

Immunomodulatory nano in microgel to prevent extrahepatic islet graft rejection in type 1 diabetes

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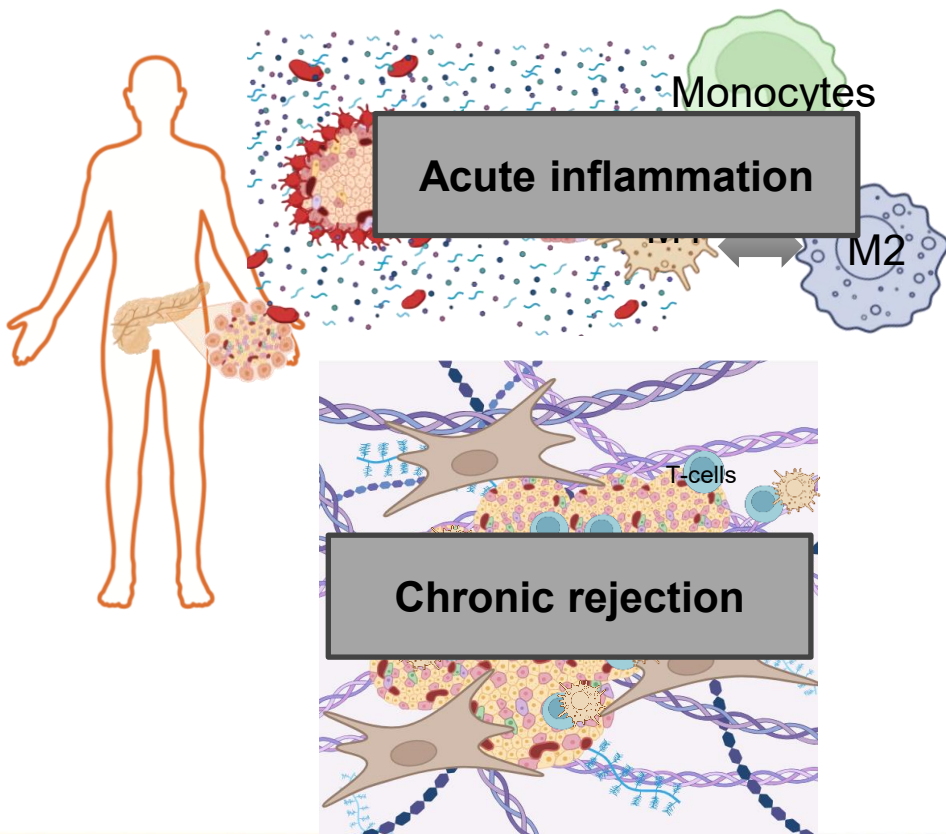
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Diabetes Research Institute

University of Miami Miller School of Medicine, Miami, FL



Autoimmune onslaught in type-1 diabetes



Why localized immunomodulation at extrahepatic islet transplant sites?

Extrahepatic transplantation

Omental Pouch Prevascularized Subcutaneous Sites



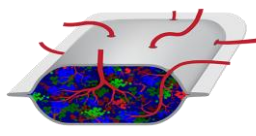
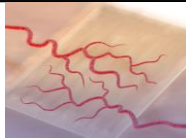
UMiami

NCT02213003



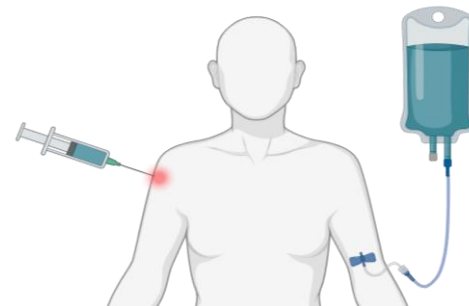
Sernova Corp

NCT03513939



Vertex VC-02

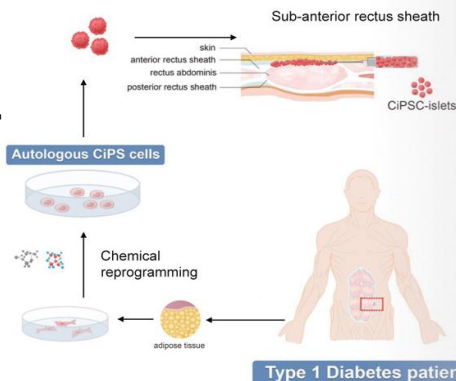
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Systemic
Immunosuppression

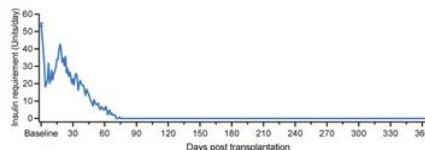
Sub-anterior rectus sheath

CiPSC-islets

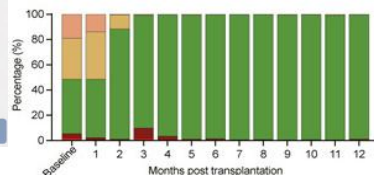


Wang et al., *Cell*, 2024, 187(22):6152-64

Insulin independence from 75 days post-transplantation



Time-in-target glycemic range > 98%



Secondary
infections

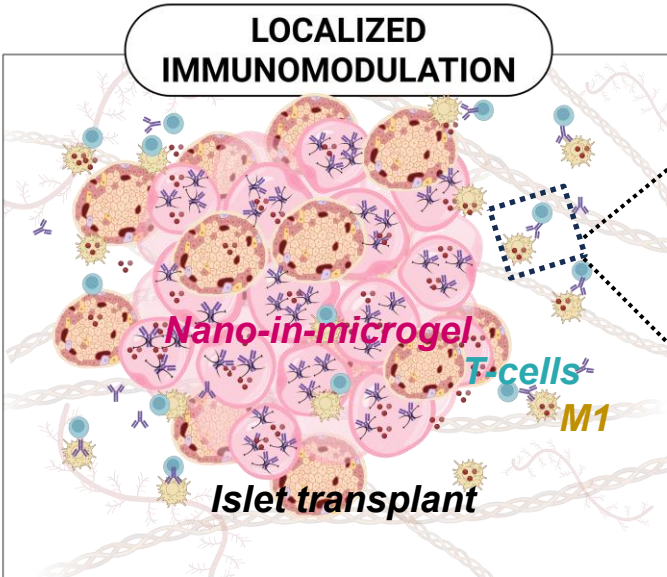
General
immuno-
deficiency

Cancer

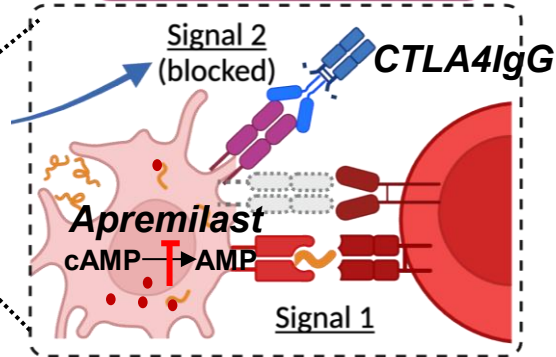
Challenges

How to accomplish effective immunomodulation?

LOCALIZED IMMUNOMODULATION

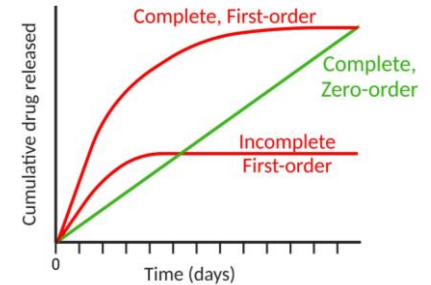
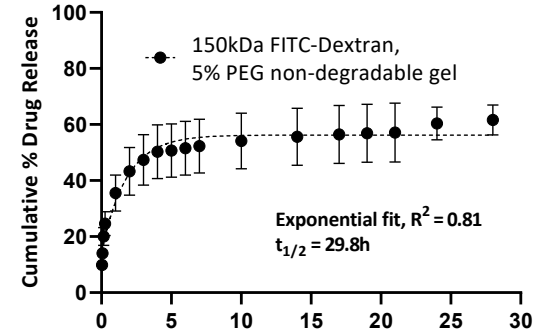


Recipient naive alloreactive T cell and APC



Burst incomplete release of high M.W. molecules from microgels

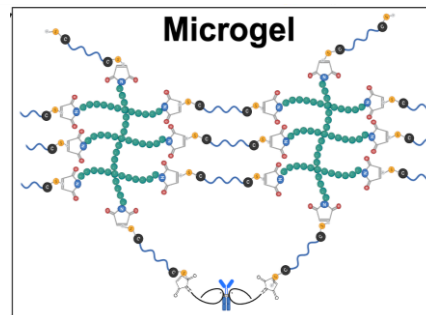
Passive drug loading within microgel



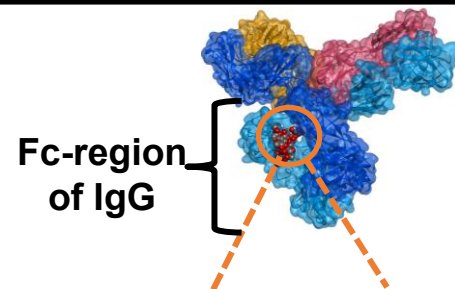
Unpublished (patent pending)

Nano-in-microgel for localized protracted combination delivery

Can we co-deliver IgG-based biological drugs (CTLA4Ig) and hydrophobic islet friendly small molecules (Apremilast; APM) with the same biomaterial platform?



CTLA4IgG and Fc-III peptide complex



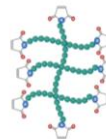
CTLA4Ig
human IgG1



MMP(A)
MMP-degradable
crosslinker



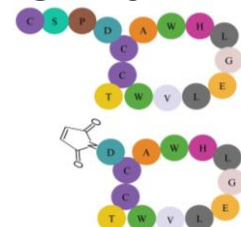
MAL Fc-III
Fc-binding
peptide



PEG-MAL
10kDa 8-arm
maleimide-PEG

Thiol end-functional modification

CSP Fc-III

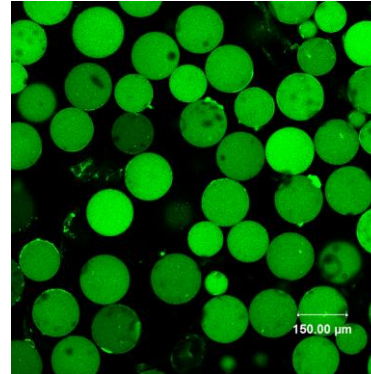
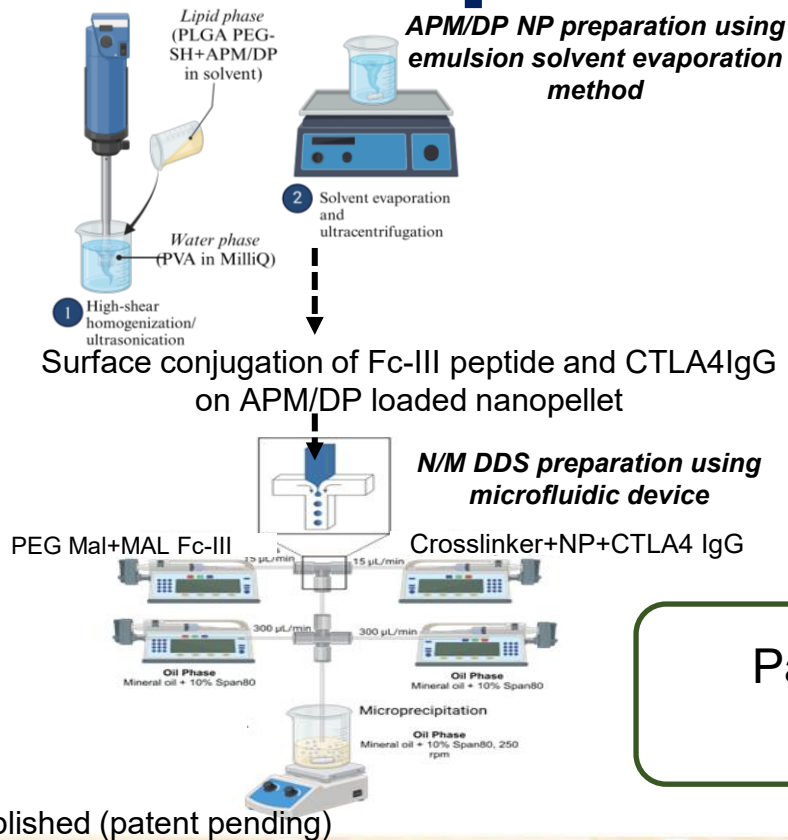


MAL end-functional modification

MAL Fc-III

Unpublished (patent pending)

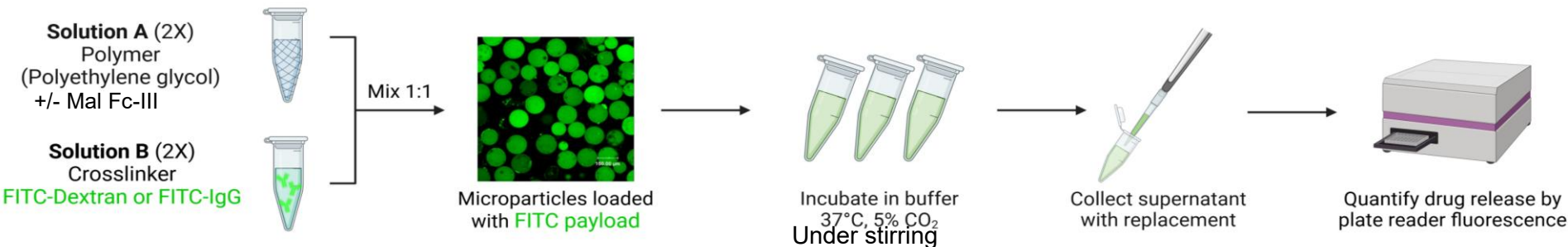
Development of nano in microgel



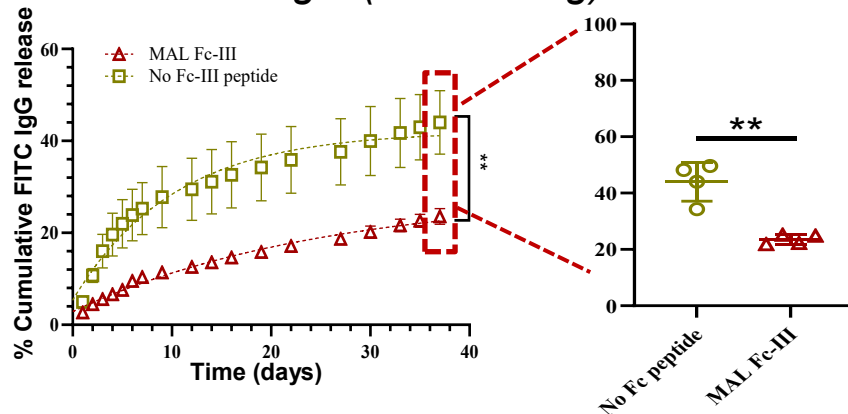
MMP-degradable PEG microparticles loaded with FITC-IgG

Particle size > 10 μm & < 200 μm to avoid phagocytosis and fibrosis

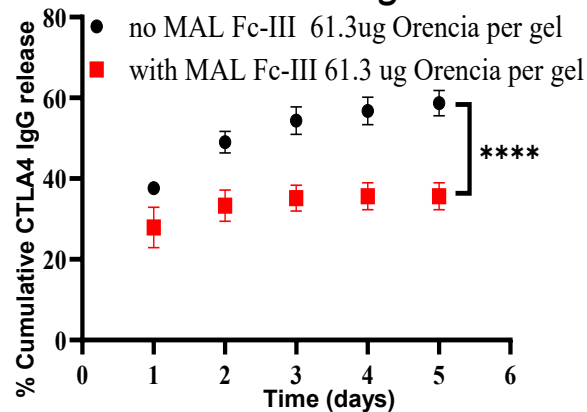
In-vitro drug release studies from microgel



FITC IgG (model drug)



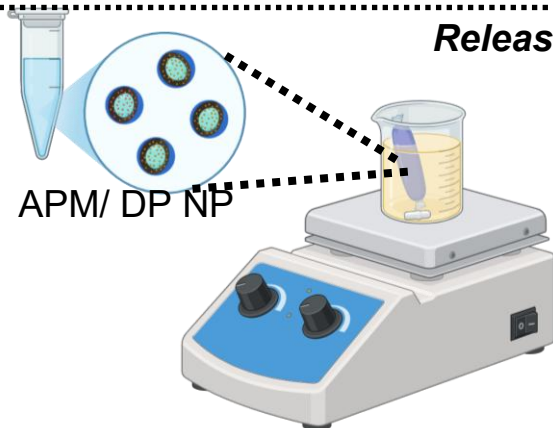
CTLA4IgG



Zero order protracted drug release with Fc-III peptide

Unpublished (patent pending)

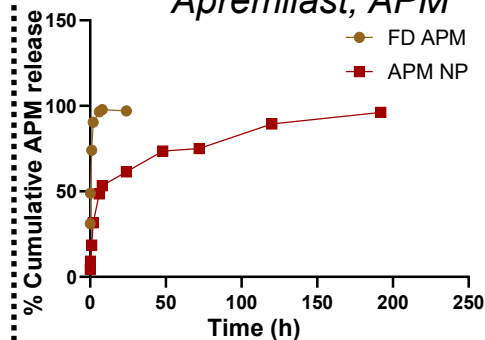
In-vitro characterization of nanoparticles



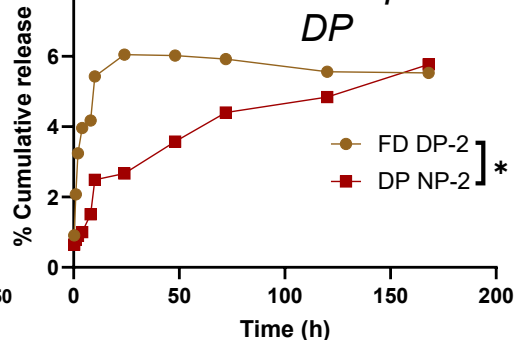
Release kinetics

Protracted release in non-sink condition (SI: 0.094-0.14)

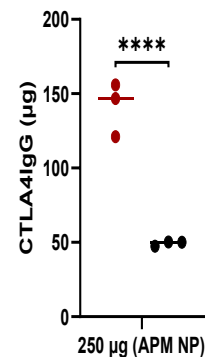
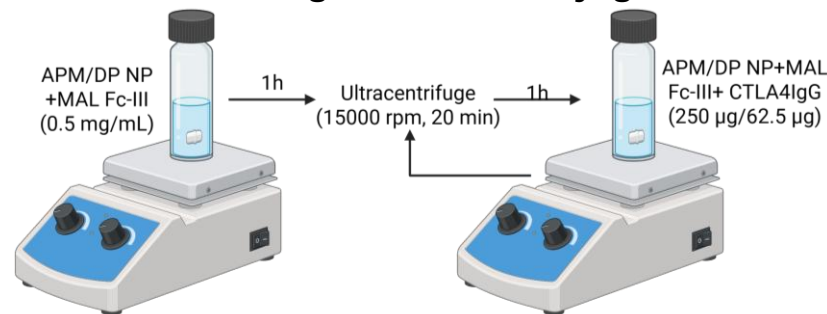
Apremilast; APM



Dexamethasone palmitate; DP



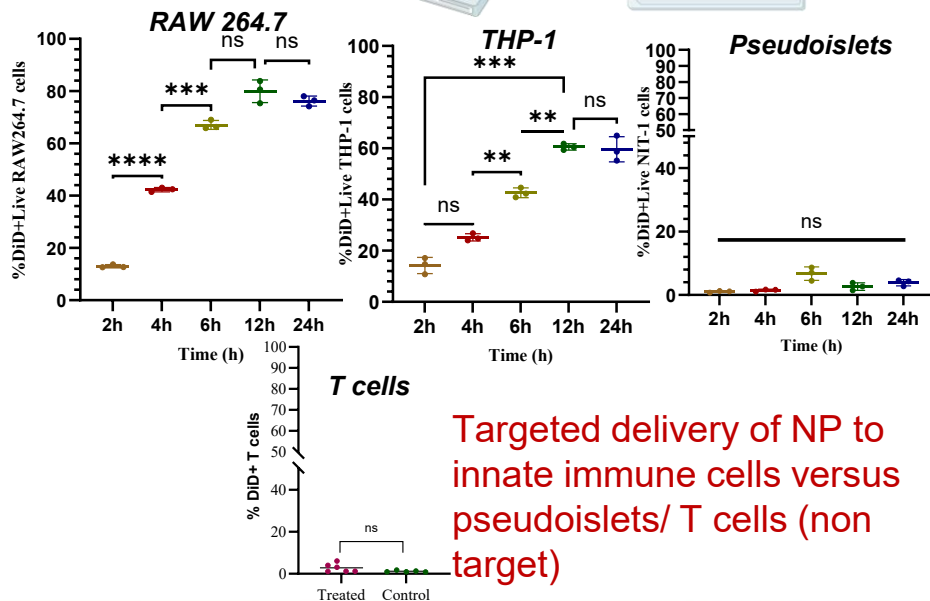
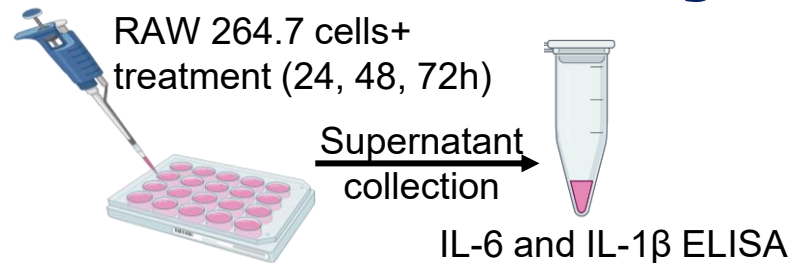
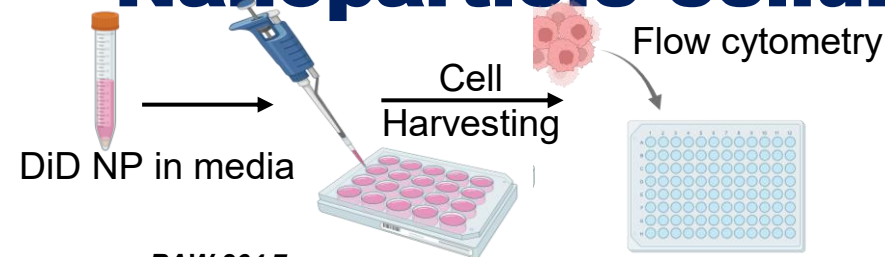
CTLA4IgG surface conjugation



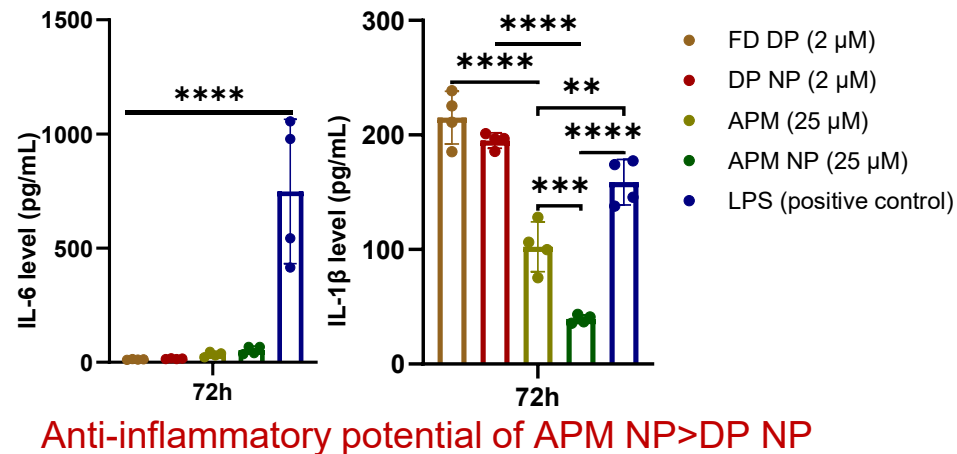
- With MAL Fc III+CTLA4 IgG (red dots)
- w/o MAL Fc-III+CTLA4IgG (black dots)

Increased CTLA4IgG loading on NP surface with Fc-III peptide

Nanoparticle cellular uptake and efficacy



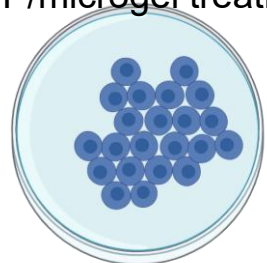
Targeted delivery of NP to innate immune cells versus pseudoislets/ T cells (non target)



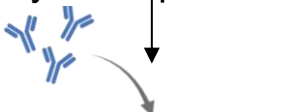
Anti-inflammatory potential of APM NP > DP NP

What is the effect of nanoparticles and microgel on islet functionality?

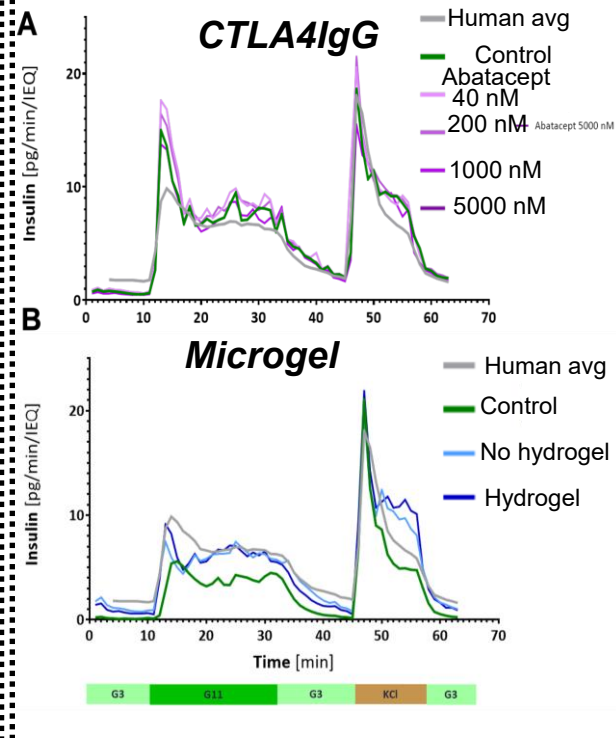
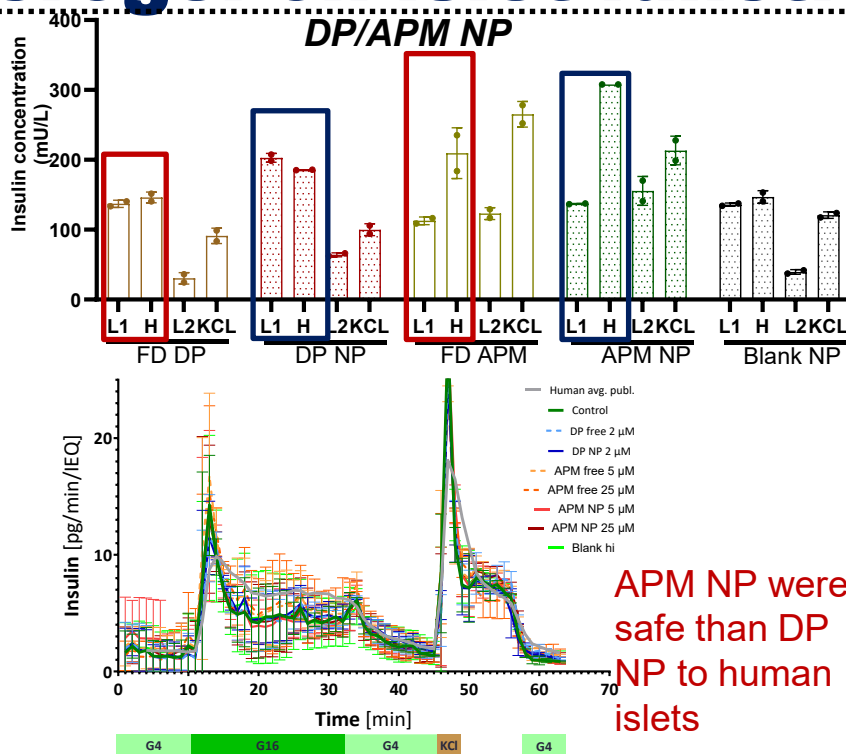
Human Islet+
NP/microgel treatment



Static GSIS or
dynamic perfusion



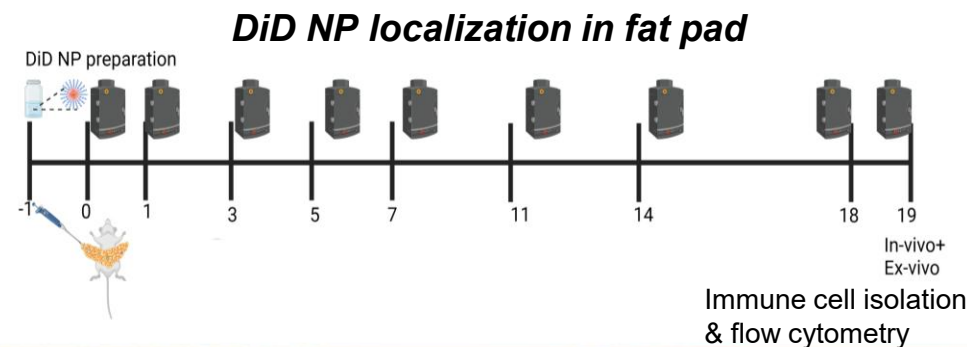
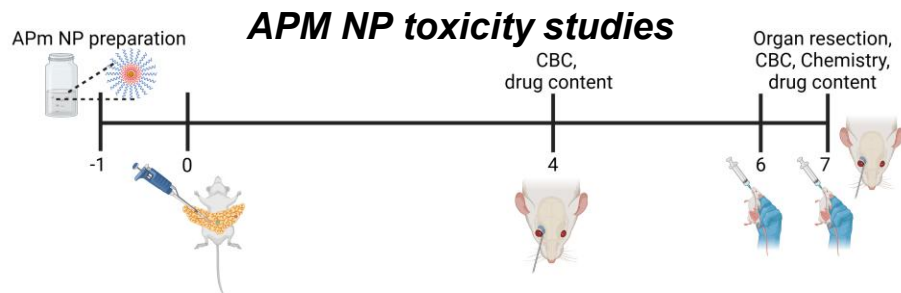
Human
insulin
ELISA



Unpublished (patent pending)

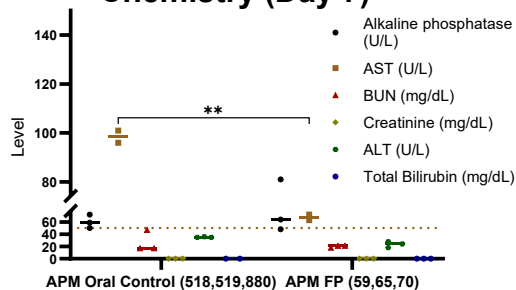
In vivo safety and efficacy of nanoparticles

	APM toxicity studies		DiD NP FP localization studies	
	APM NP	APM oral control	DiD NP	Control untreated
Strain			NOD	
Number of animals			3 per group	
Dose	100 µg	20 µg/ 100 µL	15 µg/30 µL 10µg/ 20 µL	--
Dosing frequency	Day 0	Day 6 (BID), Day 7 (OID)	Day 0	--
Route of administration	FP implantation	Oral gavage	FP implantation	--

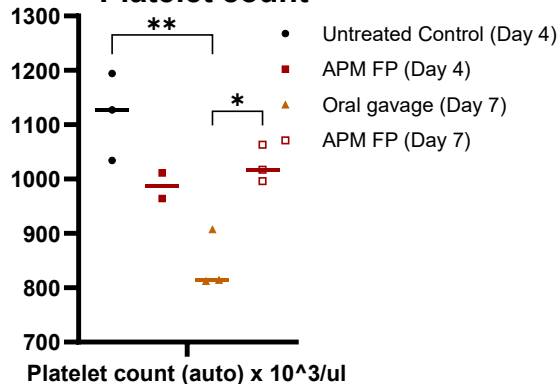


In vivo safety and efficacy of nanoparticles

Chemistry (Day 7)

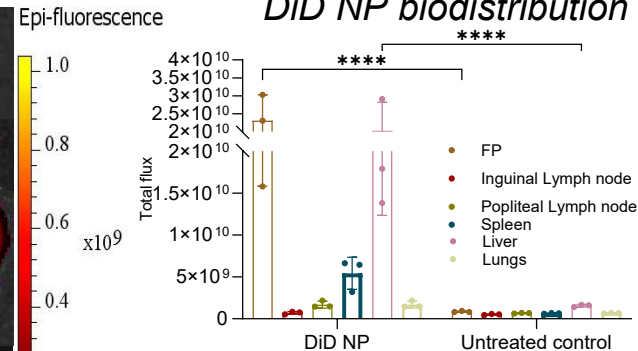
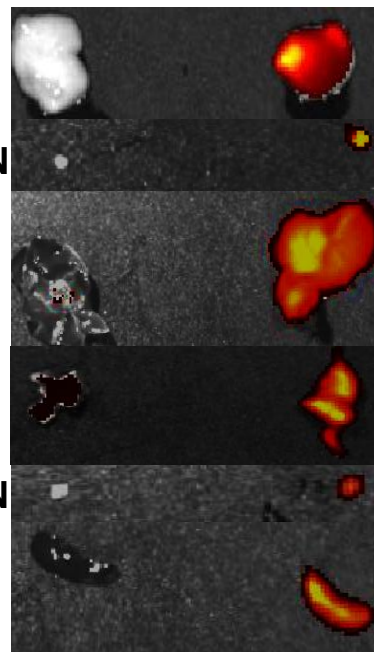


Platelet count

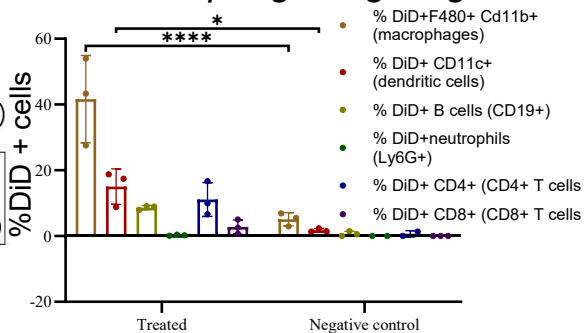


DiD NP localization and biodistribution studies

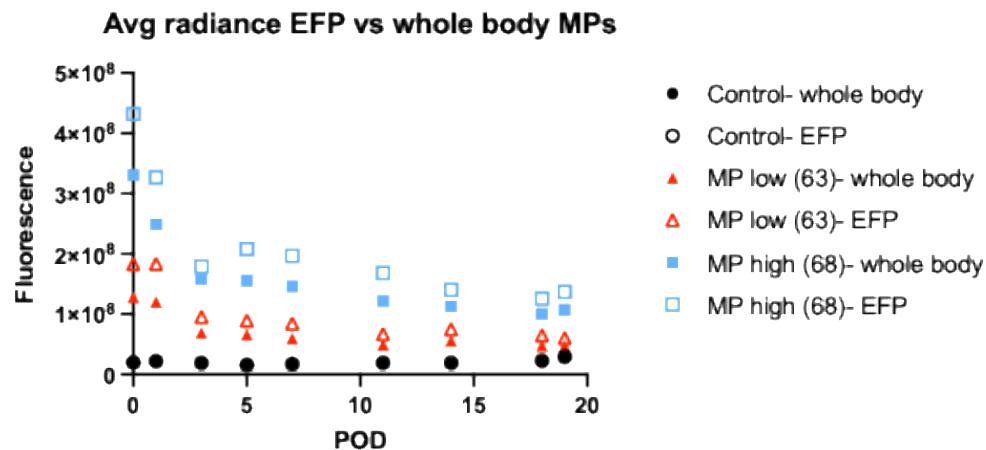
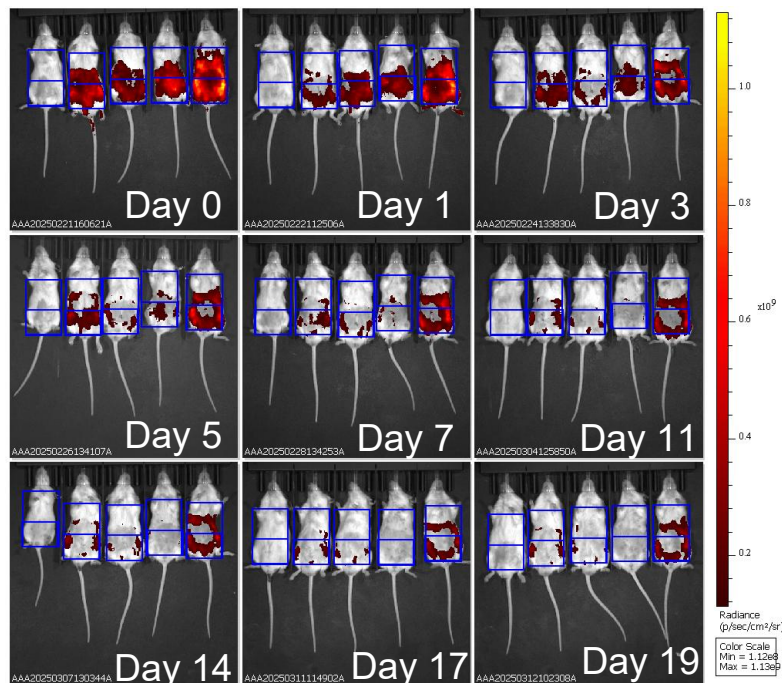
Fat pad
Inguinal LN
Liver
Lungs
Popliteal LN
Spleen



Macrophage targeting



Feasibility of fluorescently labelled CTLA4IgG biodistribution



Avg radiance takes ROI area into account
If EFP > whole body, then signal is more concentrated in EFP

Unpublished (patent pending)

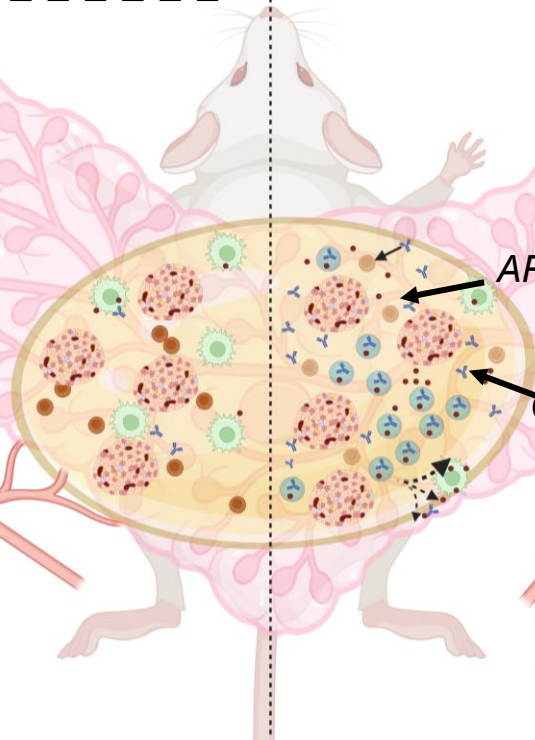
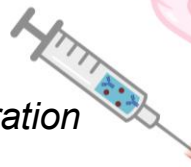
Conclusion

Systemic

Localized

- ❖ Critical Organ Toxicity and general immunodeficiency
- ❖ Ineffective implant site immunomodulation
- ❖ Patient non-compliance due to frequent administration

Frequent administration



APM/DP

CTLA4IgG

- ❖ Islet friendly drug combination loaded within nano-in-microgel
- ❖ Increased CTLA4IgG loading on the NP surface containing hydrophobic APM
- ❖ Peptide-protein complex-prevent burst release
- ❖ Nano-in-microgel: prevent chemical modification of Fc-antibody

Implant site retention and effective immunomodulation



Acknowledgement

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Diagrams made in Biorender