

# Nanomedicine and Nanoscale Delivery

Heinrich Haas

**CRS 2022 Annual Meeting & Expo**

July 11 – 15, 2022 | Montreal Congress Center, Montreal Canada

**Advanced Delivery Science**



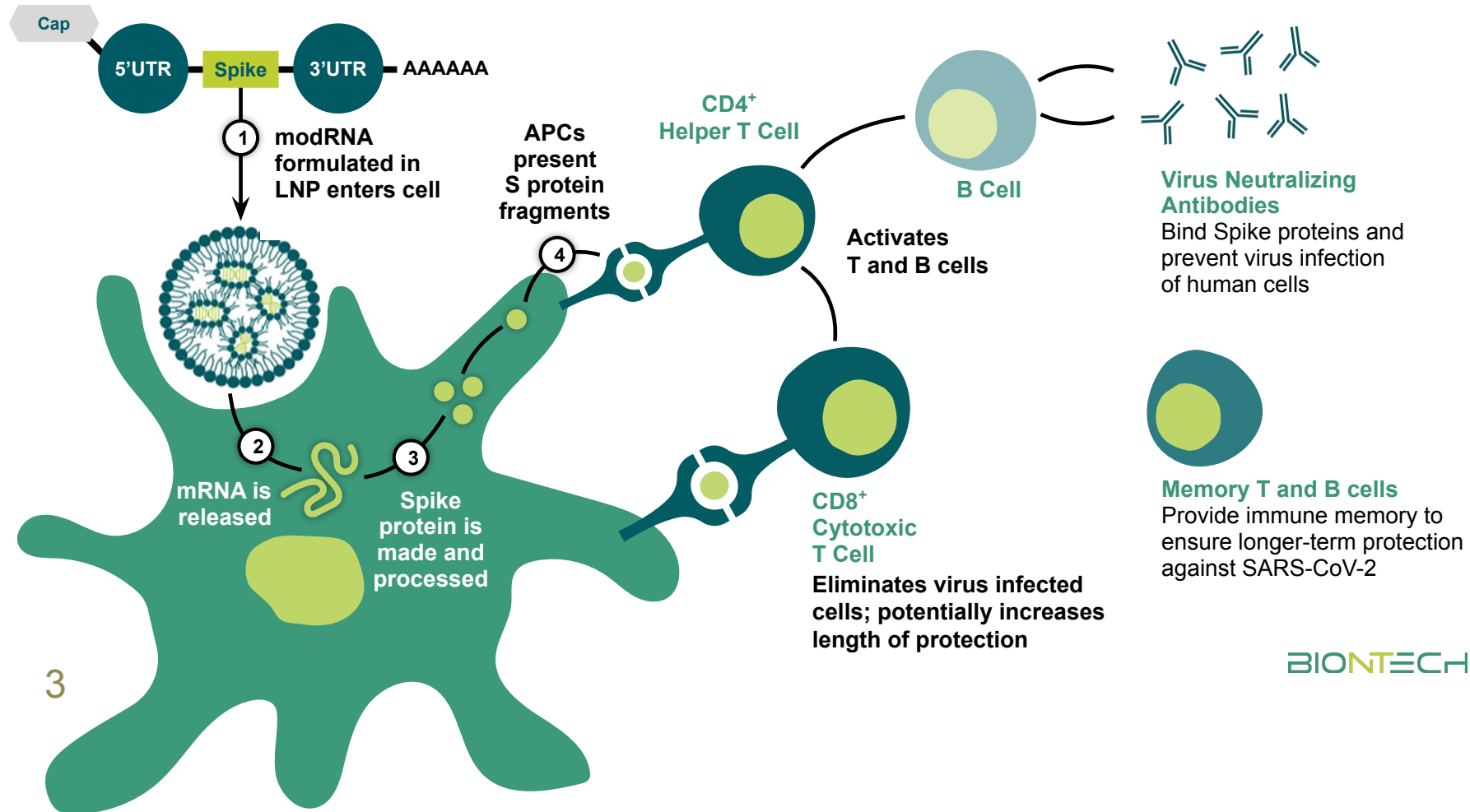


# Nanoscale Coherencies in RNA and Drug Delivery Vehicles

Heinrich Haas

*Vice President Formulation & Drug Delivery*

# How mRNA vaccines work – training the immune system for a real infection



BIONTECH

# RNA Therapeutics at BioNTech



## Antisense RNA:

Pharmacologically optimized protein-coding RNA for targeted *in* vivo delivery

BioNTech is applying its therapeutic platforms to different medical indication fields

### • Cancer Immunotherapies

- FixVAC
- RNA WAREHOUSE
- IVAC® MUTANOME
- RiboMABs

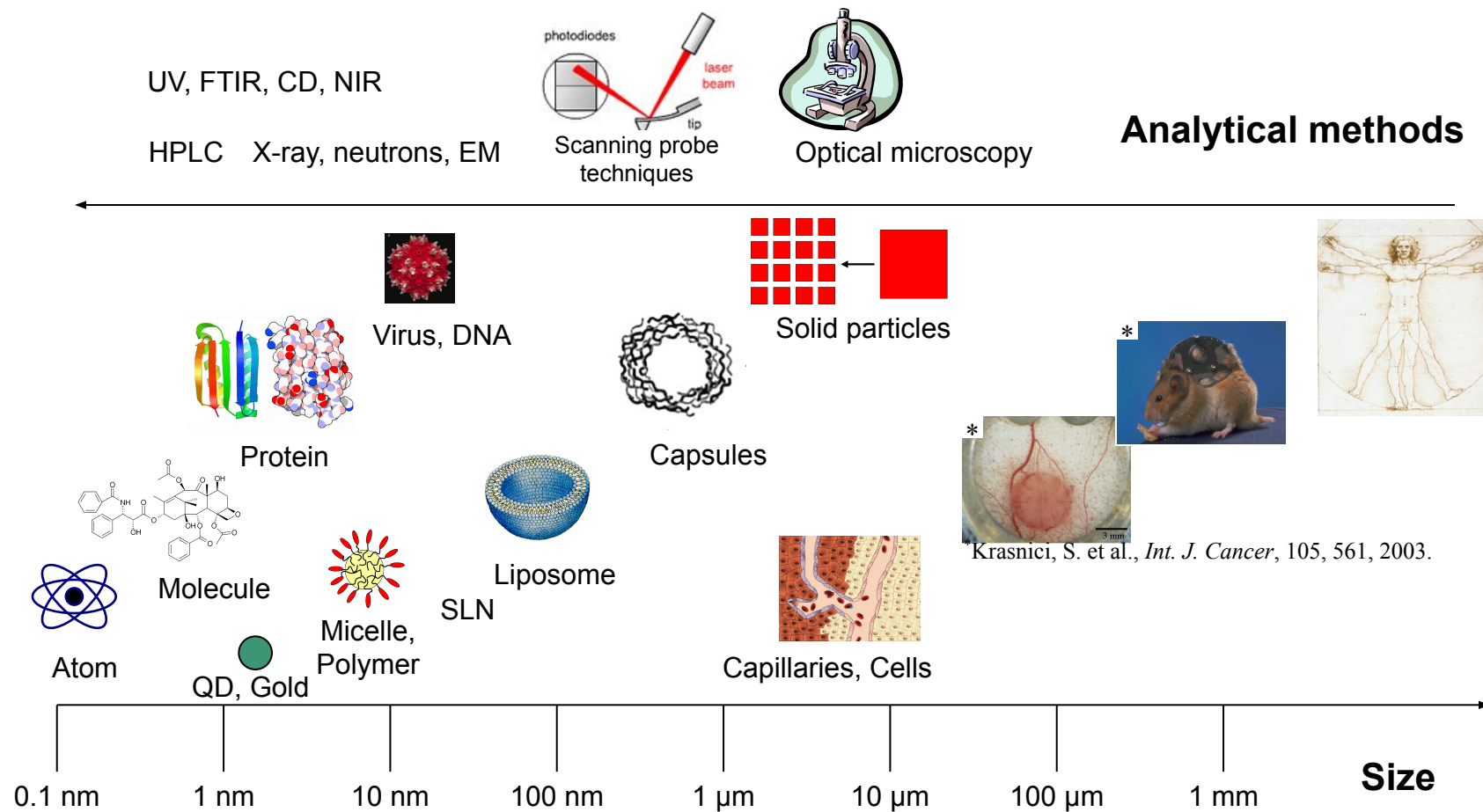
### • Infectious Diseases

- Nucleoside modified RNA
- Self amplifying RNA
- RiboMABs
- Broadly neutralizing Abs

### • Other Indications

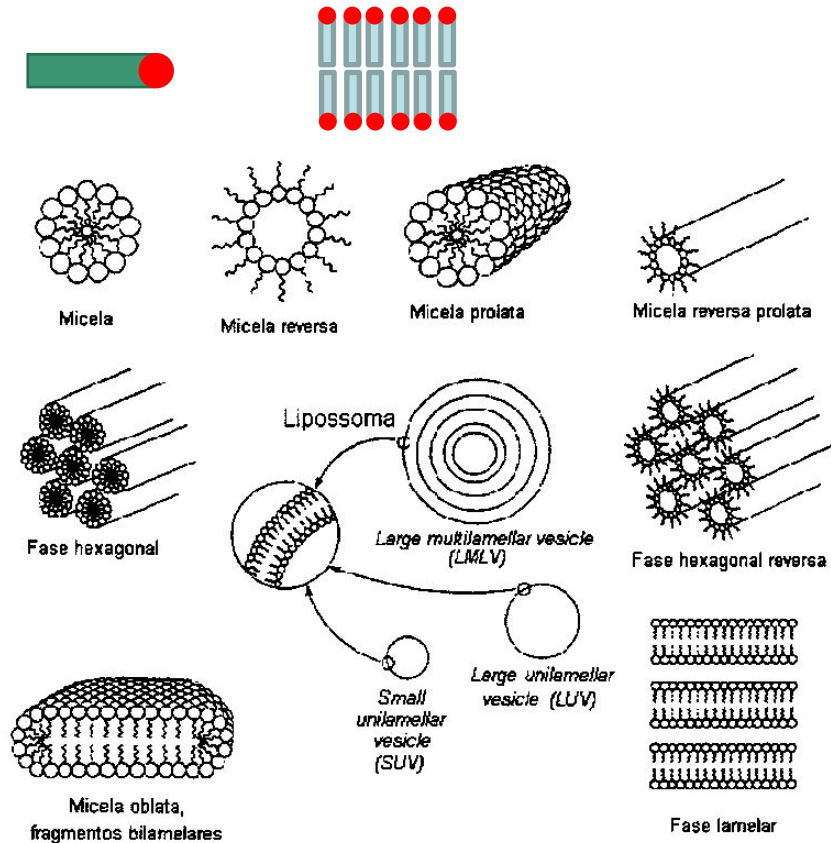
- Protein replacement
- Antibodies
- Other

# What are Nanoparticulate Agents?

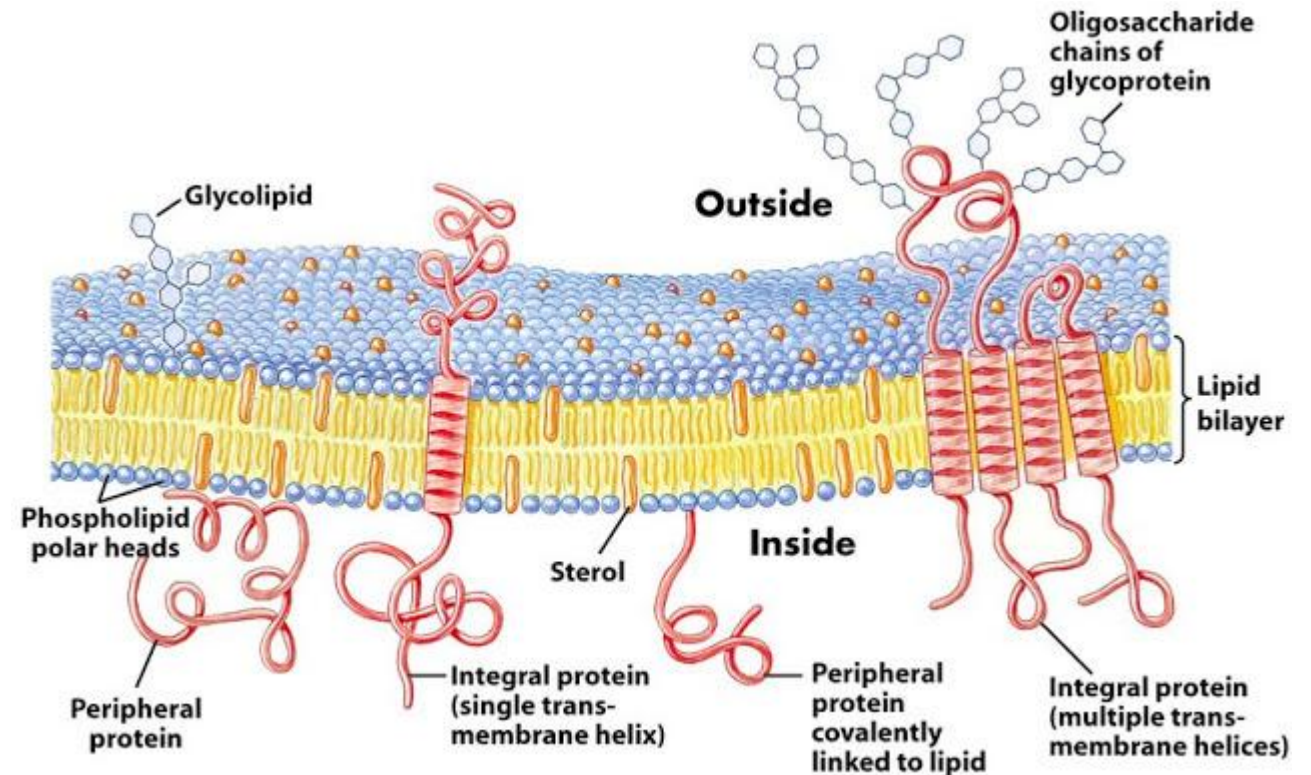




# Liposomes and Lipid Membranes



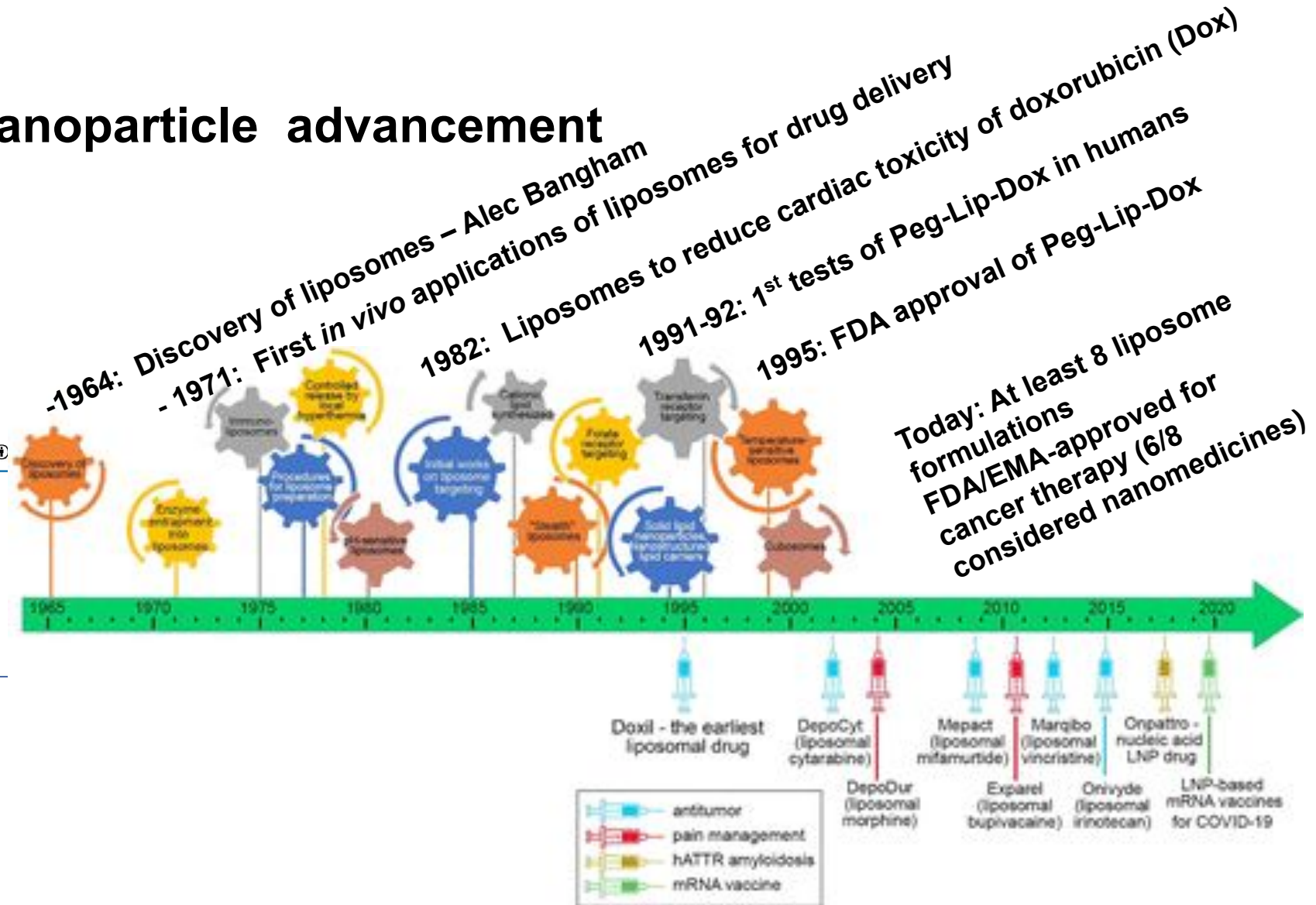
## Fluid-mosaic model of cell membrane



Singer, Garth L. Nicolson: *The Fluid Mosaic Model of the Structure of Cell Membranes*.  
In: *Science*. Vol. 175, Nr. 4023, 1972, S. 720–731

## Similarities between liposome and cell membrane structure

# Timeline of liposome / nanoparticle advancement



Liposomes are one leading technology behind developments in the field of Nanomedicines



# Timeline of liposome / nanoparticle advancement



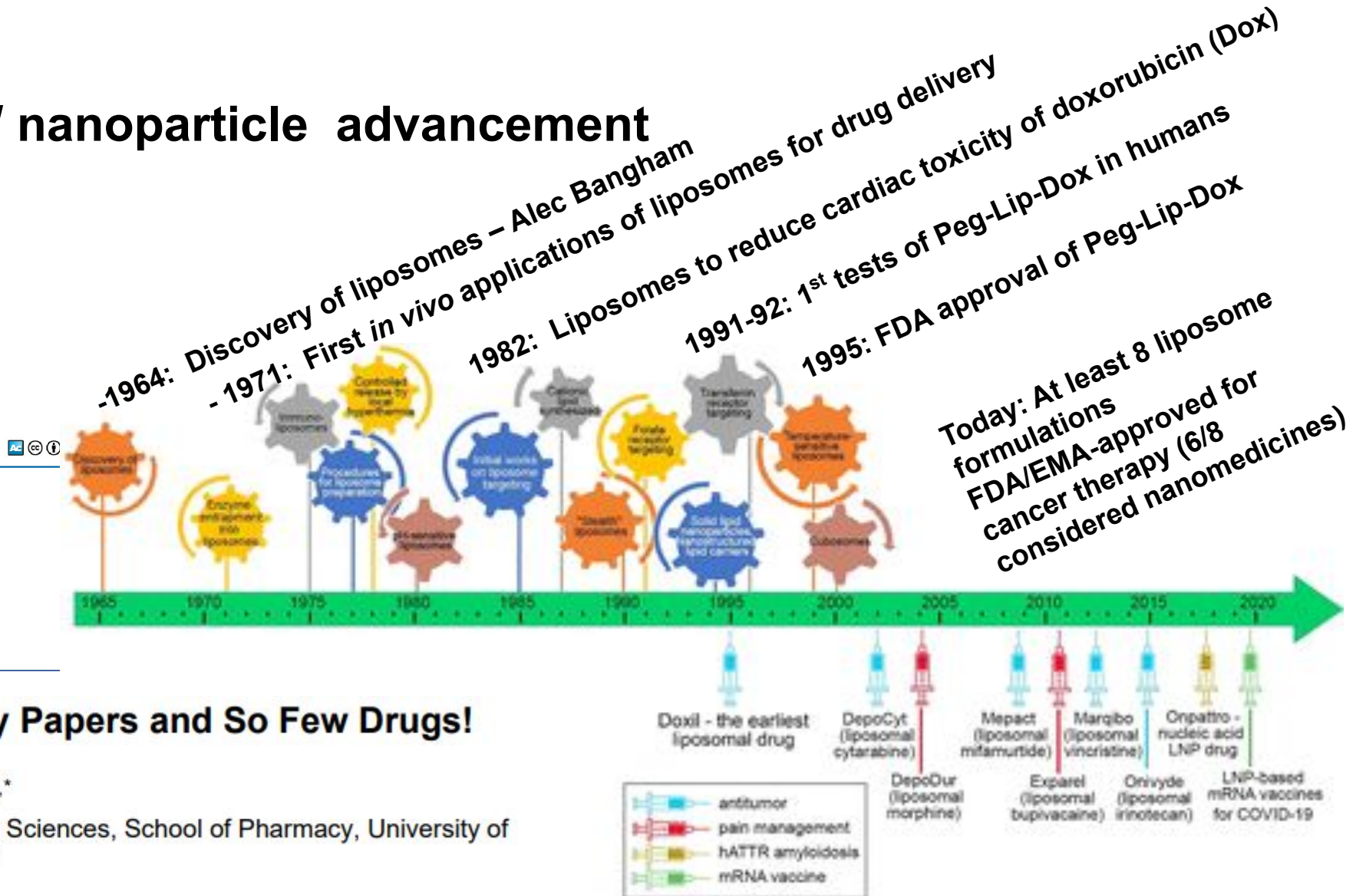
www.acsnano.org

## Lipid Nanoparticles—From Liposomes to mRNA Vaccine Delivery, a Landscape of Research Diversity and Advancement

Rumiana Tenchov, Robert Bird, Allison E. Curtze, and Qiongqiong Zhou\*

Cite This: *ACS Nano* 2021, 15, 16982–17015

Read Online



## Cancer Nanomedicines: So Many Papers and So Few Drugs!

Vincent J. Venditto<sup>1</sup> and Francis C. Szoka Jr.<sup>1,\*</sup>

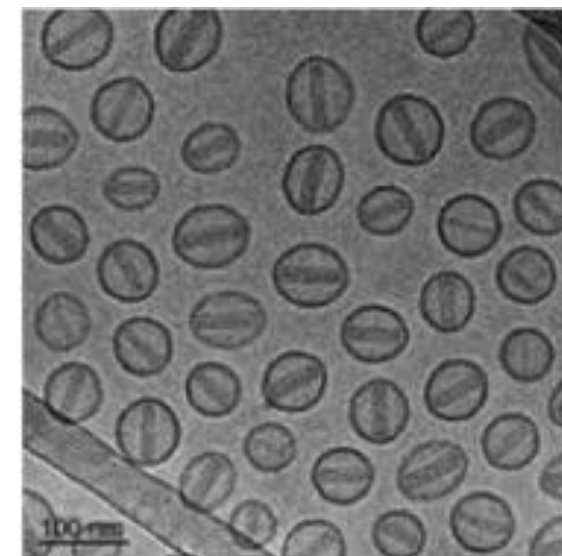
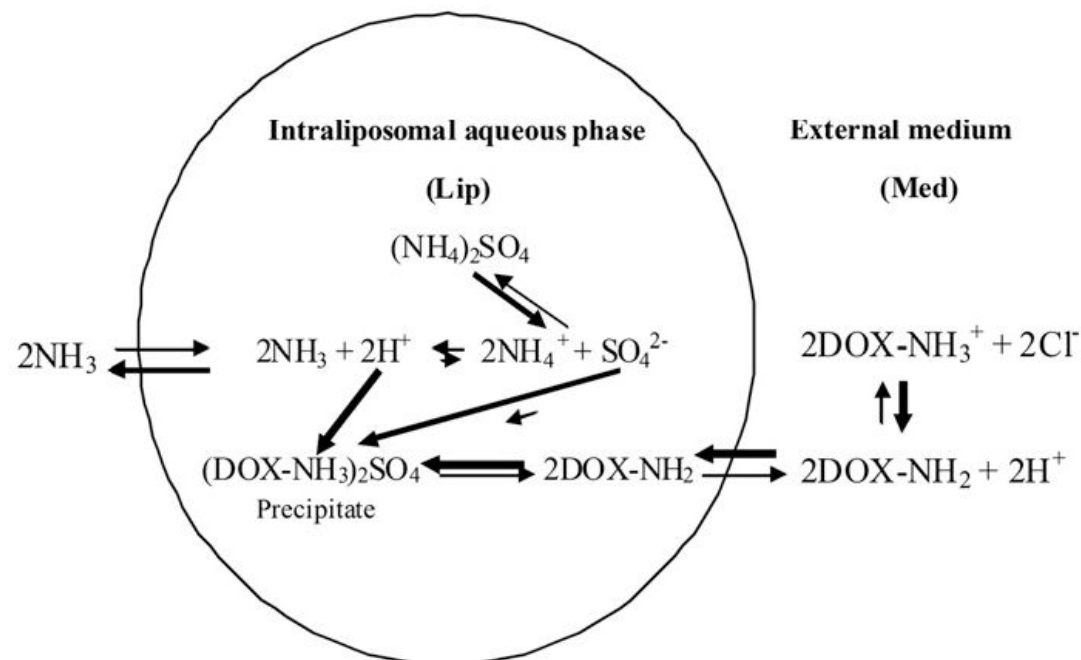
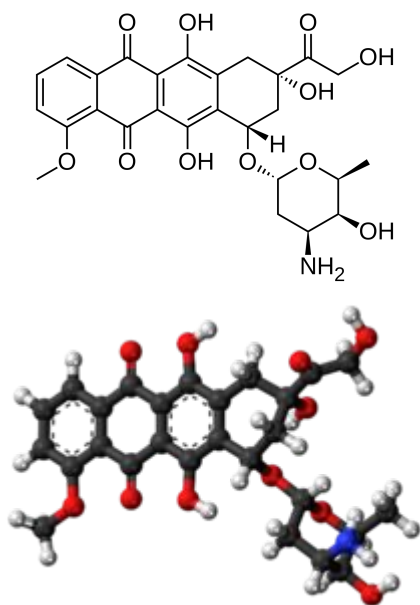
<sup>1</sup>Departments of Bioengineering and Therapeutic Sciences, School of Pharmacy, University of California, San Francisco, California 94143-0912

Liposomes are one leading technology behind developments in the field of Nanomedicines



# Doxil

## Remote loading of water-soluble doxorubicin into liposomes by pH gradient



<https://www.semanticscholar.org/paper/Doxil%C2%AE--the-first-FDA-approved-nano-drug%3A-lessons-Barenholz/3ce7c0a98376475fd26396b369ef6d64ce133b8b/figure/1>

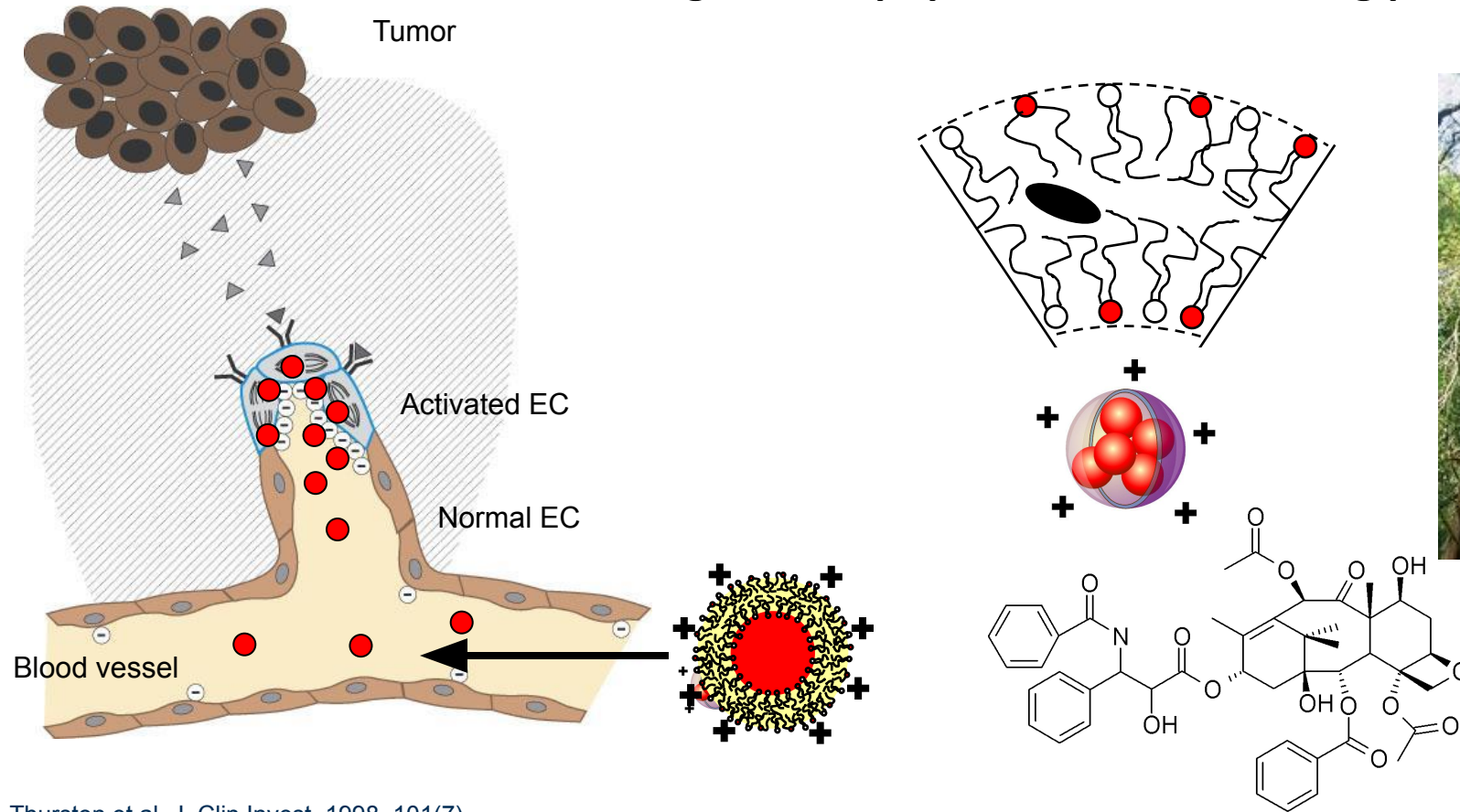
[https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Doxil\\_Cryo-TEM.jpg](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Doxil_Cryo-TEM.jpg)

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Doxorubicin>

**The first FDA-approved nano-drug comprising the anti-cancer agent doxorubicin**

# EndoTAG

## Loading of the lipophilic anti-cancer drug paclitaxel to the lipid membrane

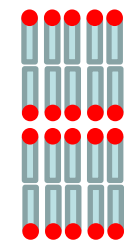


\*G. Thurston et al, J. Clin Invest. 1998, 101(7), 1401-1413

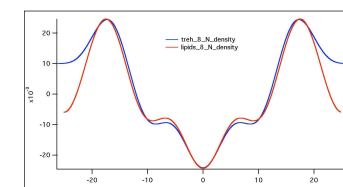
**Cationic liposomes for vascular delivery of anti-cancer drug**

# SAXS/WAXS to investigate lipid-based delivery systems

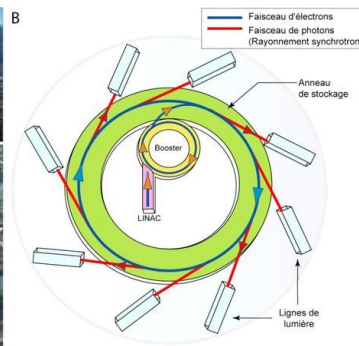
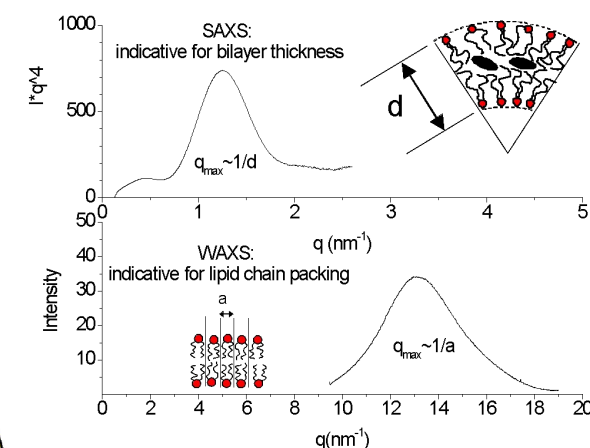
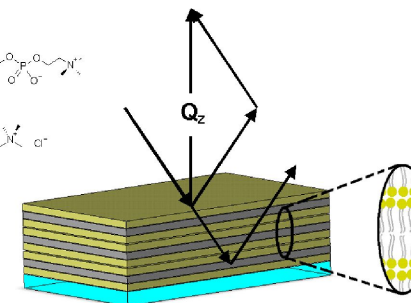
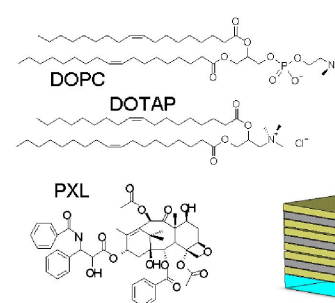
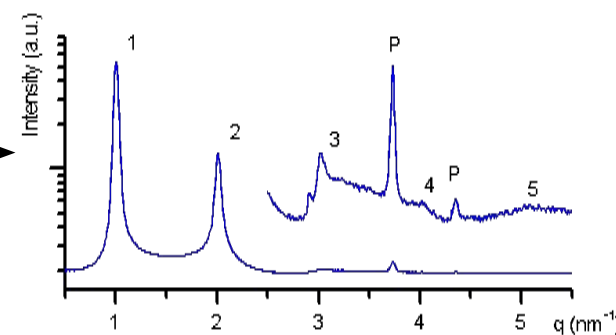
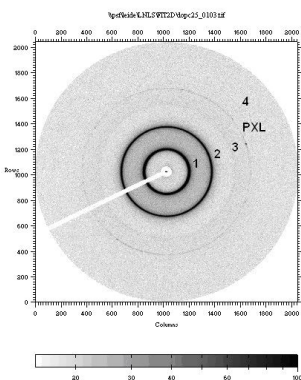
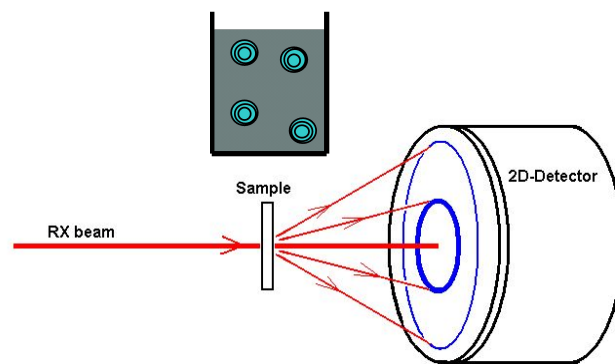
- Small angle X-ray scattering (SAXS) enables determination of subtle structural changes in liposome preparation in situ
- In multilamellar liposome preparations changes of Bragg peak positions (d-spacing) can be accurately determined



d spacing, lamellarity



Membrane density profile

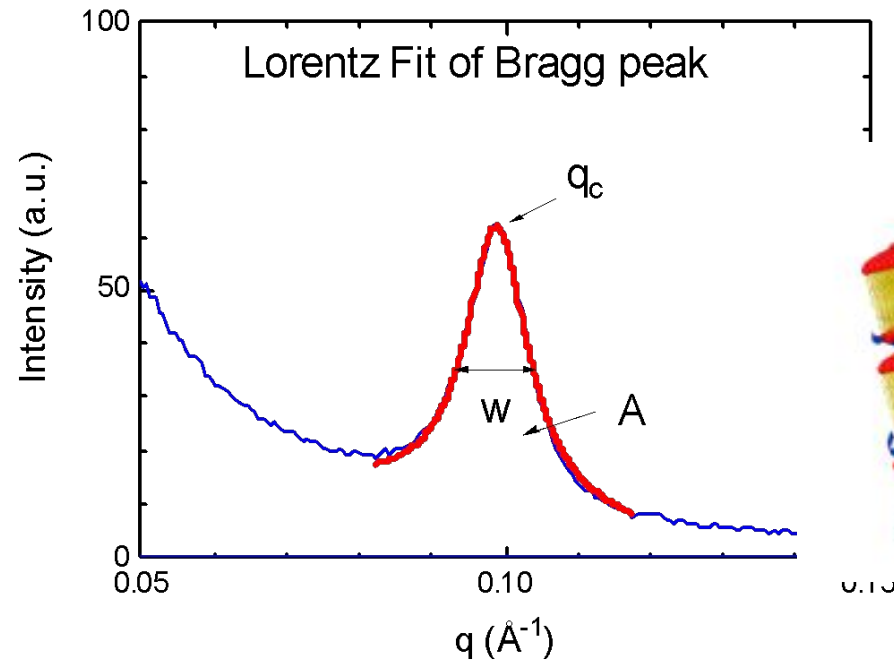


ESRF, DESY,...

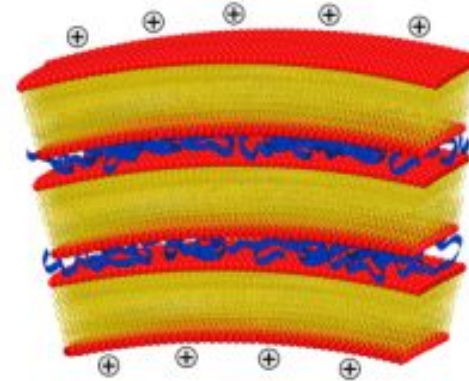
Cavalcanti et al., X-ray diffraction from paclitaxel-loaded zwitterionic and cationic model membranes, Chemistry and Physics of Lipids, 2008

# Peak Analysis

## Lorentz fitting of Bragg peaks



$$y = y_0 + \frac{2 * A}{\pi} * \left( \frac{w}{(4 * (q - q_c)^2 + w^2)} \right)$$



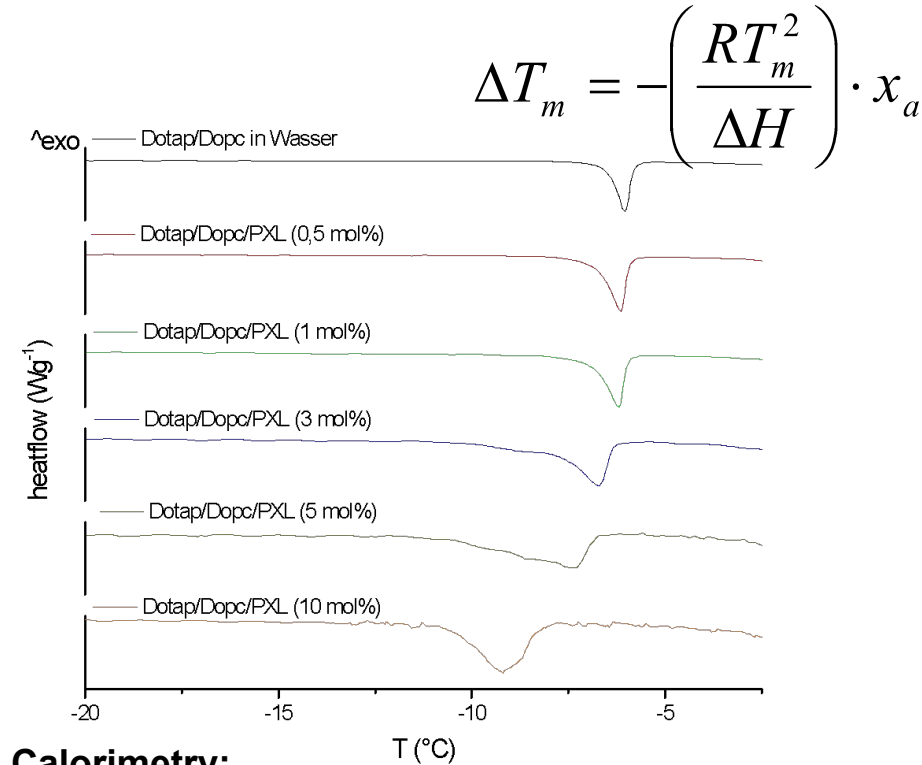
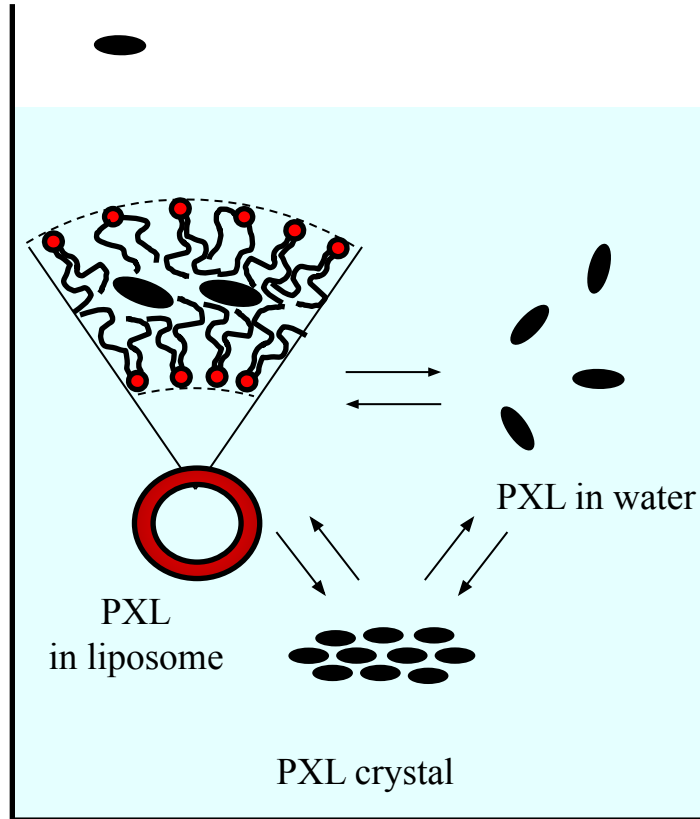
$$d = \frac{2\pi}{q_c}$$
$$\xi_L = \frac{2}{w}$$

Information obtained on:

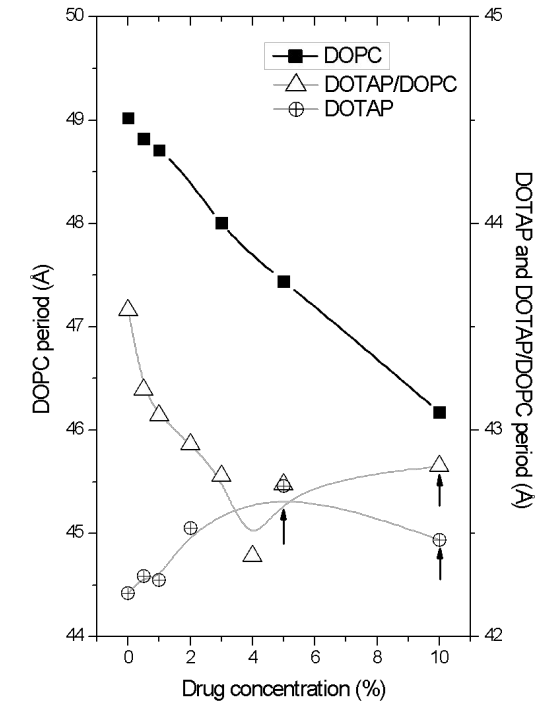
- repeat distance
- size of ordered stacks
- Amount of ordered material



# Partitioning of Paclitaxel to Liposome Membrane



**Calorimetry:**  
Change of phase transition temperature

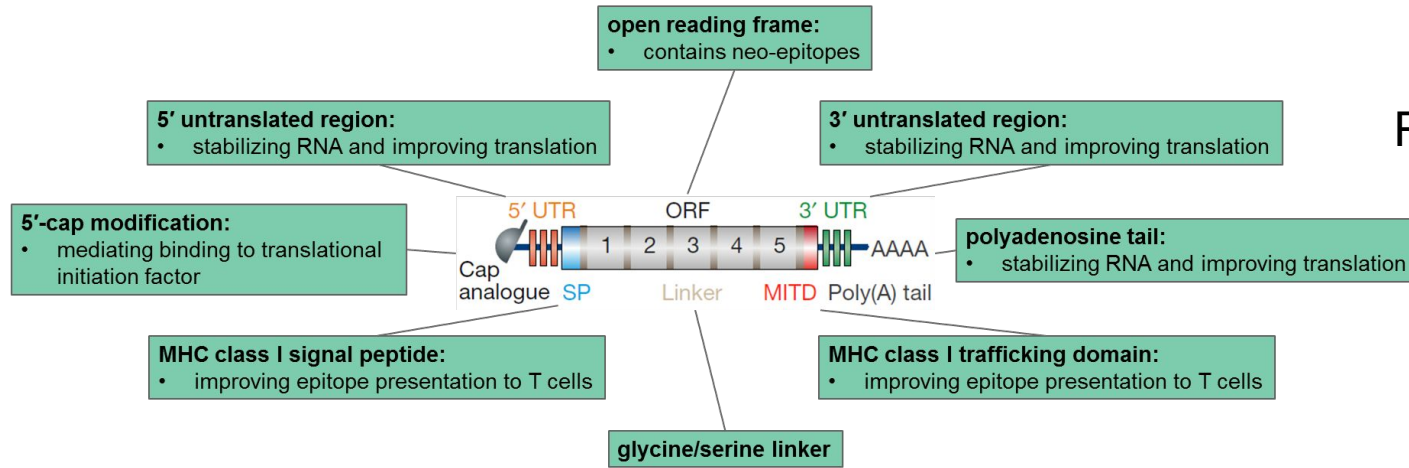


**X-ray scattering from model membranes:**  
Change of d-spacing

Cavalcanti et al., X-ray diffraction from paclitaxel-loaded zwitterionic and cationic model membranes, Chemistry and Physics of Lipids, 2008

**Optimized loading to bilayer membrane determined by physicochemical methods**

# RNA as Therapeutic Molecule, RNA Biochemist's and Biophysicist's View

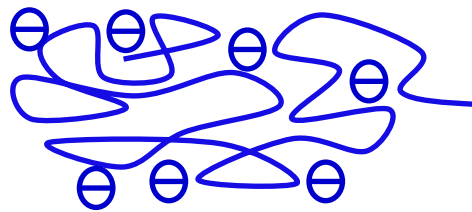


RNA formats:

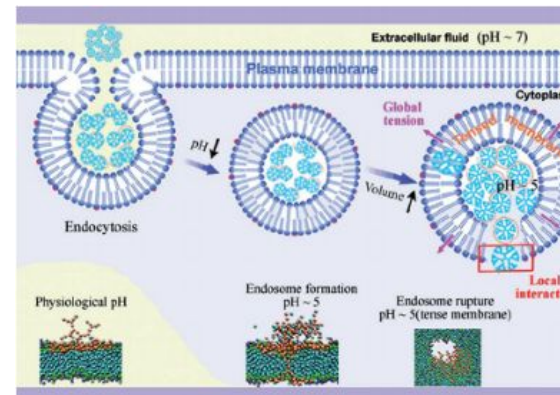
- mRNA
- **modRNA**
- saRNA
- ....



Kuhn et al., *Gene Therapy* 2010, 17, 961.

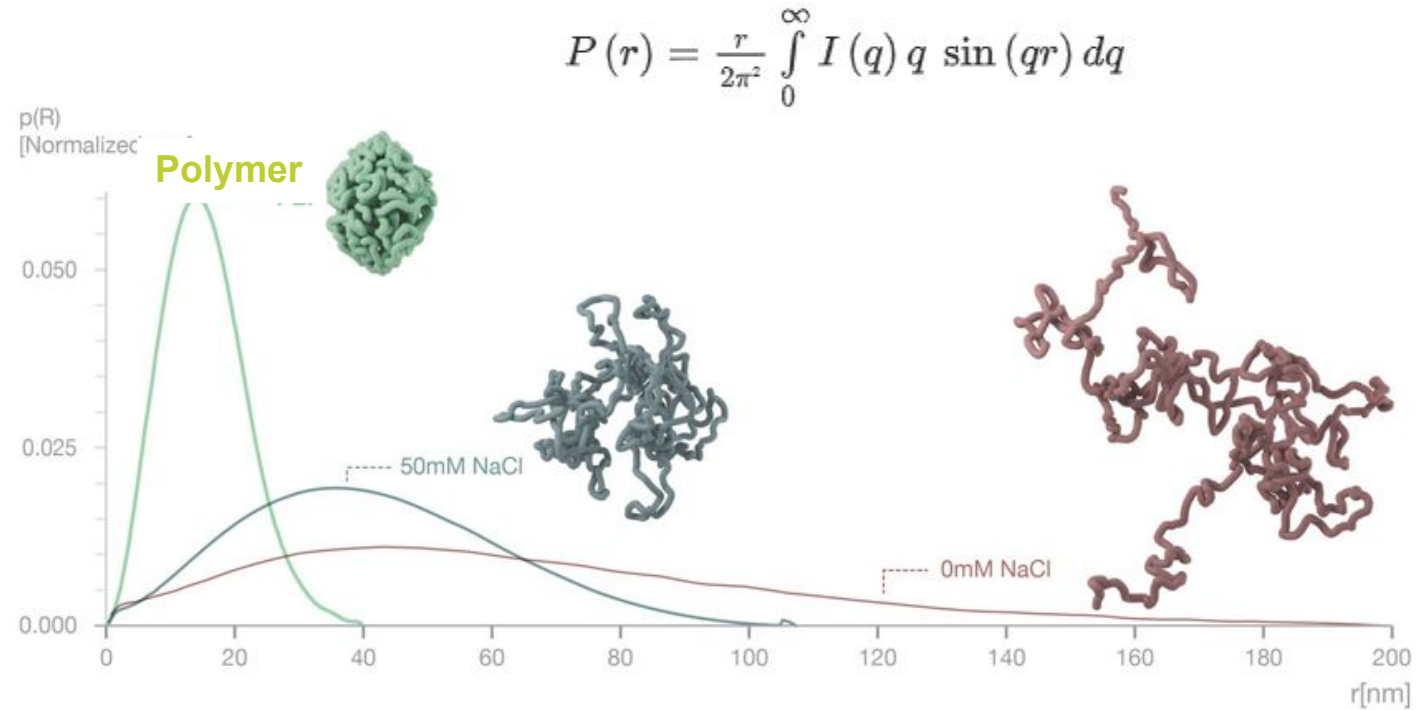
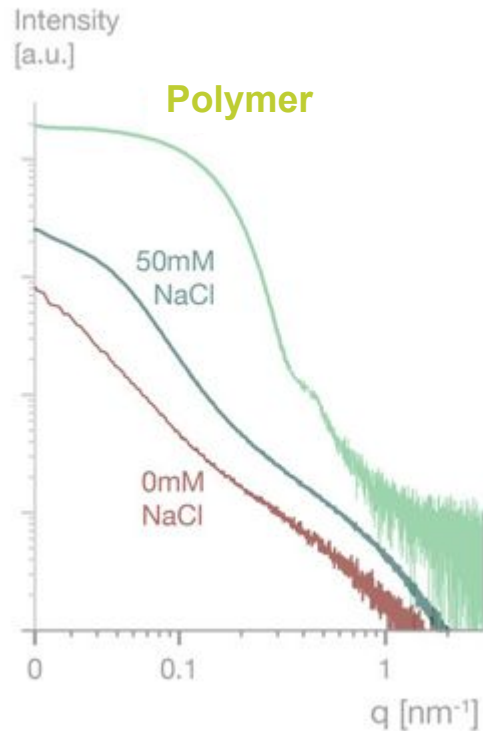


Biopolymer  
Linear polyelectrolyte



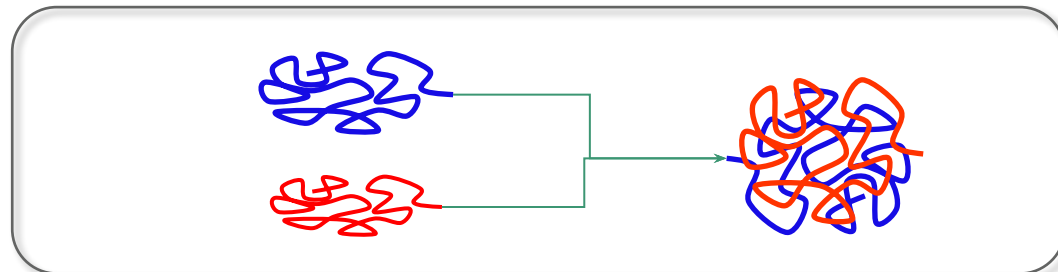
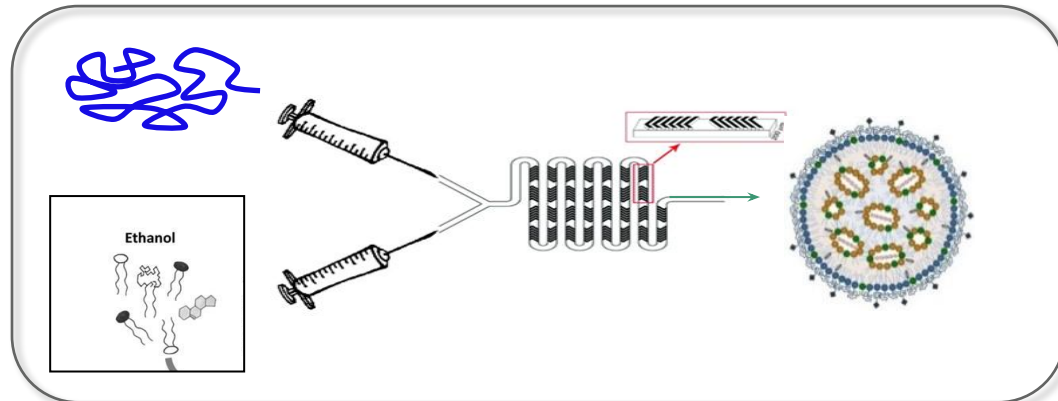
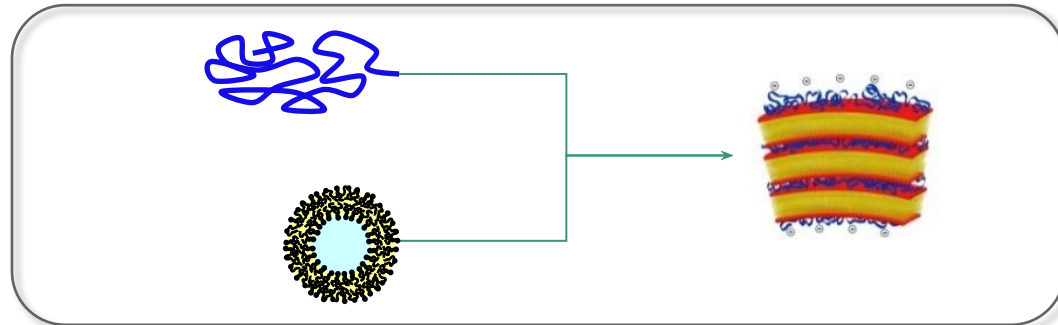
# Organization of RNA together with Ions and Polymers

## Comparison of different formulation approaches



No internal repeat order, compaction by ions and polymers

# Key Assembly Protocols



## Lipoplex Nanoparticles (LPX)

- formed from liposomes and RNA in aqueous buffers

Kranz *et al.*, Systemic RNA delivery to dendritic cells exploits antiviral defence for cancer immunotherapy. *Nature* **2016**, 534  
Grabbe, *et al.*, Translating nanoparticulate-personalized cancer vaccines into clinical applications: case study with RNA-lipoplexes for the treatment of melanoma. *Nanomedicine* **2016**, 11, 2723

## Lipid Nanoparticles (LNPs)

- formed from lipids in ethanol and RNA in aqueous buffer

Nogueira *et al.*, Polysarcosine-Functionalized Lipid Nanoparticles for Therapeutic mRNA Delivery, *ACS Appl. Nano Mater.* 10.1021/acsanm.0c01834

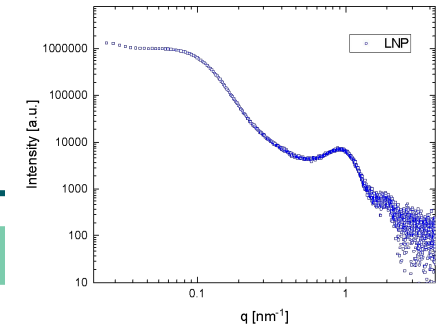
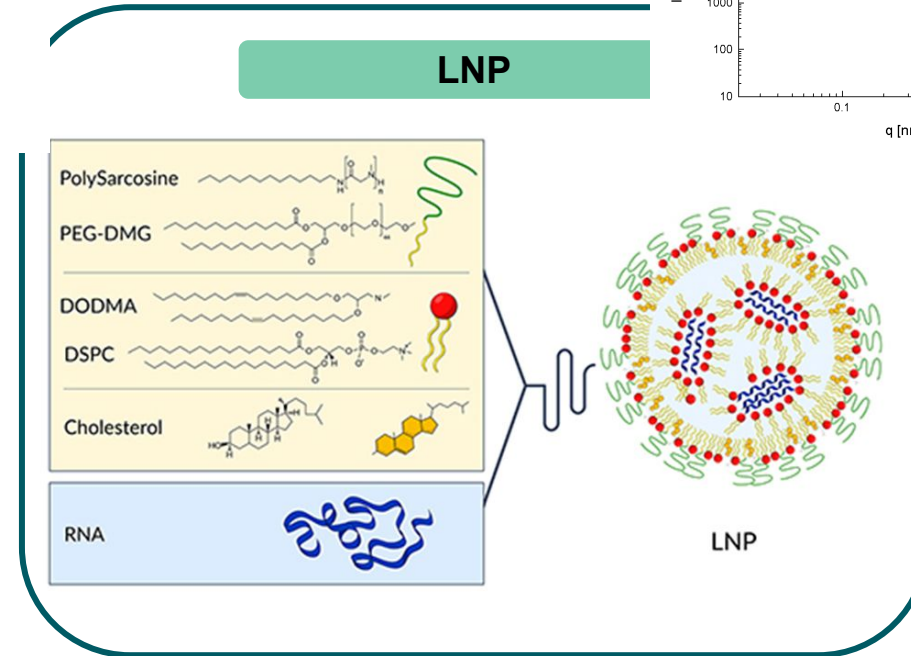
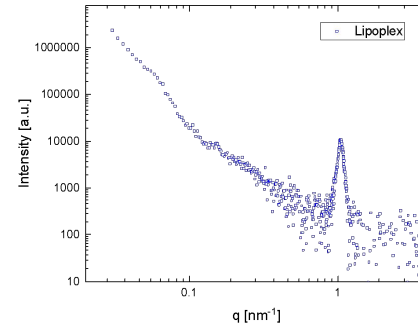
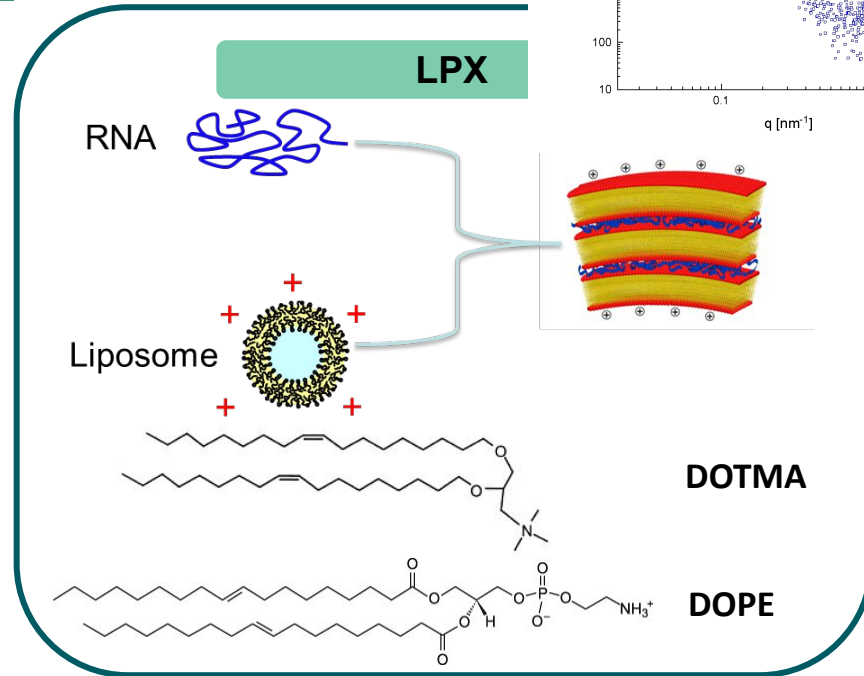
## Polyplex Nanoparticles (PLX)

- formed from polymers in and RNA in aqueous buffers

Vogel, *et al.*, Self-Amplifying RNA Vaccines Give Equivalent Protection against Influenza to mRNA Vaccines but at Much Lower Doses. *Mol Ther.* 2018 Feb 7;26(2):446-455  
Siewert *et al.*, Investigation of charge ratio variation in mRNA - DEAE-dextran polyplex delivery systems. *Biomaterials.* 2019 Feb;192:612-620  
Aldon *et al.*, Immunogenicity of Stabilized HIV-1 Env Trimers Delivered by Self-Amplifying mRNA, *Molecular Therapy Nucleic Acids*, 2021, DOI:<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.omtn.2021.06.008>



# Lipoplexes and LNPs



- **Lipids (liposomes) or polymer in water with RNA in water**

Kranz *et al.*, Systemic RNA delivery to dendritic cells exploits antiviral defence for cancer immunotherapy. *Nature* **2016**, 534

Grabbe, et al., Translating nanoparticulate-personalized cancer vaccines into clinical applications: case study with RNA-lipoplexes for the treatment of melanoma. *Nanomedicine* **2016**, 11, 2723

Rosigkeit et al., Monitoring Translation Activity of mRNA-Loaded Nanoparticles in Mice, *Mol. Pharmaceutics* 2018, 15, 9, 3909

- **Lipids in ethanol with RNA in water**

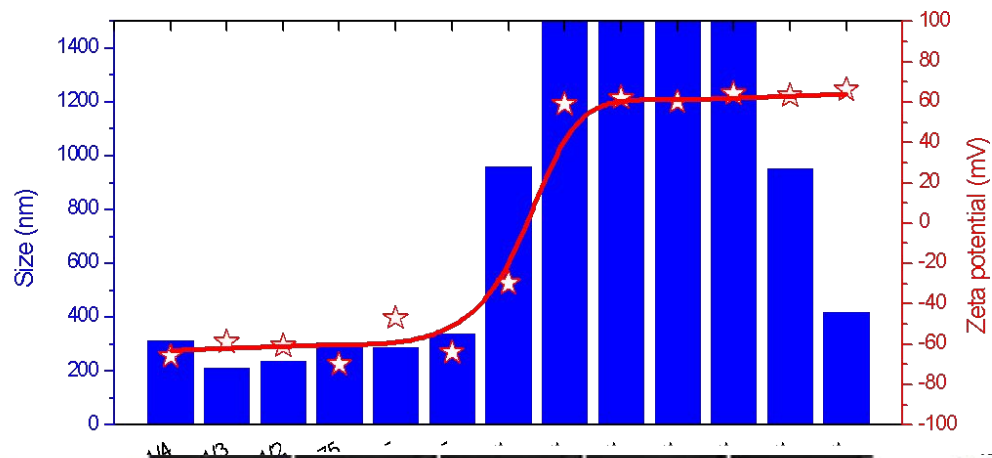
Nogueira et al., Polysarcosine-Functionalized Lipid Nanoparticles for Therapeutic mRNA Delivery, *ACS Appl. Nano Mater.*, 10.1021/acsanm.0c01834

**LNPs and LPX are both representations of lipid-based RNA nanoparticles**

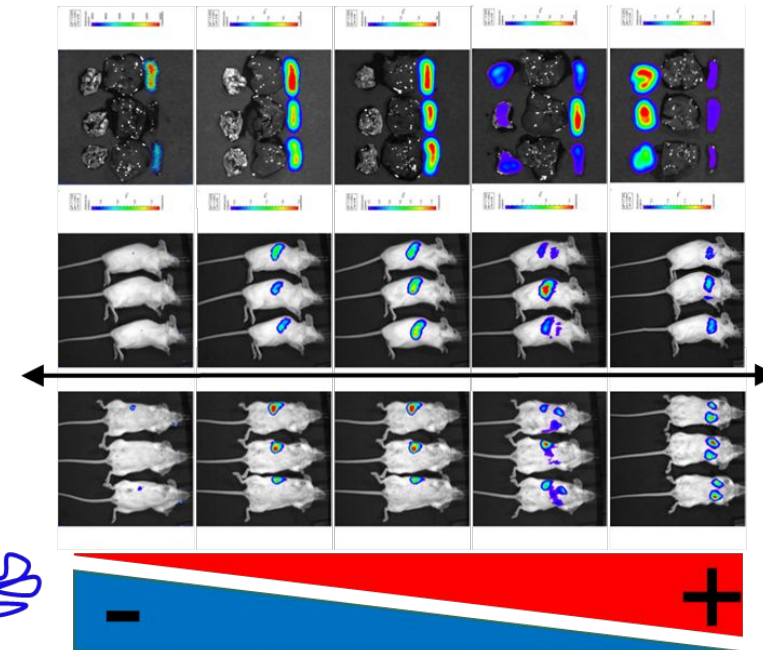
# Lipid N/P Variation

## Variation of RNA/lipid charge ratio

Size and zeta potential for RNA lipoplexes at different +/- ratios

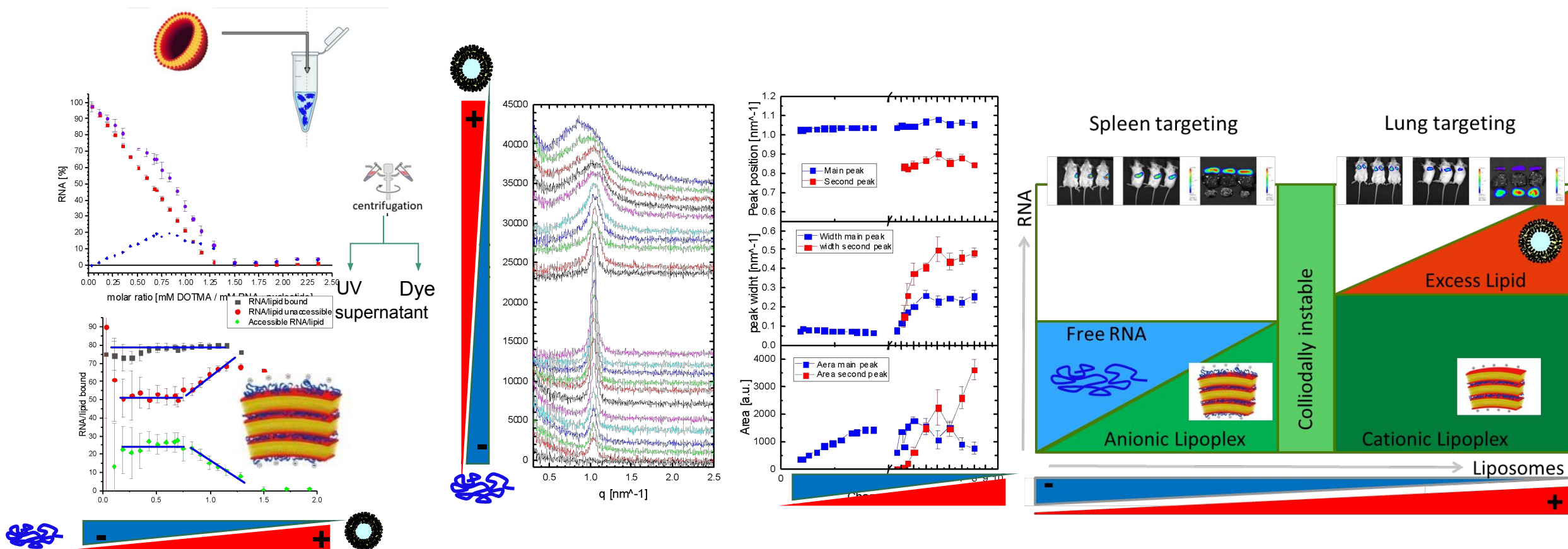


In vivo luciferase expression



Charge ratio drives targeting selectivity

# Advanced Characterization of Lipoplex Nanoparticle Formulations

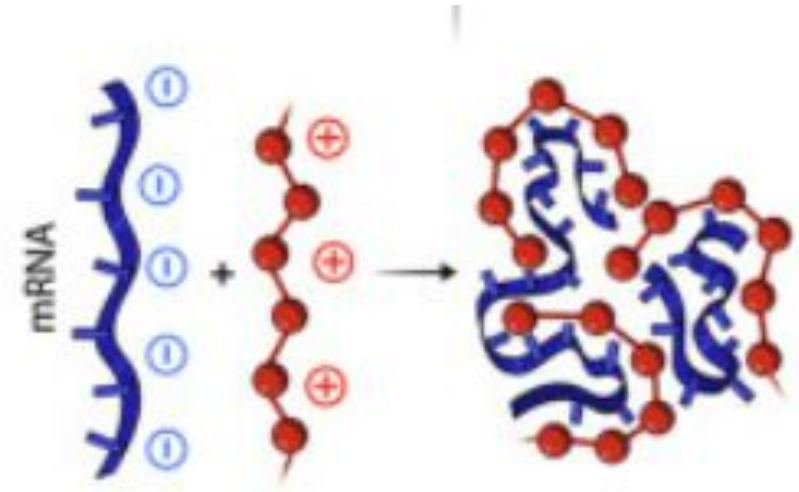
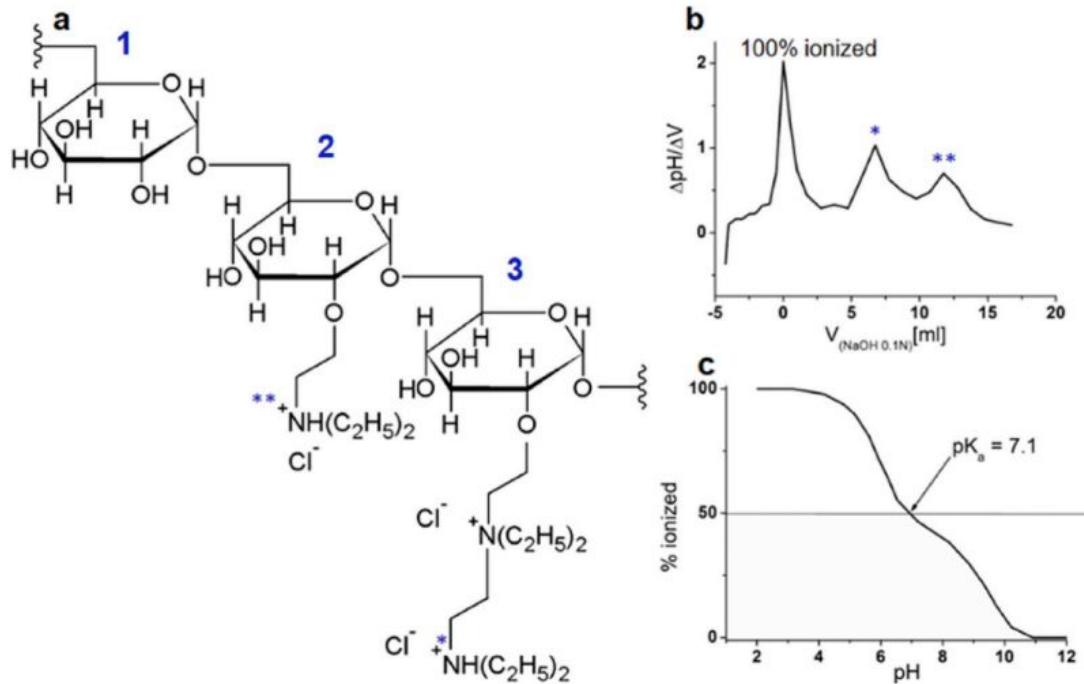


Understanding structural coherencies helps to define CQAs for a given product



# Polymer N/P Variation

## Charge ratio variation with DEAE Dextran as Model Polymer



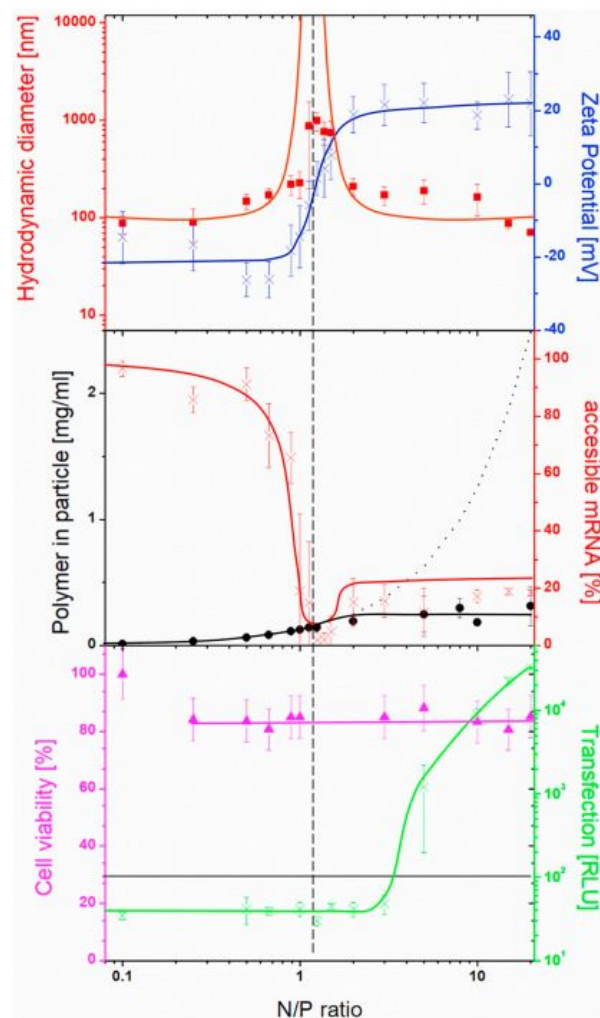
Investigation of charge ratio variation in mRNA–DEAE-dextran polyplex delivery systems  
C Siewert, H Haas, T Nawroth, A Ziller, SS Nogueira, MA Schroer,  
**Biomaterials 192, 612-620**

**RNA Polyplex nanoparticles formed with DEAE dextran**

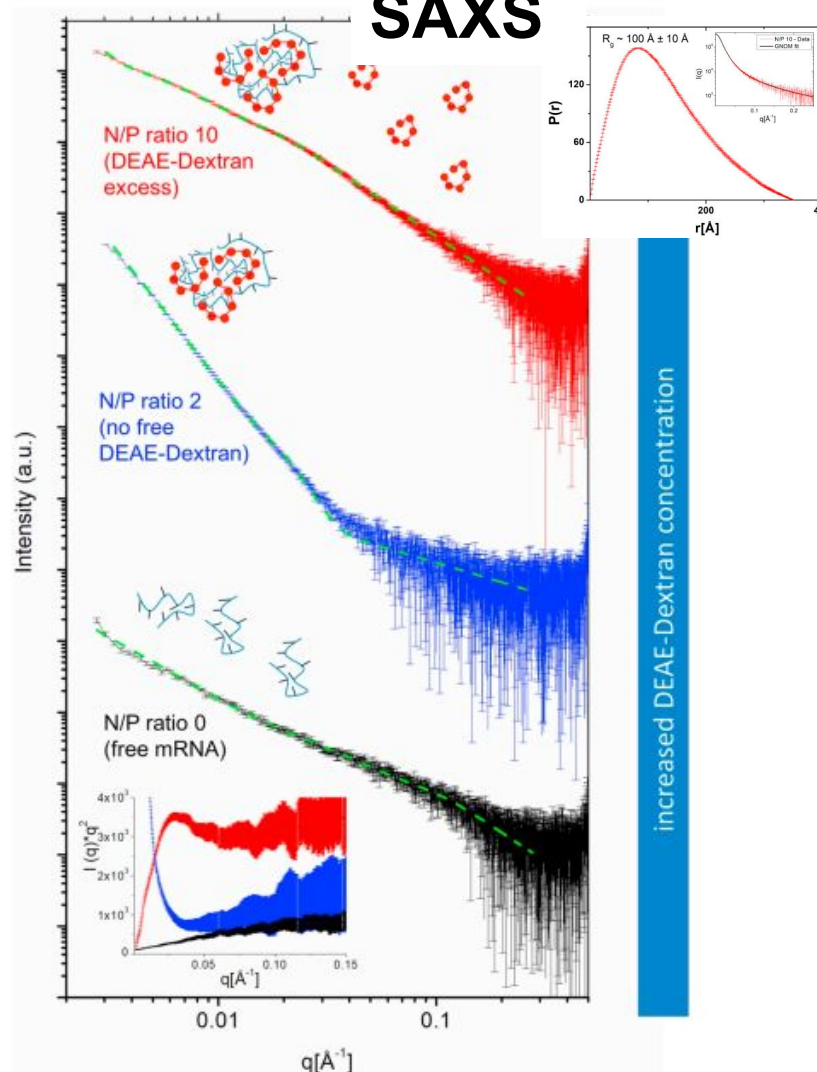
# Molecular Organization and Activity for DEAE Dextran Polyplex NPs

SAXS

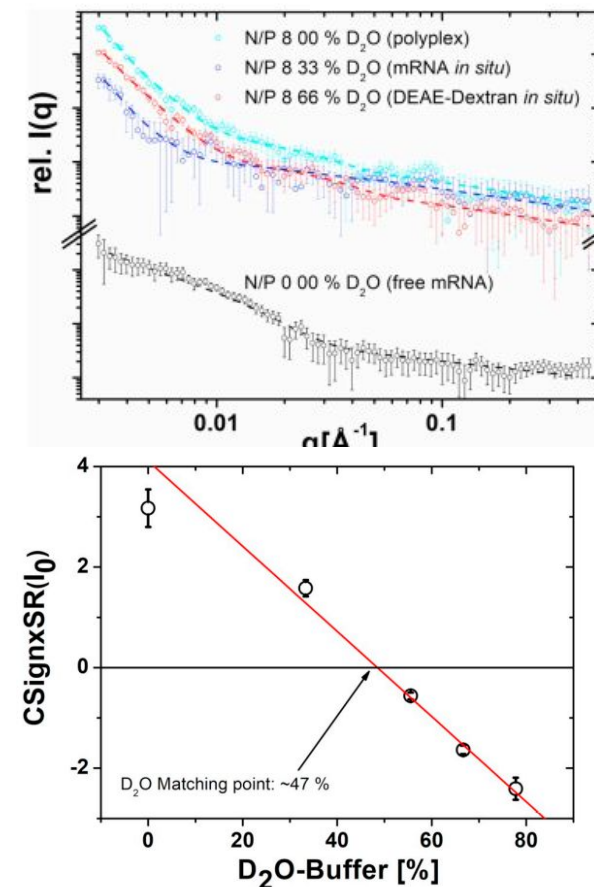
SANS



Activity only at N/P > 1



Globular Particles (N/P 10)



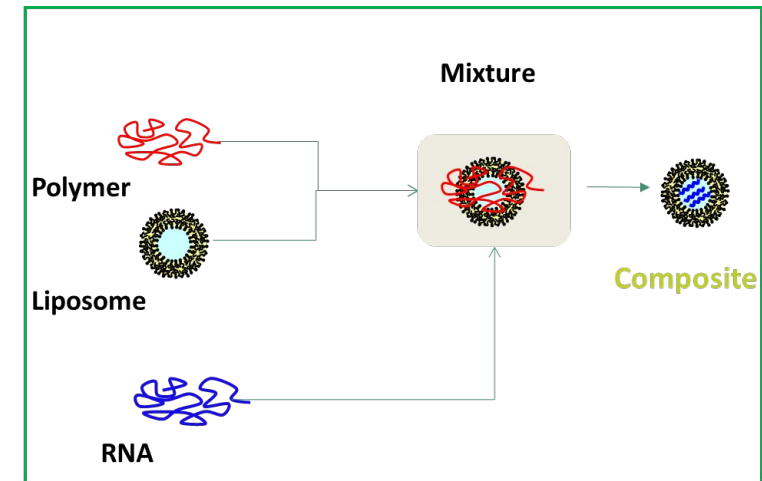
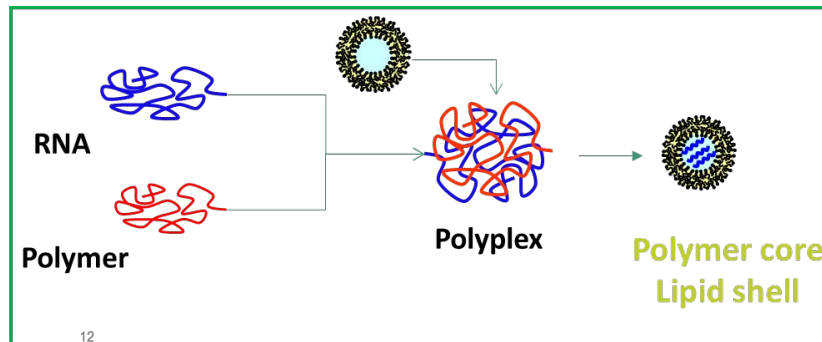
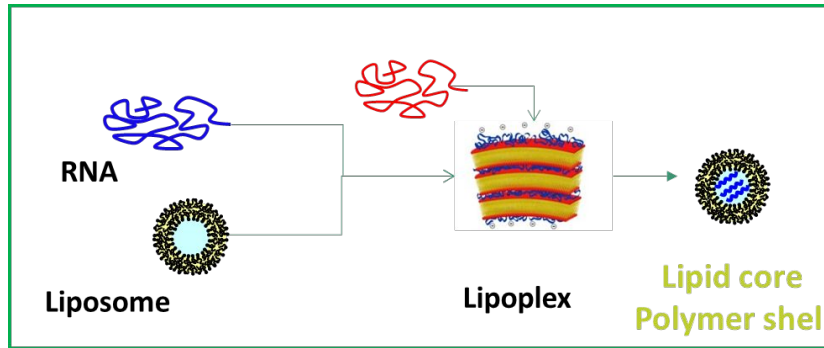
Matching point reveals particle N/P ~1  
Coexistence with free dextrane?

# Lipid/Polymer Hybrid Nanoparticles



# Hybrid Polymer-Lipid Nanoparticles

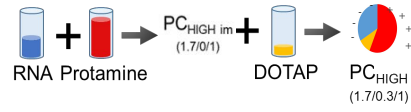
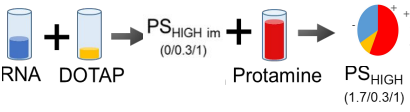
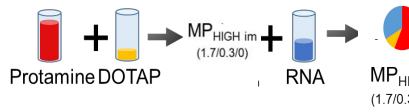
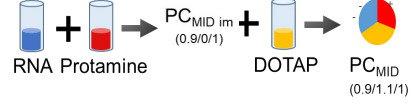
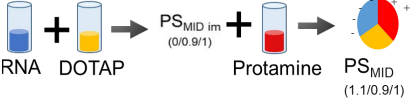
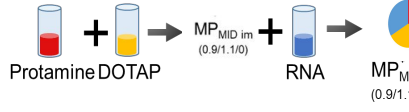
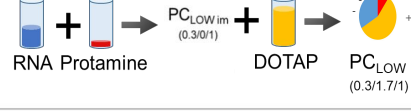
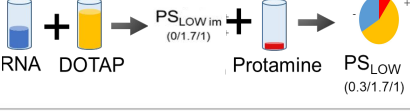
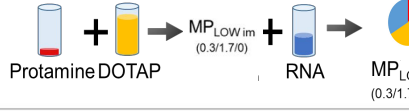
## Comparison of different formulation approaches



Complex internal structure to be obtained by hybrid and core-shell assembly strategies

# Hybrid Polymer-Lipid Nanoparticles

## Test of core-shell approaches for assembly of protamine and DOTAP nanoparticles

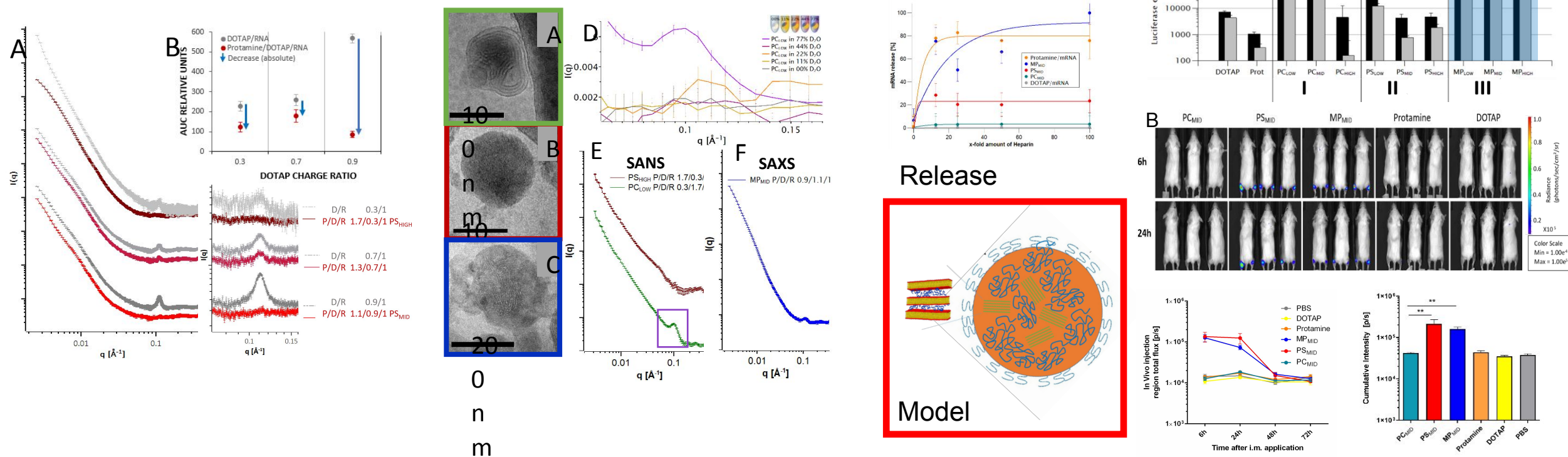
'Protamine Core'	'Protamine Shell'	'Mixed'
Protamine/RNA core	DOTAP/RNA core	Self assembly before mRNA addition
 RNA Protamine $\rightarrow$ $PC_{HIGH}^{im}$ (1.7/0.3/1) + DOTAP $\rightarrow$ $PC_{HIGH}$ (1.7/0.3/1)	 RNA DOTAP $\rightarrow$ $PS_{HIGH}^{im}$ (0/0.3/1) + Protamine $\rightarrow$ $PS_{HIGH}$ (1.7/0.3/1)	 Protamine DOTAP + RNA $\rightarrow$ $MP_{HIGH}^{im}$ (1.7/0.3/0) $\rightarrow$ $MP_{HIGH}$ (1.7/0.3/1)
 RNA Protamine $\rightarrow$ $PC_{MID}^{im}$ (0.9/0/1) + DOTAP $\rightarrow$ $PC_{MID}$ (0.9/1.1/1)	 RNA DOTAP $\rightarrow$ $PS_{MID}^{im}$ (0/0.9/1) + Protamine $\rightarrow$ $PS_{MID}$ (1.1/0.9/1)	 Protamine DOTAP + RNA $\rightarrow$ $MP_{MID}^{im}$ (0.9/1.1/0) $\rightarrow$ $MP_{MID}$ (0.9/1.1/1)
 RNA Protamine $\rightarrow$ $PC_{LOW}^{im}$ (0.3/0/1) + DOTAP $\rightarrow$ $PC_{LOW}$ (0.3/1.7/1)	 RNA DOTAP $\rightarrow$ $PS_{LOW}^{im}$ (0/1.7/1) + Protamine $\rightarrow$ $PS_{LOW}$ (0.3/1.7/1)	 Protamine DOTAP + RNA $\rightarrow$ $MP_{LOW}^{im}$ (0.3/1.7/0) $\rightarrow$ $MP_{LOW}$ (0.3/1.7/1)
Sequential assembly		Single-step assembly

- Packing inside particles can be sensitively adjusted
- Allows tailoring of structure upon delivery pathway

**Assembly of nanoparticles using different molar ratios and complexation sequence**

# Hybrid Polymer-Lipid Nanoparticles

## Core-shell approaches for assembly of protamine and DOTAP nanoparticles



- Coexistence or ordered and non-ordered structure correlated with improved activity

# Conclusions



- **Nanoparticle technologies** are an important for development of pharmaceutical drug and RNA delivery products
- Control of **particle architecture at different length scales** can be relevant for product activity/quality
- Thorough **understanding** of the systems by combination of orthogonal methods for **advanced characterization** is helpful for rational formulation design
- **Tailored formulations** for a given therapeutic intervention need to be provided
- To be applied for **next generation** nanoparticle and RNA **therapeutics**



# Acknowledgements

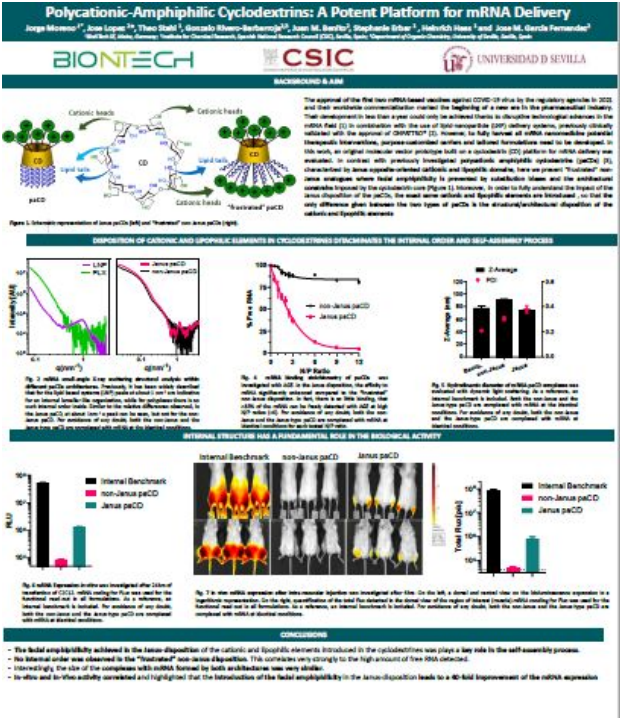
Formulation team  
Ugur Sahin

Peter Langguth  
Lukas Uebbing  
Christian Siewert  
Thomas Nawroth  
Antje Ziller

Matthias Barz  
Benjamin Weber  
  
Dan Peer  
Srinivas Ramhiseti

Martin Schroer  
Clement Blanchet  
Dmitri Svergun

More data on new formulations:  
**poster 286**  
**Jorge Moreno**



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