

Toolbox of self-propelled nanomotors for bladder cancer therapy

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THE PROBLEM USING

NANOPARTICLES

0.7%



REACH TUMOR TARGET

Wilhem et al., *Nat Rev Mat.* 2016

Nanoparticle Delivery Efficiency

100%

0.7%

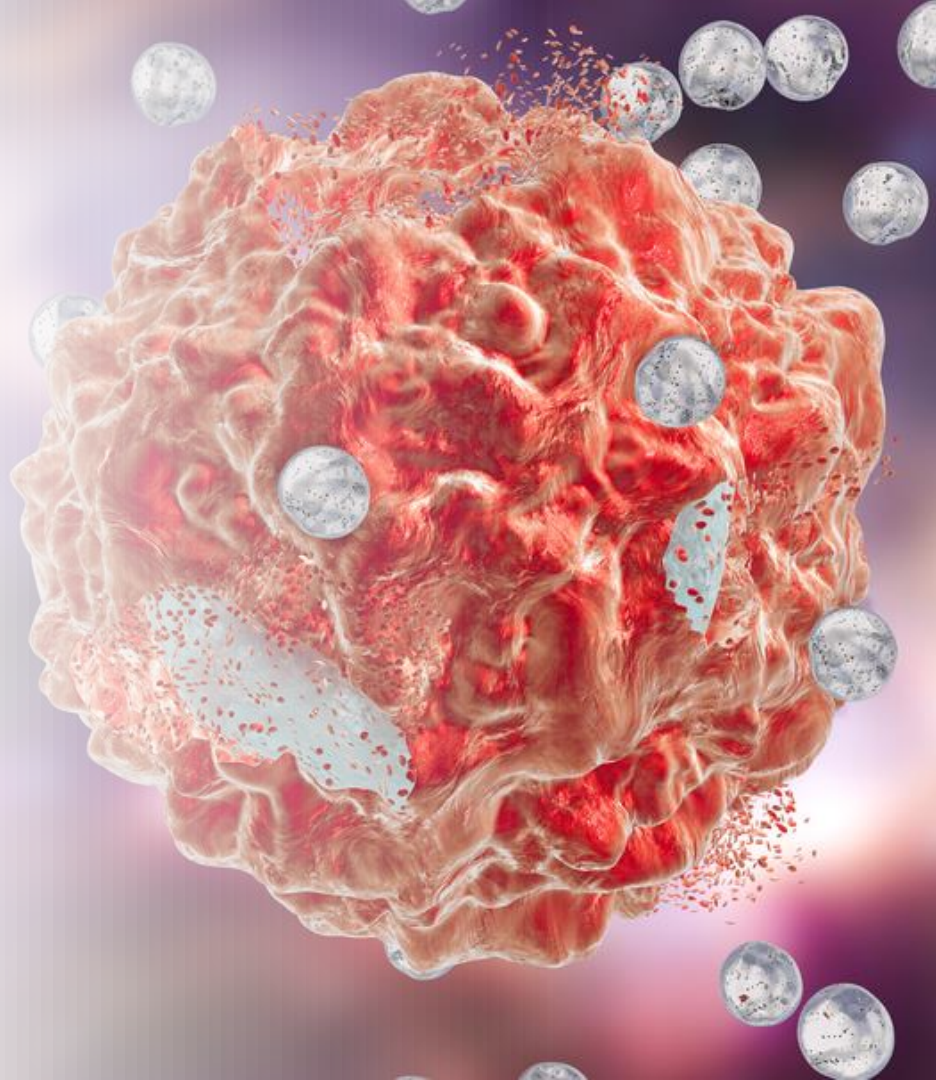
0.0014%

I.V.
Injection

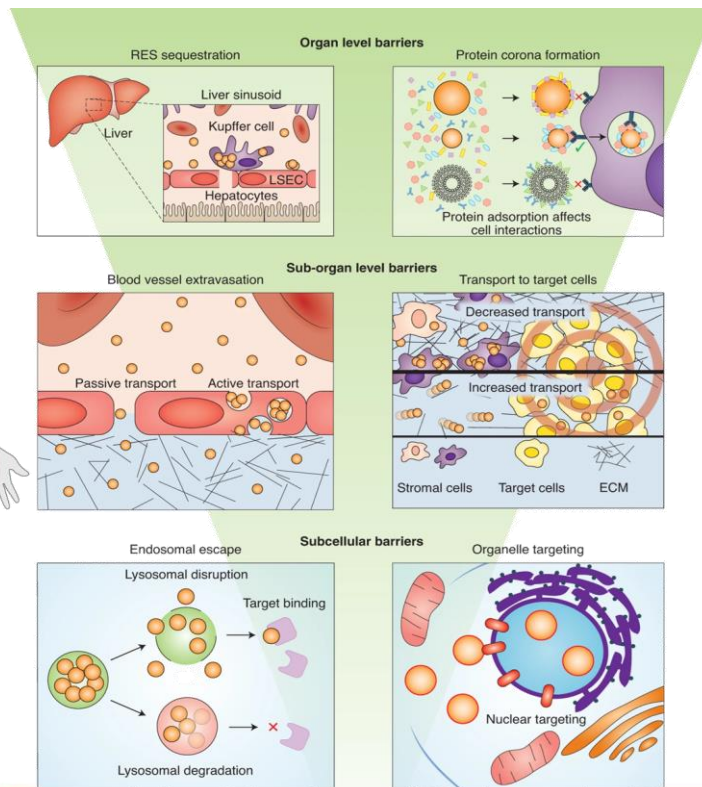
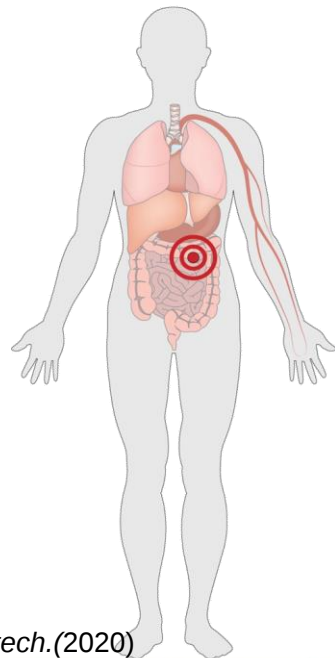
Tumor

Cancer
Cells

Dai et al. *ACS Nano* 2018, 12, 8423–8435



Why don't they reach? Biological Barriers



Patino et al. *Nanoscale* 2024
Dolci et al. *ACS Nano* 2023

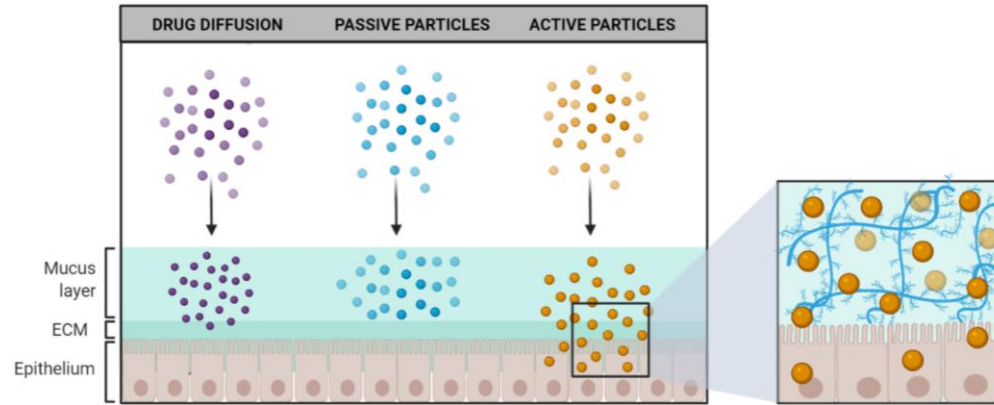
Fraire et al. *ACS Nano* 2023
Ruiz-González et al. *Small* 2024
Serra et al. *ACS Nano* 2024
Ruiz-González et al. *ACS AMI* 2025

Fraire et al. *In preparation* 2025
Esporrín et al. *Adv. Funct. Mat.* 2025

W. Poon, et al. *Nature Nanotech.*(2020)

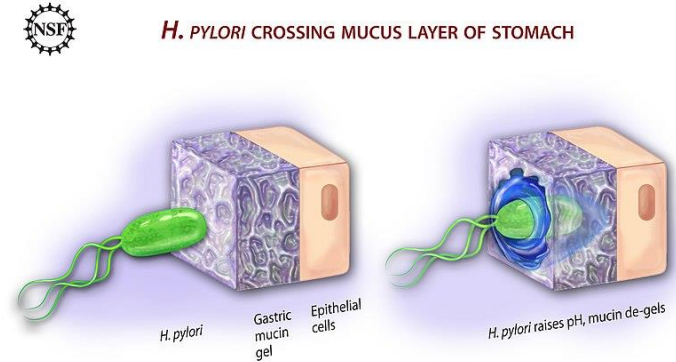
Crossing biological barriers: a challenge

Diffusion vs transport



Active self-propelled particles can **interact** with ECM and other BB liquifying them

Nature knows how to...



[Wikipedia.org](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Helicobacter_pylori)

Self-propelled nanomotors

Mimicking nature



G. Ariel et al. *Nature Commun.*, 2015

Ma et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2016

1. Chemical Self-propelled Nanobots:
getting motion at the nanoscale

2. Collective behaviour of Nanobots
3D motion

3. Biomedical applications
The case of bladder cancer

1. Chemical Self-propelled Nanobots: getting motion at the nanoscale

2. Collective behaviour of Nanobots *3D Motion*

3. Biomedical applications *The case of bladder cancer*

#1 Enzyme-powered Nanobots

- From fundamental to biomedical applications
- From individual to collective motion
- Multiple enzymes and types of particles



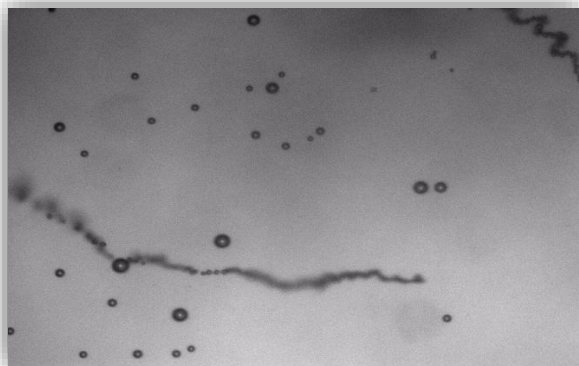
MAX PLANCK INSTITUTE
FOR INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS



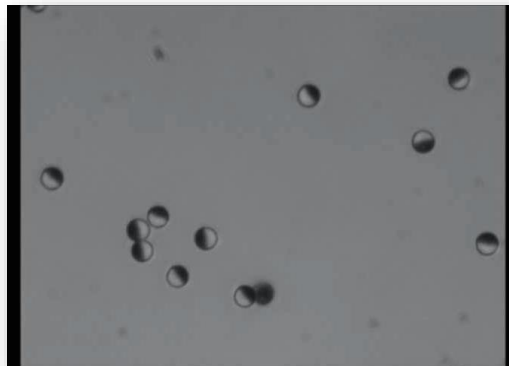
2010-2025



Origins: Catalytic Microswimmers based on $\text{Pt-H}_2\text{O}_2$ reaction



Solovev et al. *ACS Nano* **2012**, 6, 1751
 Solovev et al. *Angew. Chem.* **2011**, 50, 10875
 Sanchez et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, 133, 14860
 Sanchez et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, 133, 701
 Sanchez et al. *Chem. Commun.* **2011**, 47, 698
 Sanchez et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2010**, 132, 13144
 Solovev et al. *Adv. Funct. Mat.* **2010**, 20, 2430



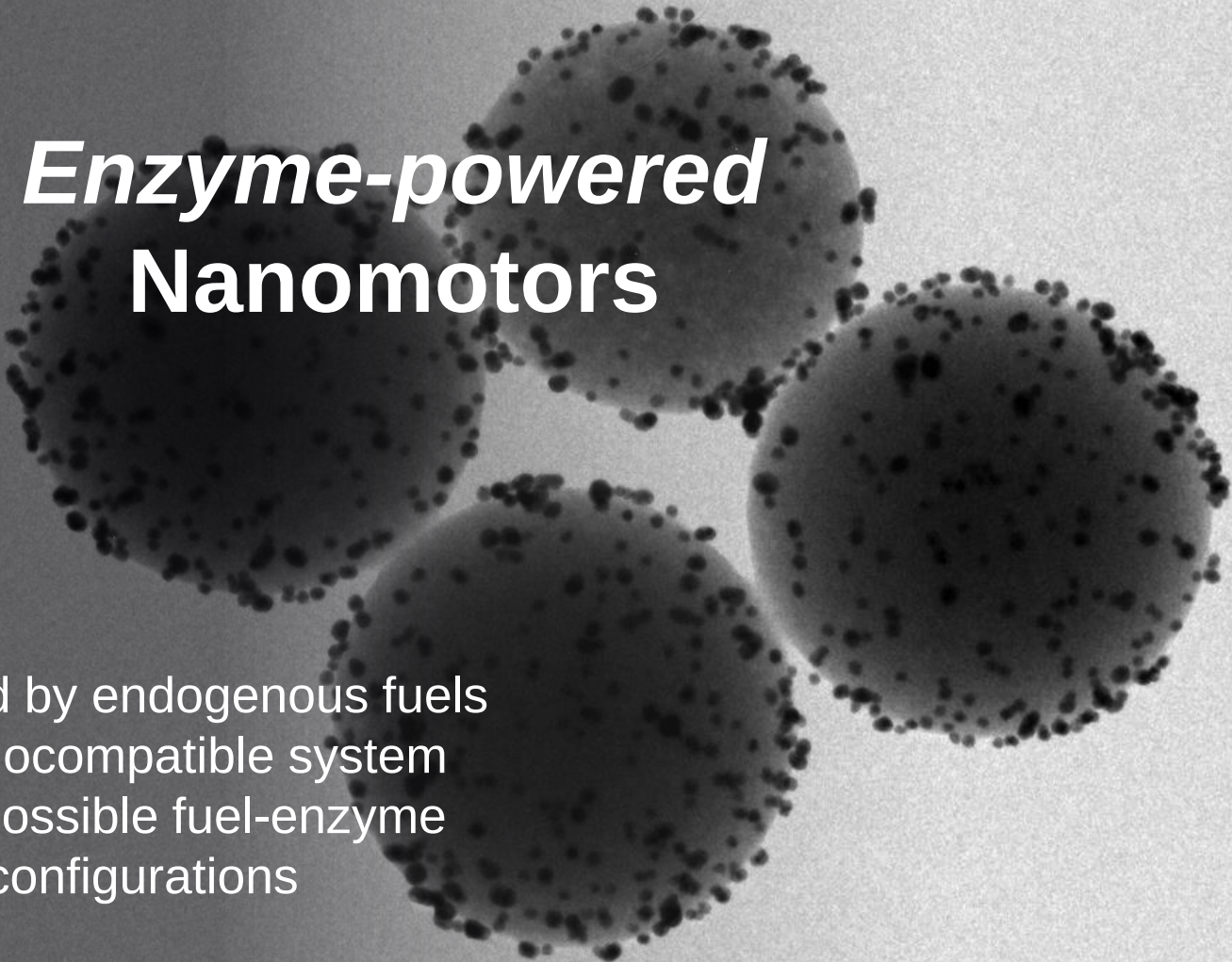
Ma et al. *Small*, **2015**, 11, 5023
 Choudhury et al. *Chem. Commun.* **2015**, 51, 8660
 Ma et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2015**, 137, 4976
 Ma et al. *Chem. Commun.* **2015**, 51, 5467
 Baraban et al. *Angew. Chem. Int. Edit.* **2013**, 52, 5552
 Baraban et al. *ACS Nano* **2012**, 6, 3383
 Baraban et al. *Soft Matter*, **2012**, 8, 48

Drawbacks:

- Toxicity of peroxide fuel
- Metals in the motors
- Large size
- Expensive fabrication

Solution:

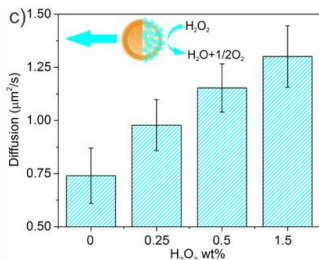
- Enzymes as biocatalysts
- Bioavailable fuels
- Biocompatible materials
- Simple/scalable synthesis

The background of the slide features four spherical nanomotors. Each sphere is densely covered with small, dark, dot-like particles, which likely represent enzymes or fuel molecules. The spheres are arranged in a cluster, with one at the top, one on the left, one on the right, and one at the bottom.

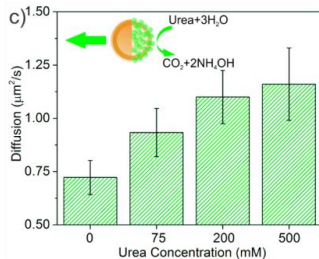
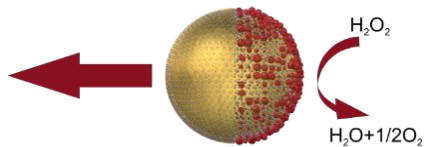
Enzyme-powered Nanomotors

- Powered by endogenous fuels
 - More biocompatible system
 - Many possible fuel-enzyme configurations

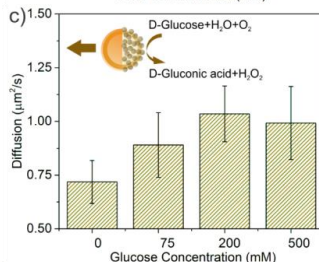
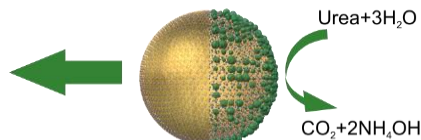
Enzyme-powered Spherical Nano-bots



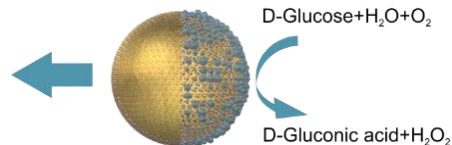
Catalase



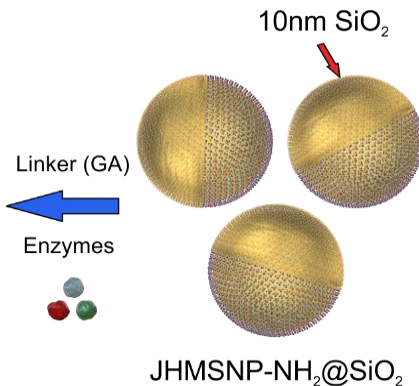
Urease



Glucose Oxidase

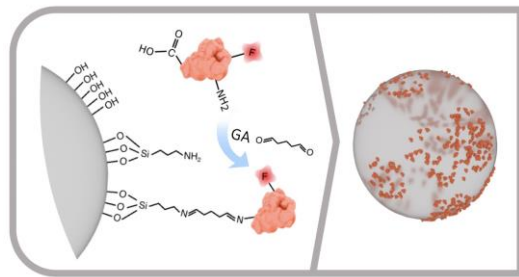
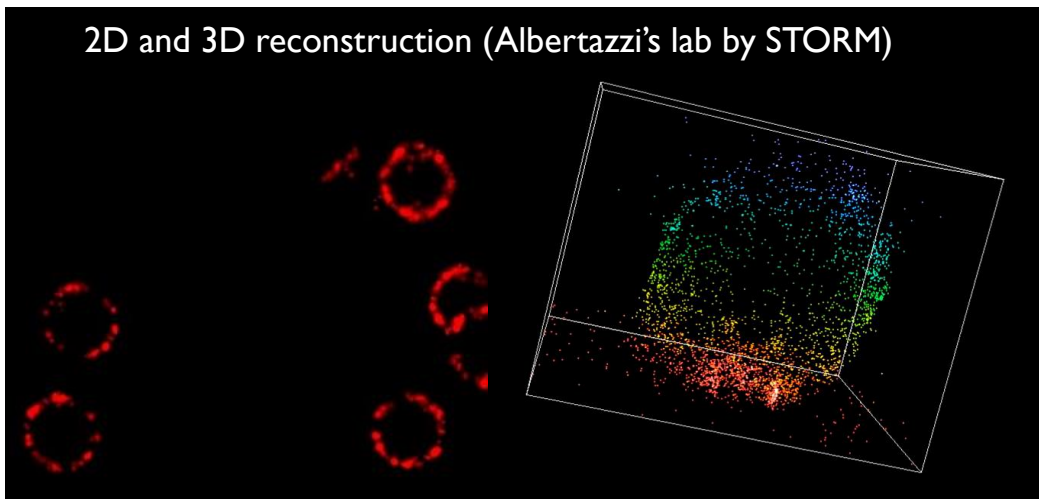
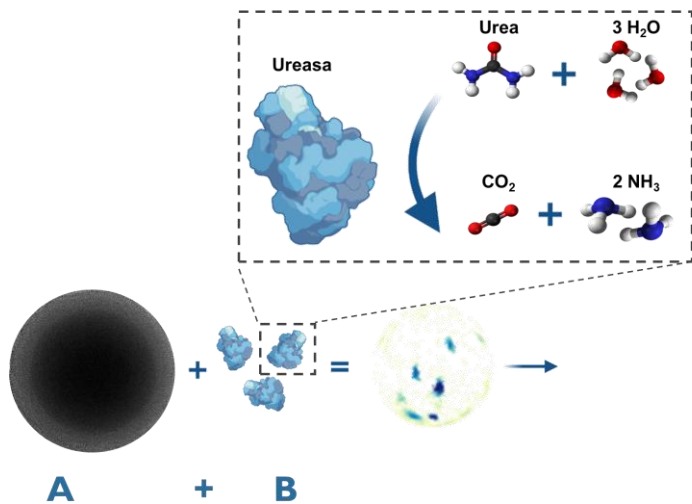


JHMSNP-Enzymes

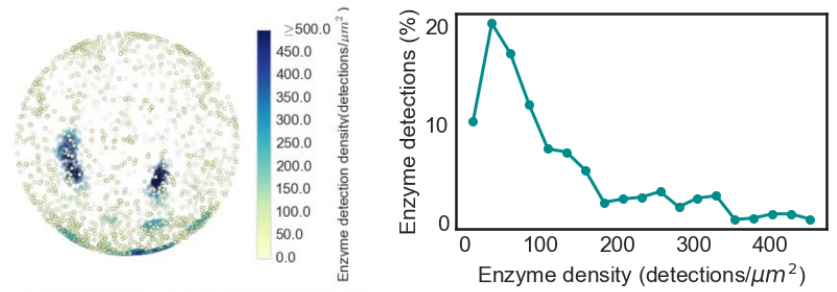


Ma Xing et al *Nano Lett.*, 2015

How to distribute enzymes on nanoparticles?

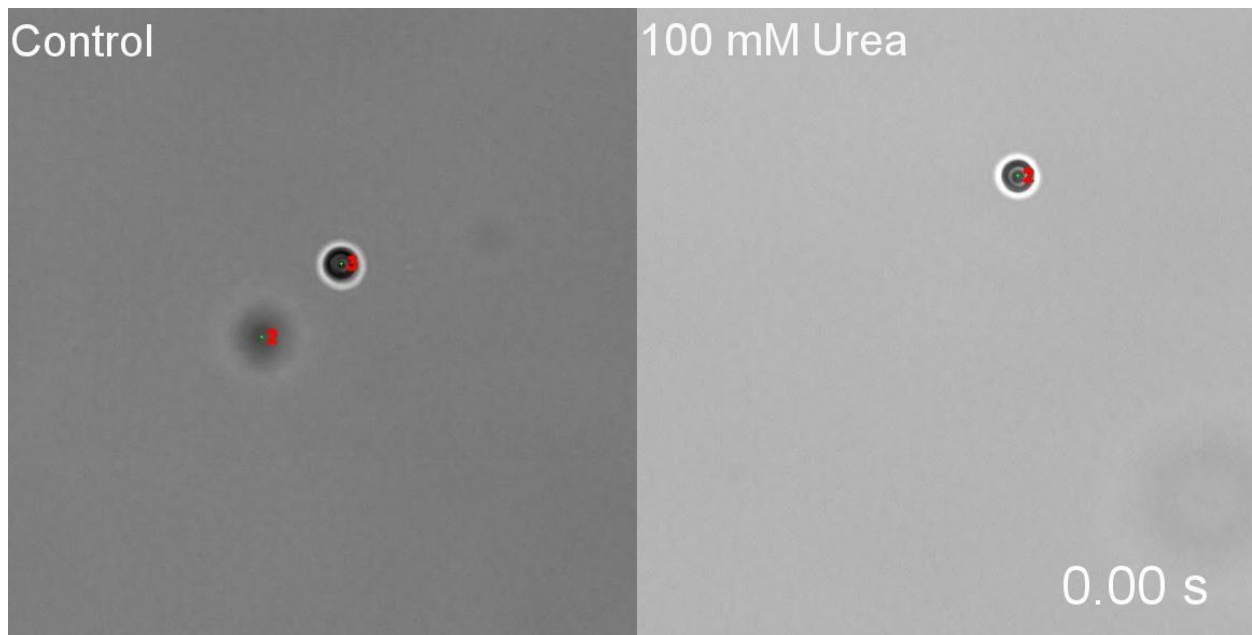


Patiño et al. JACS 2018

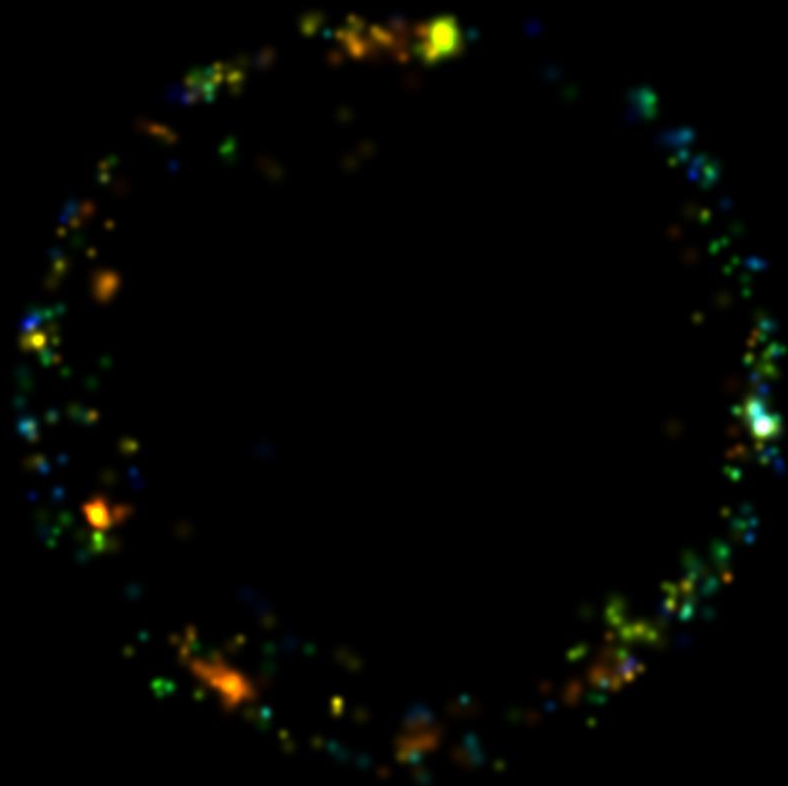


Asymmetry is the key for motion

Generation of a chemical gradient around the particles



Patiño *et al.* JACS **2018** 140, 9317



2 μm

Micromotor

Quim Llàcer @IBEC w/Albertazzi @ICMS



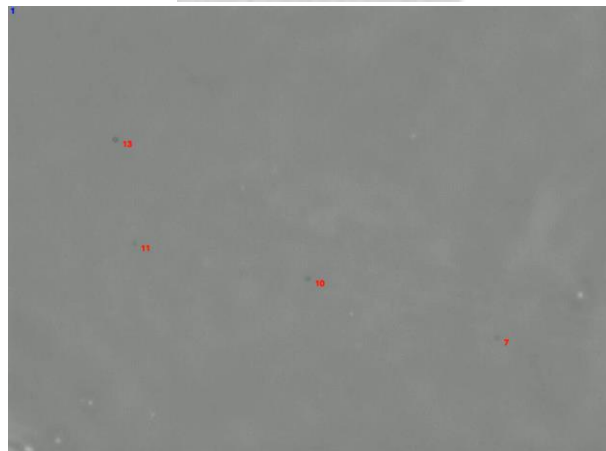
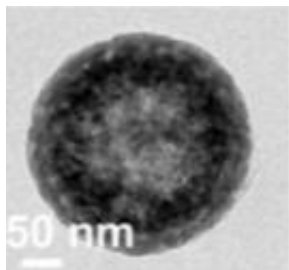
400 nm

Nanomotor

Patiño *et al.* In *JACS* 2018 and *Nanoscale* 2024

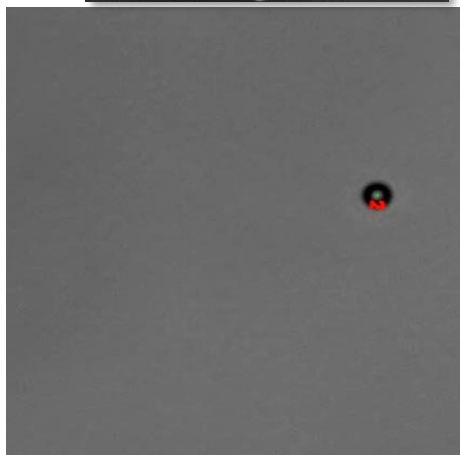
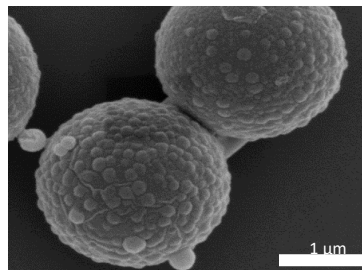
Particles + Urease= Biocompatible motors

Nanoparticles



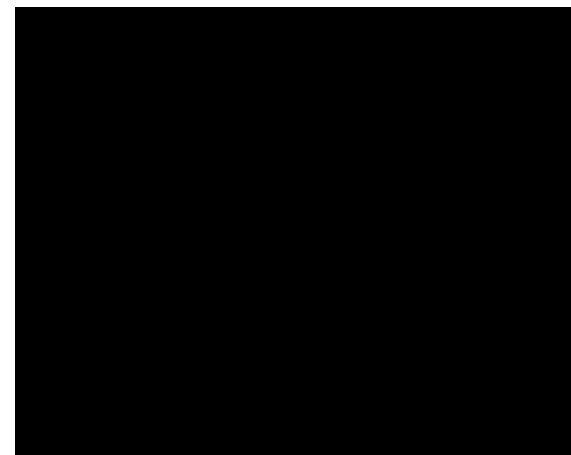
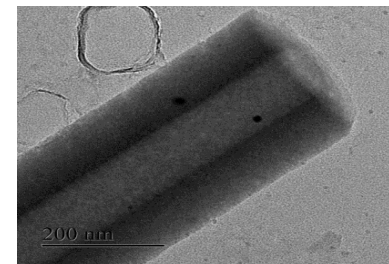
Ma Xing *Nano Lett.*, **2015**,15 7043

Microparticles



Patiño *JACS* **2018** 140, 9317

Nanotubes



X. Ma *JACS* **2016**, 138 (42), 13782

Multifunctional Nanobots: *Transport, sense, act and target*

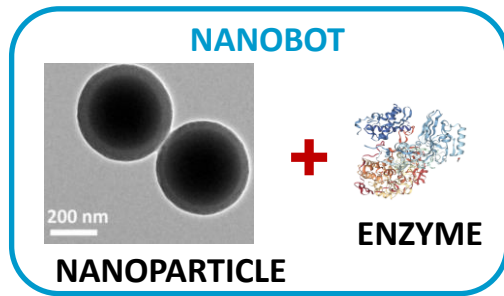
FULL PAPER

Drug Delivery

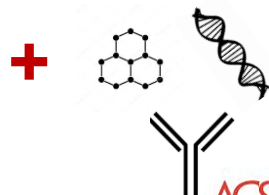


Enzyme-Powered Nanobots Enhance Anticancer Drug Delivery

Ana C. Hortelão,^{*} Tania Patiño,^{*} Ariadna Perez-Jiménez, Àngel Blanco, and Samuel Sánchez^{*}



THERAPEUTIC DRUG



ACS NANO

Cite This: ACS Nano 2019, 13, 12171–12183

www.acsnano.org

IP : WO 2020/115124

Enzyme-Powered Gated Mesoporous Silica Nanomotors for On-Command Intracellular Payload Delivery

Antoni Llopis-Lorente,^{†,‡,§} Alba García-Fernández,^{†,‡,§} Nerea Murillo-Cremaes,^{||} Ana C. Hortelão,^{||} Tania Patiño,^{||,▽} Reynaldo Villalonga,[⊥] Félix Sancenón,^{†,‡,§} Ramón Martínez-Mañez,^{*,†,‡,§,||} and Samuel Sánchez^{*,||,§}

NANO LETTERS

Cite This: Nano Lett. 2019, 19, 3440–3447

Letter
pubs.acs.org/NanoLett

Self-Sensing Enzyme-Powered Micromotors Equipped with pH-Responsive DNA Nanoswitches

Tania Patiño,^{§,§} Alessandro Porchetta,^{||,§} Anita Jannasch,[#] Anna Lladó,[‡] Tom Stumpp,[#] Erik Schäfer,[#] Francesco Ricci,^{*,||,§} and Samuel Sánchez^{*,§,†,||}

ACS NANO

Cite This: ACS Nano 2019, 13, 429–439

www.acsnano.org

Targeting 3D Bladder Cancer Spheroids with Urease-Powered Nanomotors

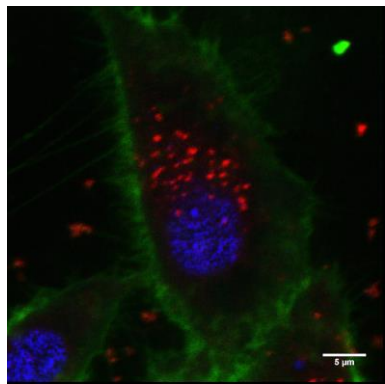
Ana C. Hortelão,[†] Rafael Carrascosa,[†] Nerea Murillo-Cremaes,[†] Tania Patiño,^{*,†} and Samuel Sánchez^{*,†,‡,§}

[†]Institute for Bioengineering of Catalonia (IBEC), The Barcelona Institute of Science and Technology (BIST), Baldri i Reixac 10-12, 08028 Barcelona Spain

[‡]Institució Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avançats (ICREA), Passeig Lluís Companys 23, 08010 Barcelona, Spain

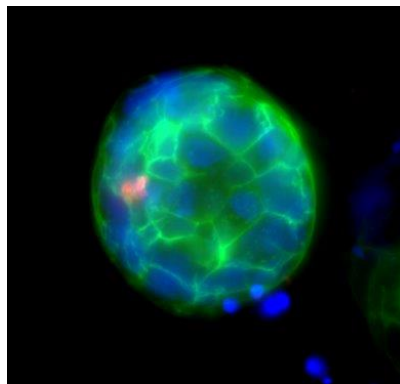
Urease Nanomotors: from *in vitro* to *in vivo*

In vitro



Enhanced delivery
of drugs

2D cell cultures



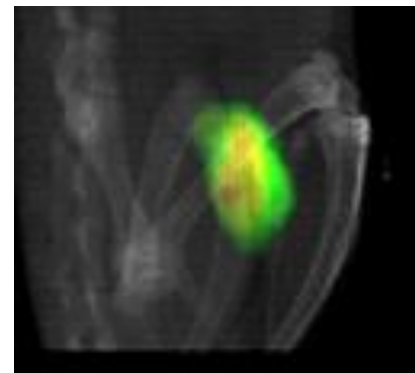
Penetrate and target
using antibodies

*3D Bladder Cancer
Spheroids*

Hortelao et al. *Adv. Funct. Mat.* 2018
Llopis et al. *ACS Nano* 2019

Hortelao et al. *ACS Nano* 2019

In vivo



Medical Imaging of collective
behavior

*Intravenous and intravesical
administration in mice*

Hortelao et al. *Sci. Robot.* 2021

A single nanobot does little by itself

Billions of nanoparticles are needed to effectively treat tumors

1. Chemical Self-propelled Nanobots:
getting motion at the nanoscale

2. Collective behaviour of Nanobots
Mimicking bioconvection

3. Biomedical applications
The case of bladder cancer

Collective Intelligence in nature



A grayscale microscopy image of a cell. The cell has a large, dark, circular nucleus in the lower right. A prominent, dark, wavy line, likely a mitochondrion, extends from the nucleus towards the upper left. The cytoplasm is filled with various granular structures and smaller organelles.

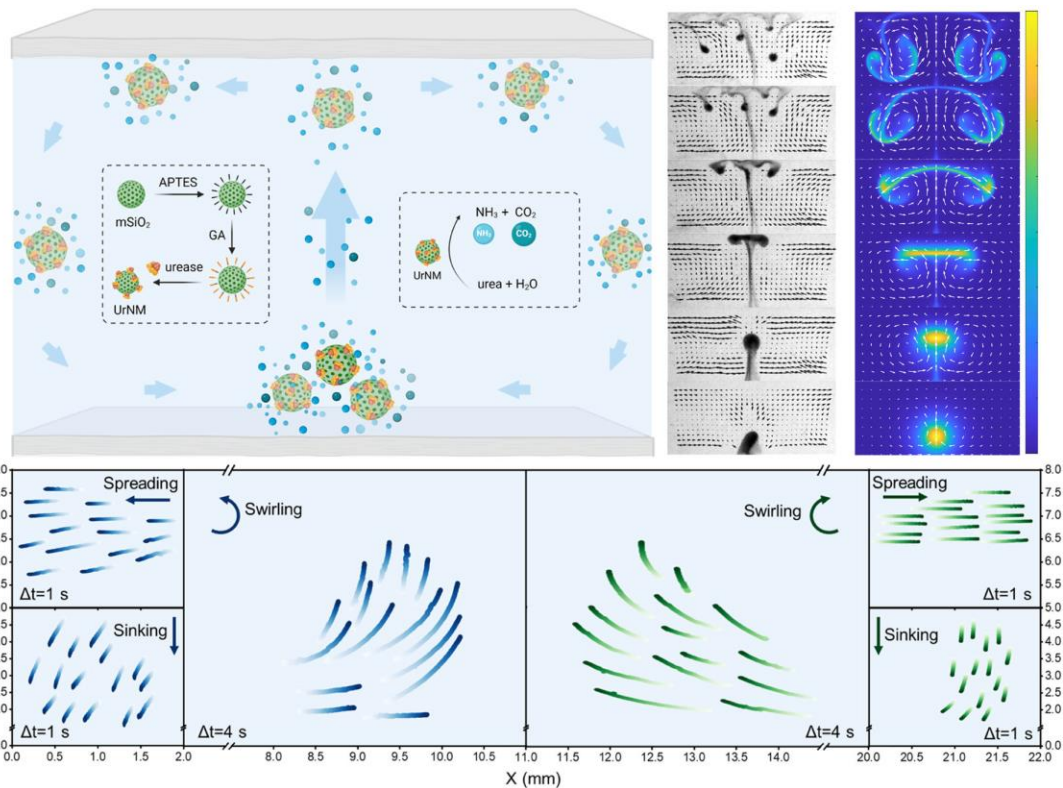
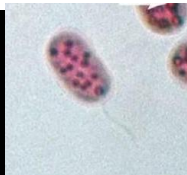
Also for emerging behaviour see:

3D motion: Chen et al. *Nat. Commun.* 2024

Collective migration in gradients: Lin, Chen et al. *Small* 2025

Collective motion mimicking microorganisms

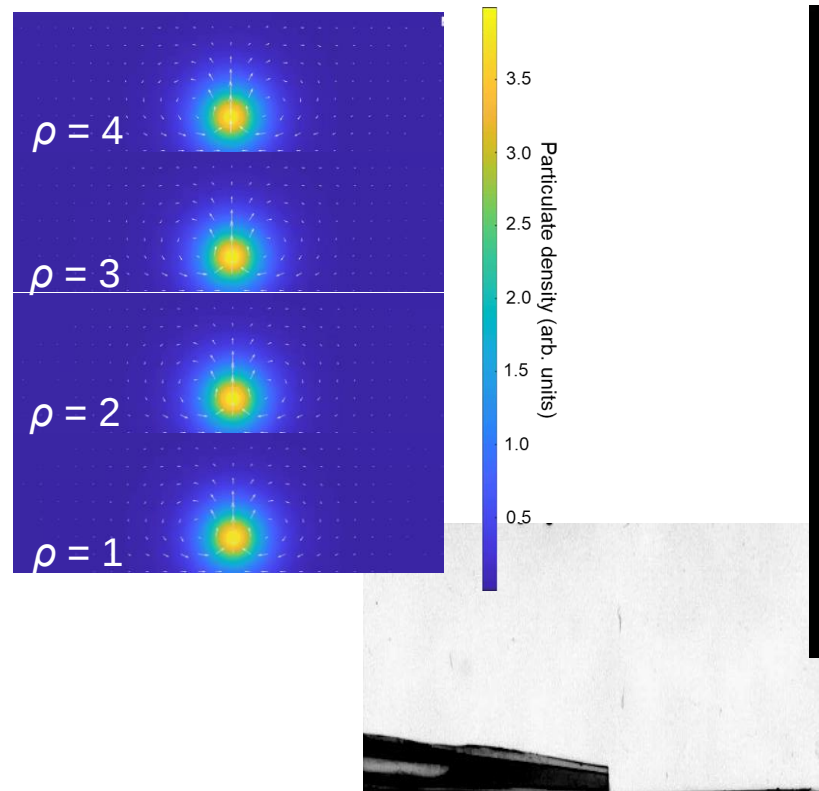
Purple sulfur bacteria *Chromatium okenii*



- Raise to the surface to respire
- accumulate in the top layer
- Develop fingering instability

S.Chen et al. *Nat.Comm.* 2024

Collective motion mimicking bioconvection



UrNMs in Varied Urea Concentrations

S.Chen et al. *Nat.Comm.* 2024

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7th

MOST COMMON CANCER

550 K new patients/year

200 K deaths/year

HIGHEST

RECURRENCE RATE:

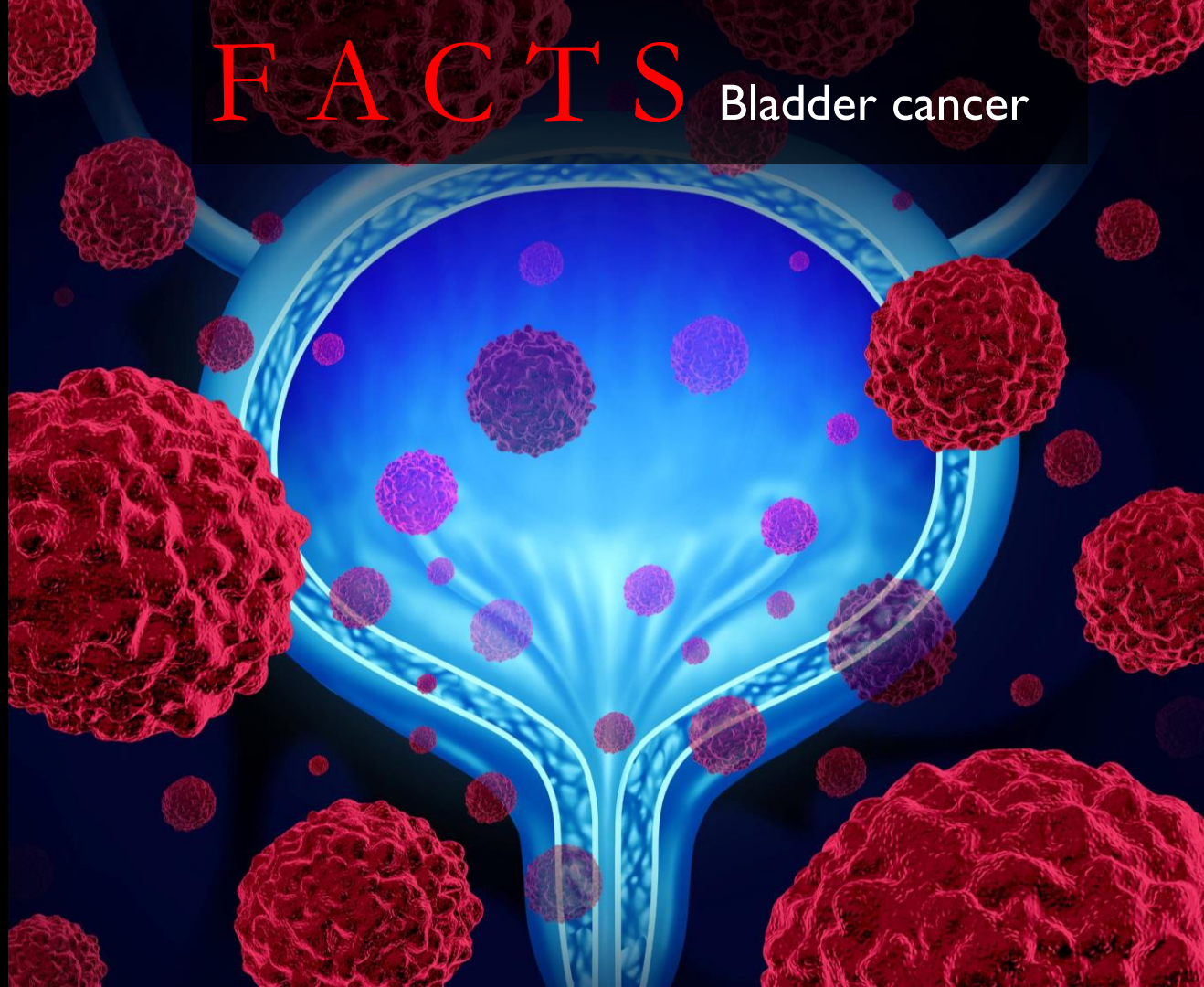
60%

MOST
EXPENSIVE

CANCER TO TREAT

187,000 \$ per case

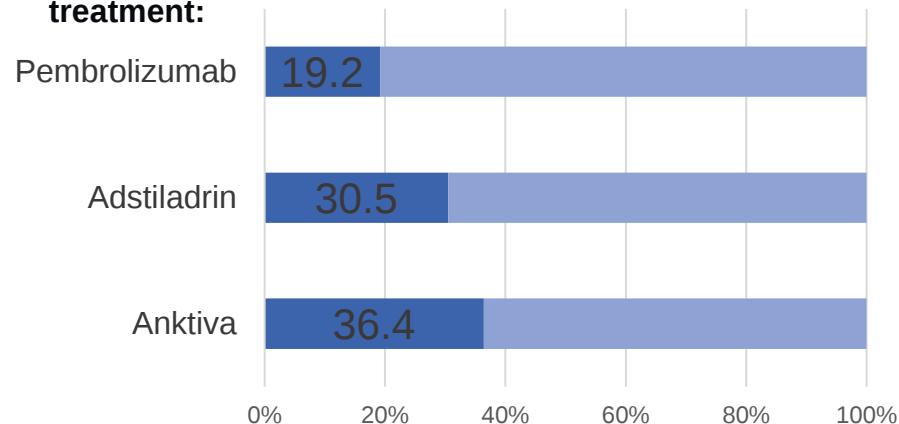
FACTS Bladder cancer



Bladder Cancer: Unmet medical need



Complete Response after 12 months of treatment:



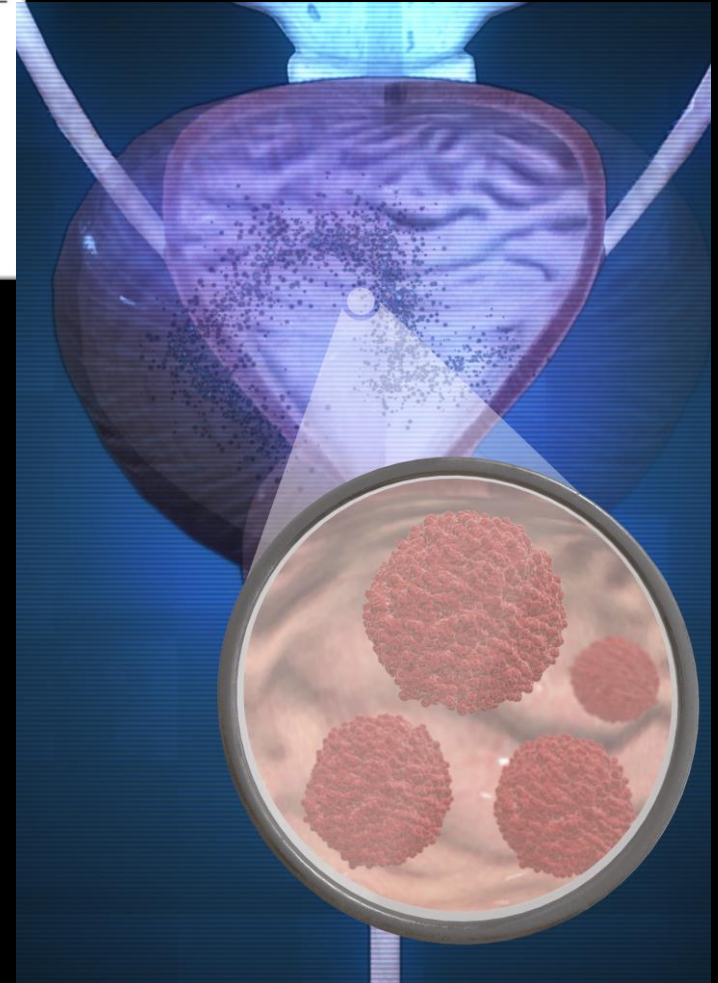
ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

NANOROBOTS

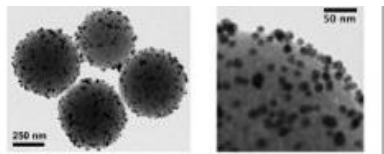
Swarming behavior and in vivo monitoring of enzymatic nanomotors within the bladder

Ana C. Hortelao^{1*}, Cristina Simó^{2*}, Maria Guix¹, Sandra Guallar-Garrido³, Esther Julián³, Diana Vilela¹, Luka Rejc^{2†}, Pedro Ramos-Cabrer^{2,4}, Unai Cossío², Vanessa Gómez-Vallejo², Tania Patiño^{1,5‡}, Jordi Llop^{2‡}, Samuel Sánchez^{1,6‡}

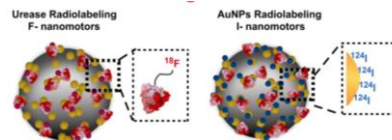
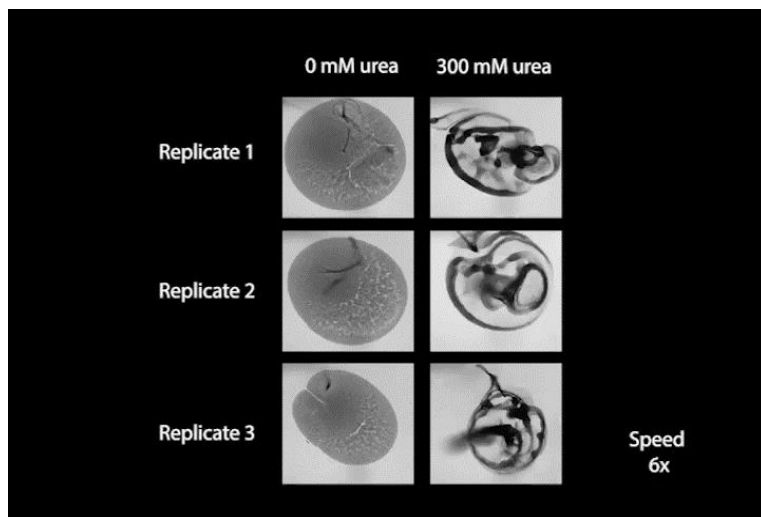
- In vivo **imaging of the collective motion** of self-propelled nanomotors in living mice
- Nanomotors induce **fluid mixing** inside the bladder
- Nanomotors reach the whole volume of the bladder
- **No toxicity** was observed



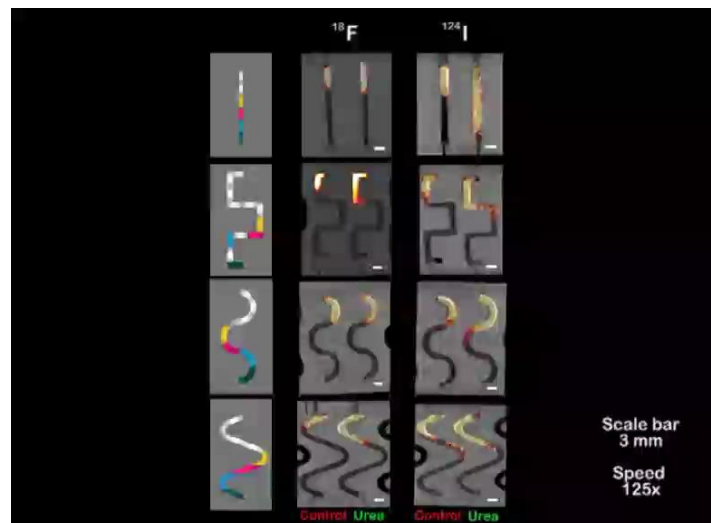
Imaging Swarms *in vitro*: optical and PET-CT



Optical Images of Millions of nanobots self-propelling collectively (Swarms)

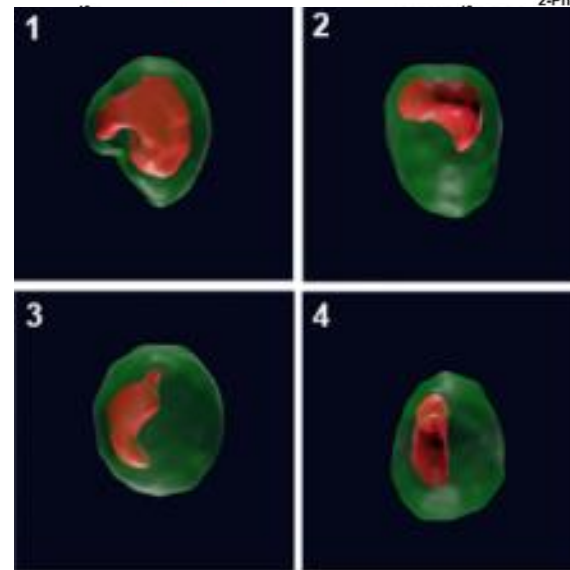
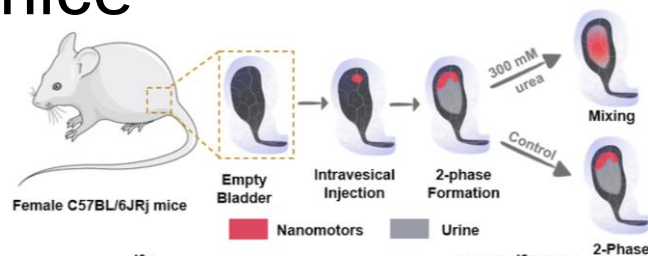
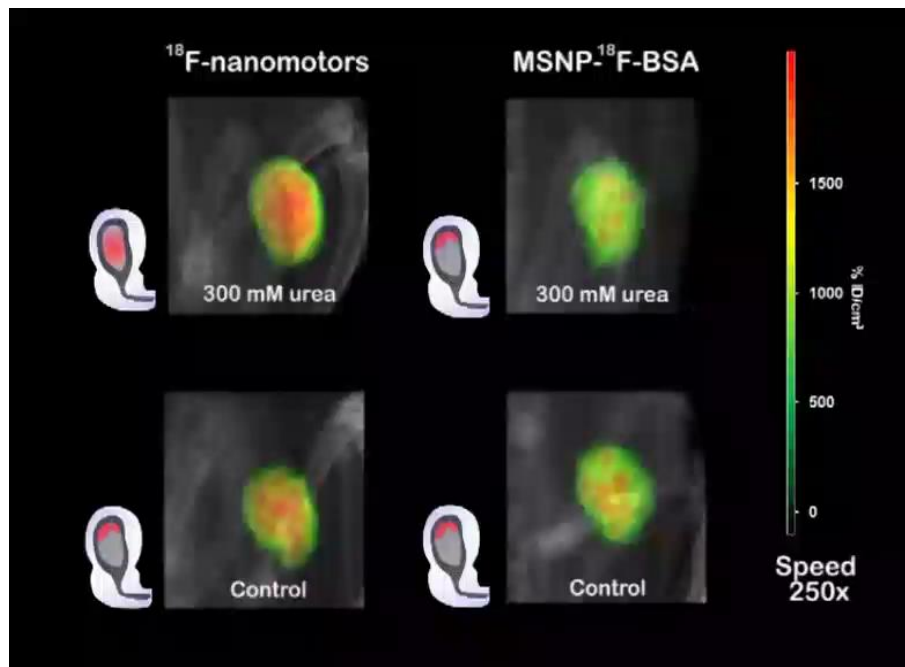


PET-CT of Radiolabelled Nanobots swimming in microfluidic channels



Imaging Nanobots in bladder of mice

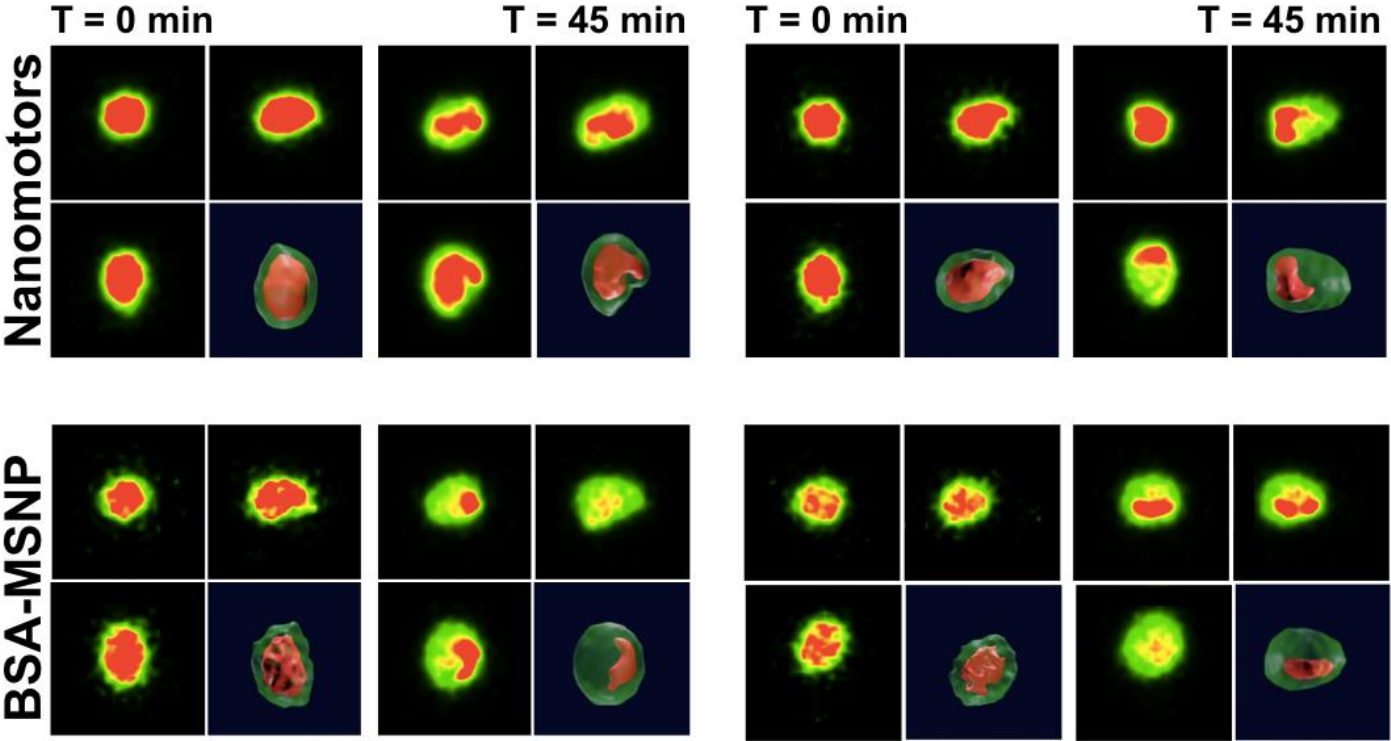
Self-propulsion enables nanobots
to reach the whole volume of the bladder



PET-CT imaging of nanobots within the bladder *in vivo*

300 mM Urea

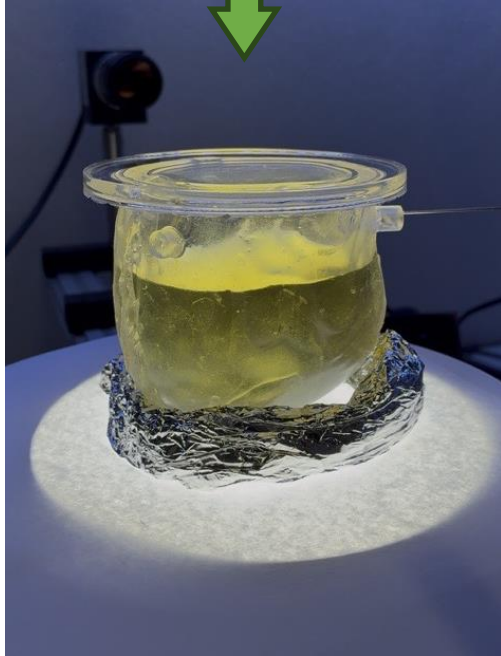
Control



Hortelao, Simó et al. *Sci. Robot.* 2021

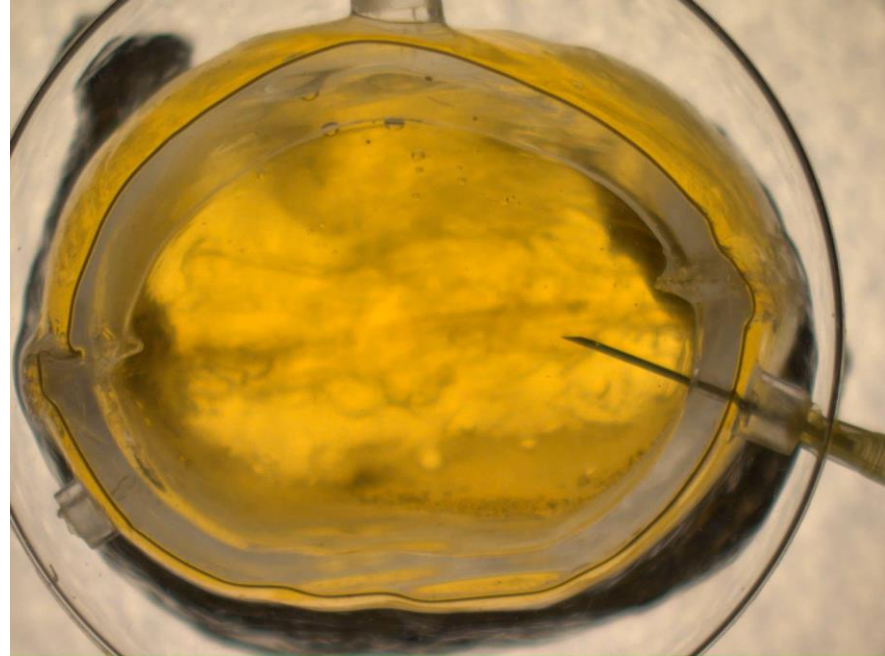
3D Printed Bladder Phantoms to test 3D motion

Camera



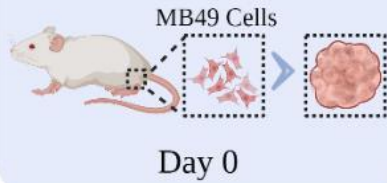
Color change indicates pH increase due to urea-urease reaction.

Pink: localization of urease-nanobots

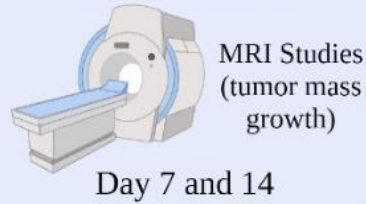


Nanobots treating Bladder Cancer tumors *in vivo*

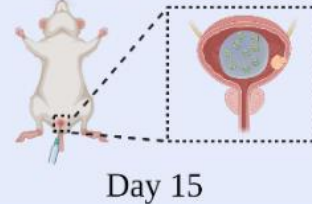
BC Murine Model



Tumor Monitoring



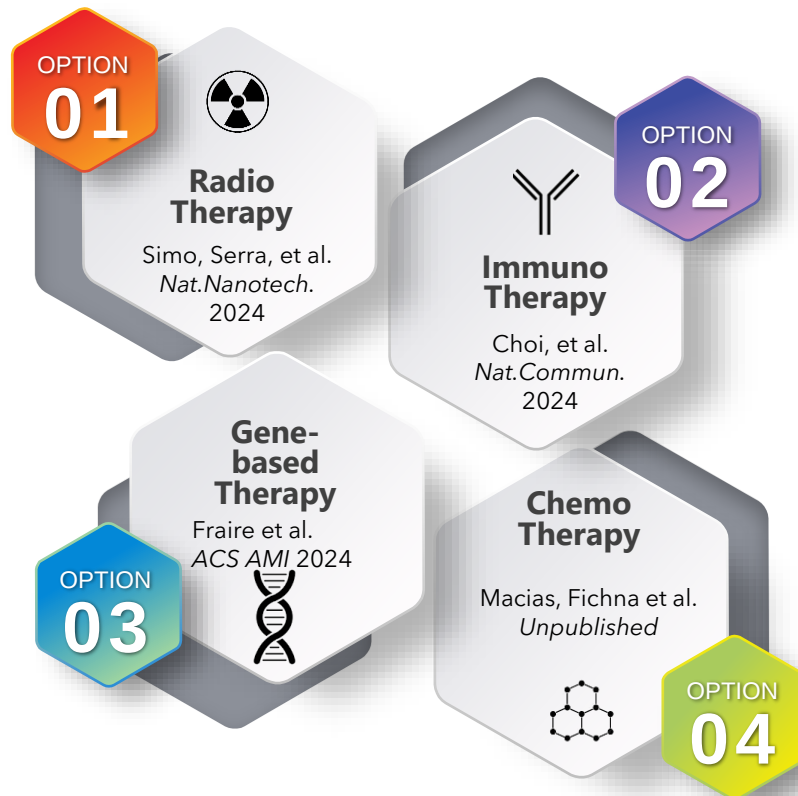
Nanobots Injection



Accumulation Studies



Versatility of Nanobots for Bladder Cancer





Article

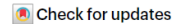
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41565-023-01577-y>

Urease-powered nanobots for radionuclide bladder cancer therapy

Received: 17 March 2023

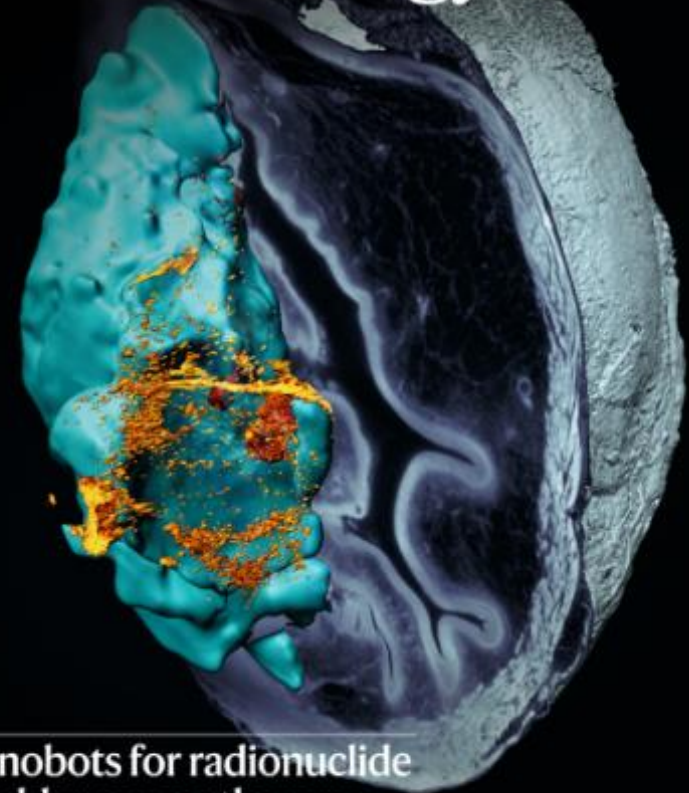
Accepted: 20 November 2023

Published online: 15 January 2024

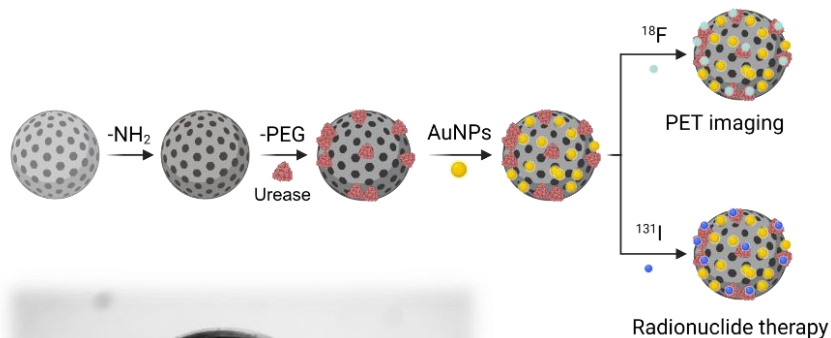


Cristina Simó^{1,10,13}, Meritxell Serra-Casablancas^{2,13}, Ana C. Hortelao²,
Valerio Di Carlo², Sandra Guallar-Garrido^{3,11}, Sandra Plaza-García¹,
Rosa Maria Rabanal⁴, Pedro Ramos-Cabrer^{1,5}, Balbino Yagüe¹,
Laura Aguado^{1,6}, Lidia Bardia⁷, Sébastien Tosi^{7,12}, Vanessa Gómez-Vallejo¹,
Abraham Martín^{5,6}, Tania Patiño^{2,8}, Esther Julián³, Julien Colombelli⁷,
Jordi Llop¹✉ & Samuel Sánchez^{2,9}✉

**Nanobots for radionuclide
bladder cancer therapy**

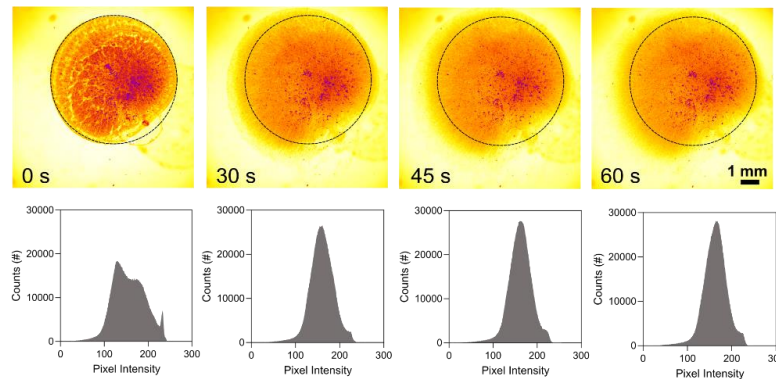


Multifunctional nanobots: imaging and therapy

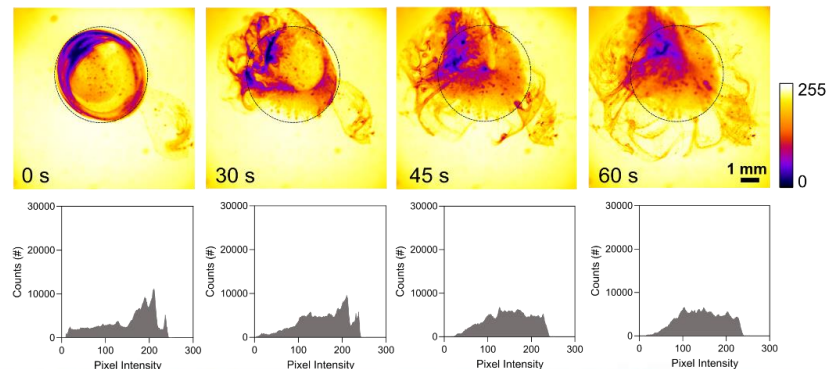


Simo, Serra et al. *Nature Nanotech.* 2024

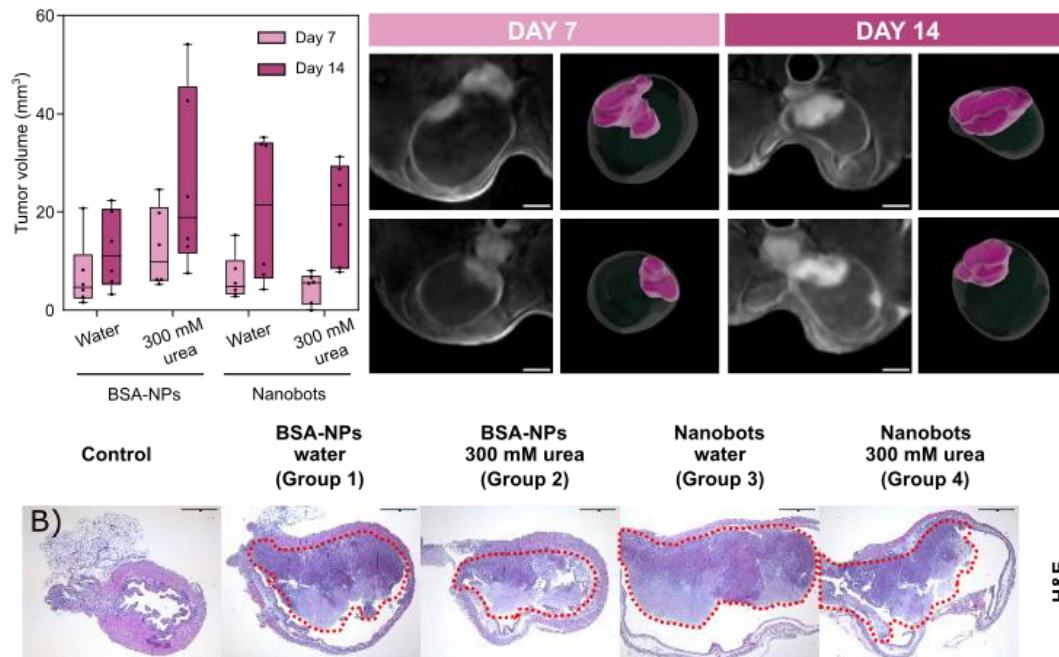
Control (0 mM urea)



300 mM urea

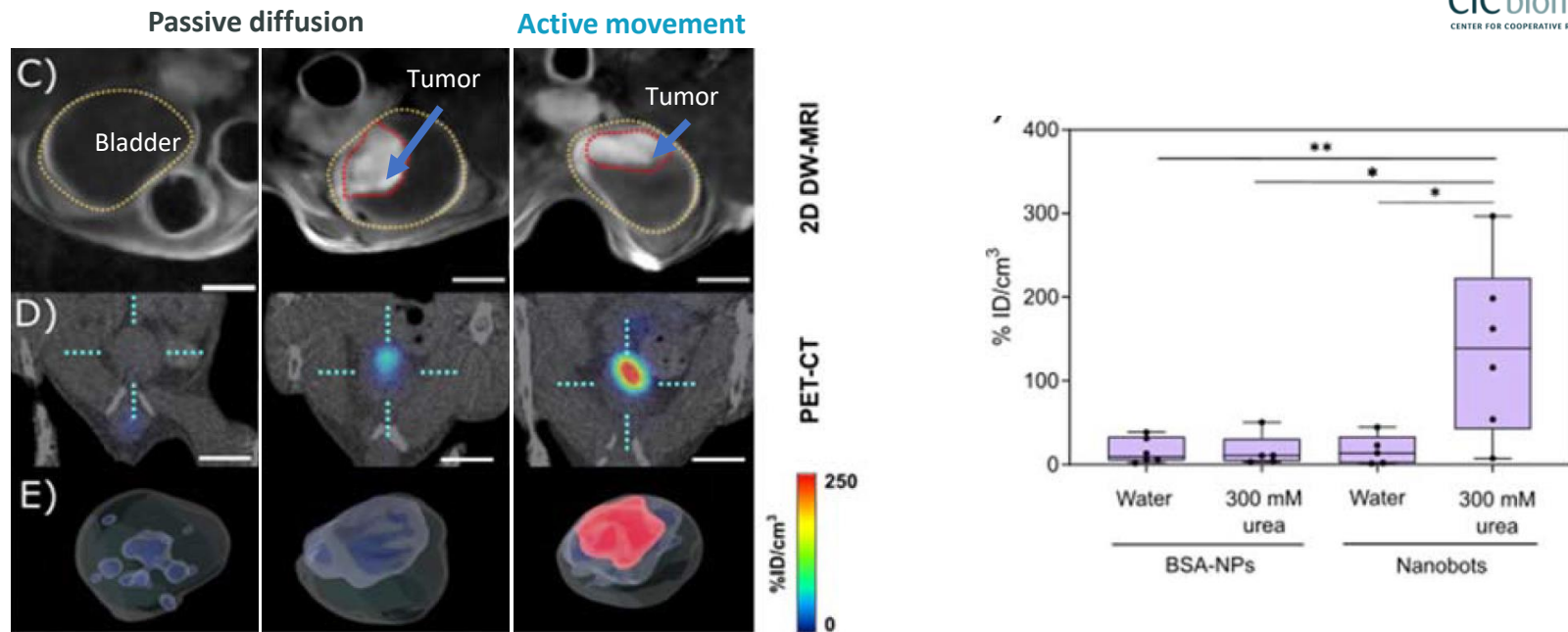


Bladder Cancer model in mice



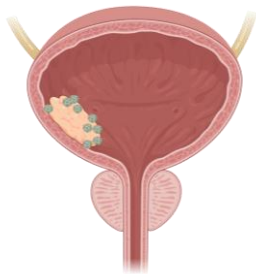
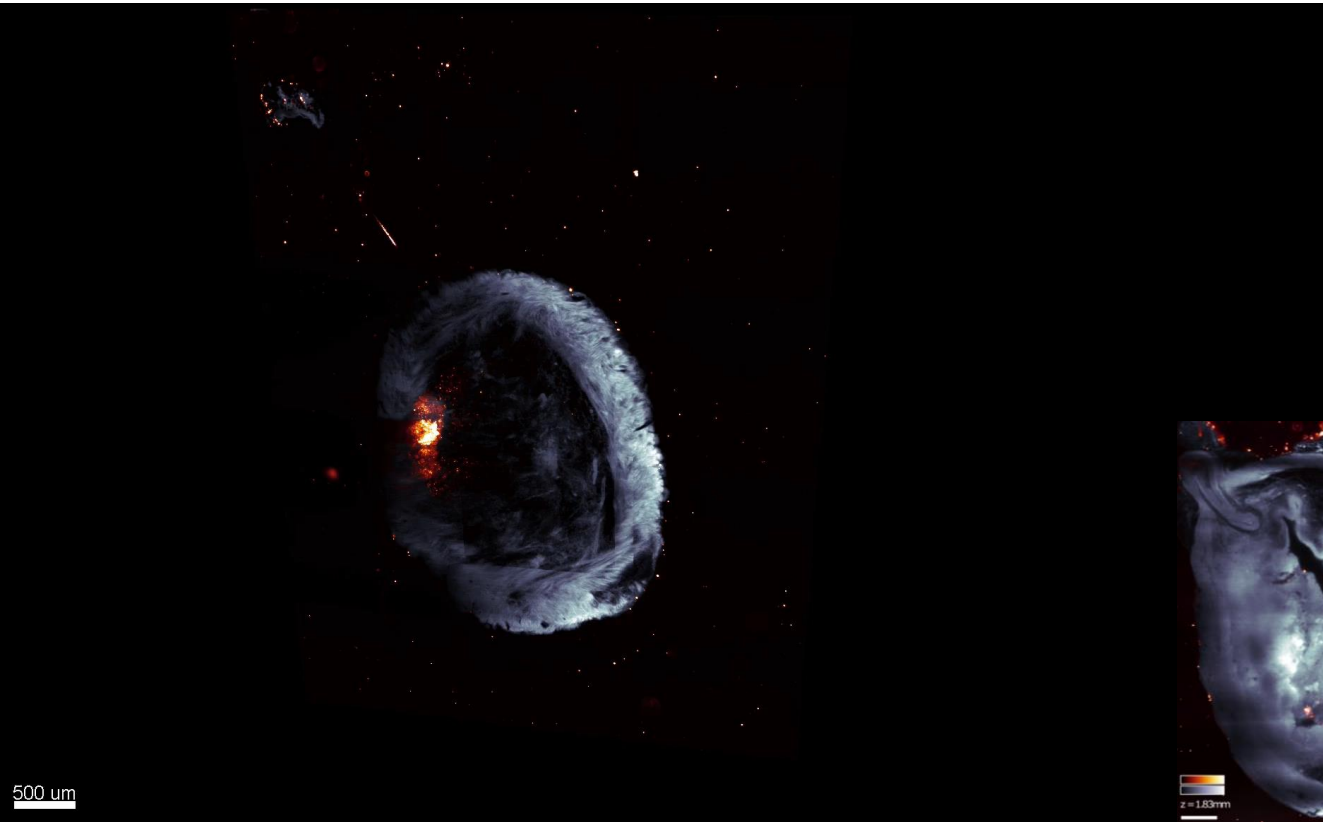
Simo, Serra et al. *Nature Nanotech.* 2024

Nanobots accumulate in bladder cancer tumours

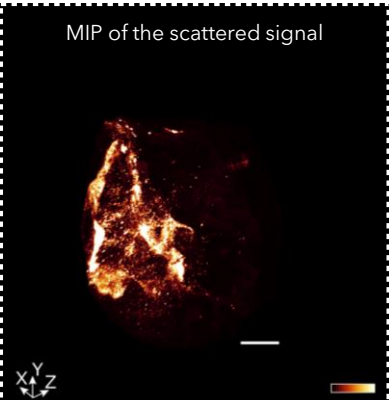
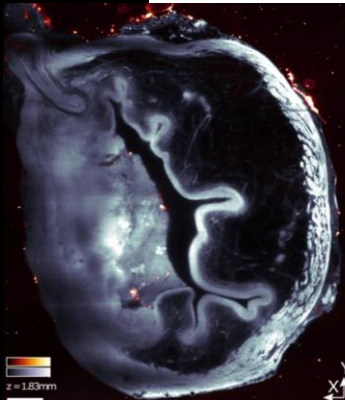


Simo, Serra et al. *Nature Nanotech.* 2024

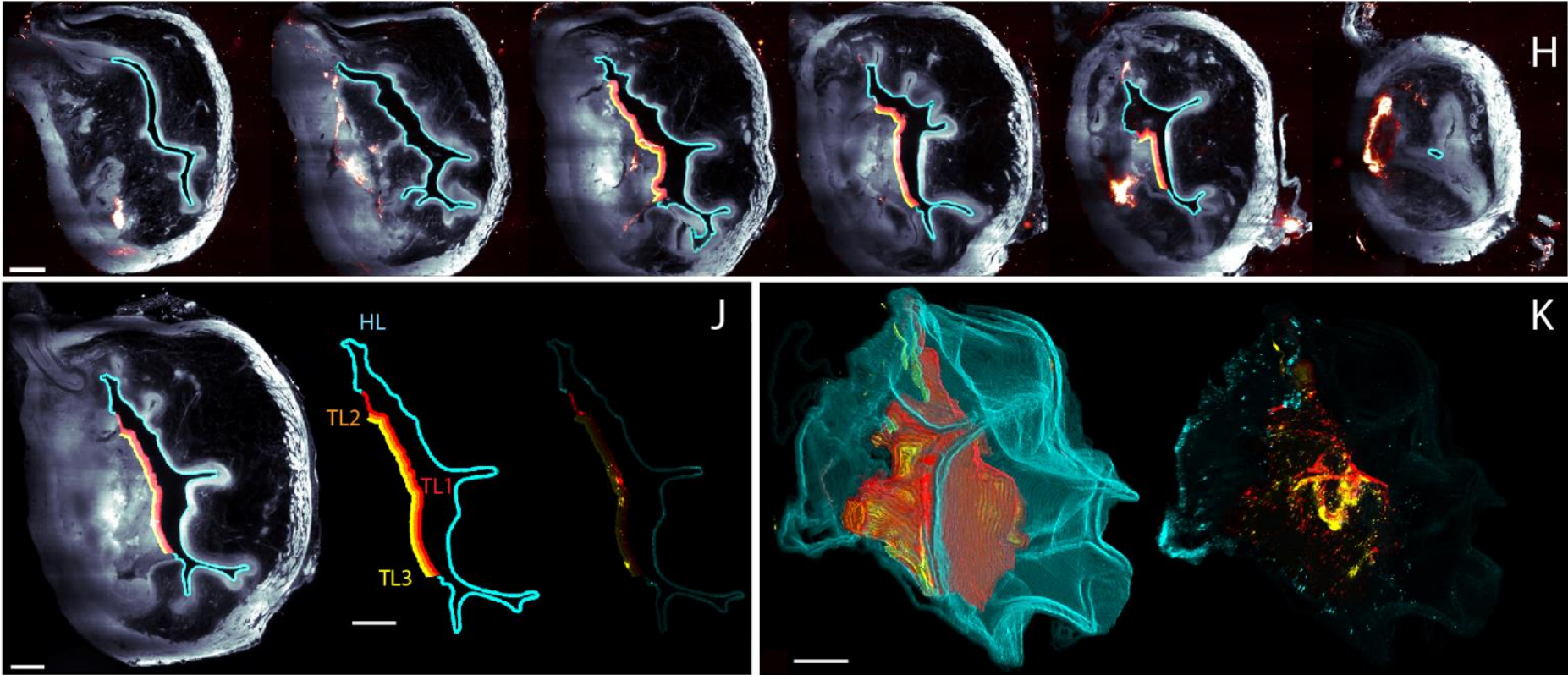
Nanobots reach and penetrate the tumor



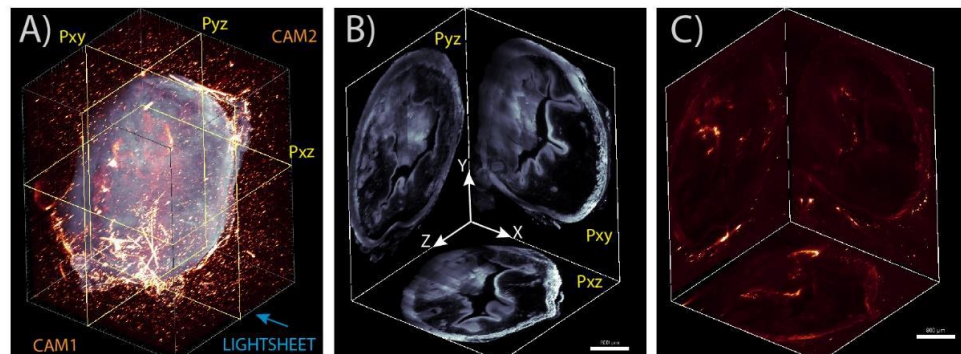
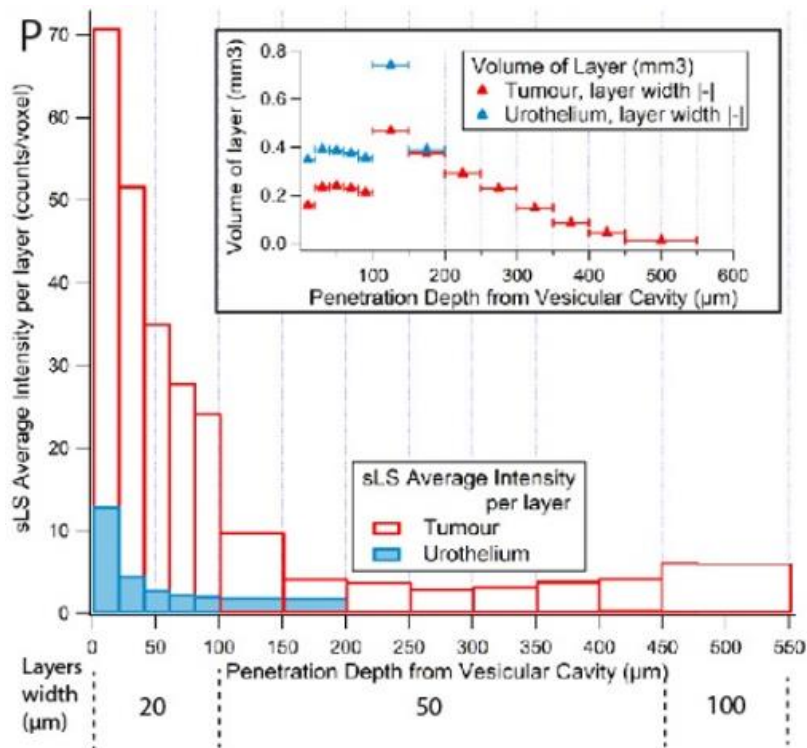
J. Colomelli. IRB Barcelona



Ex-vivo Light-sheet microscopy of bladder

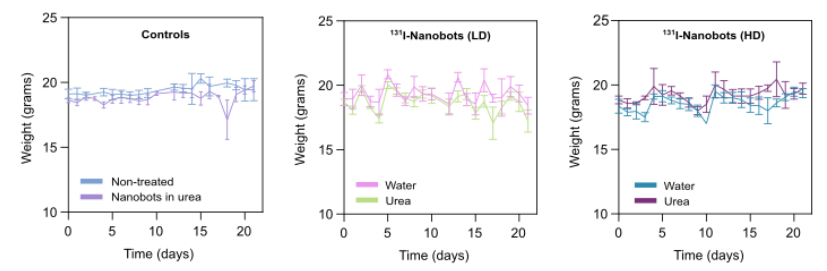
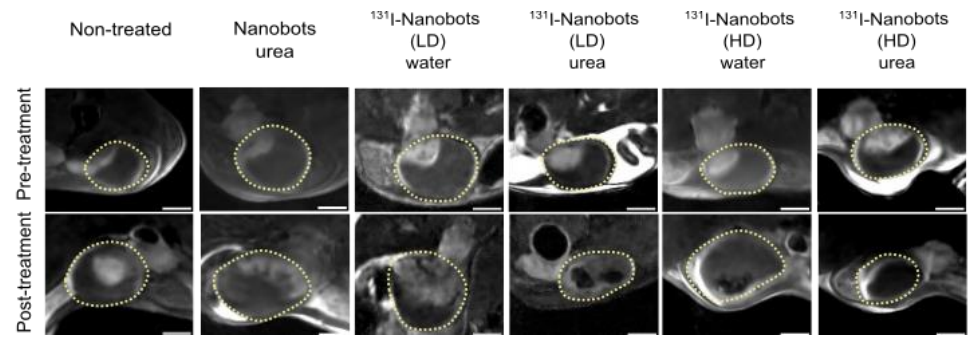
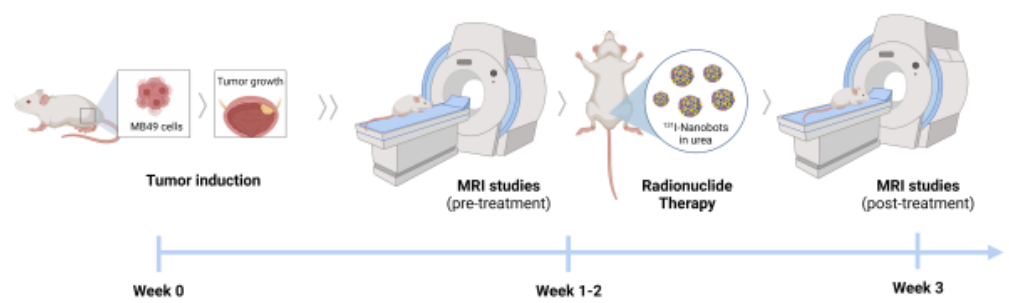


Penetration depth by Nanobots in bladder



Orthogonal views with lightsheet imaging in fluorescence and scattered modes. A) Maximum Intensity Projection of a bladder volume with images in Autofluorescence (Grey) and Scattered sLS (Glow) modes.

Nanobot assisted Radionuclide-therapy

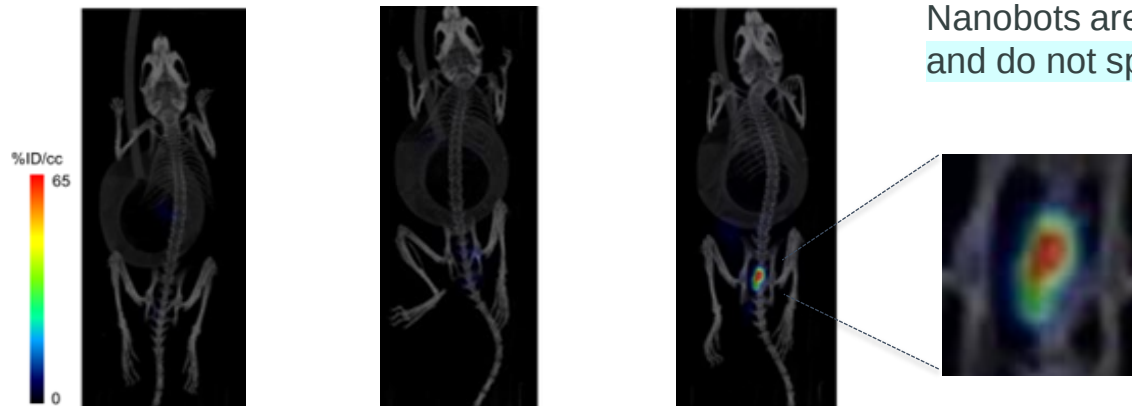


Safety assessment of Nanobots in vivo

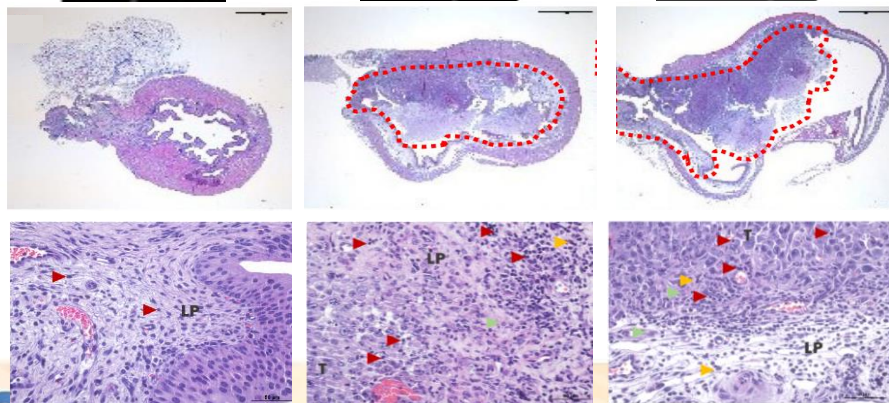
Control

Passive NMs

Active NMs



Nanobots are concentrated in the bladder and do not spread to other tissues



As expected, normal immune response is observed in Nanobots' treated mice

T = tumor part in the bladder; LP = Lamina Propria



Lymphocyte



Neutrophil

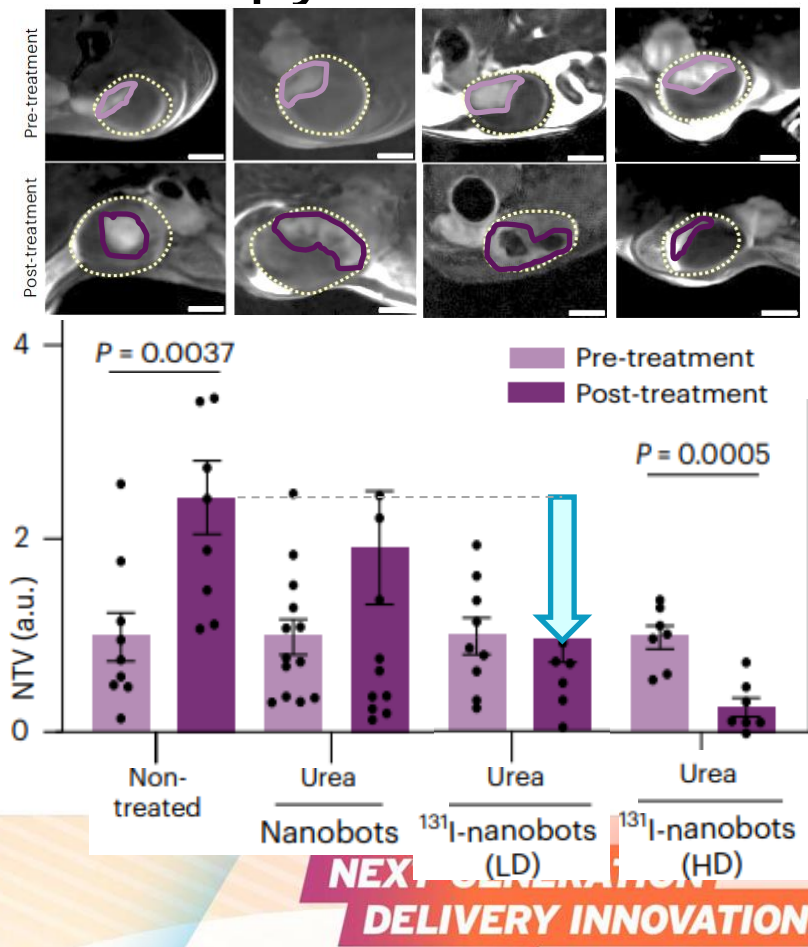


Macrophage

Nanobot assisted Radionuclide-therapy

Extremely efficient nano-system:
Only with a SINGLE intravesical administration

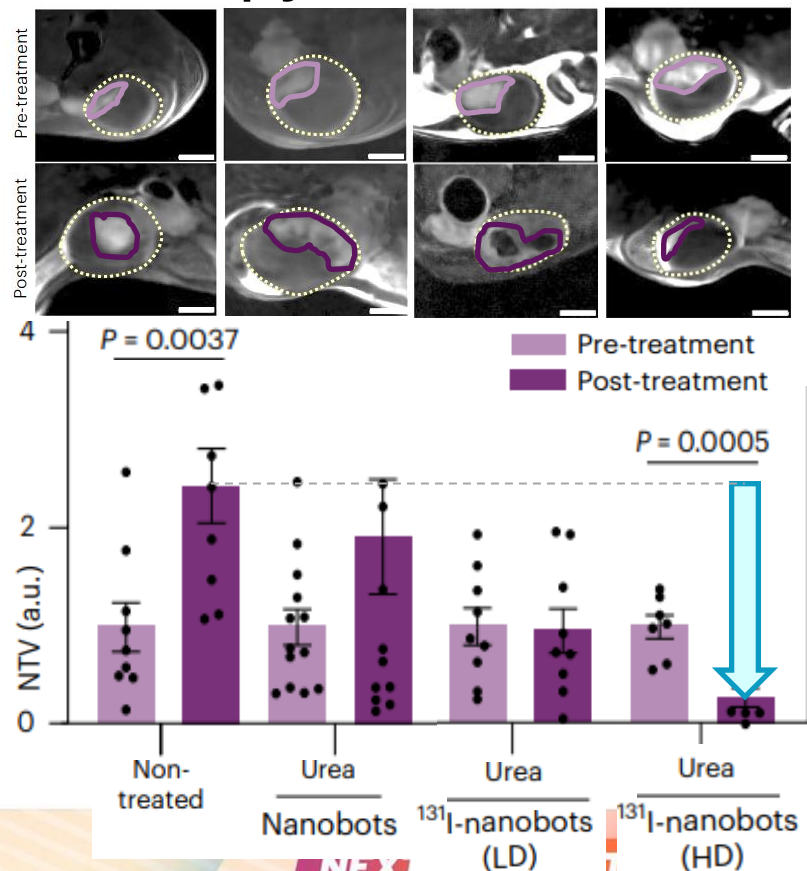
At Low doses (LD) Nanobots **stop** tumor progression



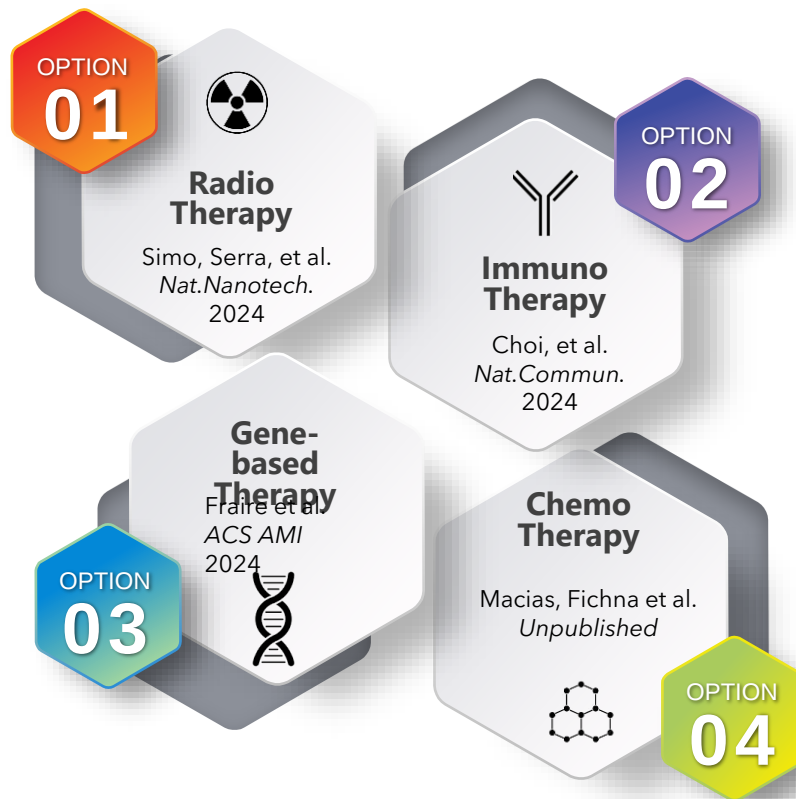
Nanobot assisted Radionuclide-therapy

Extremely efficient nano-system:
Only with a SINGLE intravesical administration

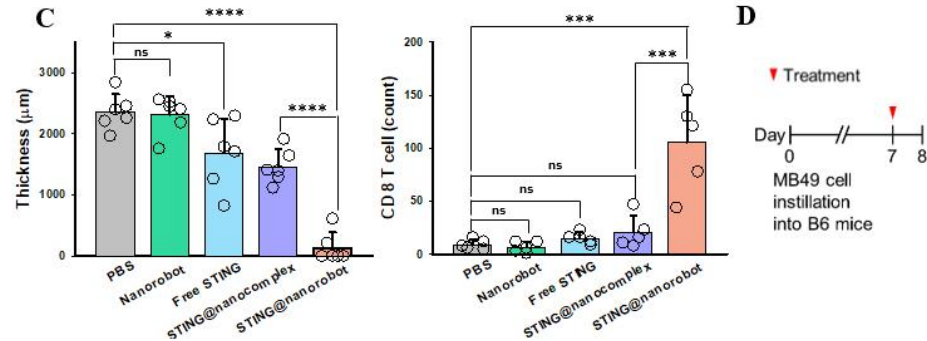
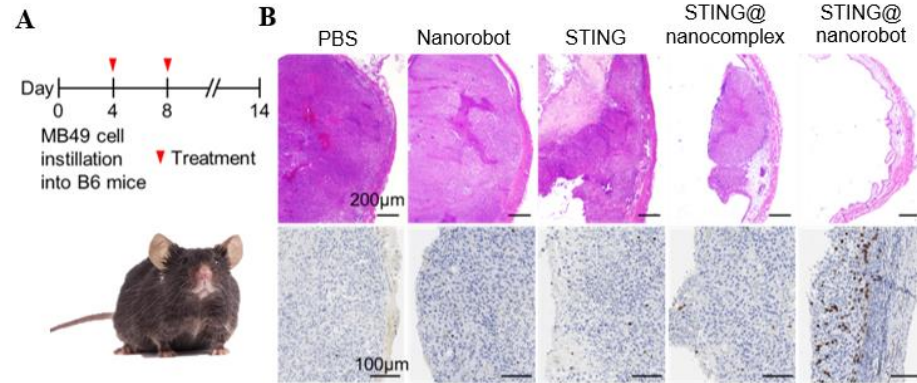
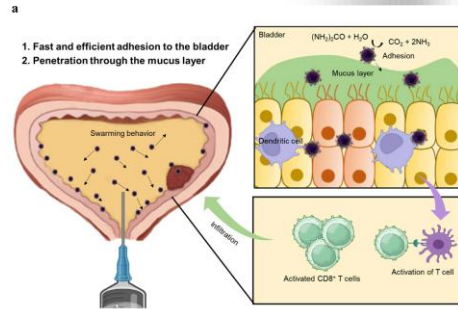
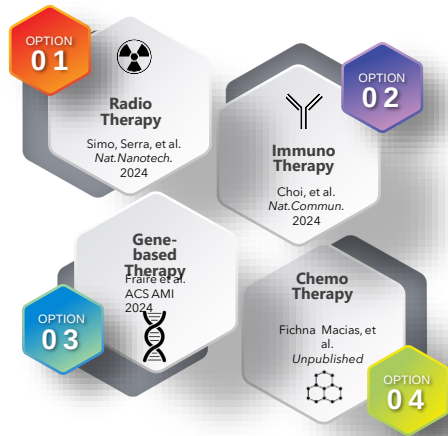
At Low high dosis (LD) Nanobots **radically reduce tumor volume**



Versatility of Nanobots for Bladder Cancer

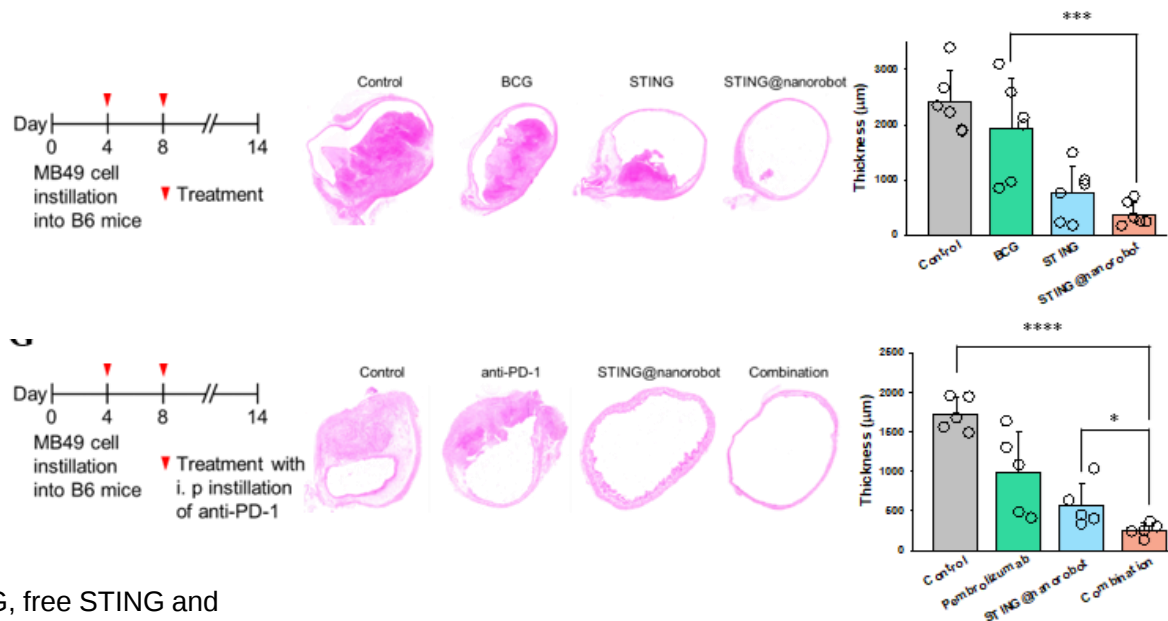
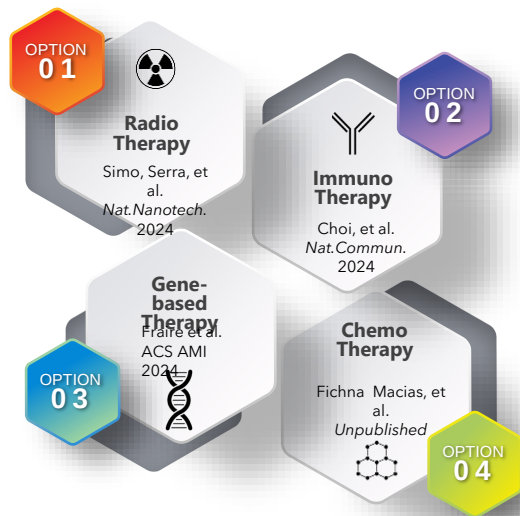


Nanobots with STING agonist for bladder cancer



Choi et al. *Nat. Commun.* 2024

Immunotherapy with Nanobots

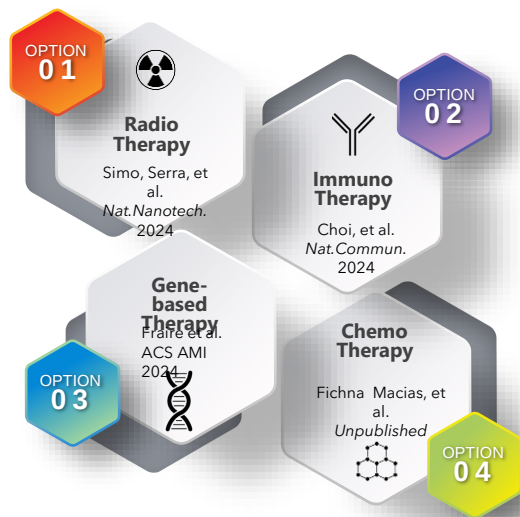


STING-nanobots **outperform standard of care** BCG, free STING and passive Nanoparticles

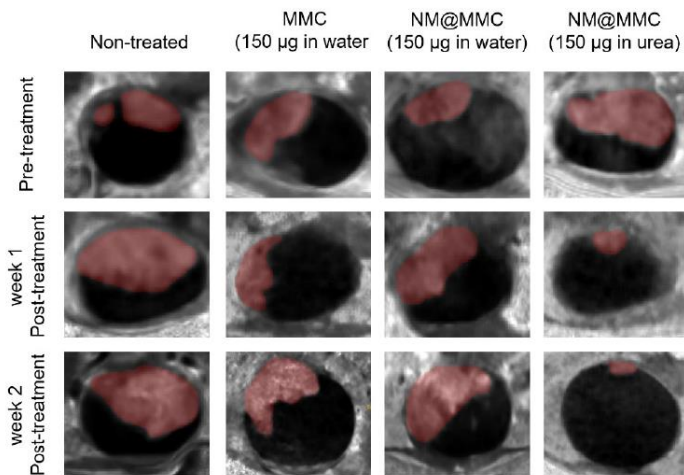
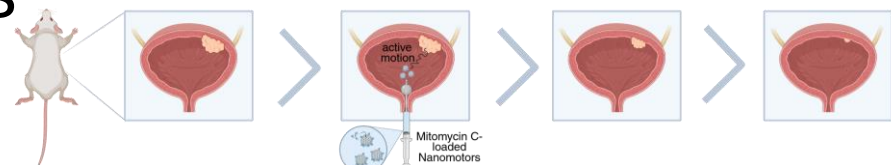
Very efficient in **combination** with *immune checkpoint inhibitors* (anti-PD-1)

Choi, et al. *Nat.Comm.* 2024

Chemotherapy with Nanobots



Nanobots with commercial drug Mitomycin-C **reduce 80%** tumor volume.
NEW!!!No recurrence after 2 weeks...and counting



1. Chemical Self-propelled Nanobots:
getting motion at the nanoscale

2. Collective behaviour of Nanobots
Mimicking bioconvection

3. Biomedical applications
The case of bladder cancer...and beyond

Passive Nanoparticles

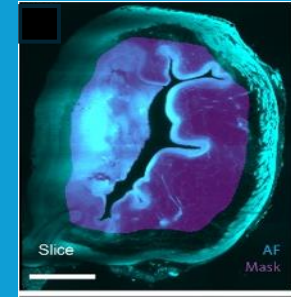
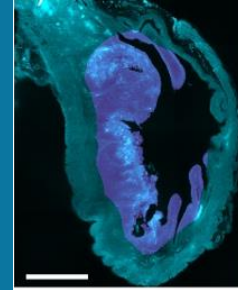
Nanobots

#1 Nanobots penetrate Bladder tumors

In vivo results of tumor accumulation and penetration



Serra et al. *Nat.Nanotech.* 2024
Choi et al. *Nat. Commun.* 2024

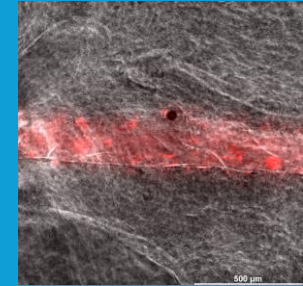
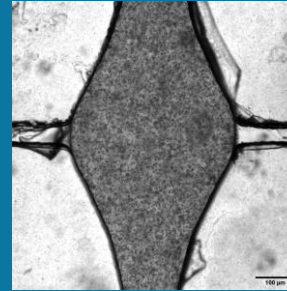


#2 Crossing ECM from tumors

Bladder-on-chip devices (ICMS) will be used to test
Urease-nanobots penetration in different ECM



Inés Macías w/Jaap den Toonder &
Mohammad Jouy Bar (ICMS)

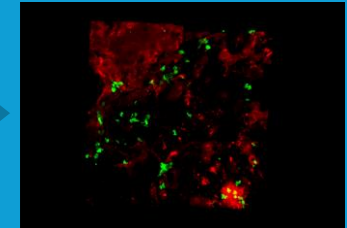
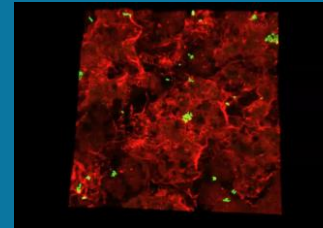


#3 Mucus crossing

Catalase-nanobots penetrate mucus layers in:
Colorectal cancer
Pseudomyxoma Peritonei (PMP)



Serra et al. *ACS Nano* 2024

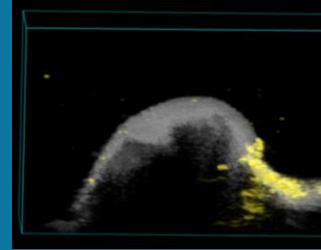


#4 Spreading in joints

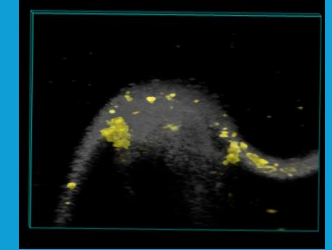
Urease-nanobots diffuse in synovial fluids in the joints and Transport macromolecules and growth factors

Ruiz-González et al. *Small* **2024**

Passive Nanoparticles



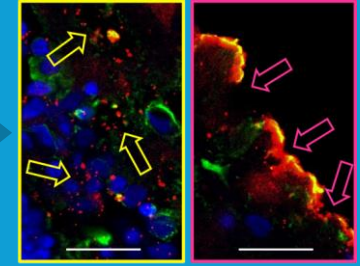
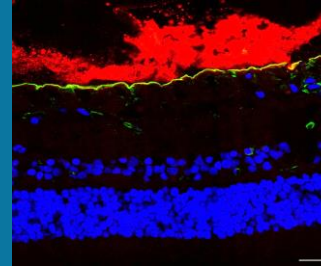
Nanobots



#5 Crossing ILM and vitreous

Urease-nanobots and collagenase-nanobots penetrate Vitreous and the inner limiting membrane (ILM) to reach retinal cells.

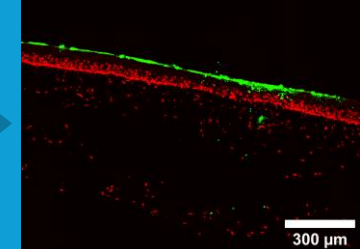
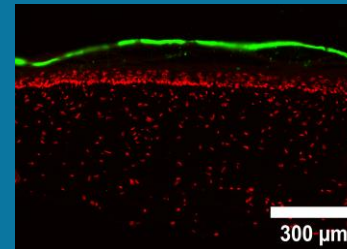
Fraire et al. *In preparation* **2025**



#6 Skin crossing with nanobots

Ex-vivo and in-vitro validation of nanobots crossing dermis

Prado et al. *in preparation* **2025**

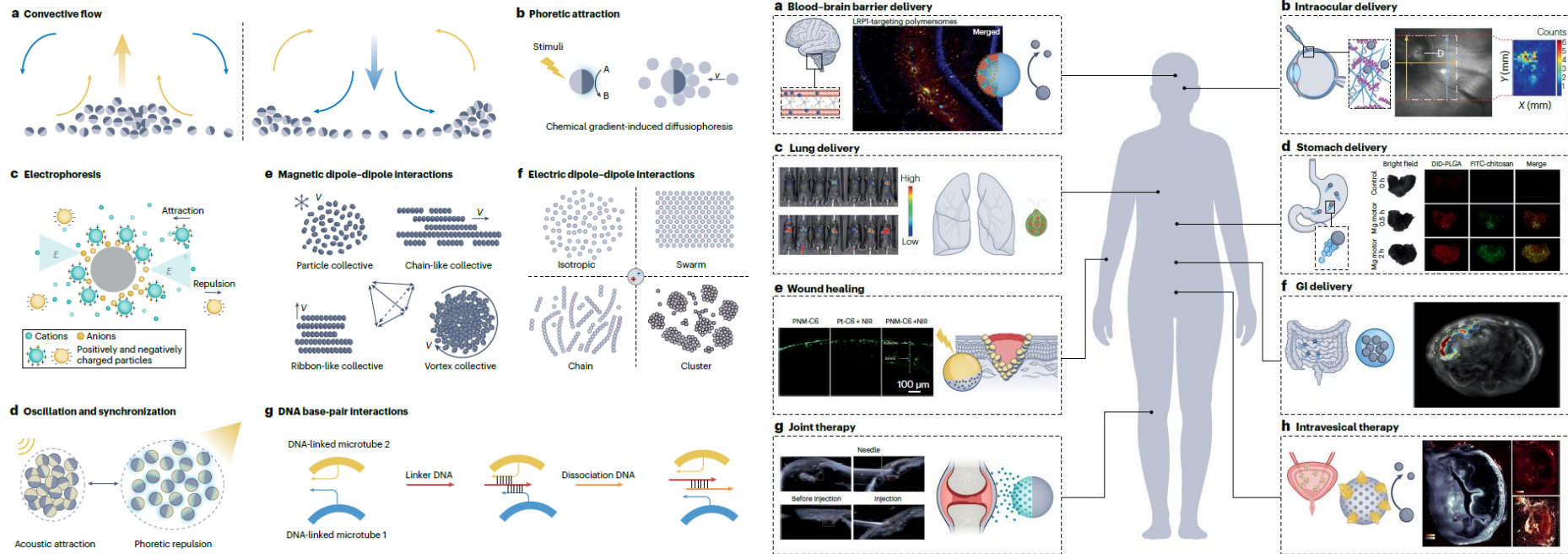


Some take-home messages

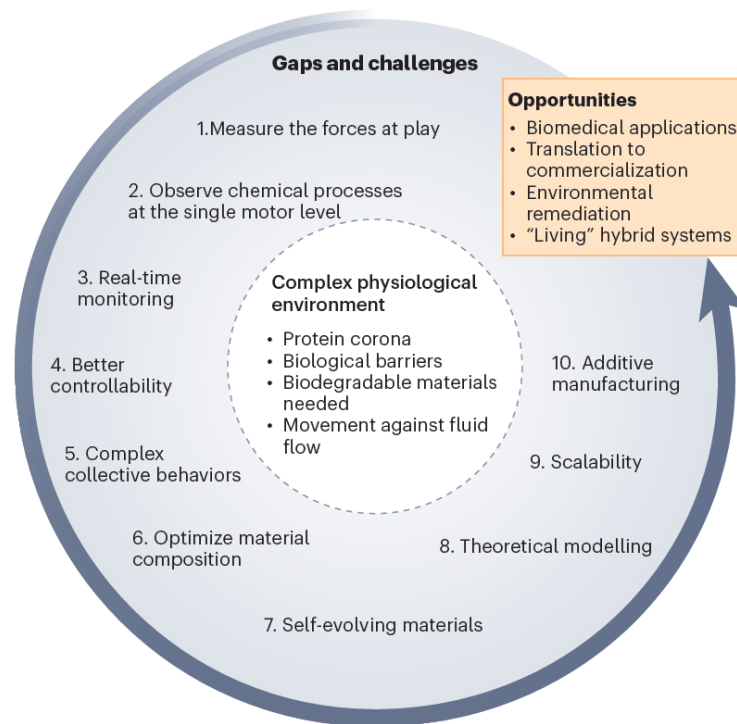
- **Nanomtors:** Chemically powered Nanoparticles that can move like biological microswimmers
- Self-propelled Nanomotors **can reach locations where passive nanoparticles cannot**
- Enzyme-powered Nanomotors can even more, chemically **interact with ECM and other biological barriers**
- Collective phenomena (**swarming**) help millions of Nanomotors to efficiently move, reach tumors, penetrate and transport drugs
- Nanobots have the potential to transport different payloads for **different diseases in oncology and beyond**

Swarming intelligence in self-propelled micromotors and nanomotors

Tania Patiño Padial[✉], Shuqin Chen, Ana C. Hortelão, Ayusman Sen[✉] & Samuel Sánchez[✉]



Challenges, perspectives and future



Chen, et al. *Nat. Nanotech.* (Invited Perspective) Accepted 2025



**NANOBOTS
THERAPEUTICS**

<https://www.nanobotstx.com/>

Co-Founder
Interim-CEO (2024)
and CSO
Spin Off 2023



@SamuelNanobots



Founding Institutions:





2016-2020

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2021-2022







ANNUAL MEETING
& EXPOSITION

PHILADELPHIA, PA
JULY 13-18, 2025

October 2024. The Medical Revolution