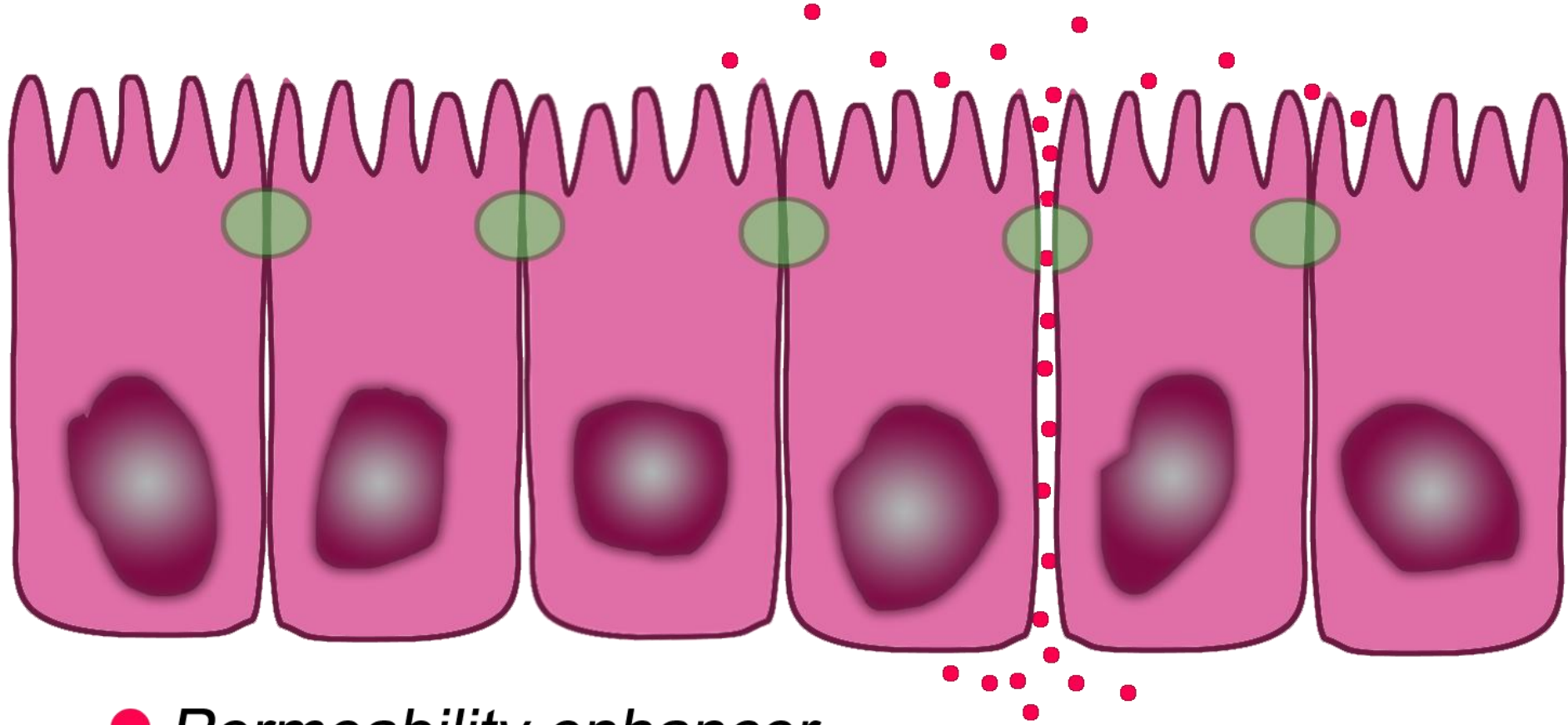
Extended leuprorelin is too large to traverse the tight-junctions



 Tight junctions



Permeability enhancers are required to
locally disrupt the membranes



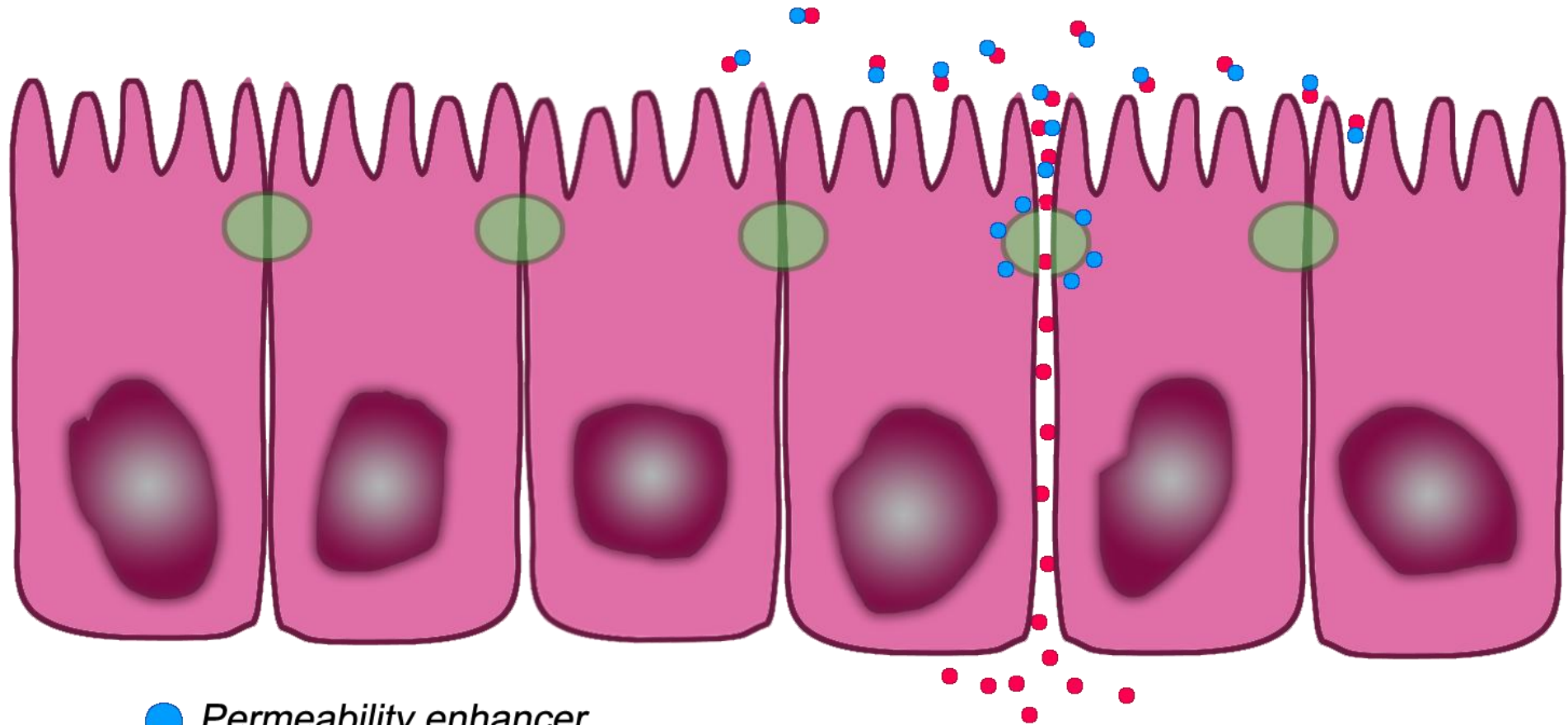
● *Permeability enhancer*

● *Tight junction*



Our strategy:

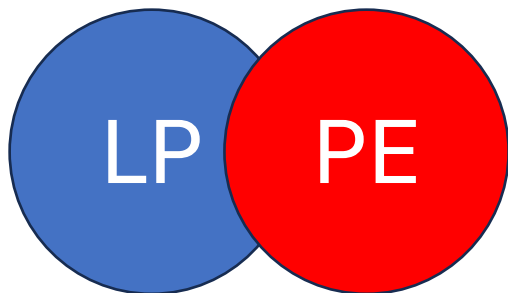
Leuprorelin-permeability enhancer complex will travel together to the tight-junction.



- *Permeability enhancer*
- *Peptide drug*
- *Tight junction*

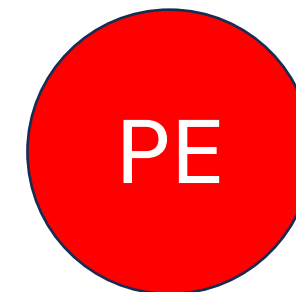
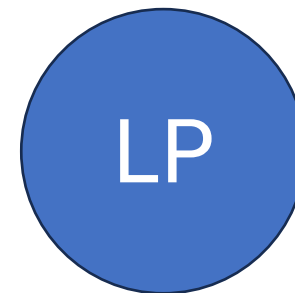


We screened several permeability enhancers by NMR for interactions with leuprorelin



Sure! Here's a list of permeability enhancers:

1. Sodium Lauryl Sulfate (SLS)
2. Cationic Polymers (e.g., Polyethyleneimine)
3. Chitosan
4. Polysorbates (e.g., Polysorbate 20, Polysorbate 80)
5. Cyclodextrins
6. Fatty Acids (e.g., Oleic Acid)
7. Surfactants (e.g., Tween, Span)
8. Ethanol
9. Propylene Glycol
10. Azone (Lauric Acids)
11. Dodecylmethylsulfoxide (DMSO)
12. N-Methylpyrrolidone (NMP)
13. Bile Salts
14. Terpenes (e.g., Limonene)
15. Sodium Caprate

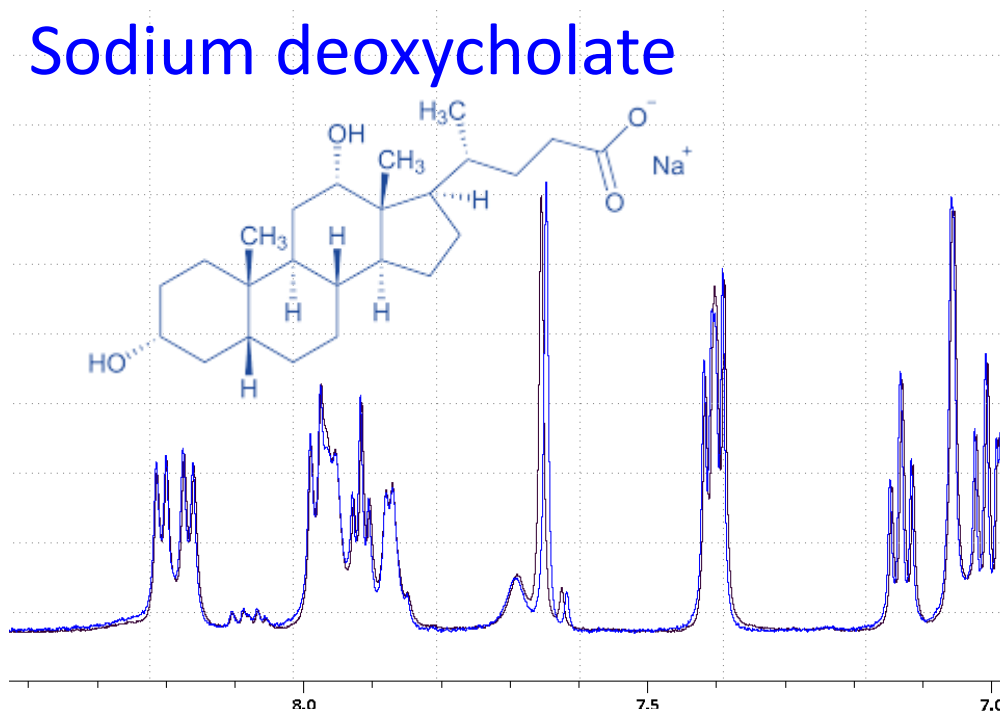


Let me know if you need more information on any of these enhancers!

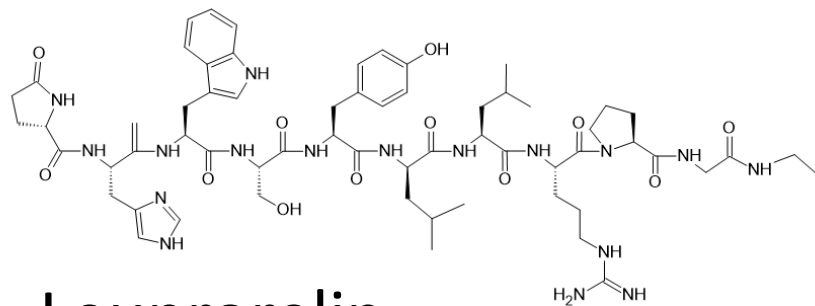
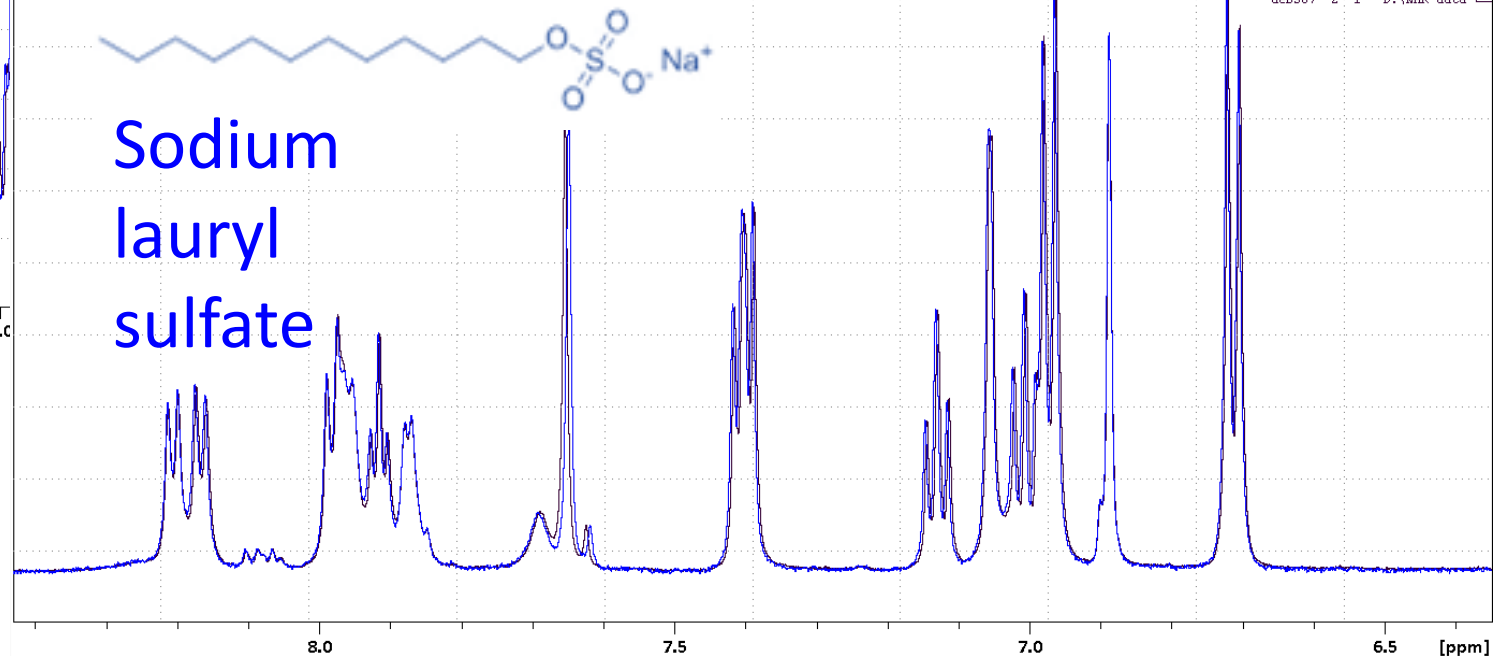


NMR showed no interaction with some permeability enhancers

Sodium deoxycholate



Sodium lauryl sulfate



LeuprORELIN

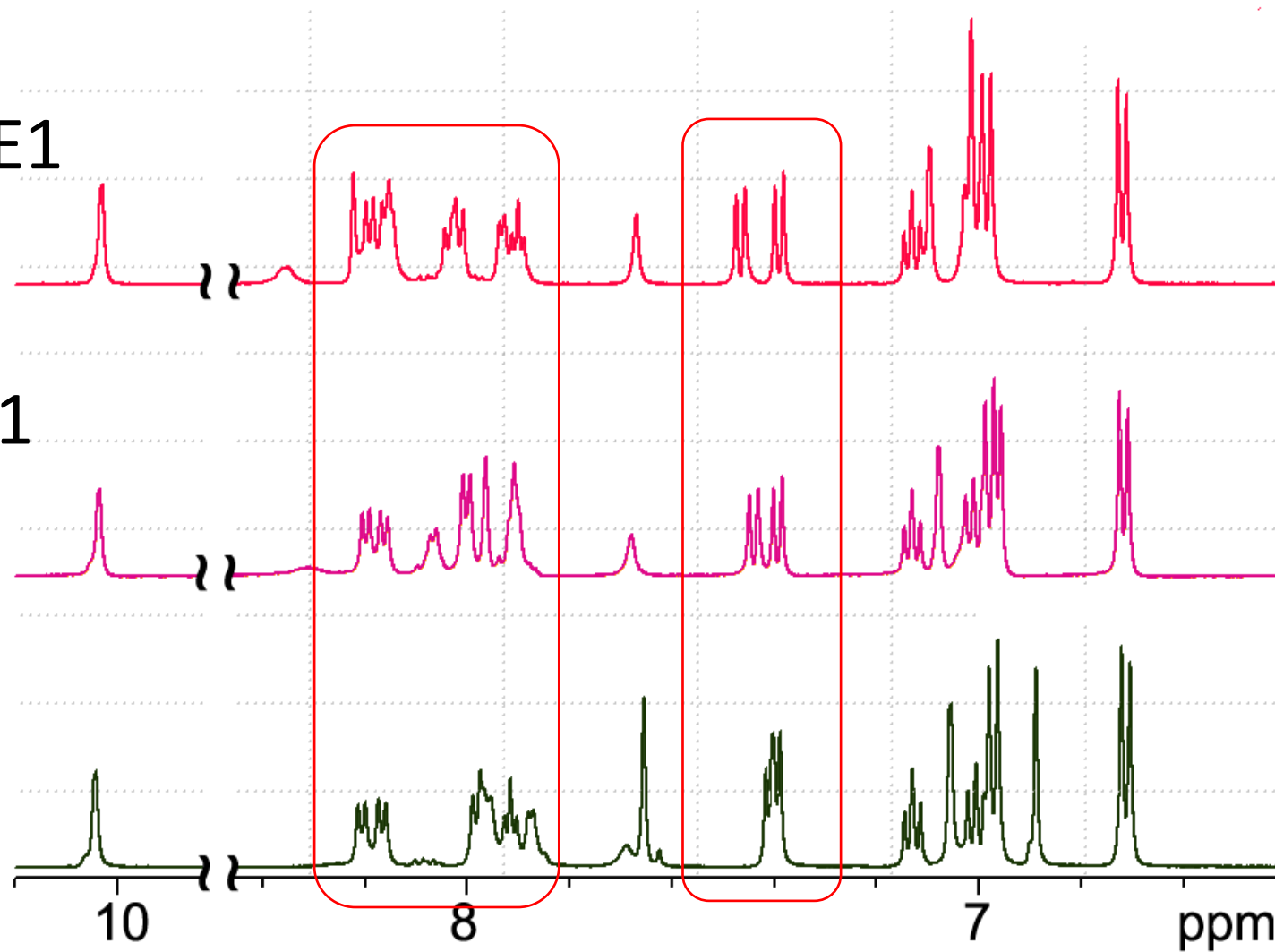


Chemical shift deviations were dose-dependent

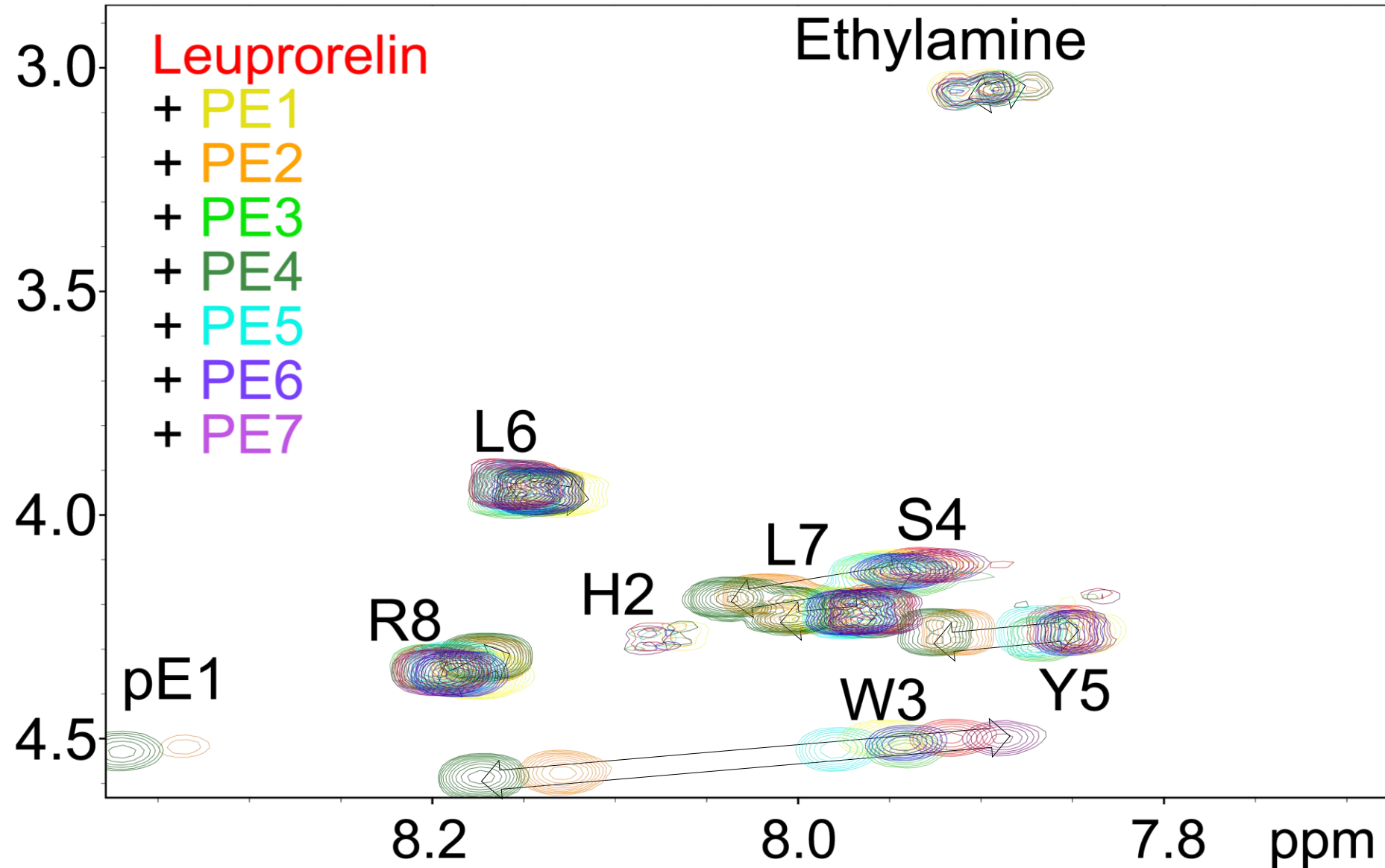
2 aliquots of PE1

1 aliquot of PE1

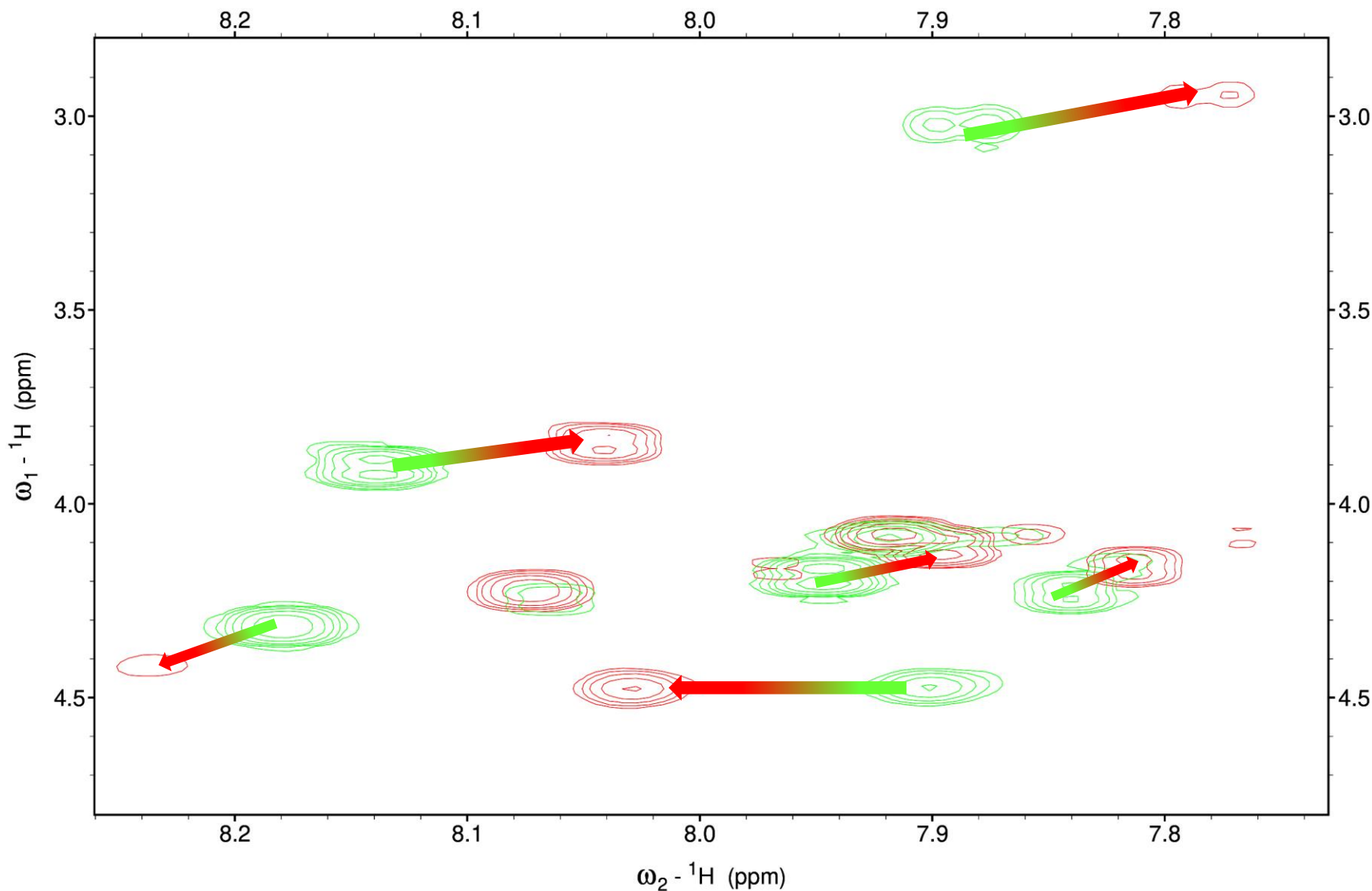
Leuprorelin



Permeability enhancers were screened using 2D NMR



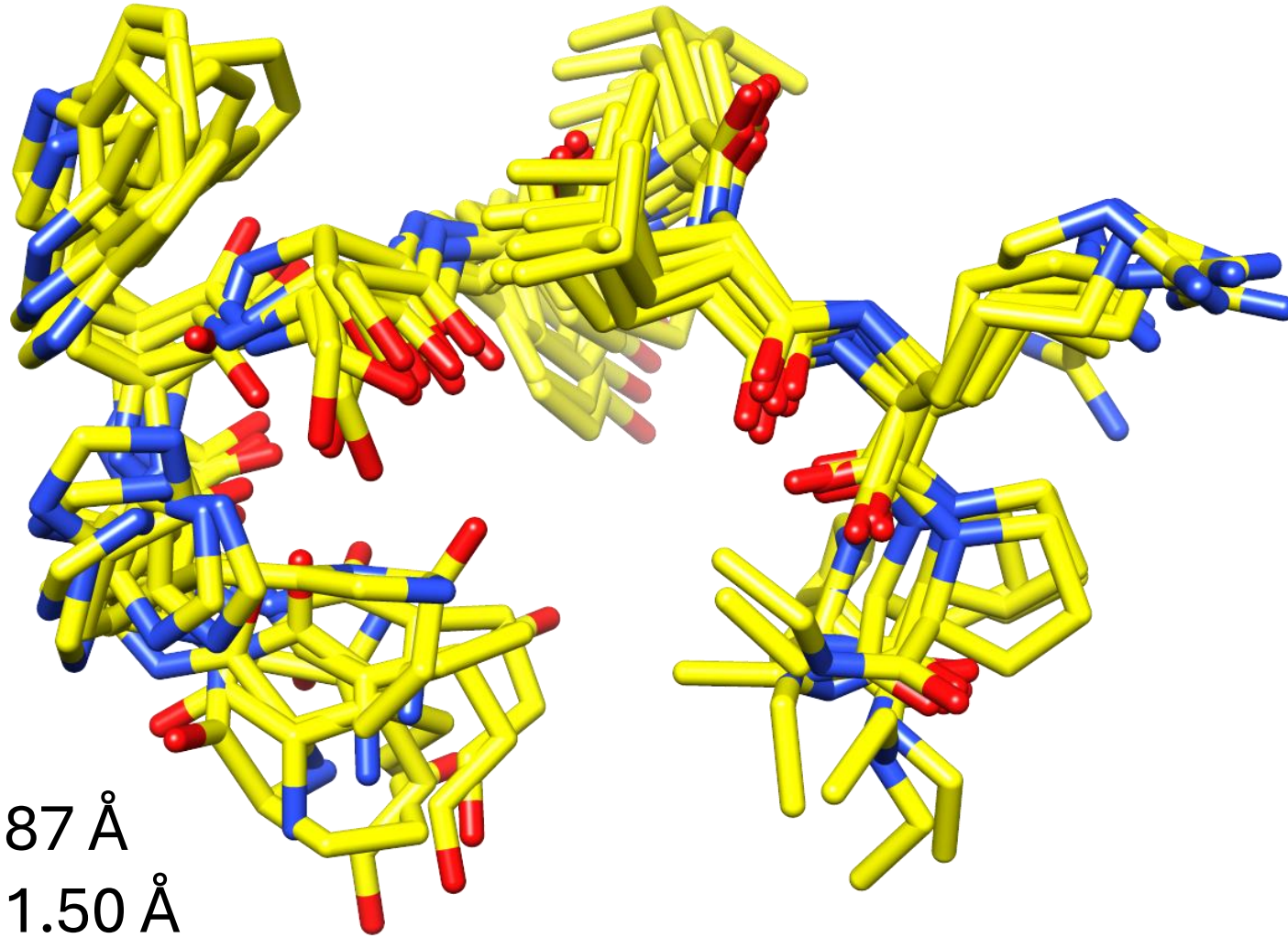
PE1 bound leuprorelin strongly by HN and H α $\Delta\delta_{1H}$



	ΔHN	ΔHA
pE1	0.008	0.678
H2	0.171	0.154
W3	0.132	-0.016
S4	-0.006	-0.029
Y5	-0.032	-0.094
D-L6	-0.107	-0.082
L7	-0.058	-0.091
R8	-0.115	-0.119
P9		-0.106
	-0.114	-0.079



The structure of the PE1-leuprorelin complex was solved

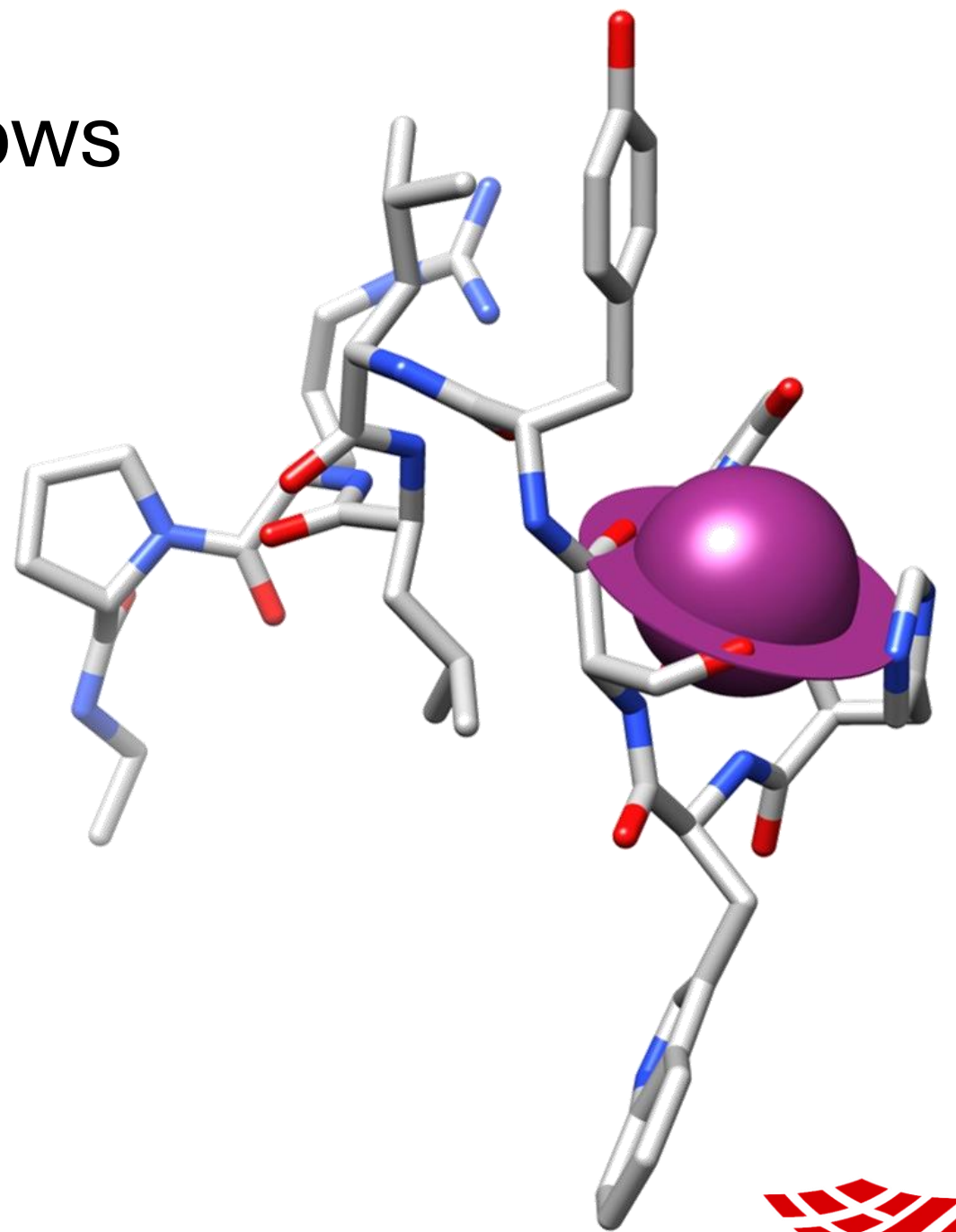


Backbone RMSD 0.87 Å
Heavy atom RMSD 1.50 Å

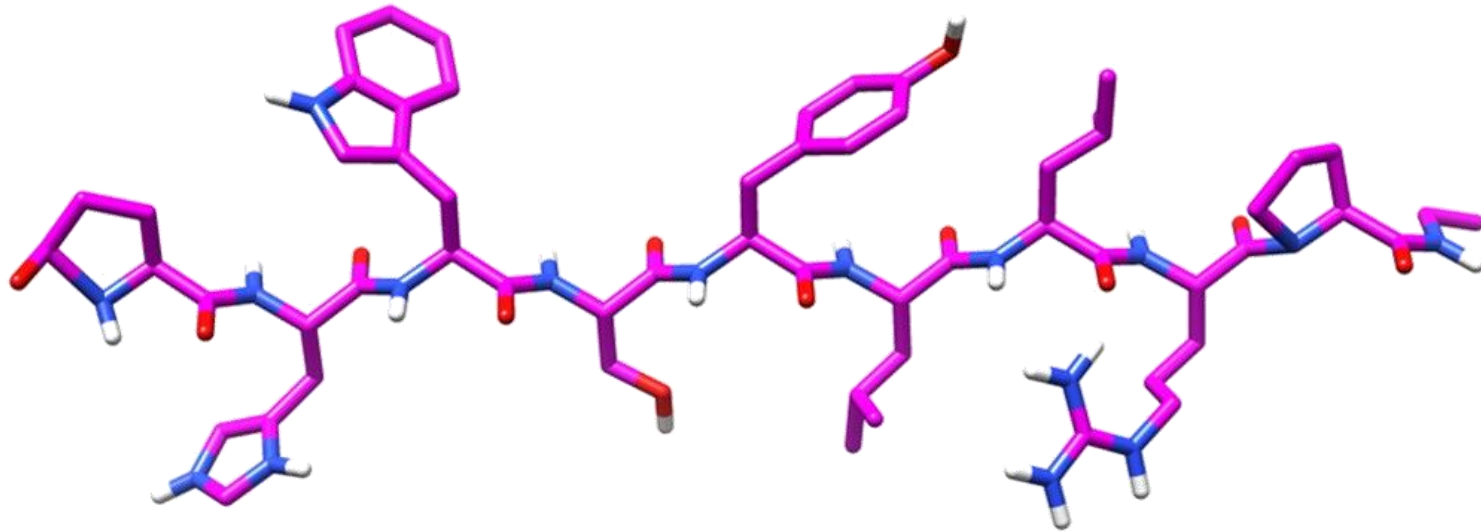


A preliminary NMR structure shows
pGlu, His and Ser binding PE1

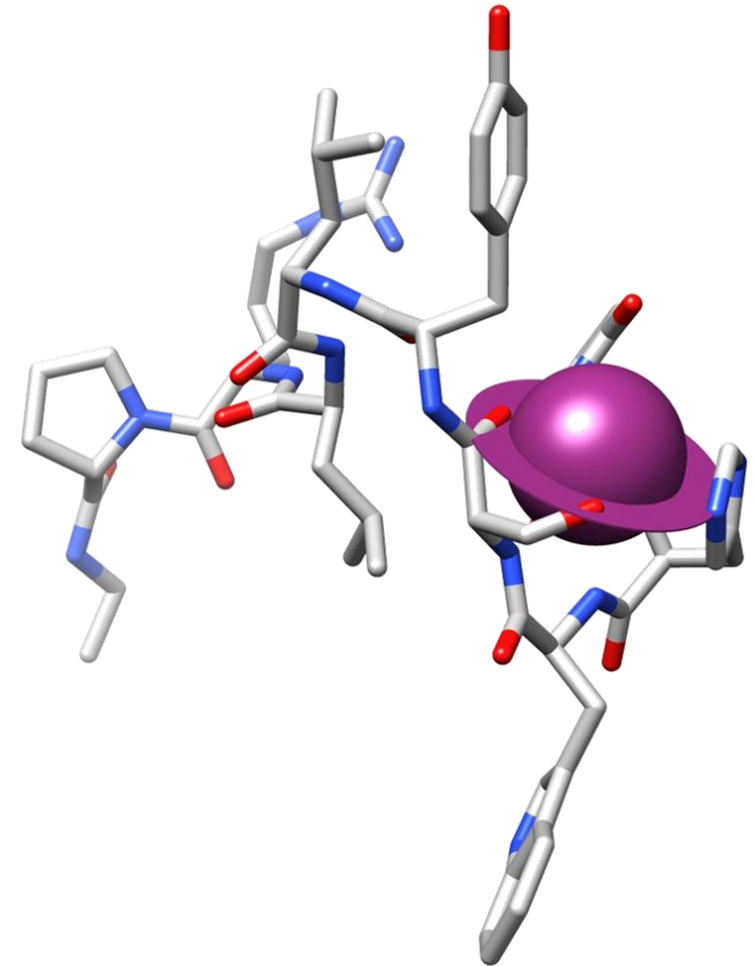
Binding residues were
determined by the degree of
chemical shift deviation seen
during titration.



The leuprorelin-PE1 complex is smaller and may traverse tight-junctions more easily



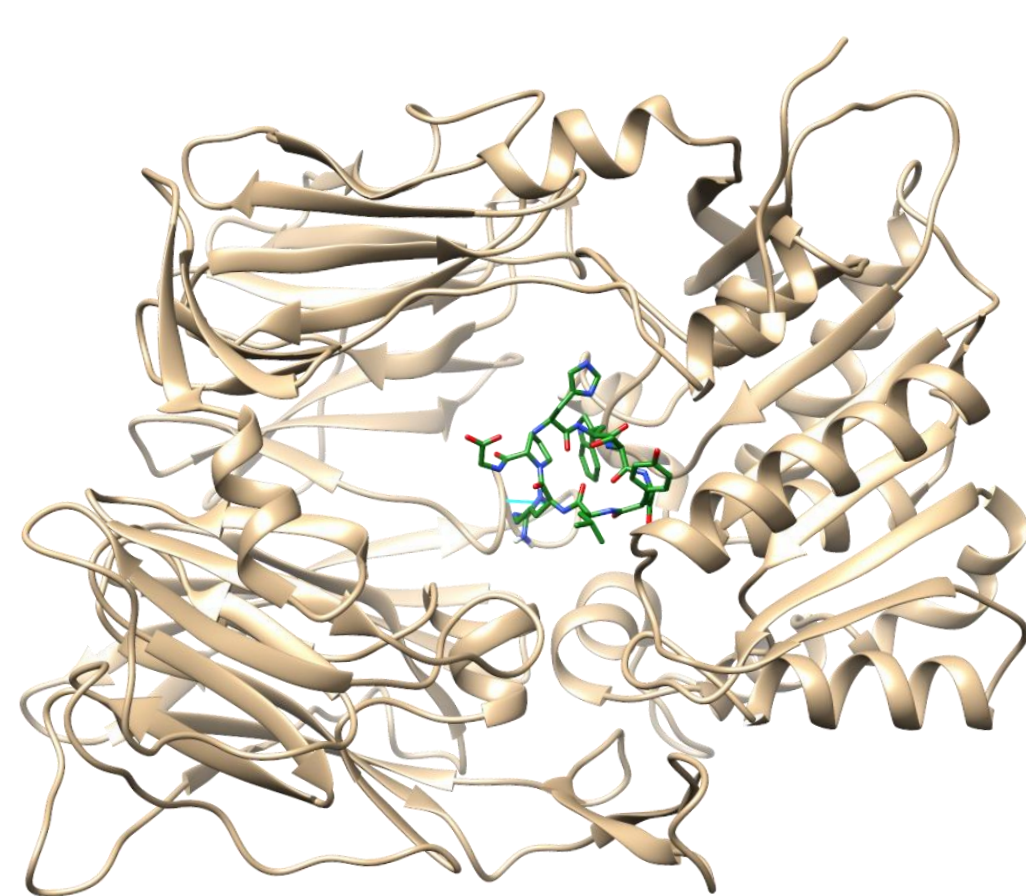
3.5 nm



1.53 nm

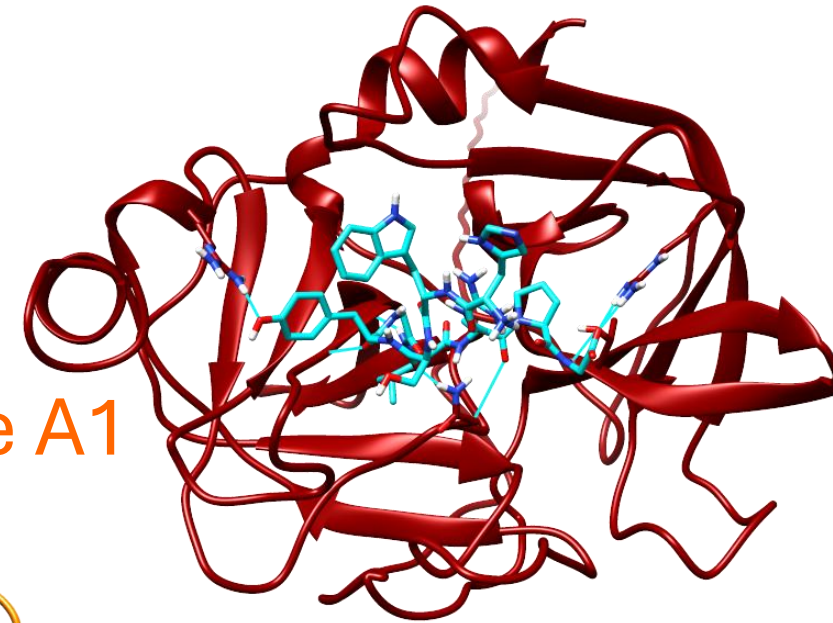
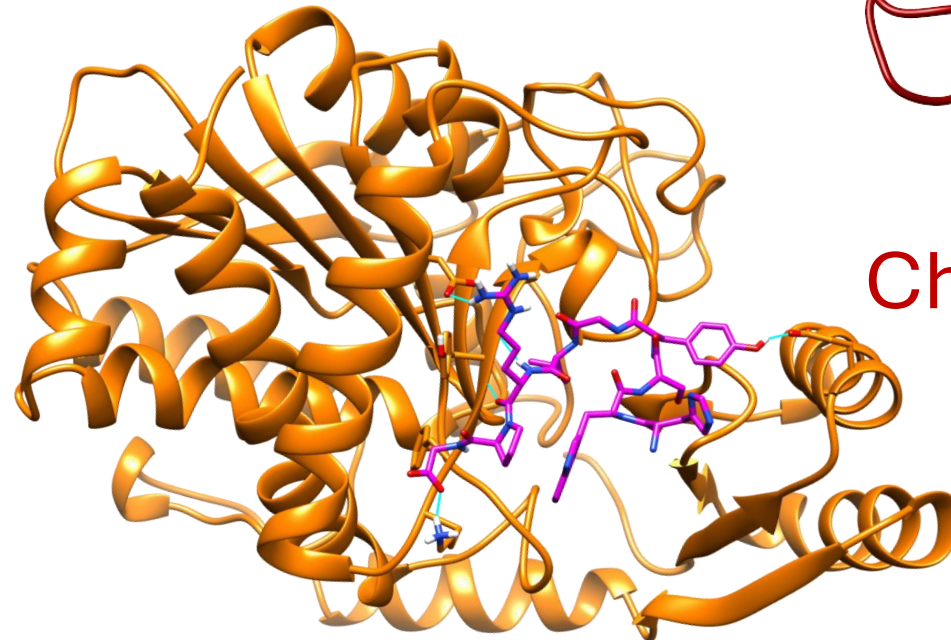


AlphaFold2 was used to generate GnRH-enzyme complexes



GnRH hormone
Dipeptidyl peptidase

GnRH
Carboxypeptidase A1

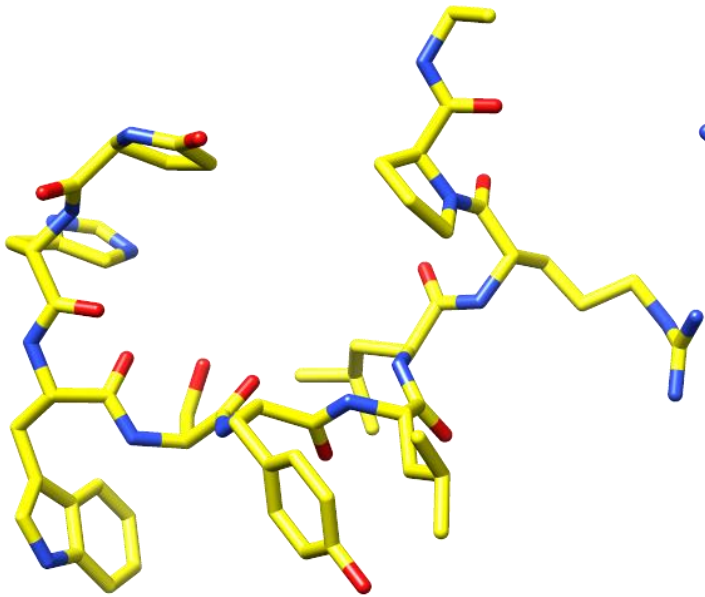


GnRH
Chymotrypsin C



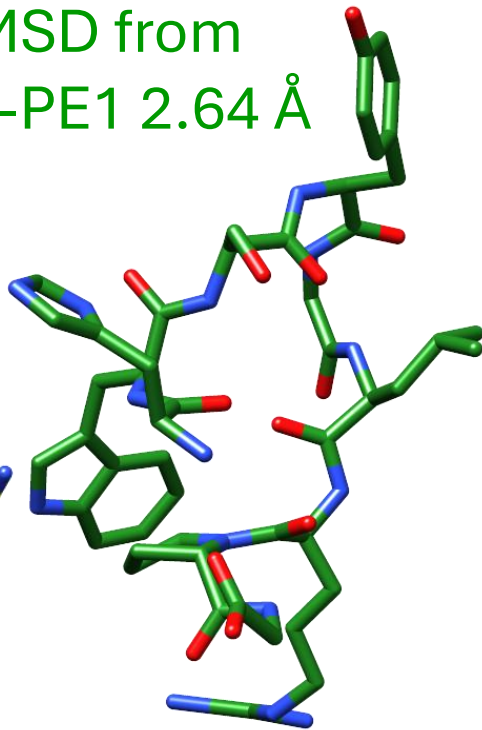
Permeability enhancer complexes render leuprorelin less likely to bind enzymes → Increases their metabolic stability

RMSD LP-PE1
ensemble 0.87 Å



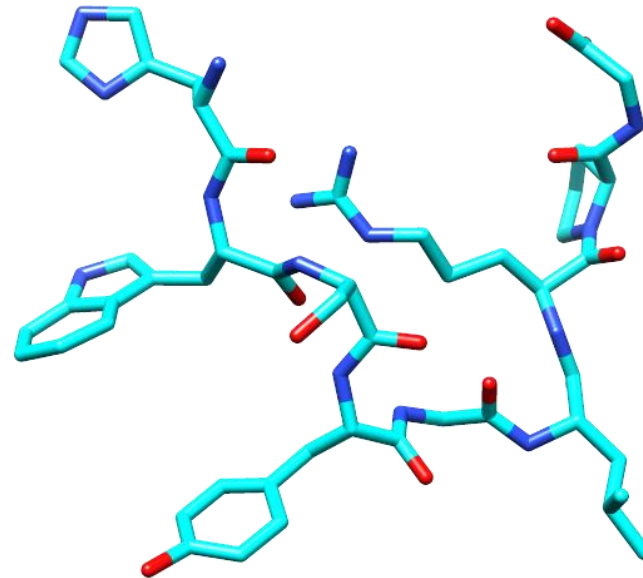
Leuprorelin-PE1
complex from NMR

RMSD from
LP-PE1 2.64 Å



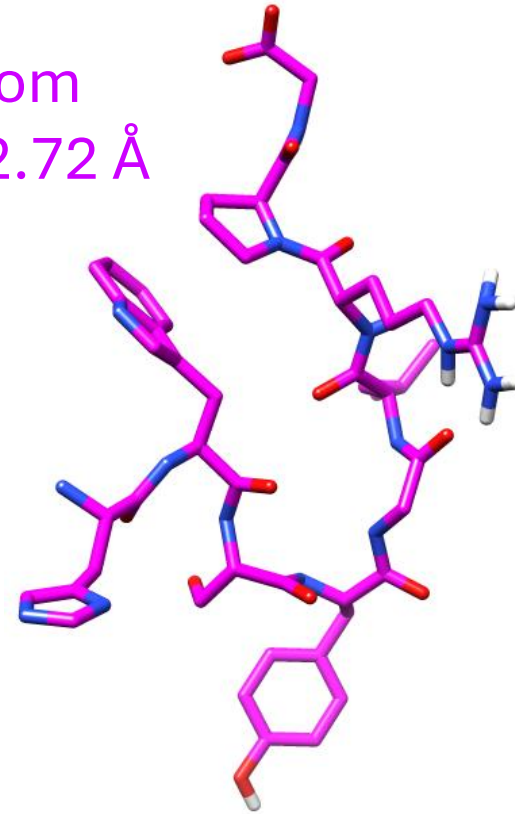
GnRH from AlphaFold
complex with dipeptidyl
peptidase

RMSD from
LP-PE1 2.14 Å



GnRH from AlphaFold
complex with
chymotrypsin

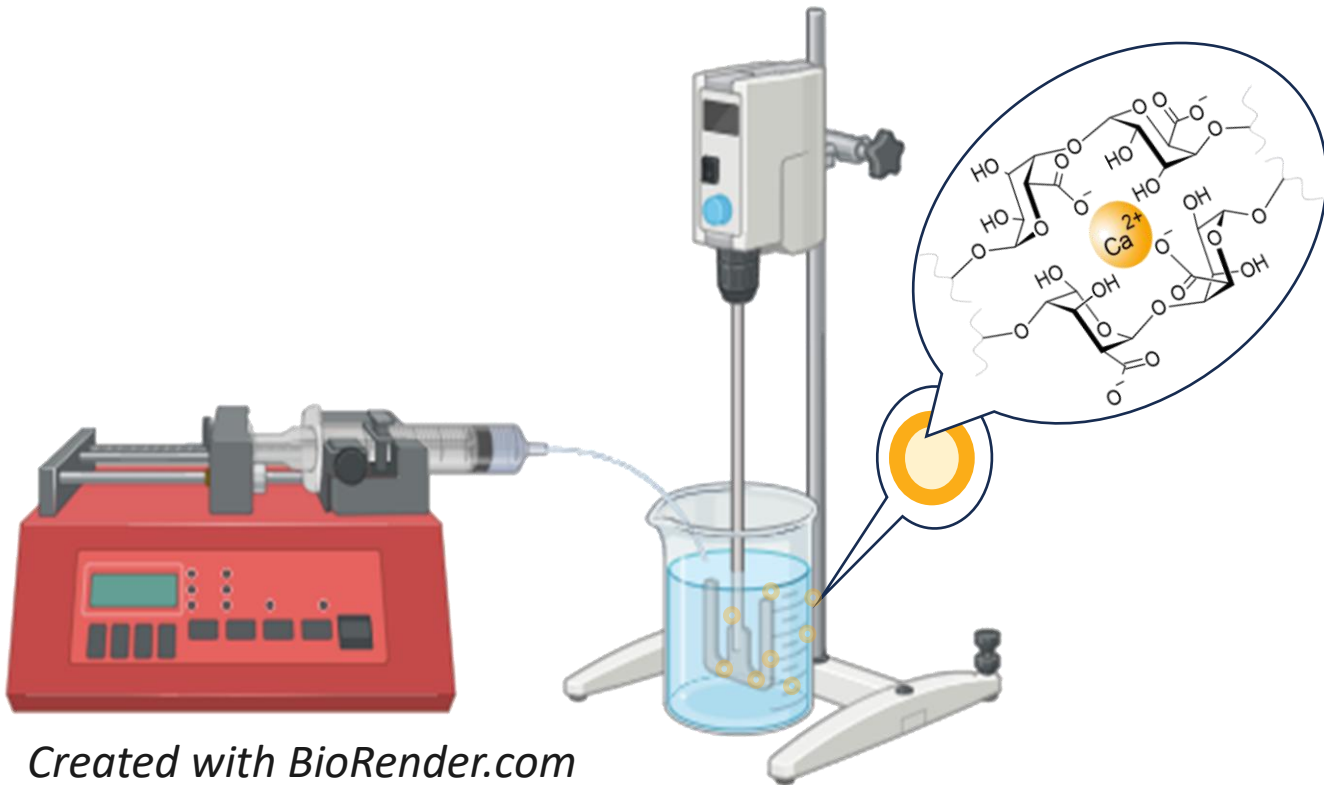
RMSD from
LP-PE1 2.72 Å



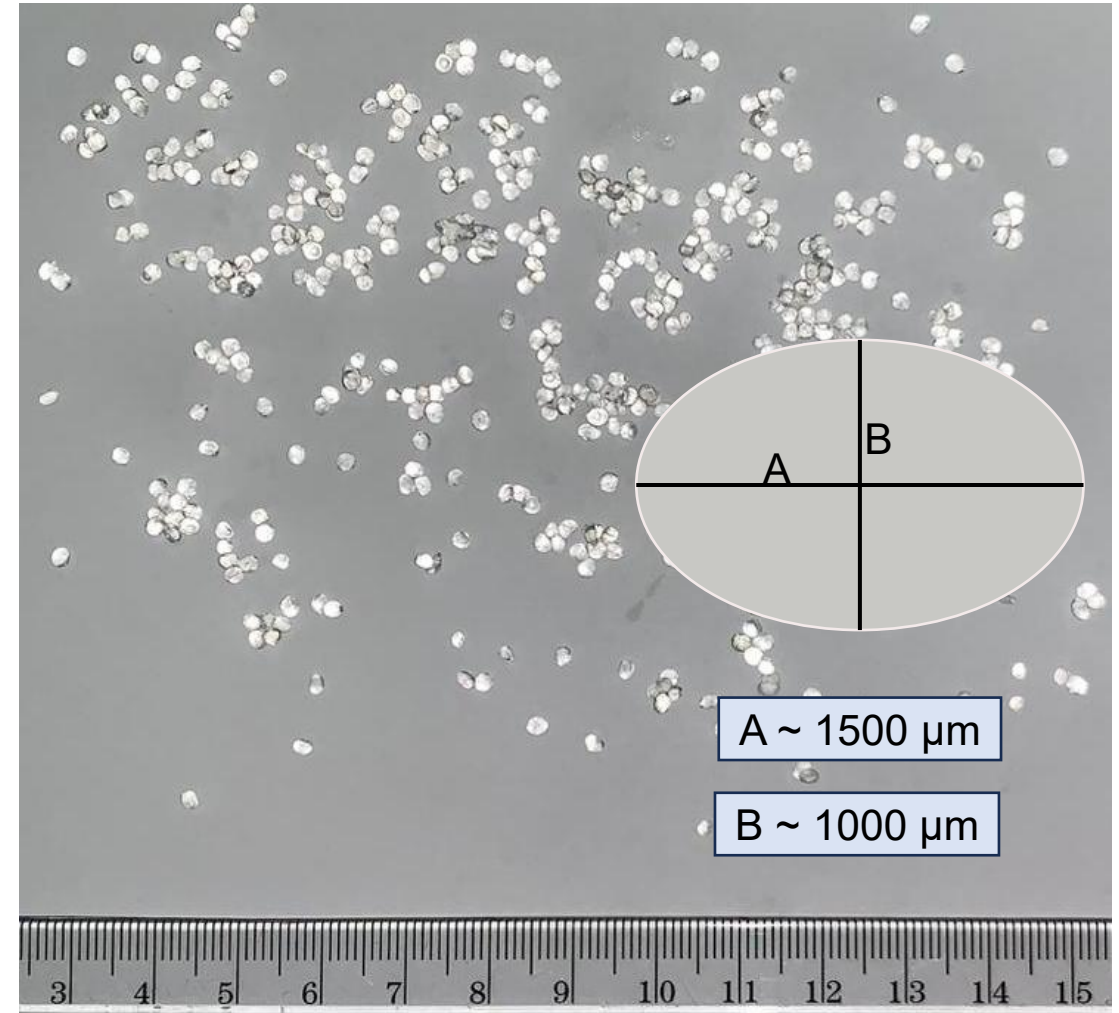
GnRH from AlphaFold
complex with
carboxypeptidase A1



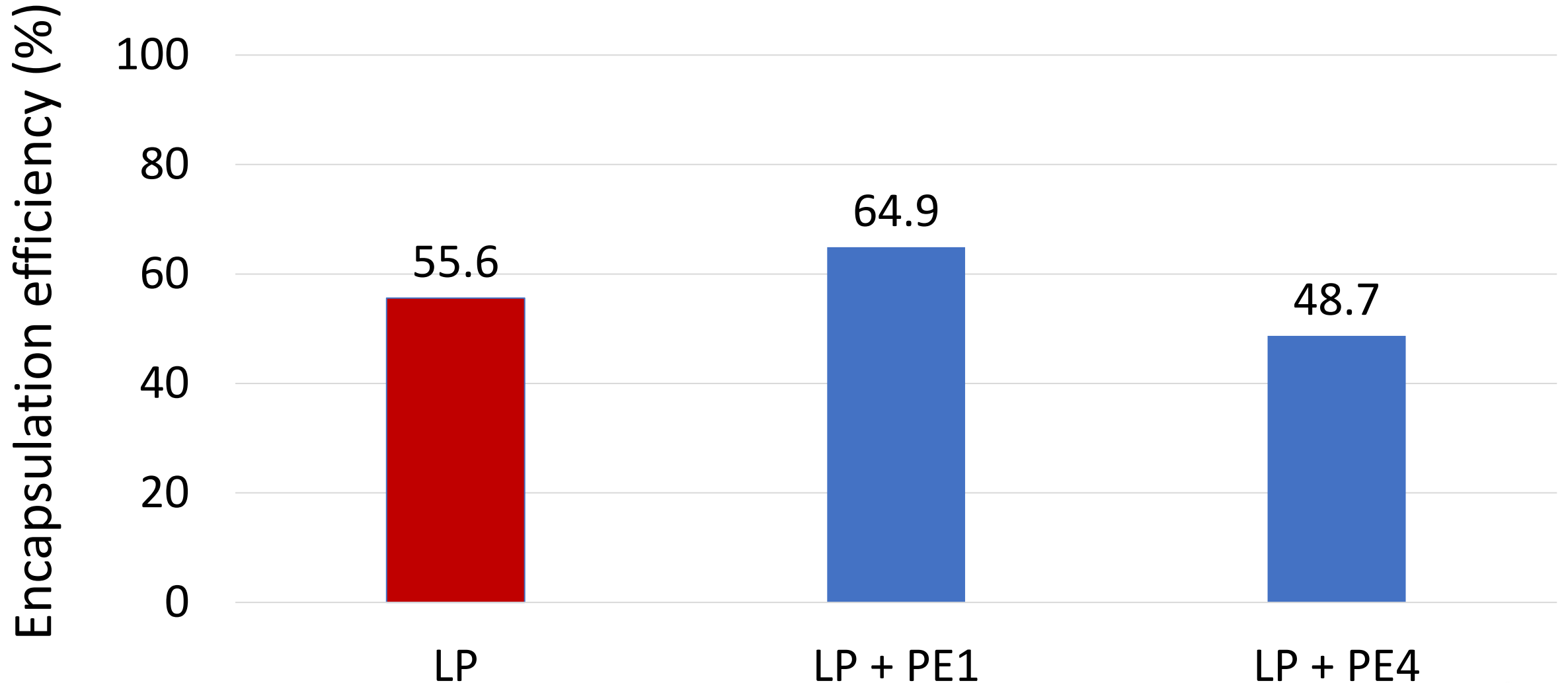
Ca²⁺-crosslinked alginate microspheres with leuprorelin-permeability enhancer complexes were made



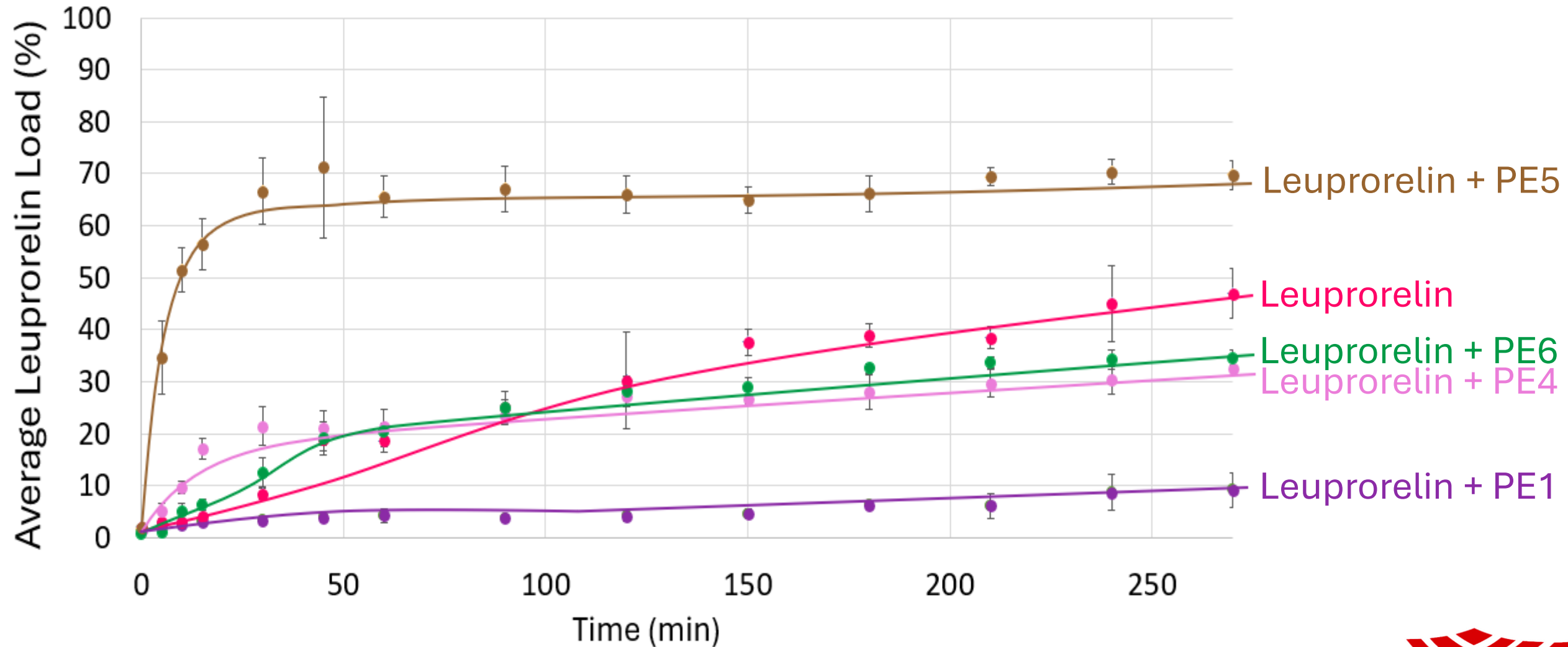
Created with BioRender.com



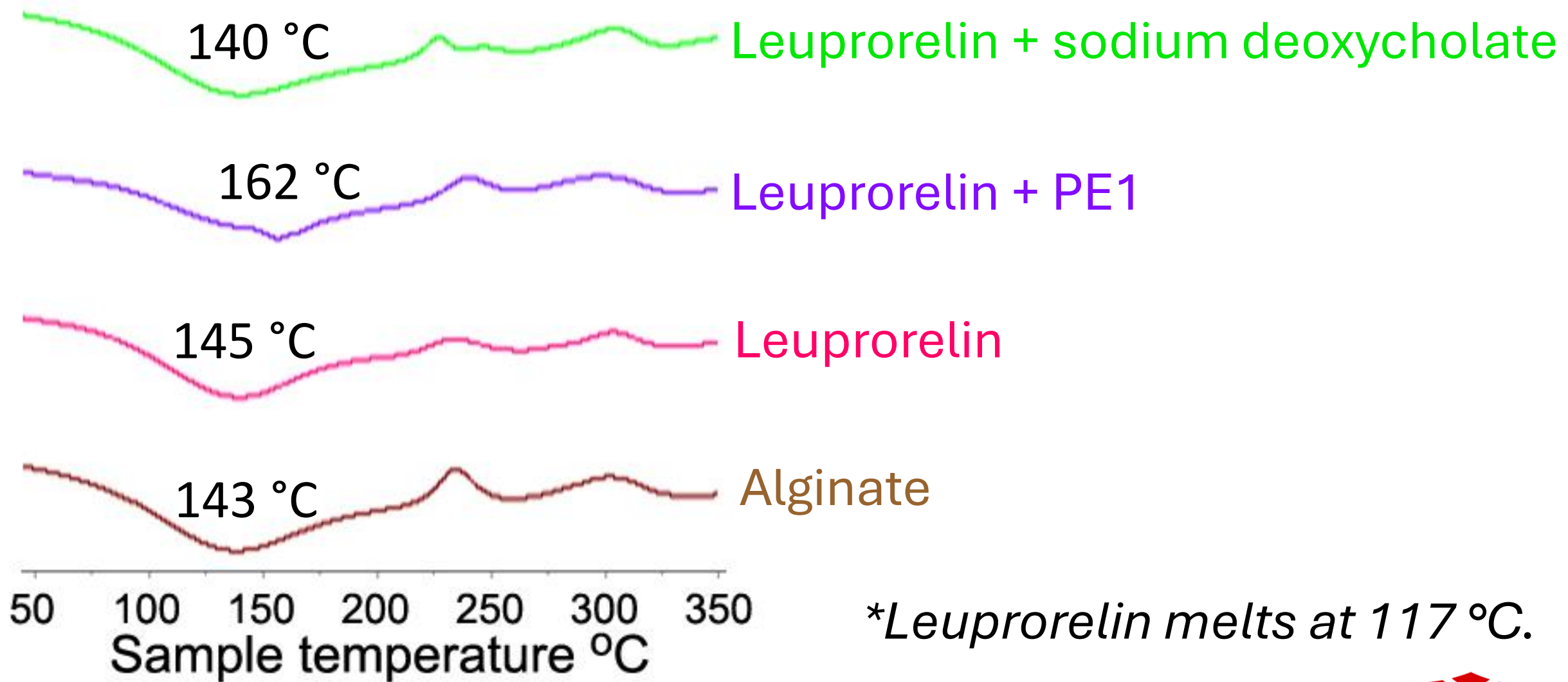
Encapsulation efficiencies were moderate.



PE complexes generally extended leuprorelin release – Particularly PE1

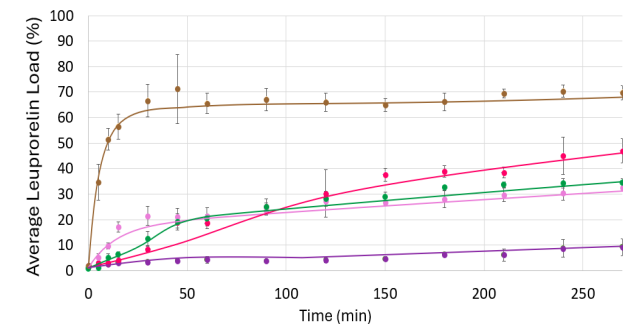
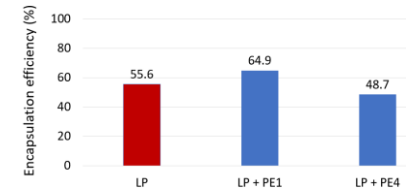
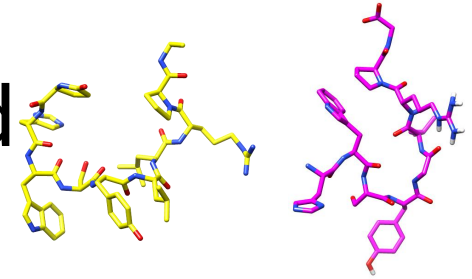
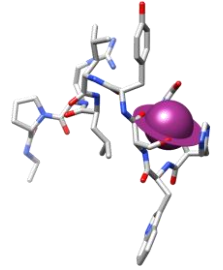


DSC shows microsphere stabilization with PE1



Summary

- LeuprORElin complexed permeability enhancers to different degrees.
- The structure of PE1-bound leuprORElin differed significantly from GnRH bound in enzymes.
- The encapsulation efficiencies were moderate.
- Release is extended for PE1-bound leuprORElin relative to leuprORElin alone.



Acknowledgements

Adel Penhasi

Zeina Zaatari

Tal Rappaport

Eliana Rachamimov

Rina Fishman

NMRFAM-Sparky

XPLOR-NIH

ColabFold

AlphaFold2

Azrieli Research Fund

UCSF Chimera

ACD Chems sketch

