

Skin and Mucosal Delivery

- Session #1

Critical quality attributes enhance understanding of skin sensory perceptions

Dr Yousuf Mohammed

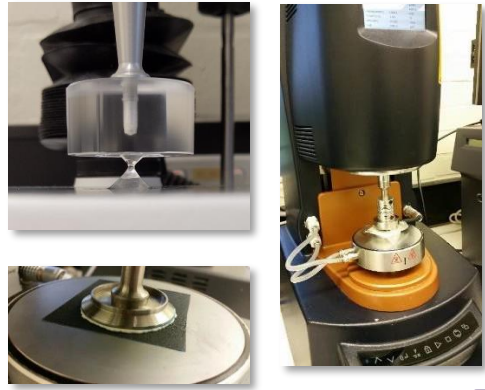
Frazer Institute, The University of Queensland, Australia

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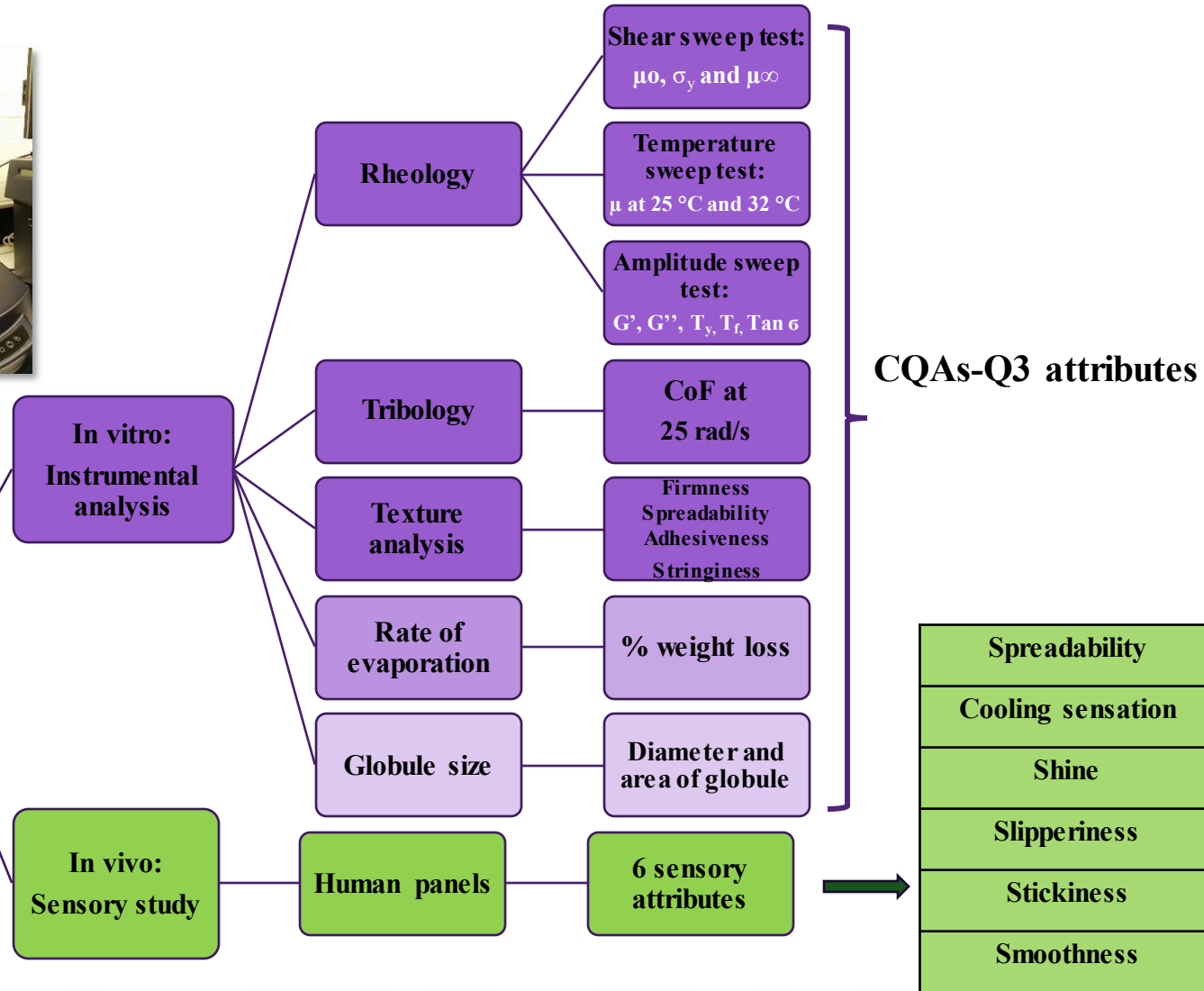


Critical quality attributes (In Vitro) – Sensory panel study (In Vivo)



Experiments

- 46 subjects
- Age 18 - 50 years



- Statistical Analysis:**
1. One-way/two-way ANOVA with significance level ($p < 0.05$)
 2. Heat map
 3. PCA
 4. Hierarchical cluster analysis

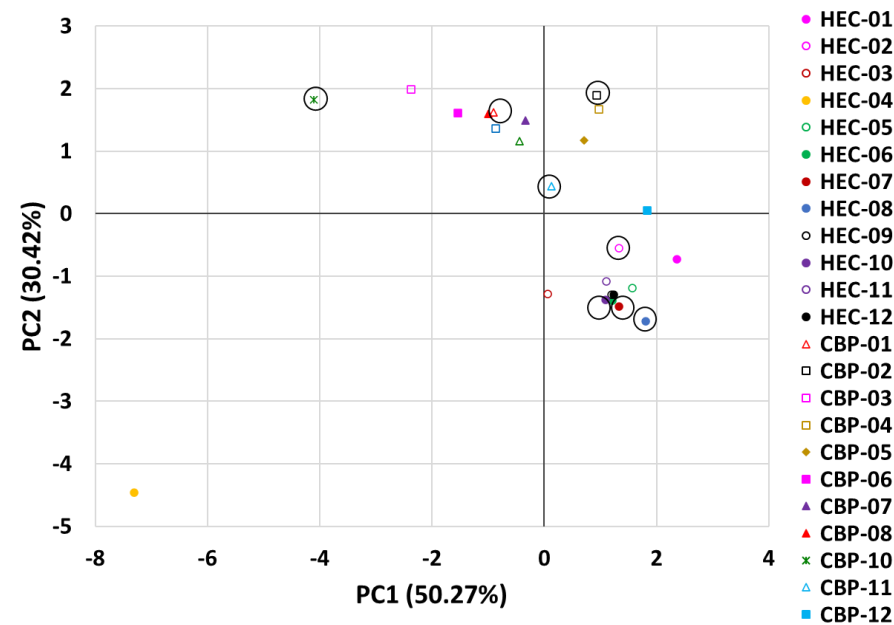


Topical Formulations - Sensory Study

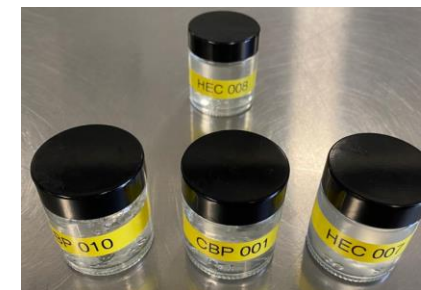
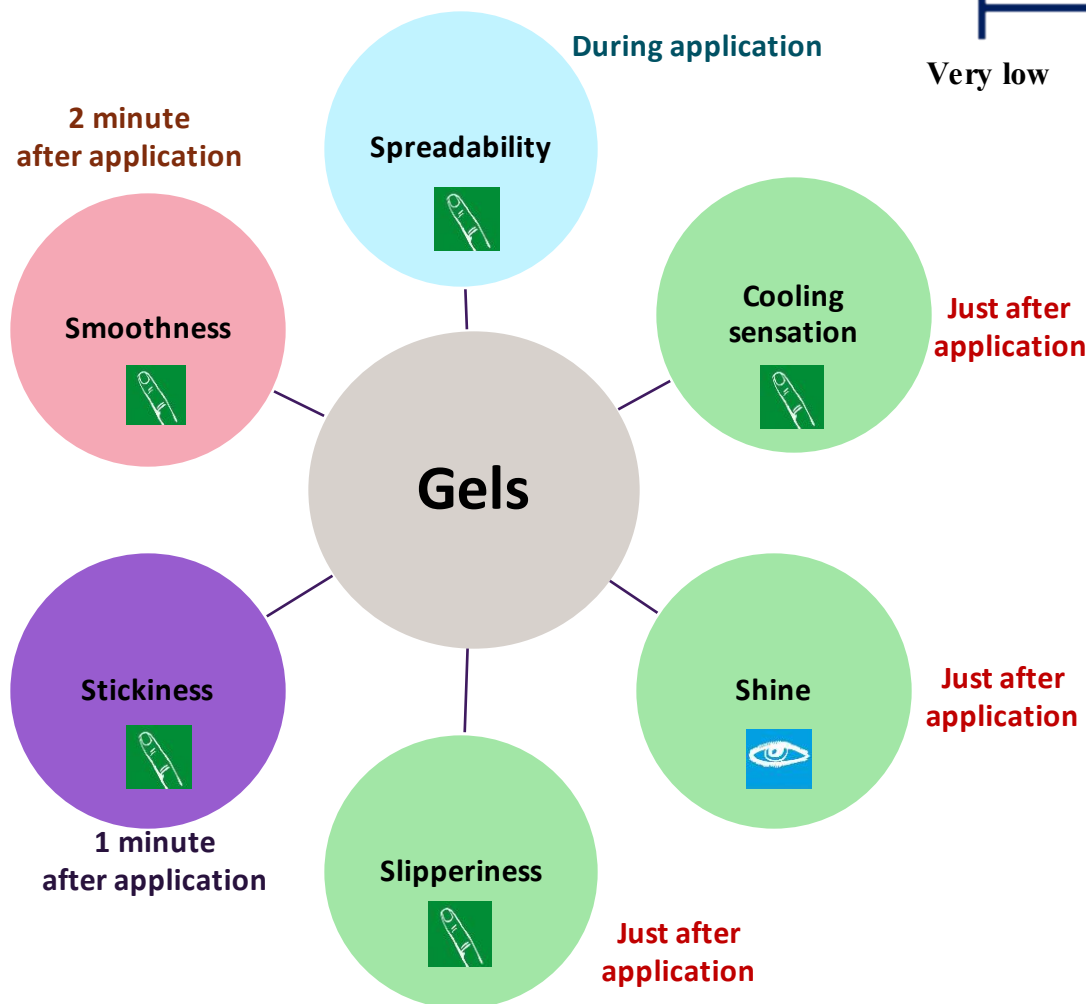
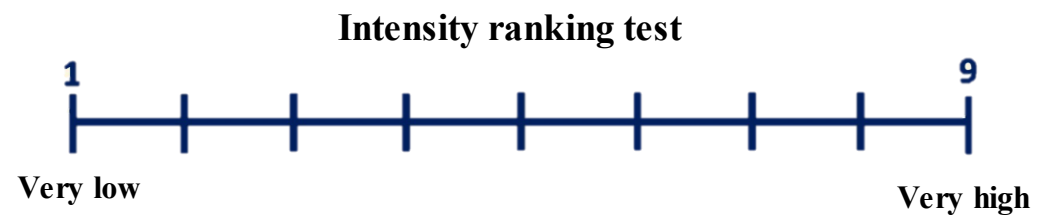
26 formulations

Composition (%w/w)	HEC-01	HEC-02	HEC-03	HEC-04	HEC-05	HEC-06	HEC-07	HEC-08	HEC-09	HEC-10	HEC-11	HEC-12
Hydroxyethyl cellulose	1	2.2	3	5	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
Ethanol	20	20	20	20	25	30	45	50	20	20	20	20
Propylene glycol	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	20	30	40	50
2-Phenoxyethanol	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Water	63.2	62.0	61.2	59.2	57.0	52.0	37.0	32.0	57.0	47.0	37.0	27.0

Composition (%w/w)	CBP-01	CBP-02	CBP-03	CBP-04	CBP-05	CBP-06	CBP-07	CBP-08	CBP-09	CBP-10	CBP-11	CBP-12	CBP-13	CBP-14
Carbopol 980	0.5	0.25	0.65	0.25	0.25	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.1	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Ethanol	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	35	50	10	-
Propylene glycol	15	15	15	25	35	35	15	50	15	15	15	15	15	25
Methyl paraben	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Propyl paraben	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Triethanolamine	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.
Water	84.4	84.6	84.2	74.6	64.6	64.4	64.4	49.4	84.7	82.5	49.2	34.4	74.3	74.2



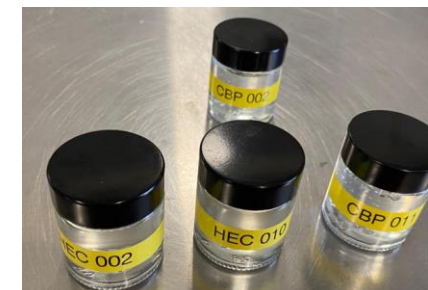
Sensory Intensity Ranking Test



Panel Study – Part 1

CBP-01
CBP-10
HEC-07
HEC-08 (2)

4 + 1



Panel Study – Part 2

CBP-02 (2)
CBP-11
HEC-02
HEC-10

4 + 1

HEC-007 1 HEC-008 2 CBP-001 3 CBP-010 4 HEC-008 5

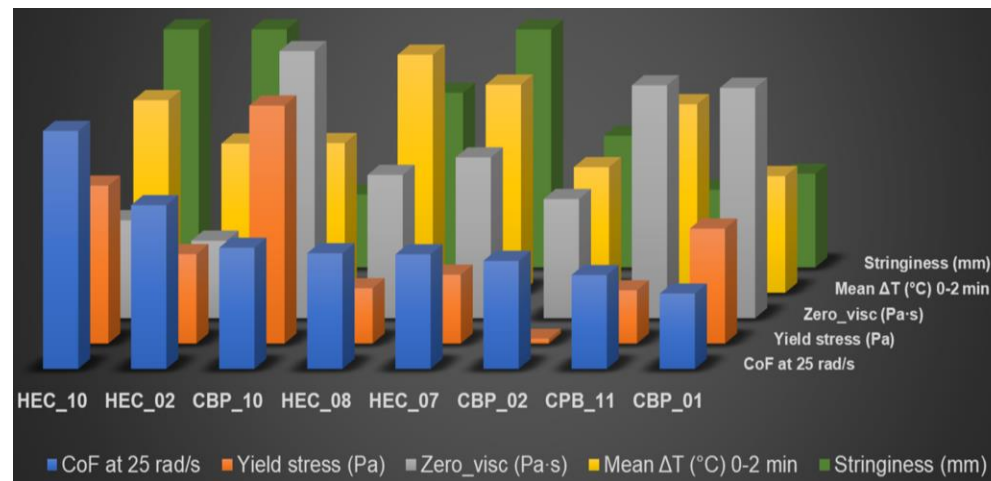
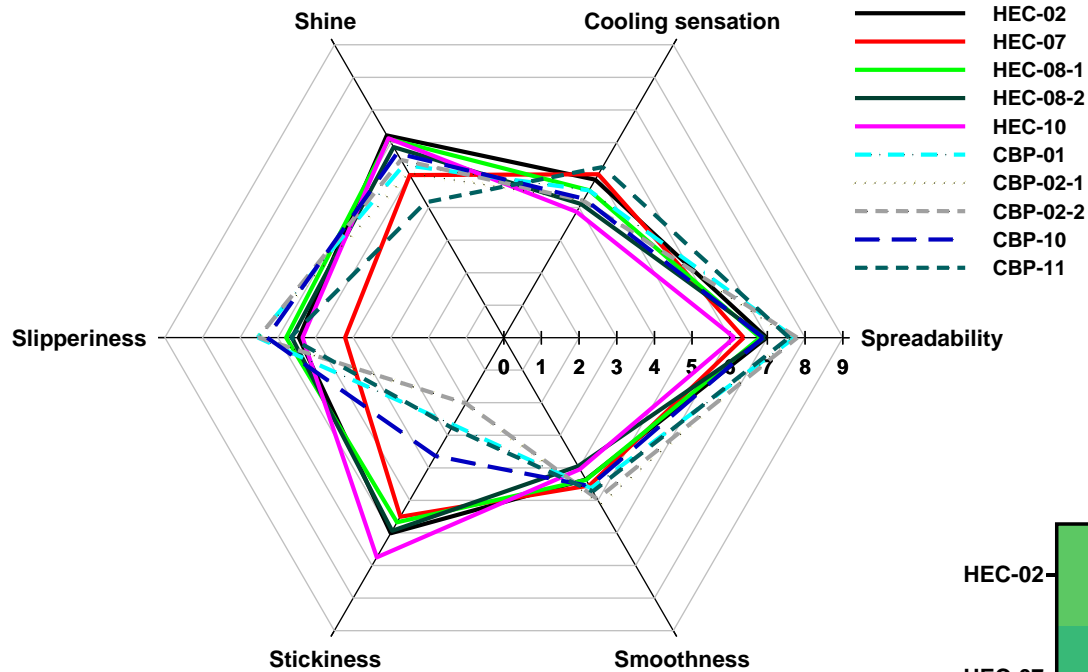
1	831	681	441	764	482
2	482	441	764	831	681
3	764	482	681	441	831
4	681	764	831	482	441
5	441	831	482	681	764
6	482	764	441	681	831
7	831	441	681	482	764
8	441	482	831	764	681
9	681	831	764	441	482
10	764	681	482	831	441

metronome



Q2 - Q3 - In Vivo Properties

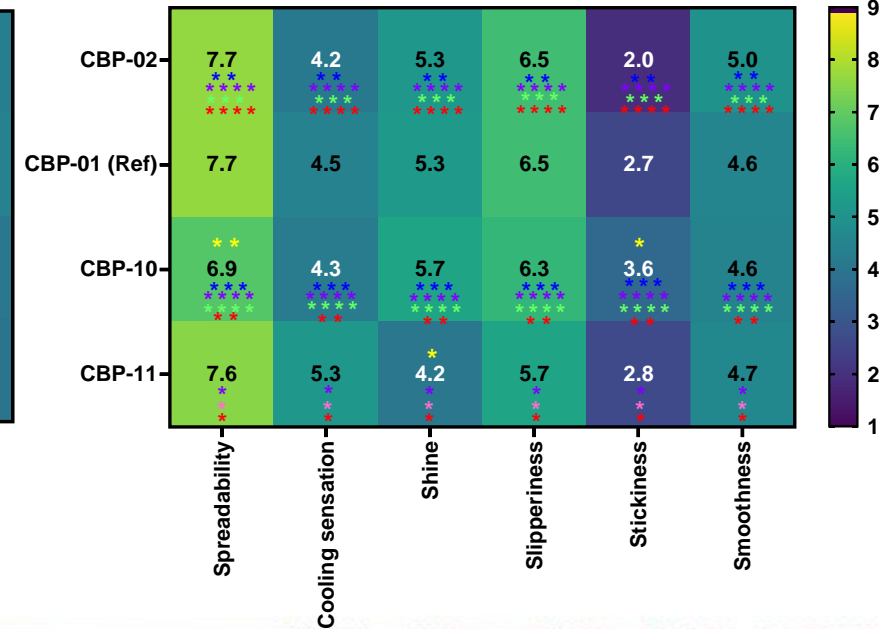
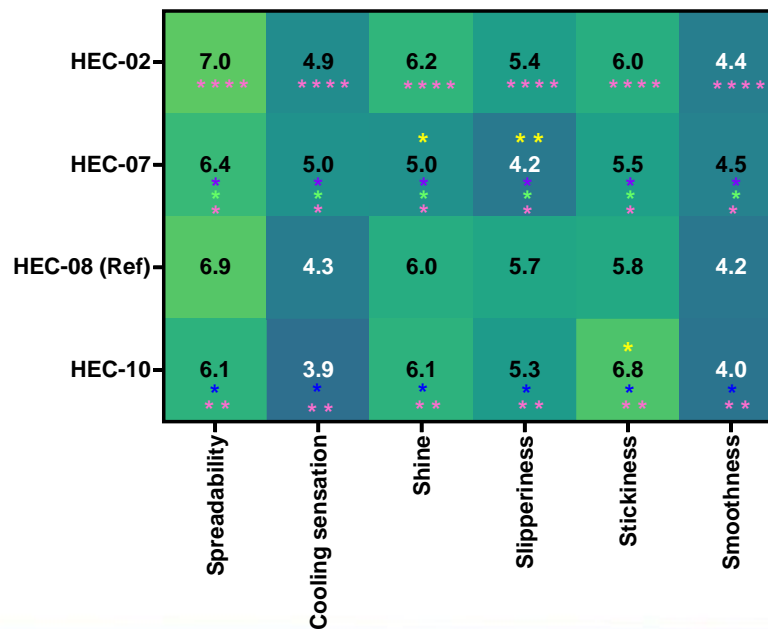
Selected physicochemical and structural (CQAs-Q3) properties (normalized for different units)



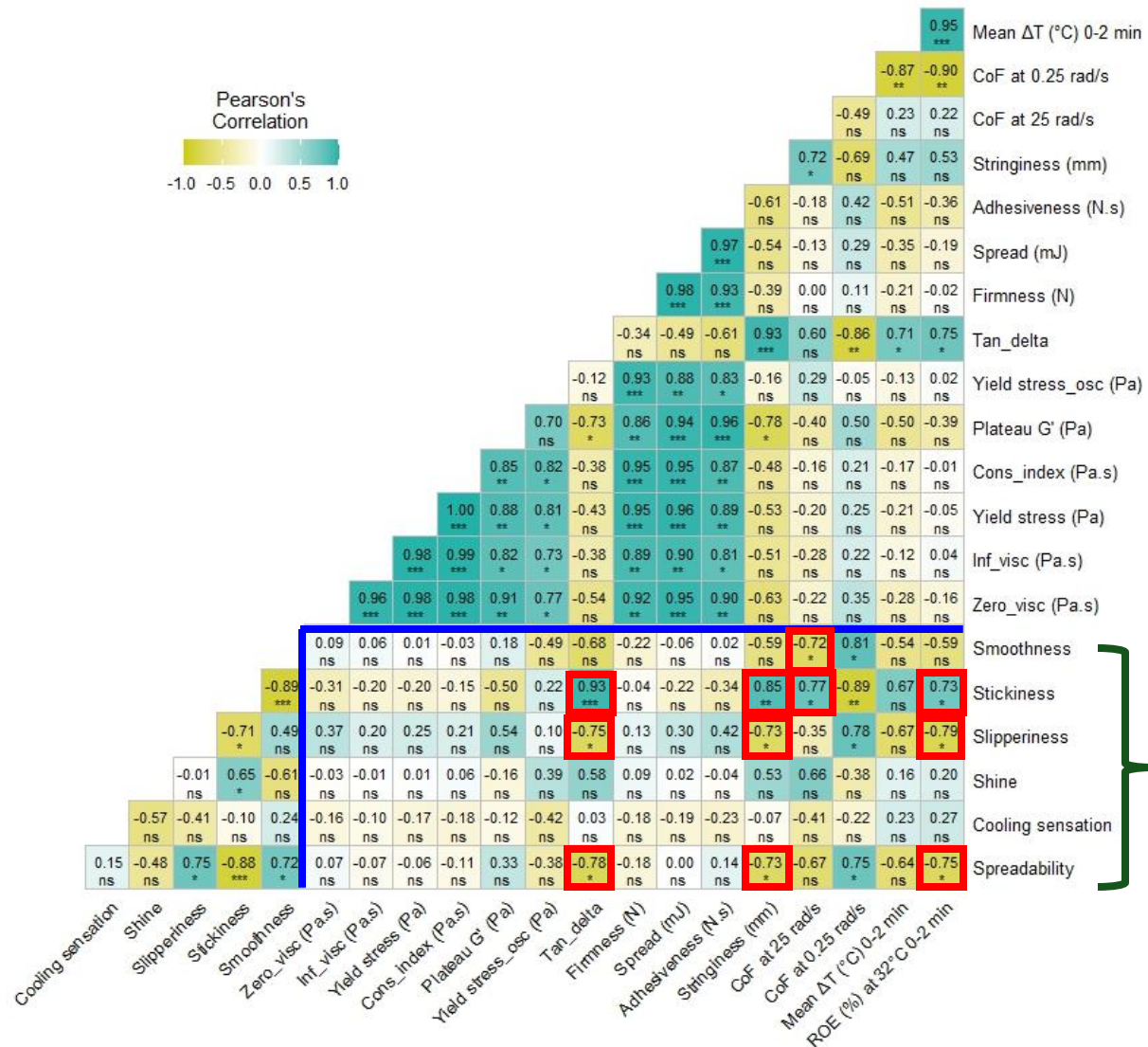
Color code	Parameters
Yellow “★”	Sensory perceptions
Blue “★”	CoF at 25 rad/s
Purple “★”	Yield stress (Pa)
Green “★”	Zero shear viscosity (Pa.s)
Pink “★”	Mean temperature difference (°C) in 0-2 min
Red “★”	Stringiness (mm)

Composition (%w/w)	HEC-10	HEC-02	HEC-07	HEC-08
Hydroxyethyl cellulose	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
Ethanol	20	20	45	50
Propylene glycol	30	15	15	15
2-Phenoxyethanol	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Water	47	62	37	32

Composition (%w/w)	CBP-02	CBP-01	CBP-11	CBP-10
Carbopol 980	0.25	0.5	0.5	1
Ethanol	-	-	35	-
Propylene glycol	15	15	15	15
Methyl paraben	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Propyl paraben	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Triethanolamine	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.	q.s.
Water	84.62	84.37	49.21	82.47



Correlations: sensorial perceptions & instrumental properties



CQAS

In Vivo

- Spreadability **negatively** correlated with Tan_delta (G''/G'), stringiness, ROE at 32°C
- Slipperiness **negatively** correlated with Tan_delta (G''/G'), stringiness, ROE at 32°C
- Stickiness **positively** correlated with Tan_delta (G''/G'), stringiness, CoF at 25 rad/s, ROE at 32°C
- Smoothness **negatively** correlated with CoF at 25 rad/s

ns p >= 0.05; * p < 0.05; ** p < 0.01; and *** p < 0.001



Conclusion and learning objectives

- CQAs assessed instrumentally are valuable in understanding sensorial characteristics in vivo
- Significant differences in instrumental attributes (e.g. rheological, tribological behaviour, texture properties) are likely to be perceptible to human subjects
- Data from selected instrumental techniques to evaluate CQAs can be predictive of sensory properties of topical products



Thank You!

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The University of Queensland, Faculty of Medicine
Translational Research Institute
Vice-Chair - American Association of Pharmaceutical Sciences, (TTC)



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With

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