

Tips & Tricks for increasing oral drug absorption from nanoemulsions

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Professor & Head of Center

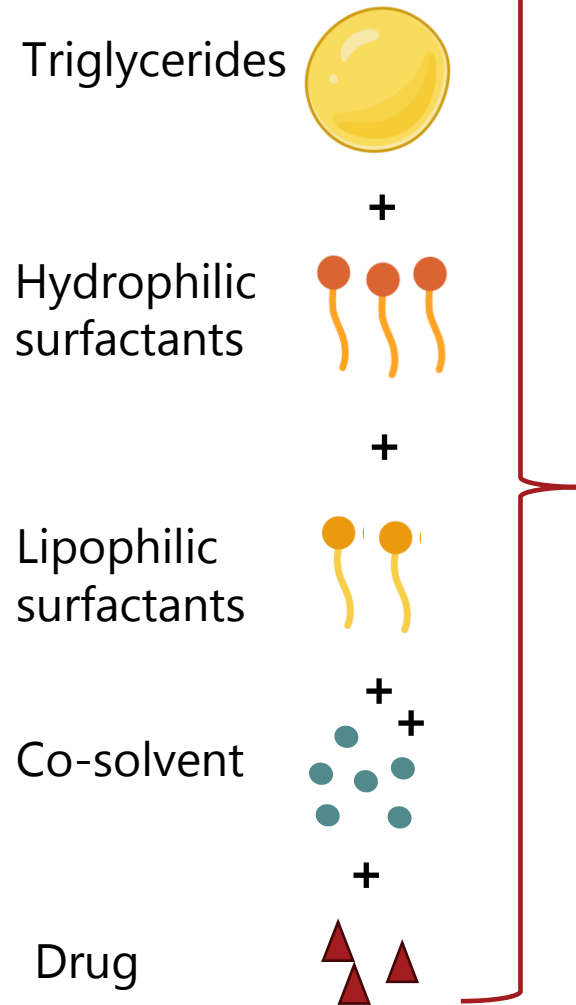
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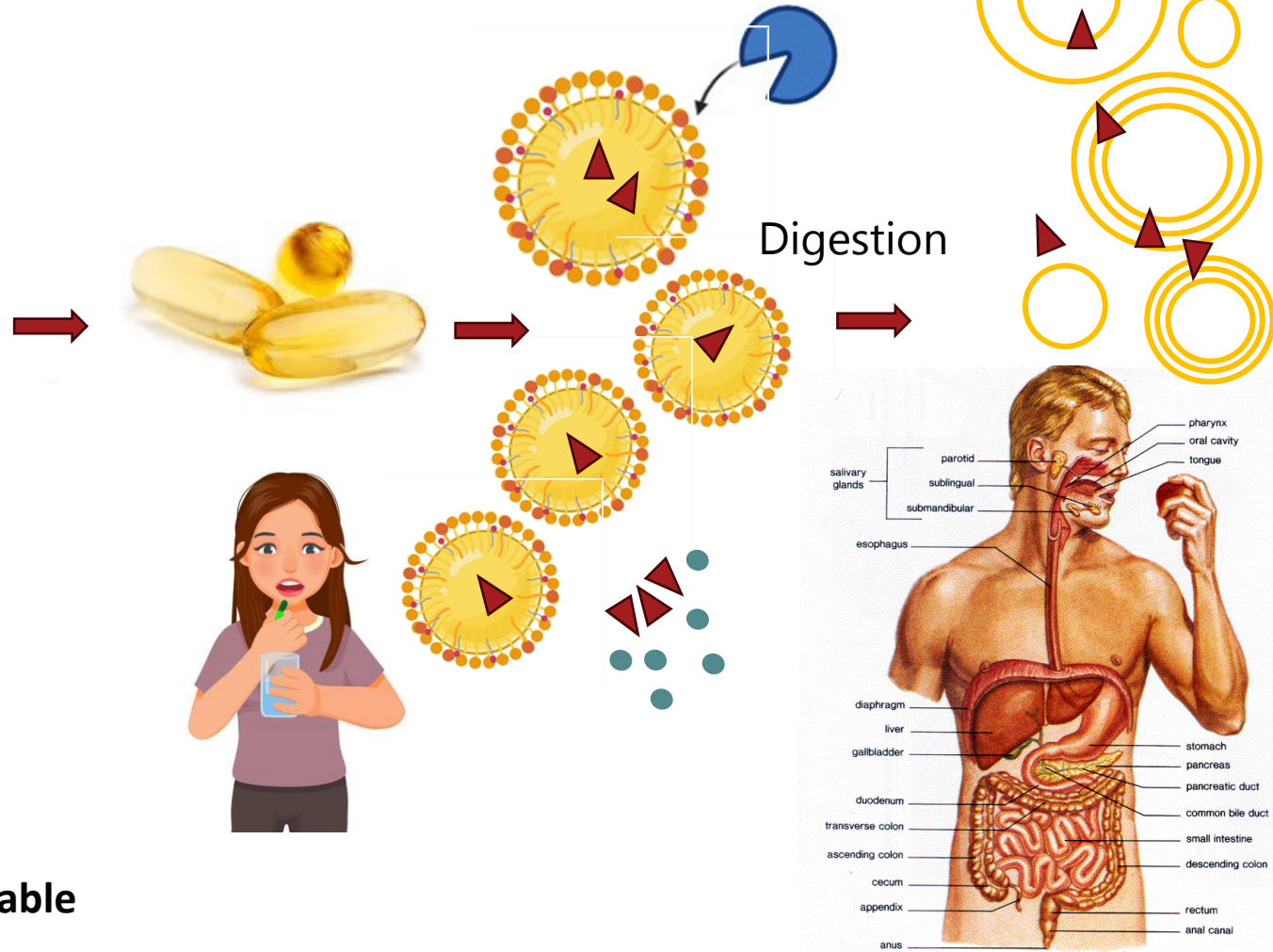
Self-Nanoemulsifying Drug Delivery Systems (SNEDDS)

SNEDDS are **isotropic mixtures** of oil and surfactants forming **fine oil-in-water emulsions** when introduced into an aqueous phase under gentle agitation



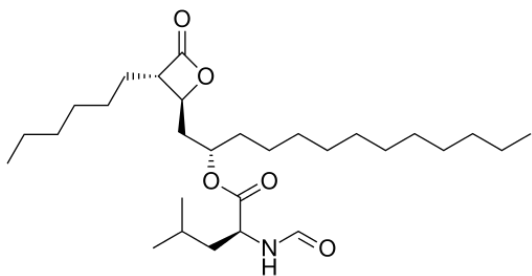
SNEDDS

Simple, Sustainable, Scalable



Aim and Research Questions:

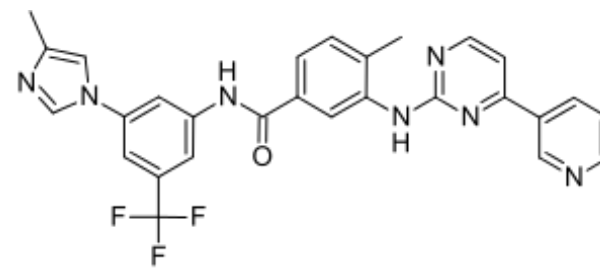
- Does size matter?
- Does digestion matter?



Orlistat

- Tetrahydrolipstatin
- Lipophilic lipase inhibitor

- Can the drug load ("solubility") be increased?



Nilotinib



Chronic myelogenous leukemia

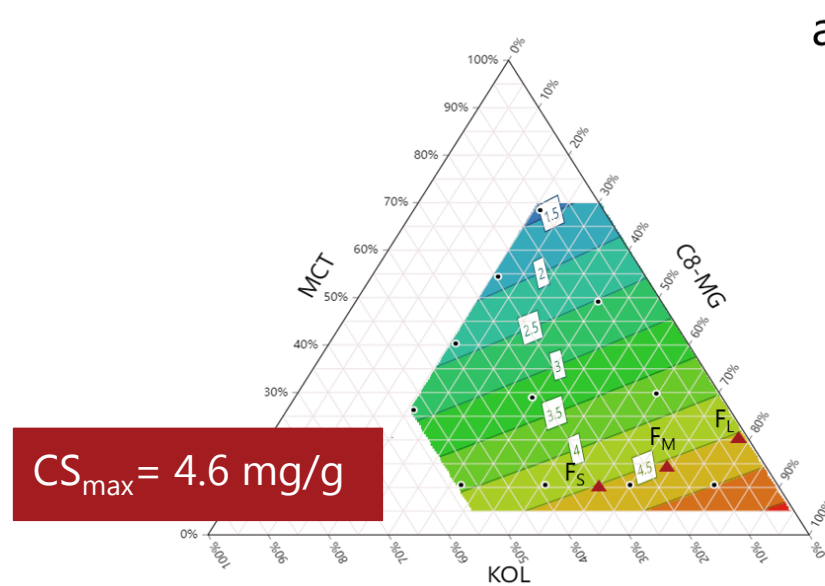
Bioavailability < 25%

Property	Nilotinib
S_{eq} (water) 25°C	0.024 µg/ml
Log P	5.0
Melting point	230-240°C
pKa	5.1-5.6 (pKa ₁)

Design of Experiment for medium-chain lipid SNEDDS

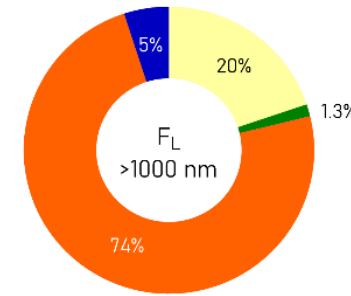
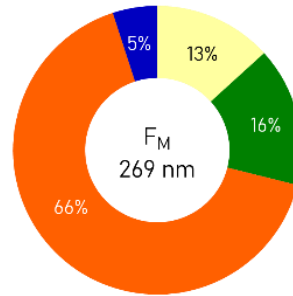
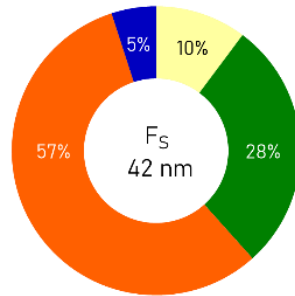
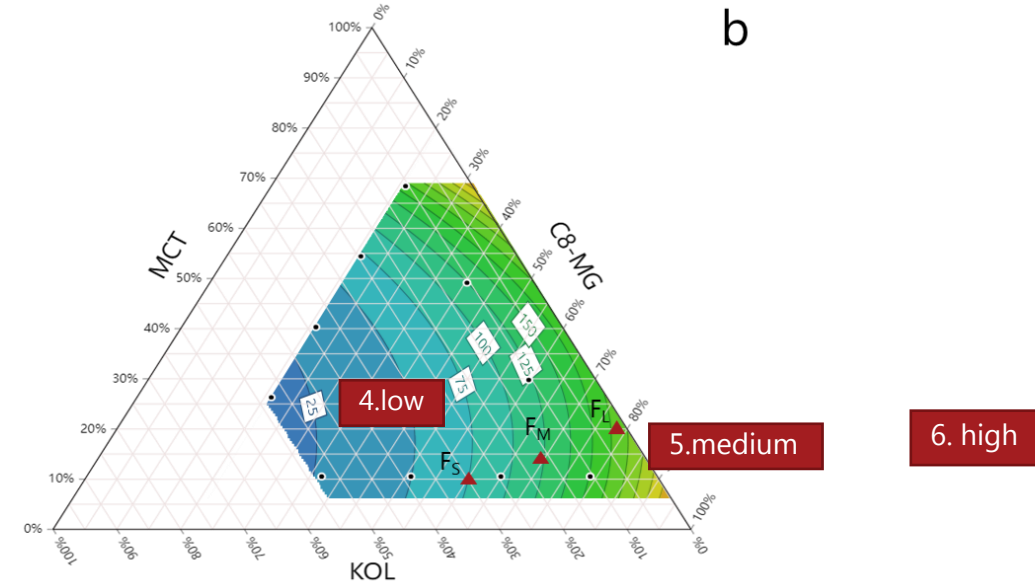
Maximum degree of supersaturation (CS_{max})

a



Droplet size upon dispersion

b



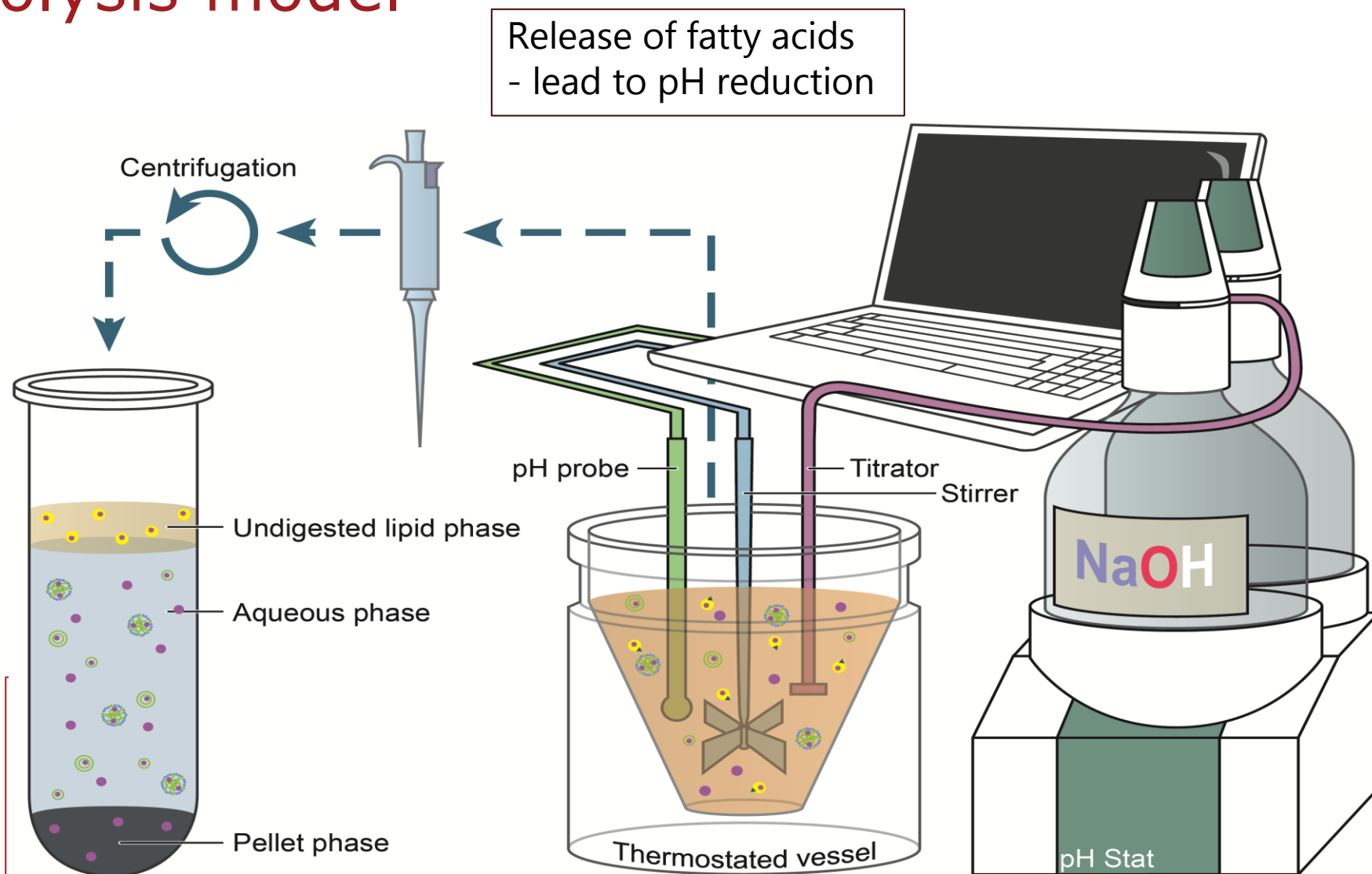
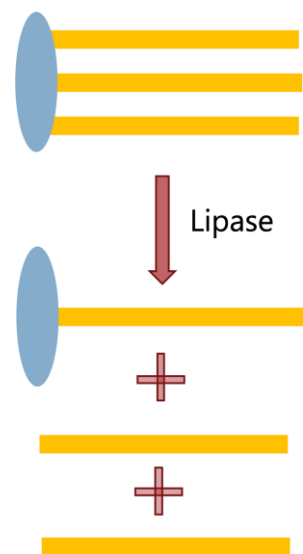
Legend: MCT (green), C8-MG (orange), KOL (dark green), TCL (blue)

Size: **42 nm**

270 nm

>1000 nm

In vitro lipolysis model



Drug

Oil droplet

Unilamellar vesicles

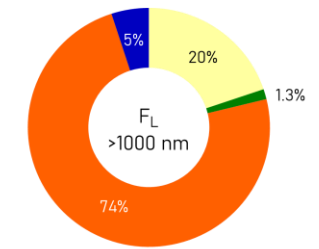
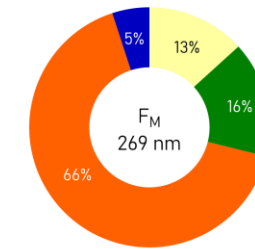
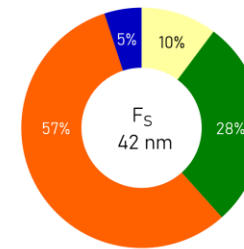
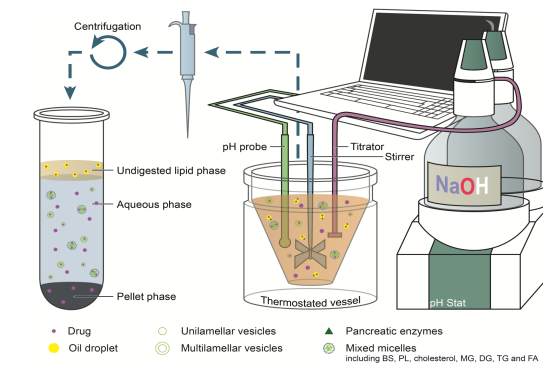
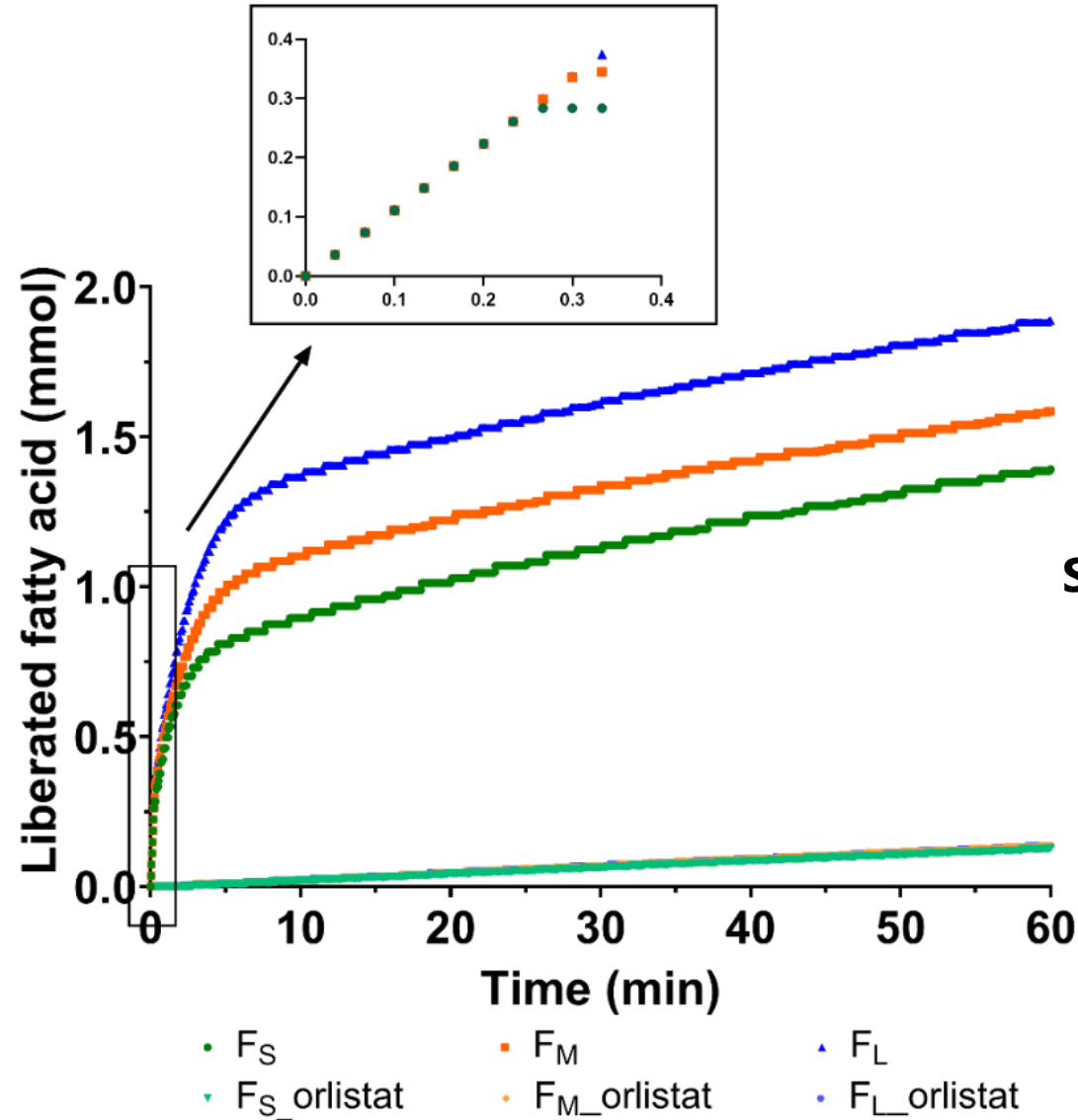
Multilamellar vesicles

Pancreatic enzymes

Mixed micelles

including BS, PL, cholesterol, MG, DG, TG and FA

Digestion profiles of SNEDDS



MCT

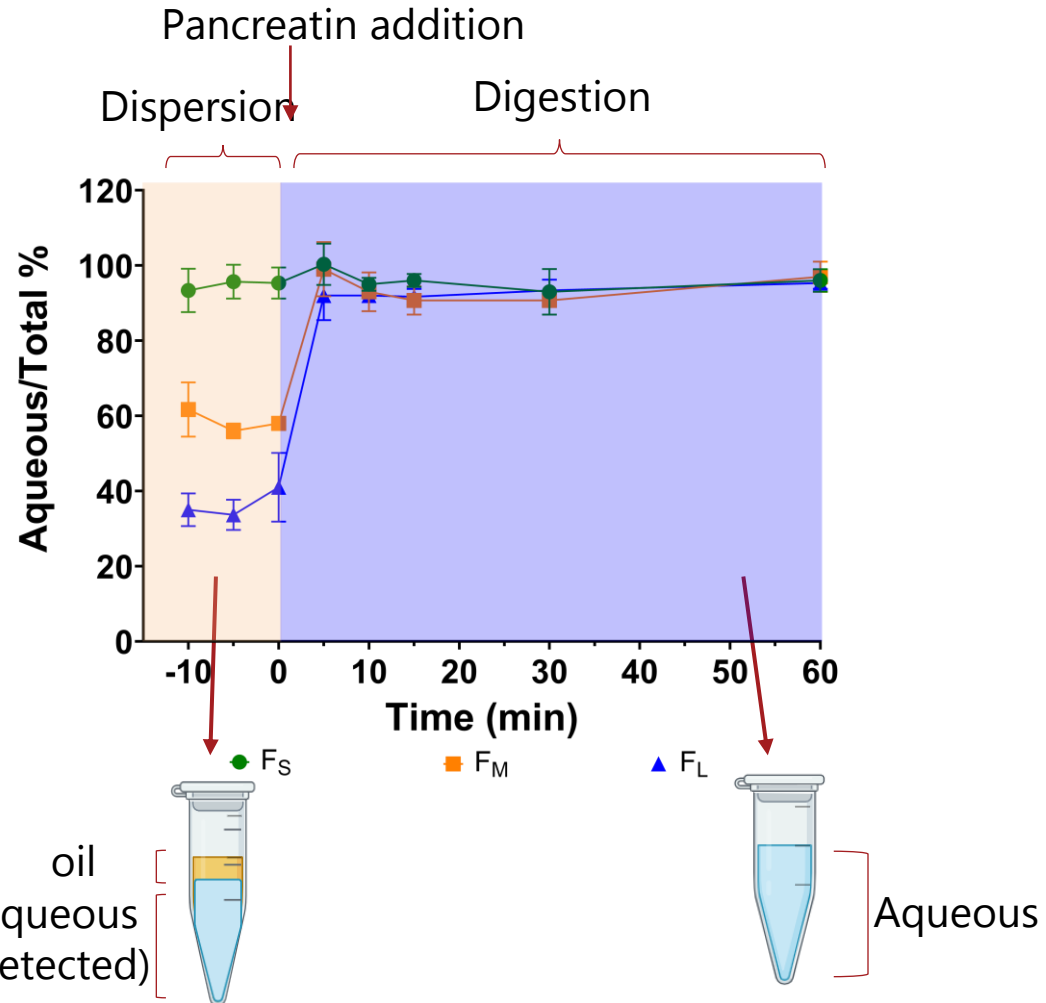
C8-MG

KOL

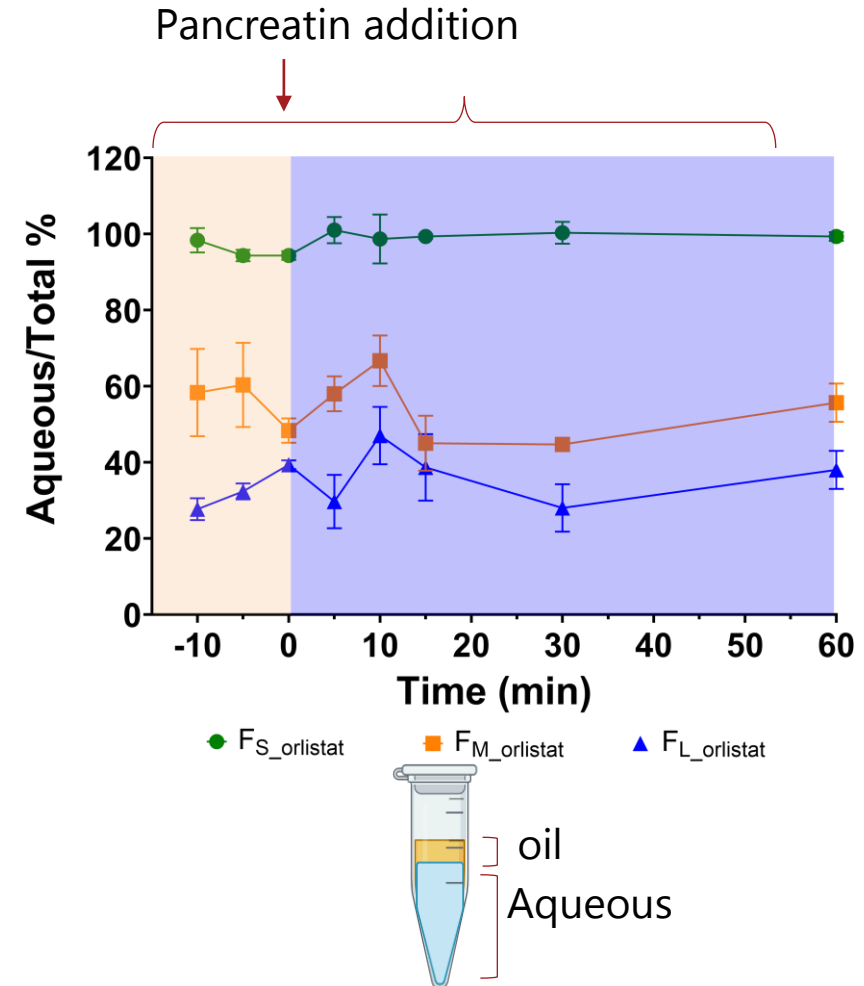
TCL

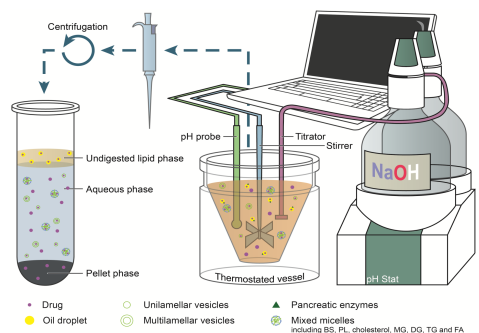
Drug distribution during *in vitro* lipolysis

No orlistat



2% orlistat





At T=0: lipid droplets

At T= 15 & 45 min:

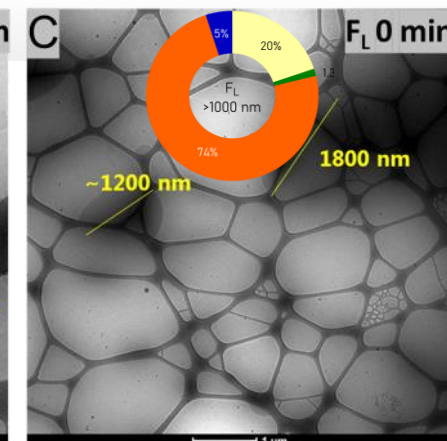
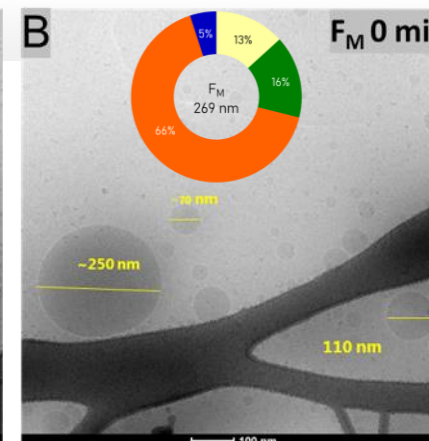
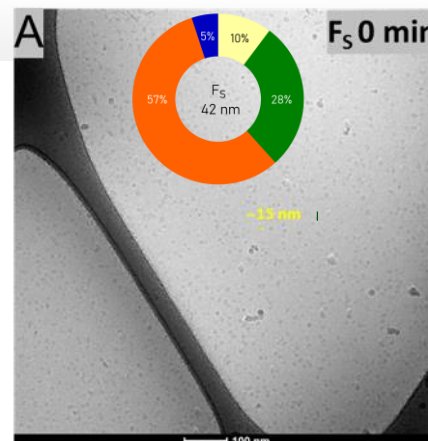
F_S and F_M

- form spherical unilamellar vesicles

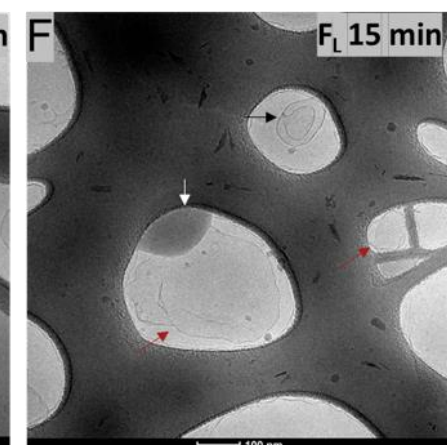
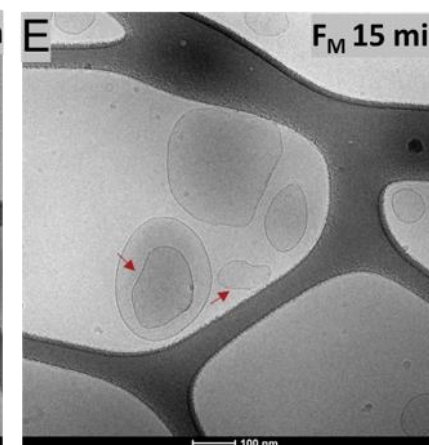
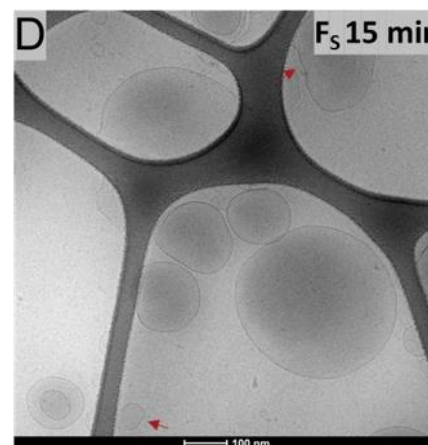
F_L

- forms deformed unilamellar vesicles

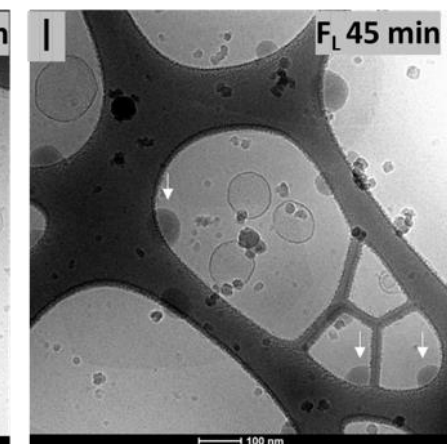
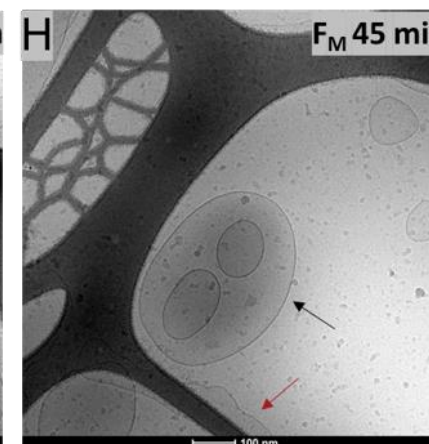
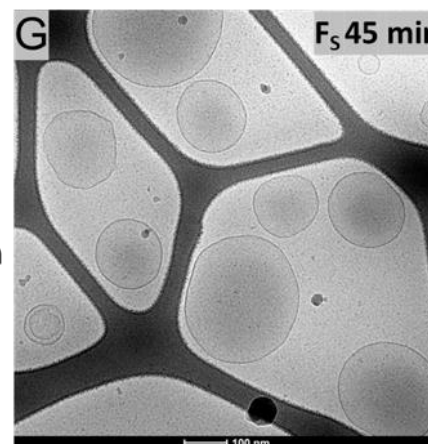
T= 0 min



T= 15 min



T= 45 min



F_S

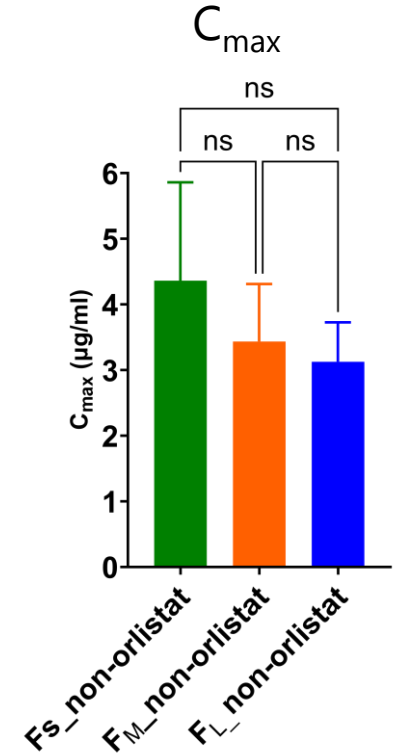
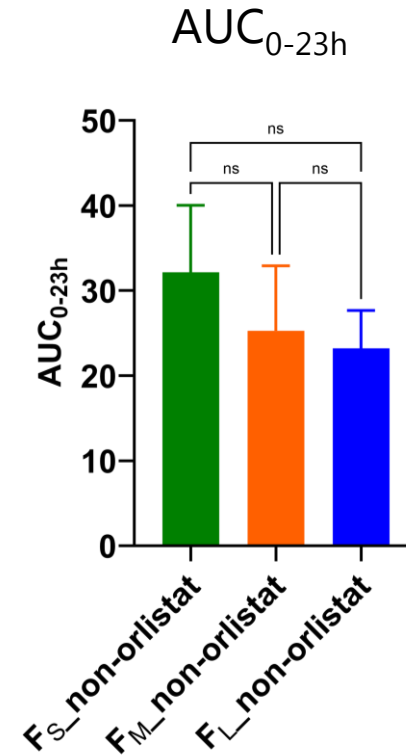
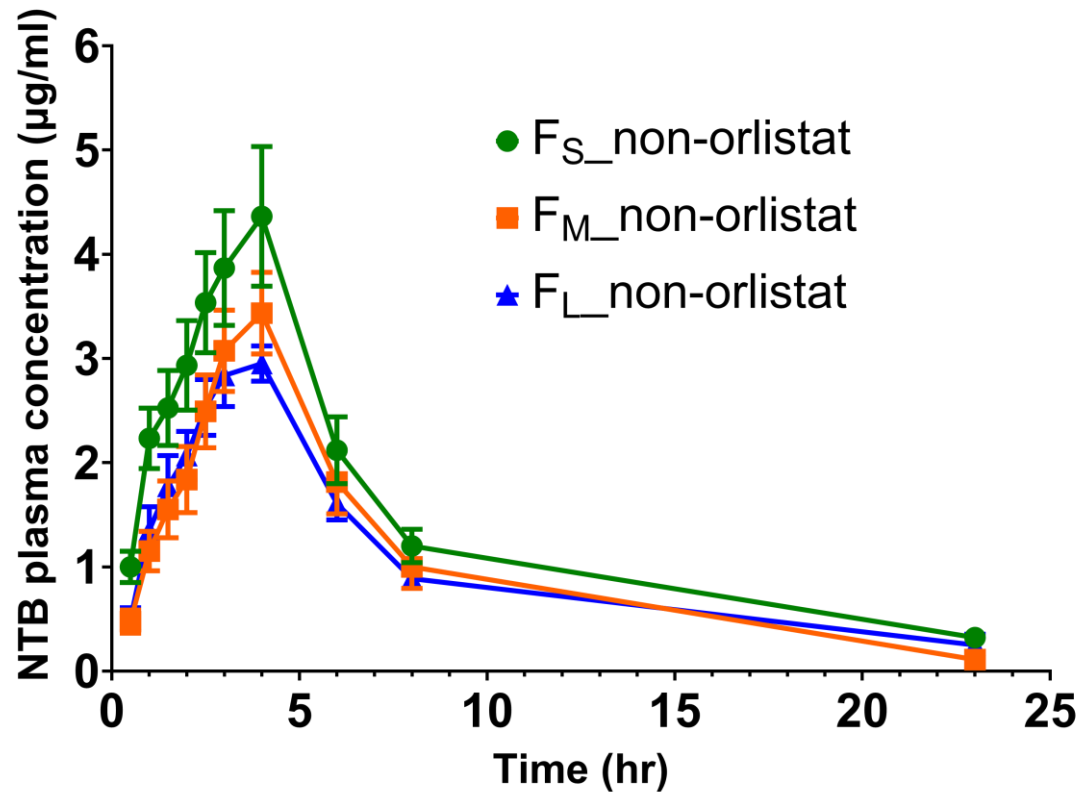
F_M

F_L

Does Size Matter? Nilotinib – SNEDDS



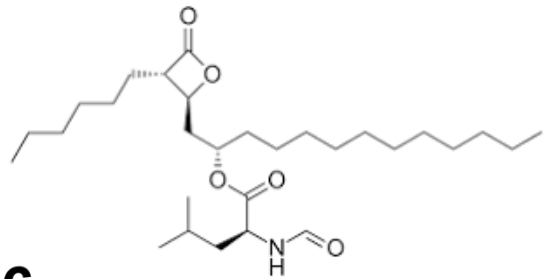
PK result (Non-orlistat group)



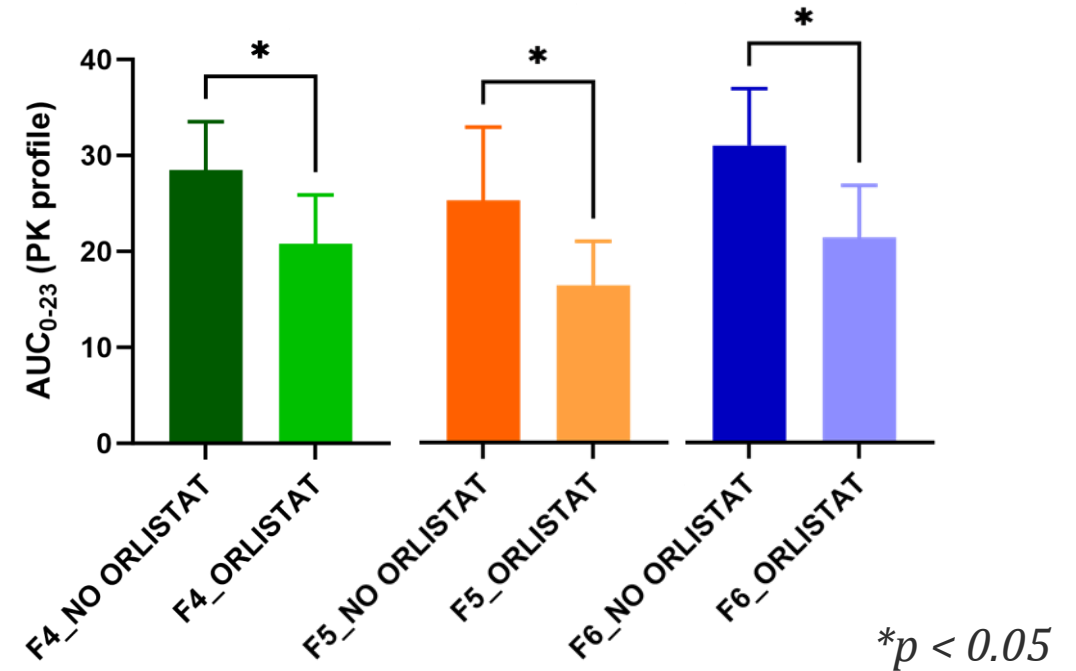
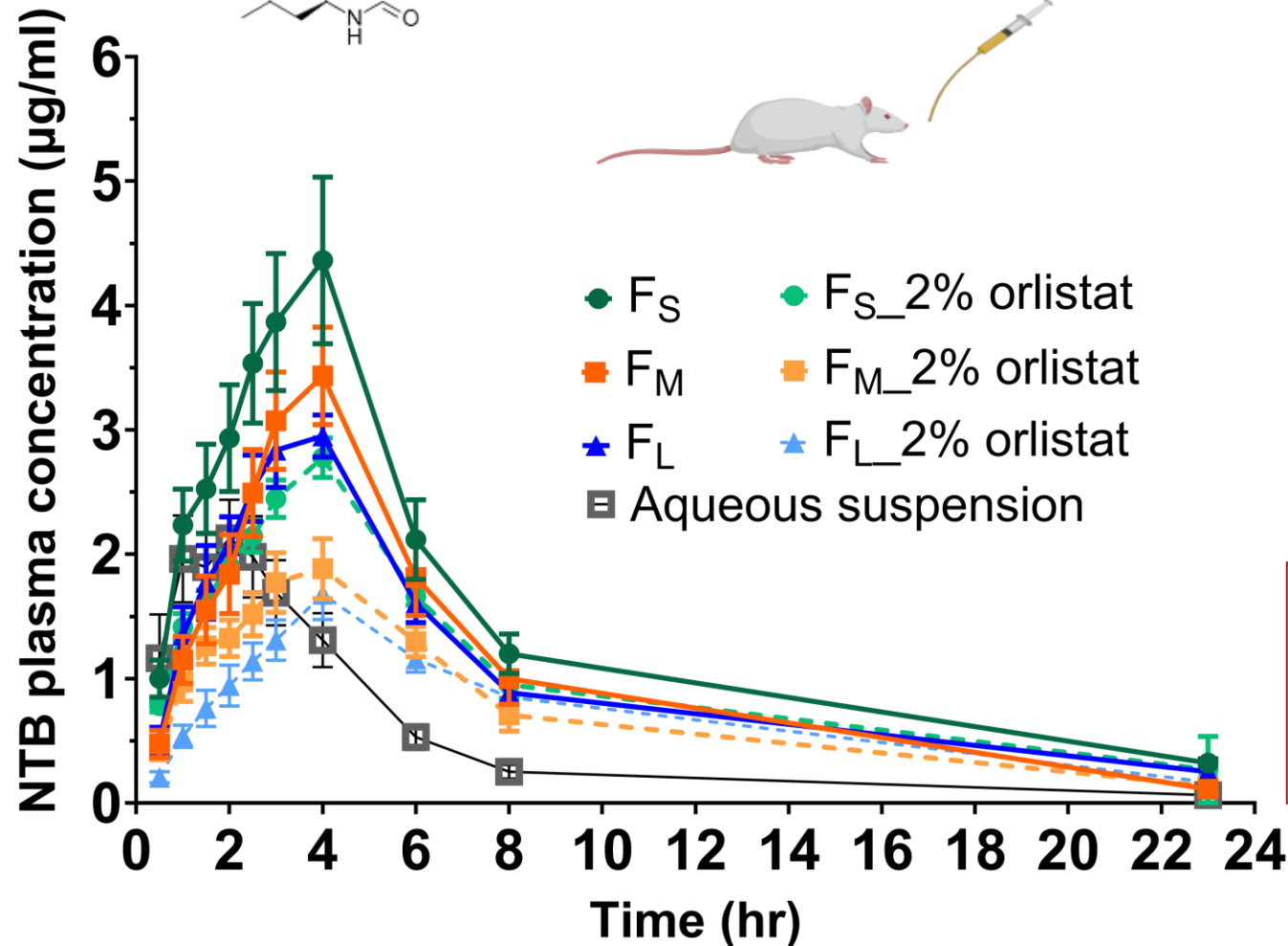
Rank order: $F_S > F_M > F_L$
No Significance

N=5-6

Does Digestion Matter? (+2% orlistat)



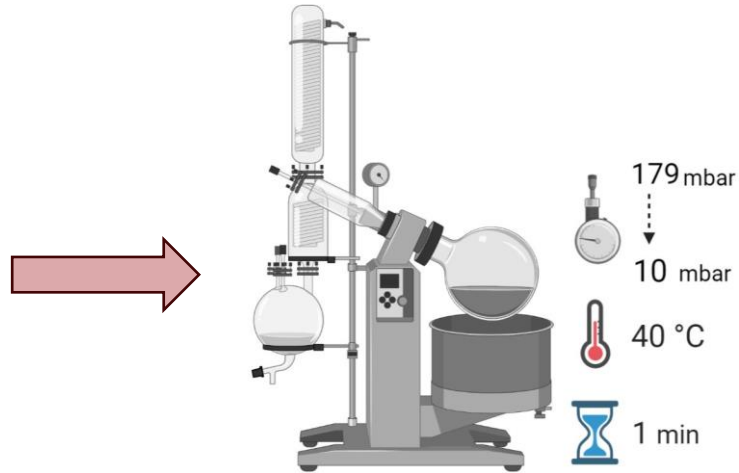
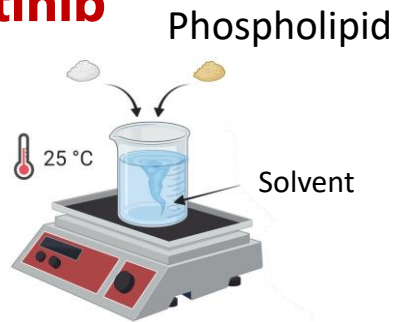
Orlistat
Lipophilic
lipase inhibitor



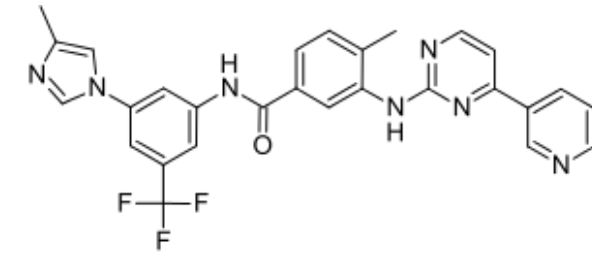
All SNEDDS sign > Cryst. Susp.
Orlistat addition to MC-SNEDDS
- significantly reduce drug absorption

What about increasing the dose ?

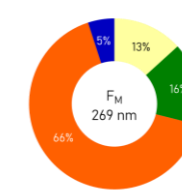
Nilotinib



Rotary Solvent Evaporator (SE)



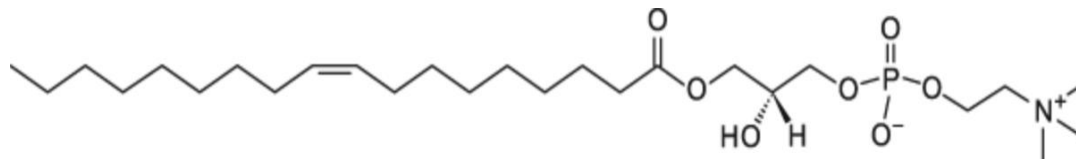
Formation of **Co-amorphous Drug-Phospholipid Complexes**



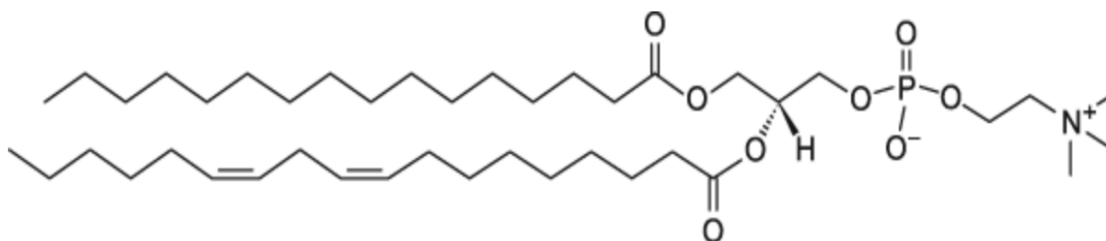
Addition to SNEDDS

- 4 x increased drug load
- No change in size

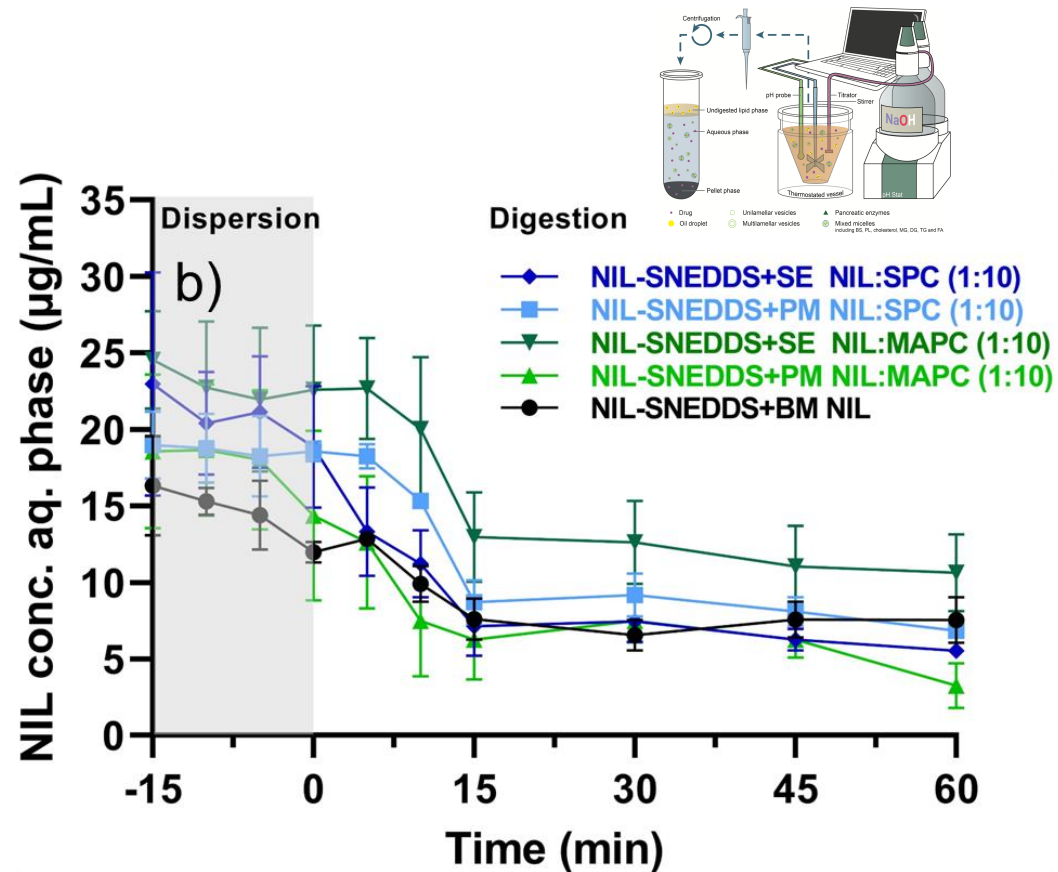
Monoacyl phosphatidylcholine (MAPC)



Soybean phosphatidylcholine (SPC)



In vitro lipolysis and oral pharmaco-kinetics of drug-PL complexes in SNEDDS



Significant increase in drug absorption by PL-complexes in SNEDDS
IVIVC should be improved

Conclusion

For nilotinib in medium-chain SNEDDS !

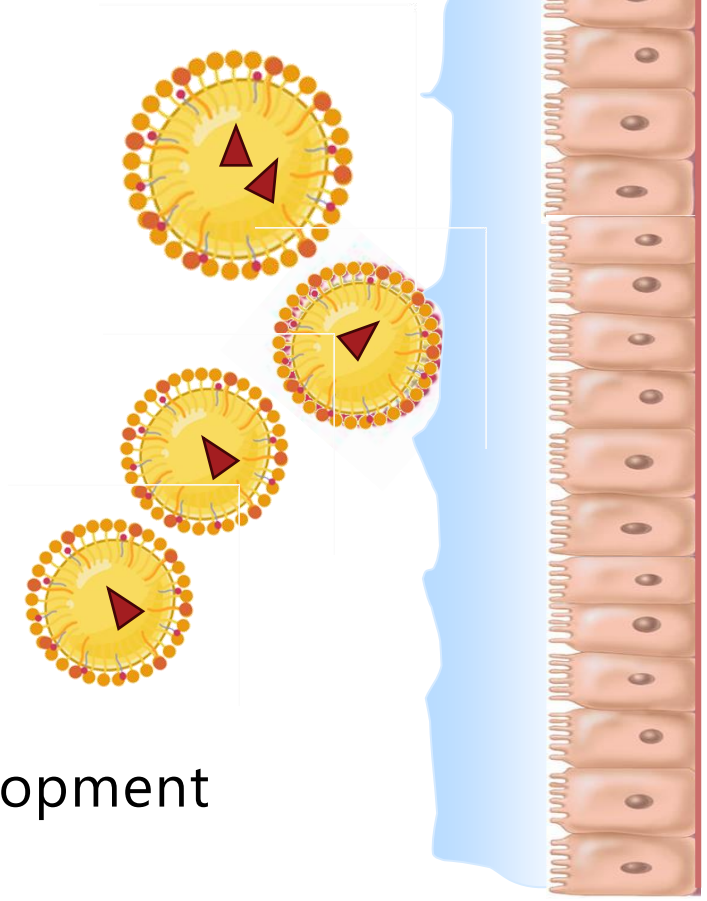
Reducing SNEDDS droplet size - non-significantly increase absorption

Inhibiting lipid digestion - decrease absorption

Co-amorphous nilotinib-phospholipid complexes

- Increase drug load ("solubility")
- Increase drug absorption

Still looking for the optimal predictive tool for SNEDDS development



The Physiological Pharmaceuticals Research Group



COLOTAN



Phospholipid
Forschungszentrum / Research Center
Heidelberg



Innovation Fund Denmark
RESEARCH, TECHNOLOGY & GROWTH



Brødrene Hartmanns Fond



Thank you for your attention

Questions?

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In vitro lipolysis

