

Overcoming Biological Barriers using Stimuli Responsive Silica Nanoparticles

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The University of Queensland

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Advanced Delivery Science



Acknowledgements



Australian Government
National Health and
Medical Research Council

N H M R C



Research

TRI

partnering for better health

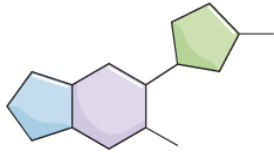


Australian
Microscopy & Microanalysis
Research Facility

Evolving Role of Controlled Drug Delivery Systems

a

Small molecules



Proteins and peptides



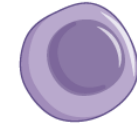
Antibodies



Nucleic acids



Live cells



Challenges

Controlling PKs
Improving solubility
Improving permeability
Target development
Reducing off-target toxicity

Controlling PKs
Improving stability
Non-invasive administration
Bypassing biological barriers
Reducing immunogenicity
Improving target selectivity

Controlling PKs
Improving stability
Non-invasive administration
Bypassing biological barriers
Reducing immunogenicity
Achieving high doses

Controlling PKs
Improving stability
Bypassing the target cell membrane
Accessing the cytosol or nucleus
Reducing immunogenicity
Preventing off-target gene editing

Controlling unpredictable PKs
In vivo persistence and viability
Reducing immunogenicity
Maintaining therapeutic cell phenotype
Targeting to disease location
Manufacturing and scale-up

Drug delivery systems



Microneedle patch



Intrauterine device



Polymer film



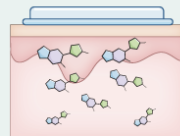
Microparticle depot



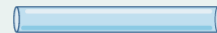
Antibody-drug conjugate



Injectable device



Transdermal patch



Controlled-release implant



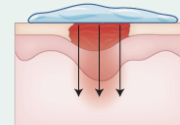
pH-responsive capsule



Multiparticulate system



Inhalable device



Wound dressing



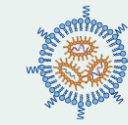
Coated microparticle



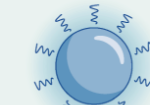
Microencapsulation



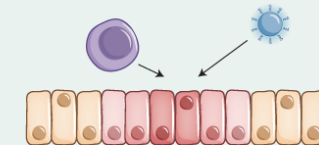
Drug-loaded contact lens



Lipid-based nanoparticle



Nanoparticle



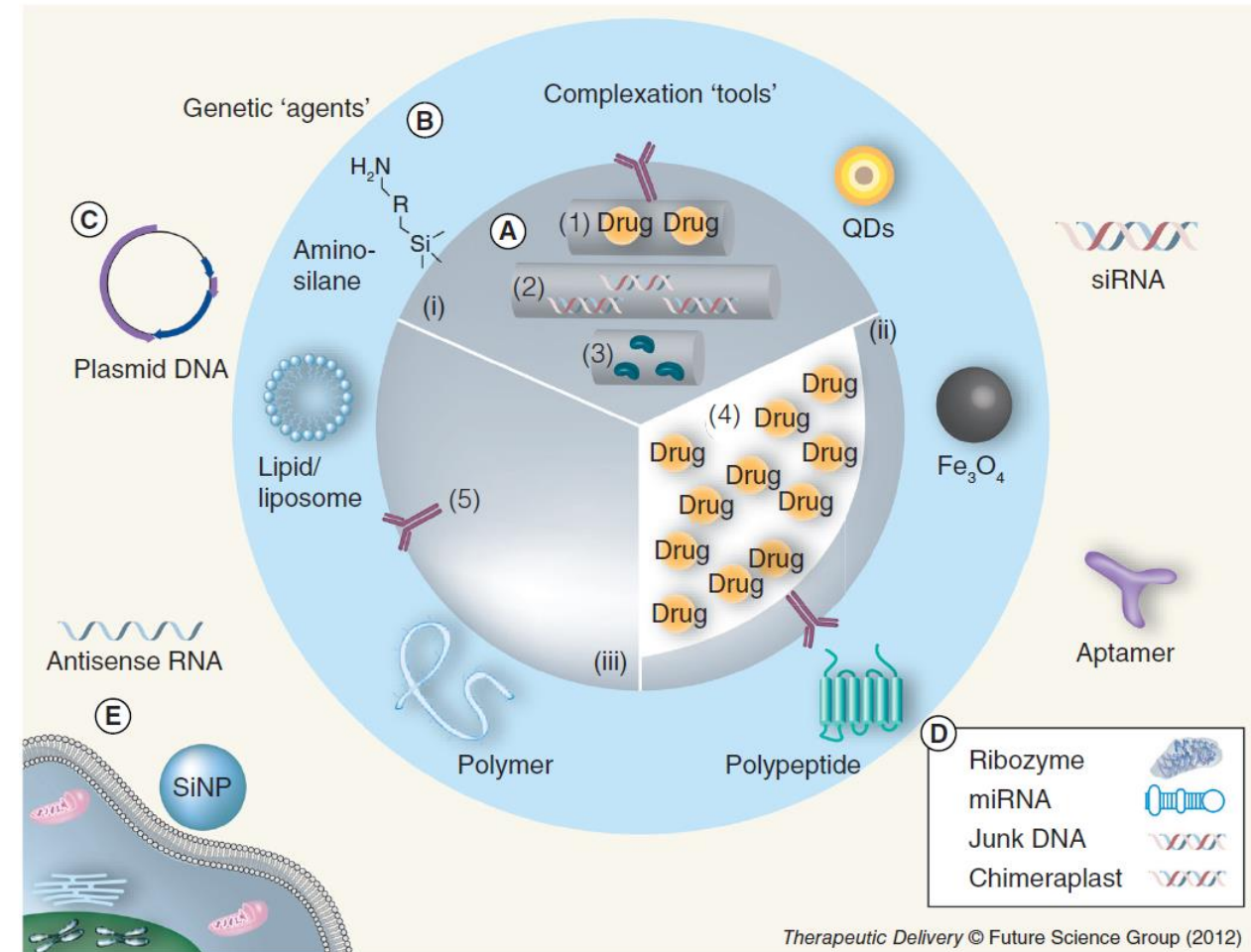
Cell targeting



Swellable hydrogel

Mesoporous silica nanoparticles (MSNs)

- MSNs are inorganic nanoparticles discovered by Mobil and co-workers in 1992
- They possess high surface area ($>1000 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$), small particle size (50-500nm), large pore volumes and ease of surface modifications
- They are biocompatible and their use in oral drug delivery is proven by the use of aerosil in tablet excipient since decades

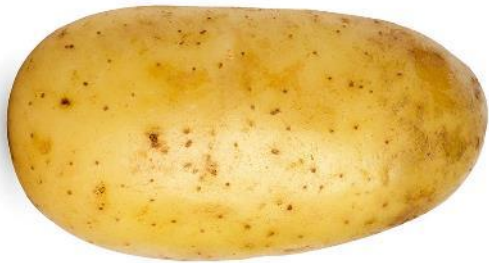
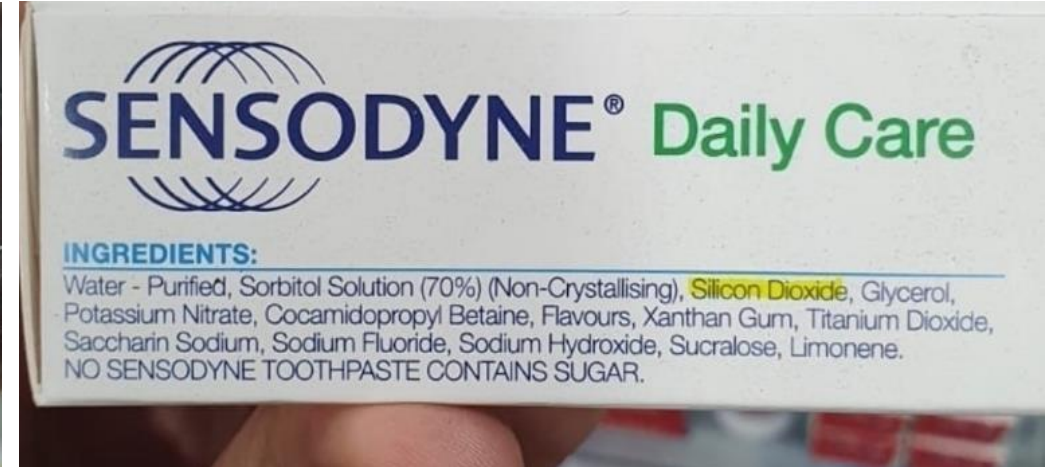


Niu, Popat et al., Therapeutic Delivery (2012) 3(10), 1217–1237

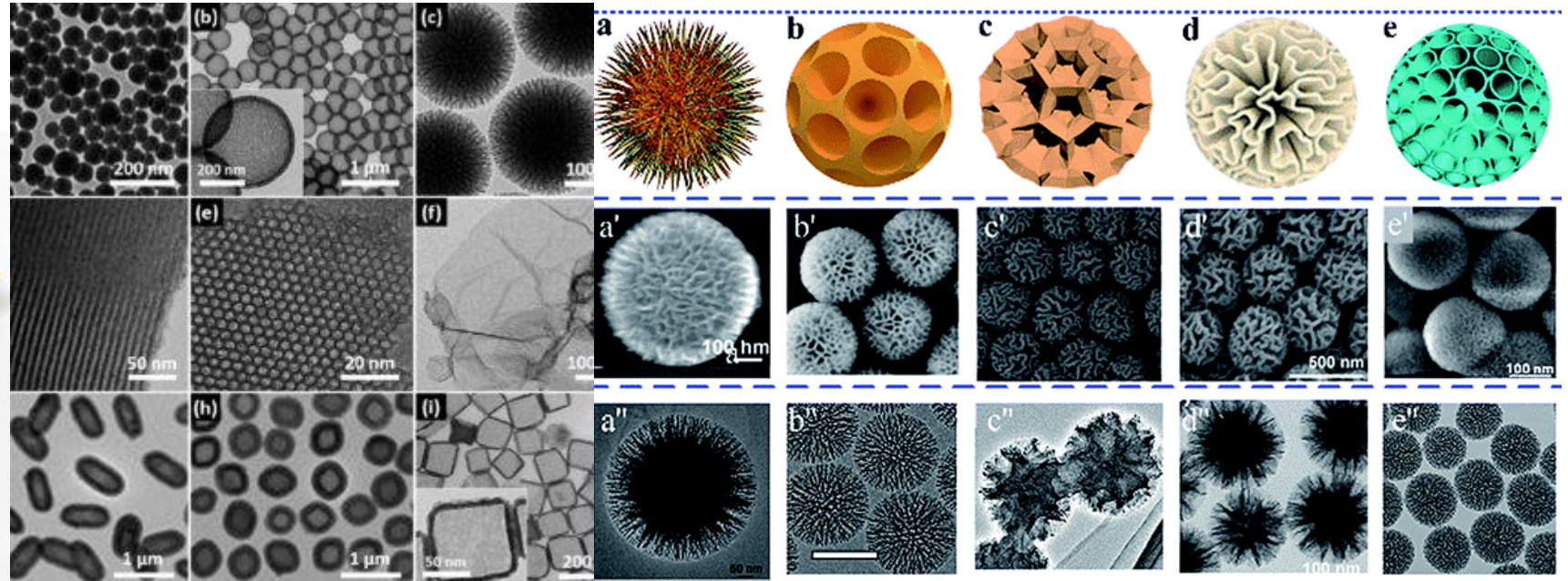
A. Popat et al. Nanoscale, 2011, 3, 2801–2818

The figure illustrates the synthesis and characterization of D-Cubic phase structures. It includes several TEM images and a schematic diagram. The top left image shows a network of fibers. The top right image shows a dense array of small spherical structures. The bottom left image shows a dense array of small spherical structures. The bottom right image shows larger spherical structures with a core-shell morphology. A diagram in the center illustrates the 'Removal of surfactant' process, showing the transition from a network of fibers to a dense array of small spherical structures. A 50nm scale bar is present in one of the images.

Silica – an emerging material



Silica nanoparticles



- Wang, Yabin, et al. "Dendritic fibrous nano-particles (DFNPs): rising stars of mesoporous materials." *Journal of Materials Chemistry A* 7.10 (2019): 5111-5152.
- Singh, Baljeet, et al. "Functional mesoporous silica nanomaterials for catalysis and environmental applications." *Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan* 93.12 (2020): 1459-1496.

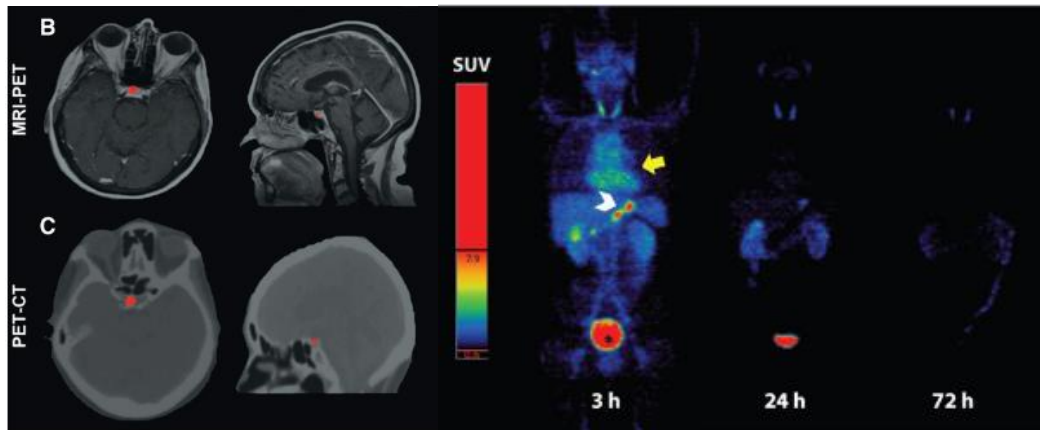
Can silica nanoparticle be used as delivery system?

nature reviews materials

Clinical translation of silica nanoparticles

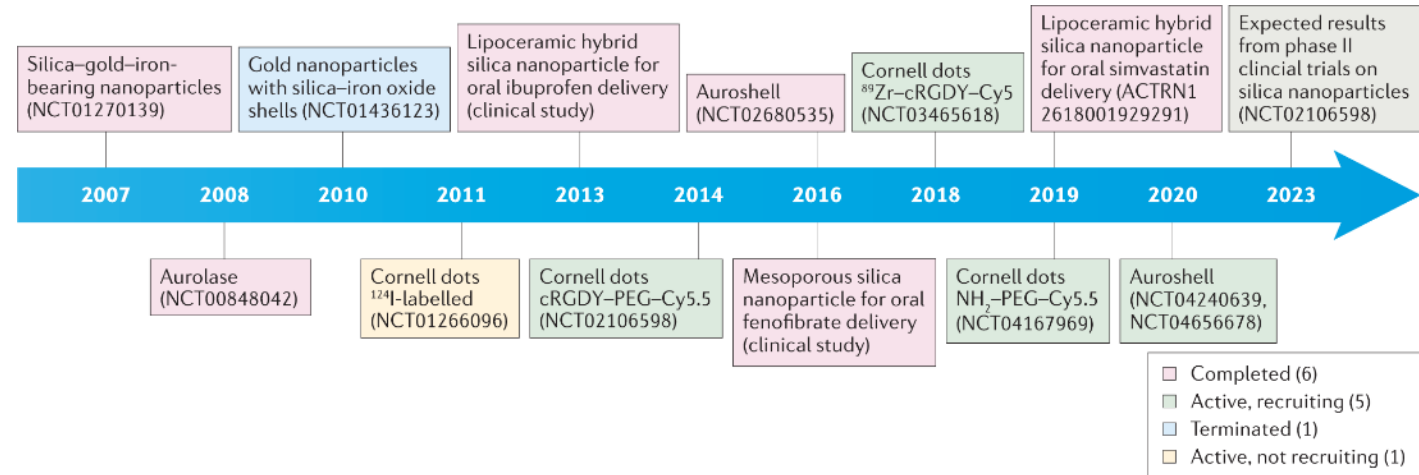
[Taskeen Iqbal Janjua](#), [Yuxue Cao](#), [Chengzhong Yu](#) & [Amirali Popat](#)

Nature Reviews Materials **6**, 1072–1074 (2021) | [Cite this article](#)

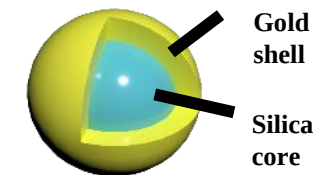


Silica nanoparticle have been tested in clinical trials for:

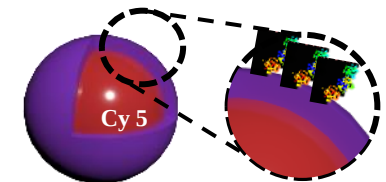
1. Drug delivery
2. Plasmonic/ photothermal therapy
3. Cancer diagnostic – including head and neck tumours



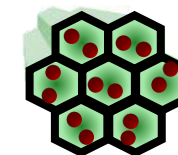
Silica nanoparticle with gold shell



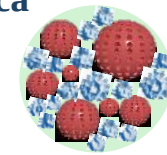
Cornell dots



Mesoporous silica

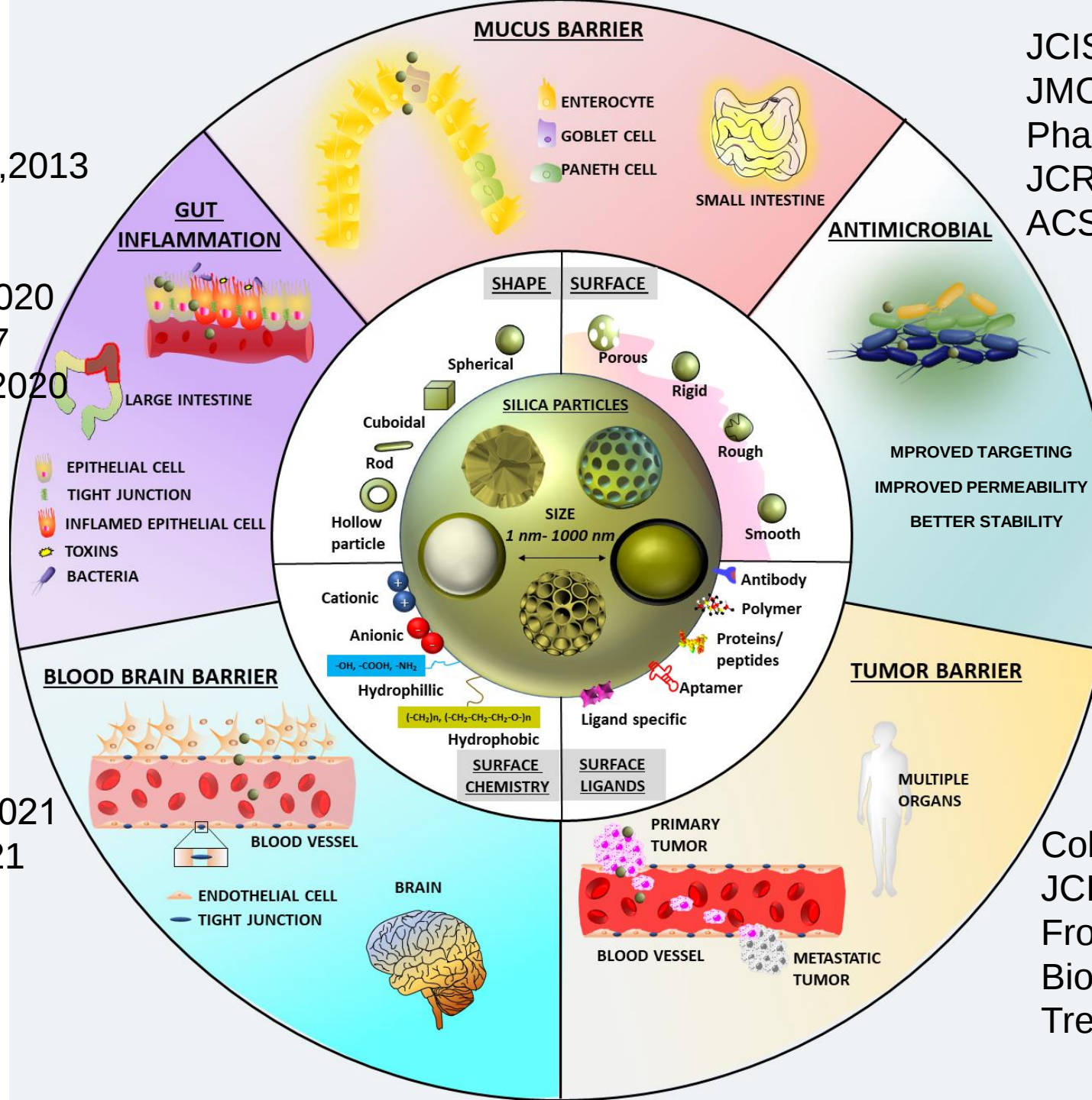


Fenofibrate



Ibuprofen or simvastatin

Angeandte Chemie 2012,2013
 JMC B 2014
 ChemComm, 2014
 Mol Pharm 2014, 2017,2020
 ACS applied Mat Int 2017
 Advanced Therapeutics 2020



JCIS,2014, 2017, 2021
 JMC B 2014
 Pharmaceutics,2018
 JCR 2019, 2020
 ACSBiomat Sci Eng 2021

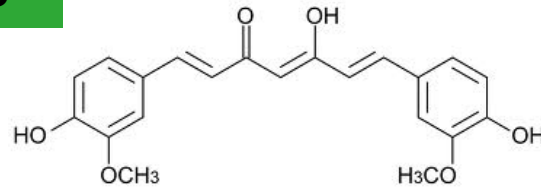
Drug Disc Today,2020
 IJP 2020, IJP 2021
 ACSBiomat Sci Eng 2021
 ACS applied Nano, 2020

Colloids ad Surfaces B 2016
 JCIS 2014
 Front BioEng BioTech 2019
 Biomaterials Science 2020
 Trends in Biotech 2022

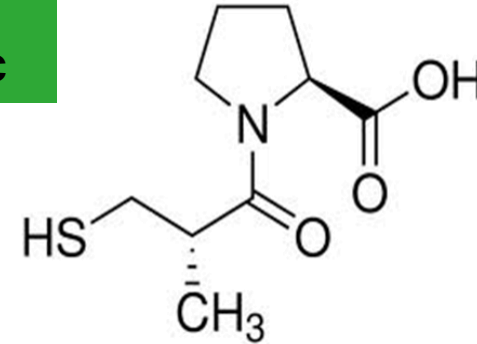
Editor's Choice ADDR 2021
 ACSBiomat Sci Eng 2021
 Nanoscale 2021

Floating Tablet using MSNs

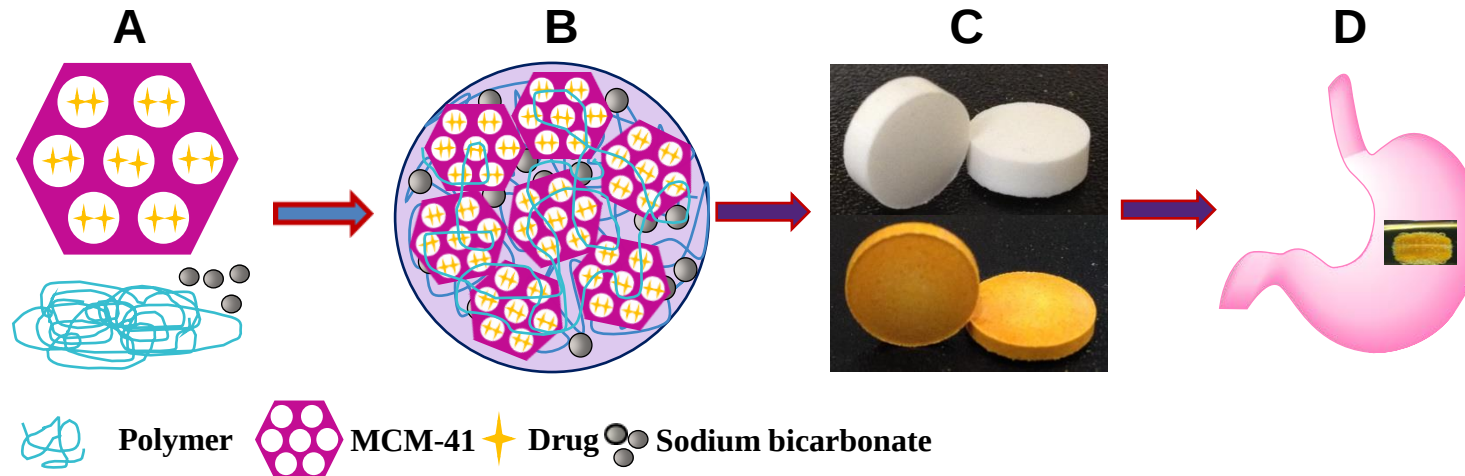
Curcumin
Hydrophobic

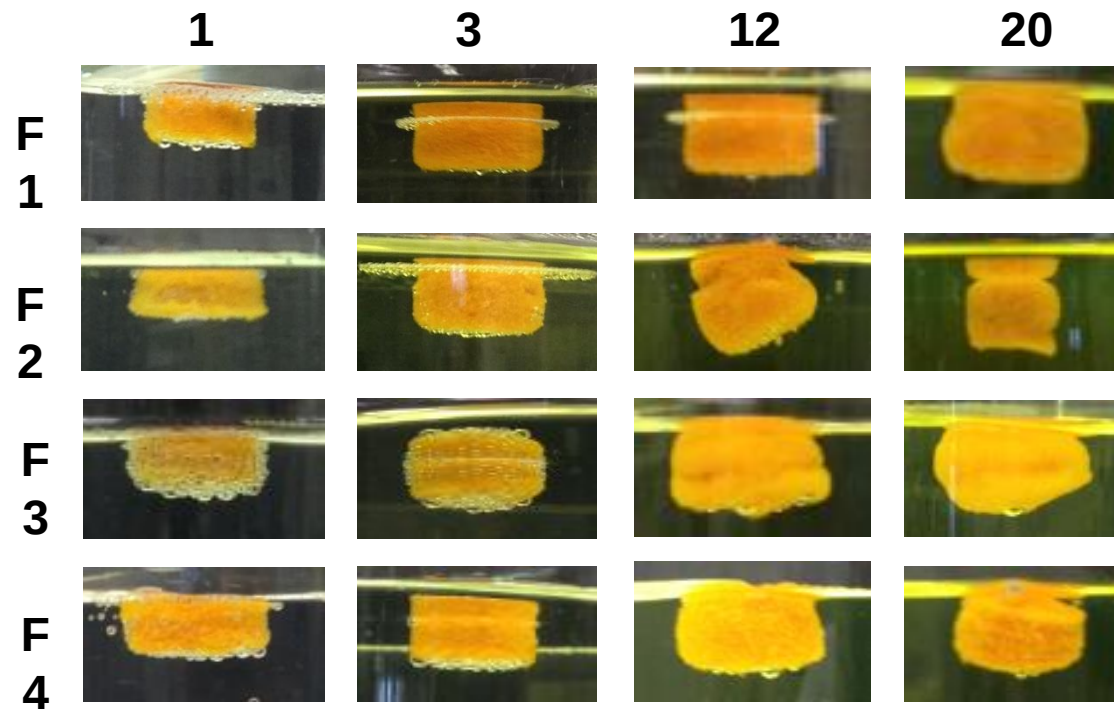


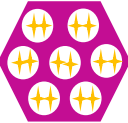
Captopril
Hydrophilic



➤ **unstable at high pH**

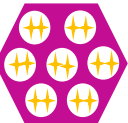




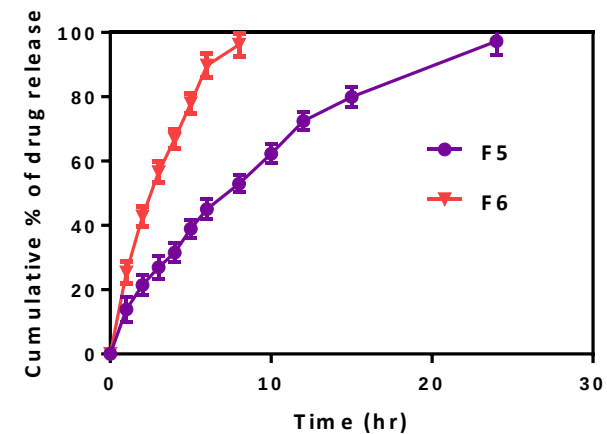
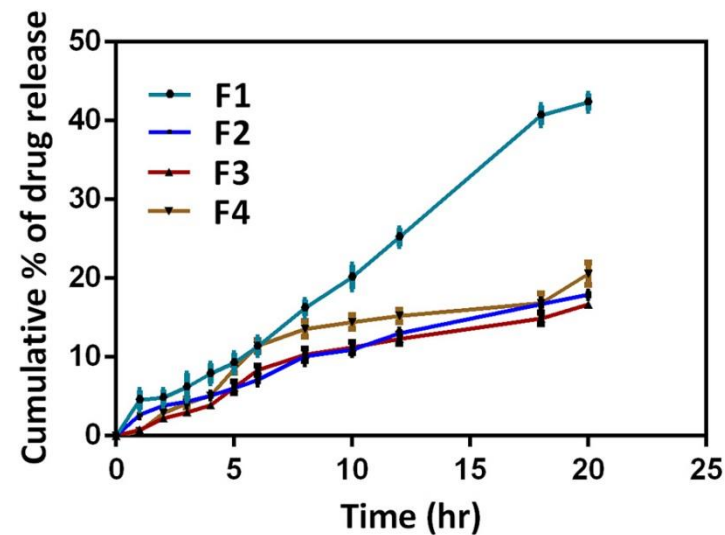
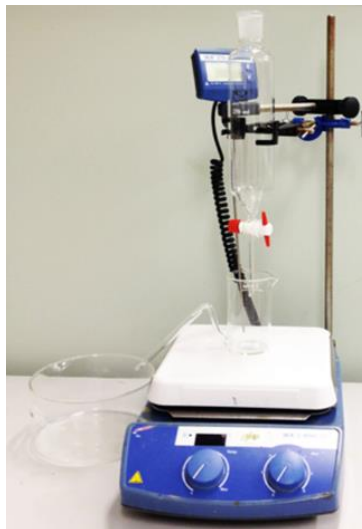
F1-  1.7nm + Polymer

F2- Drug   + Polymer

F3- Drug  + Polymer

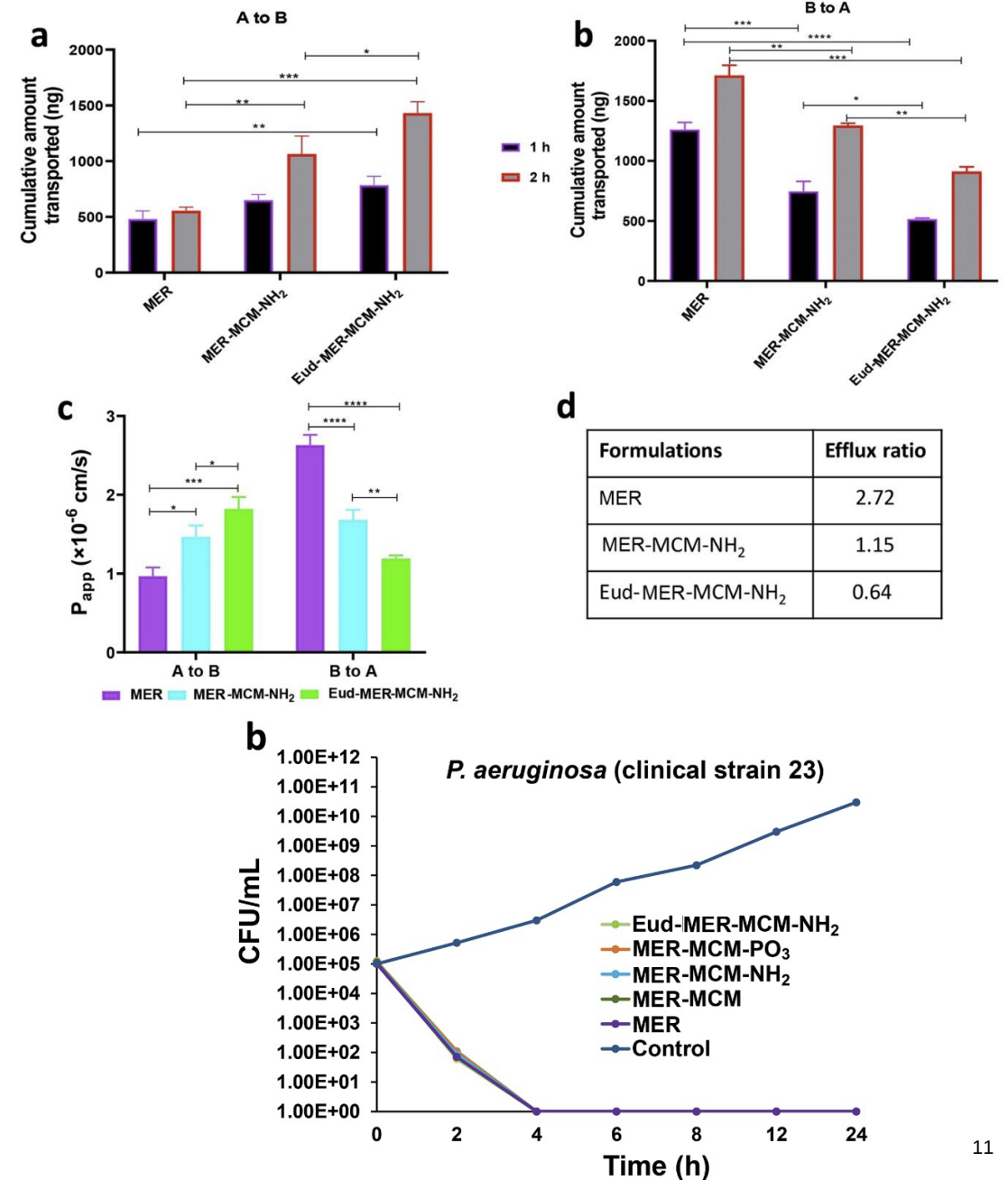
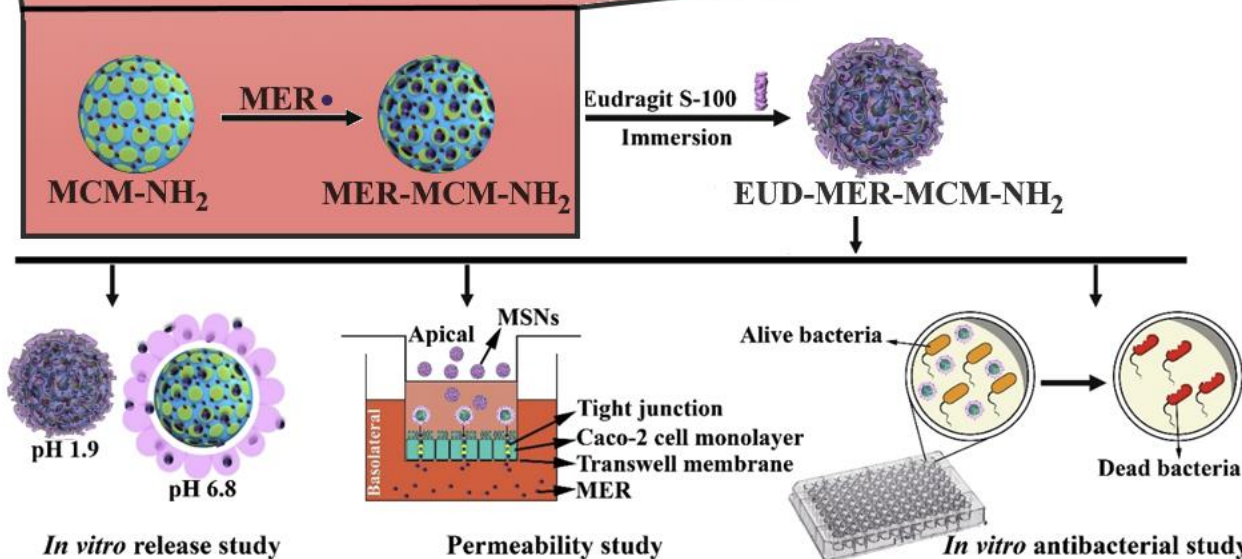
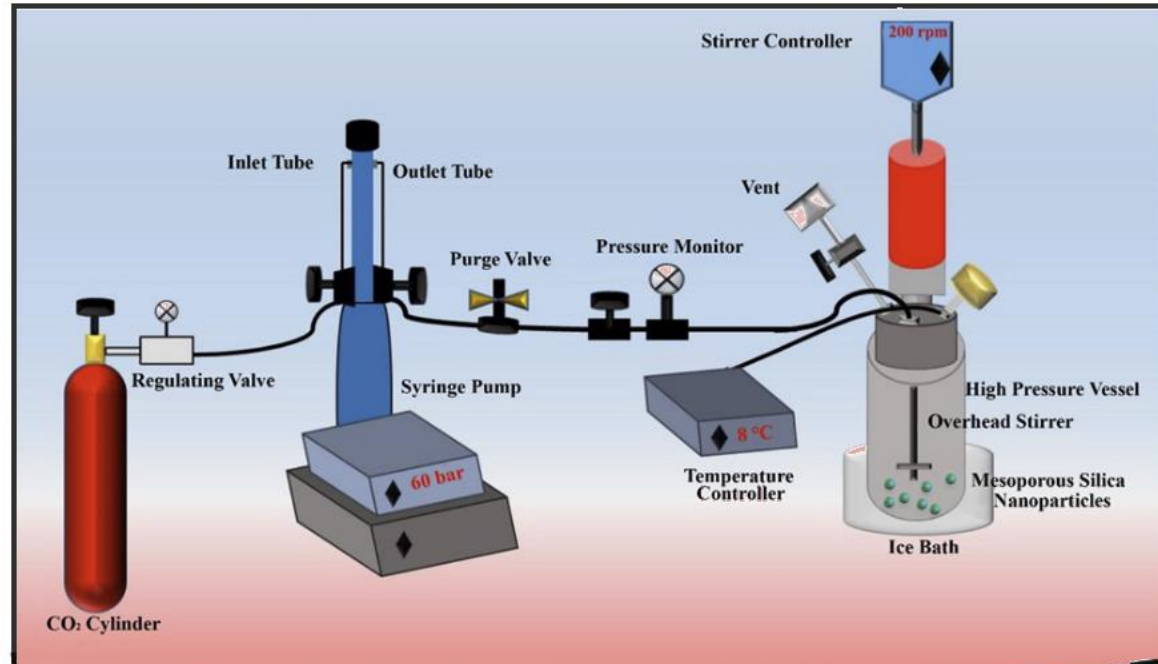
F4-  2.1nm + Polymer

All the tablets contain NaHCO_3

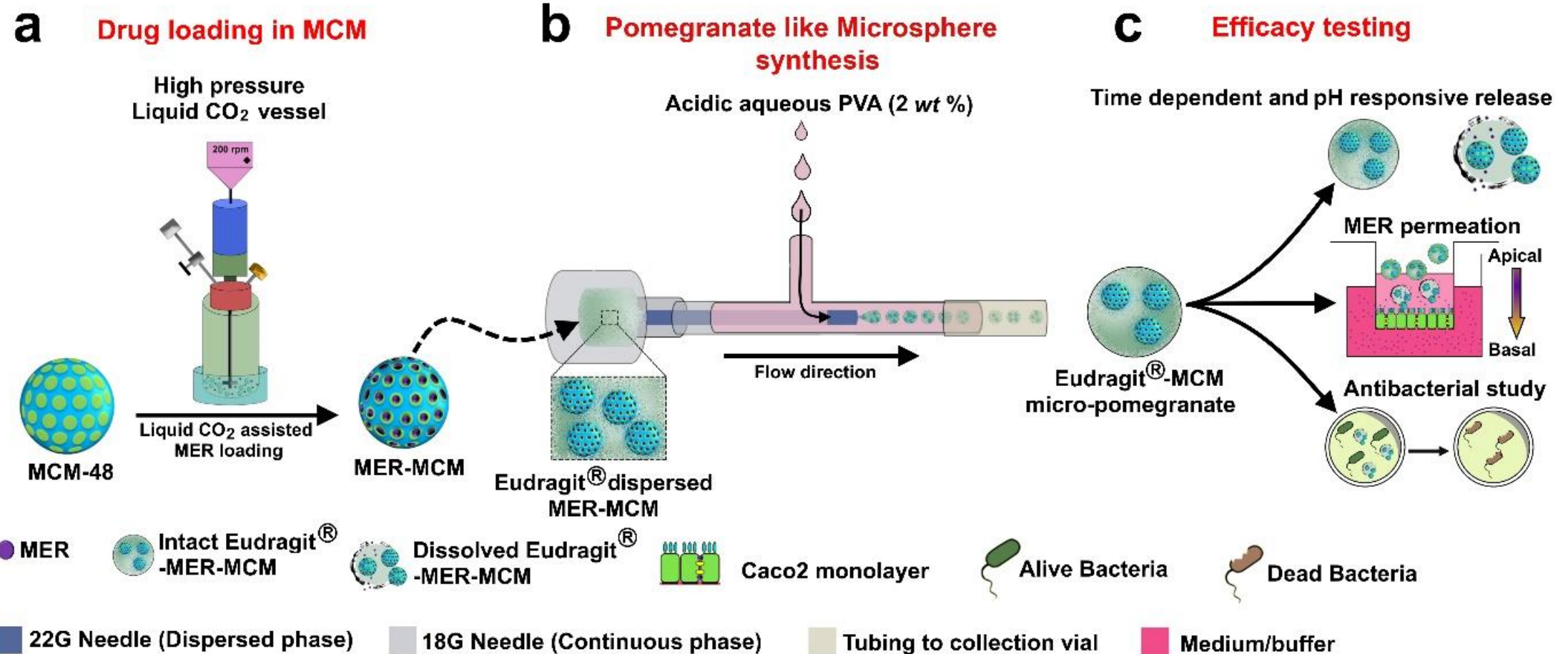


Release profile of curcumin from floating tablet

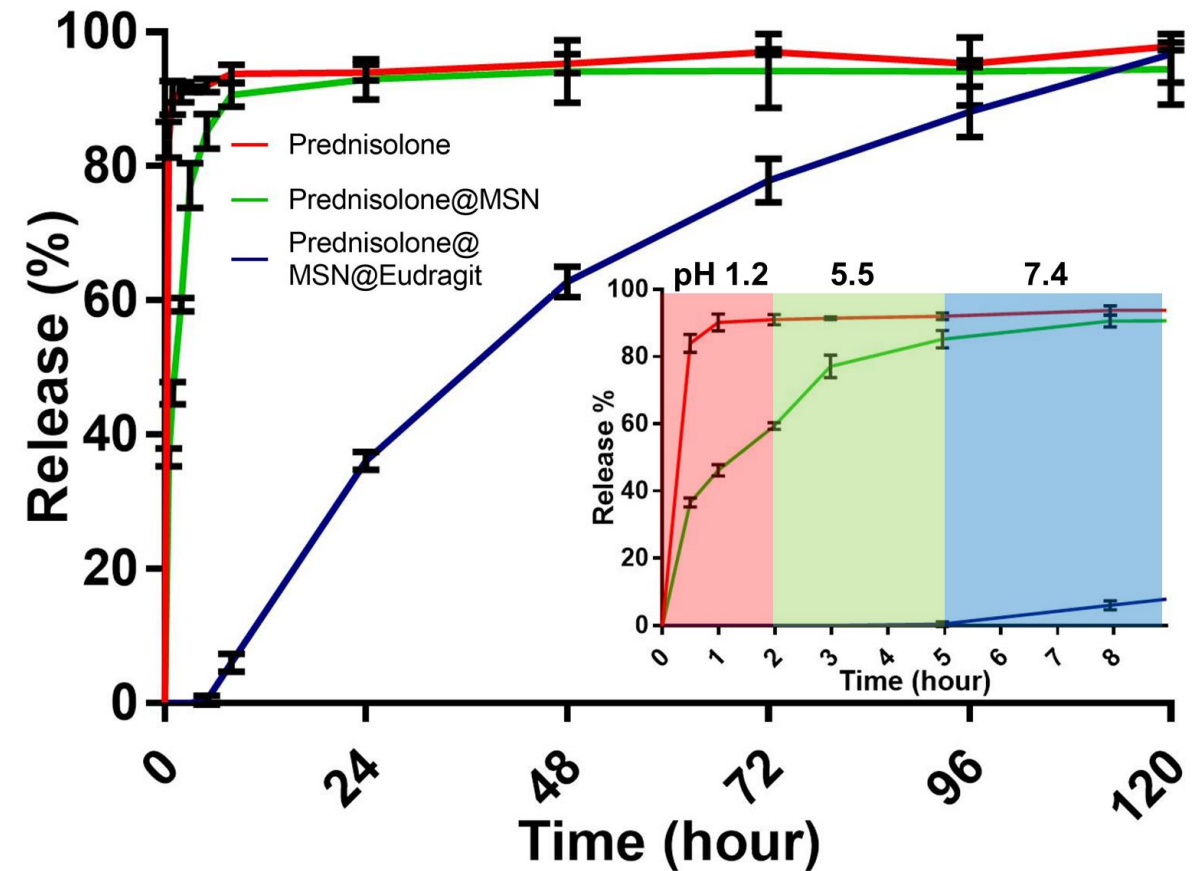
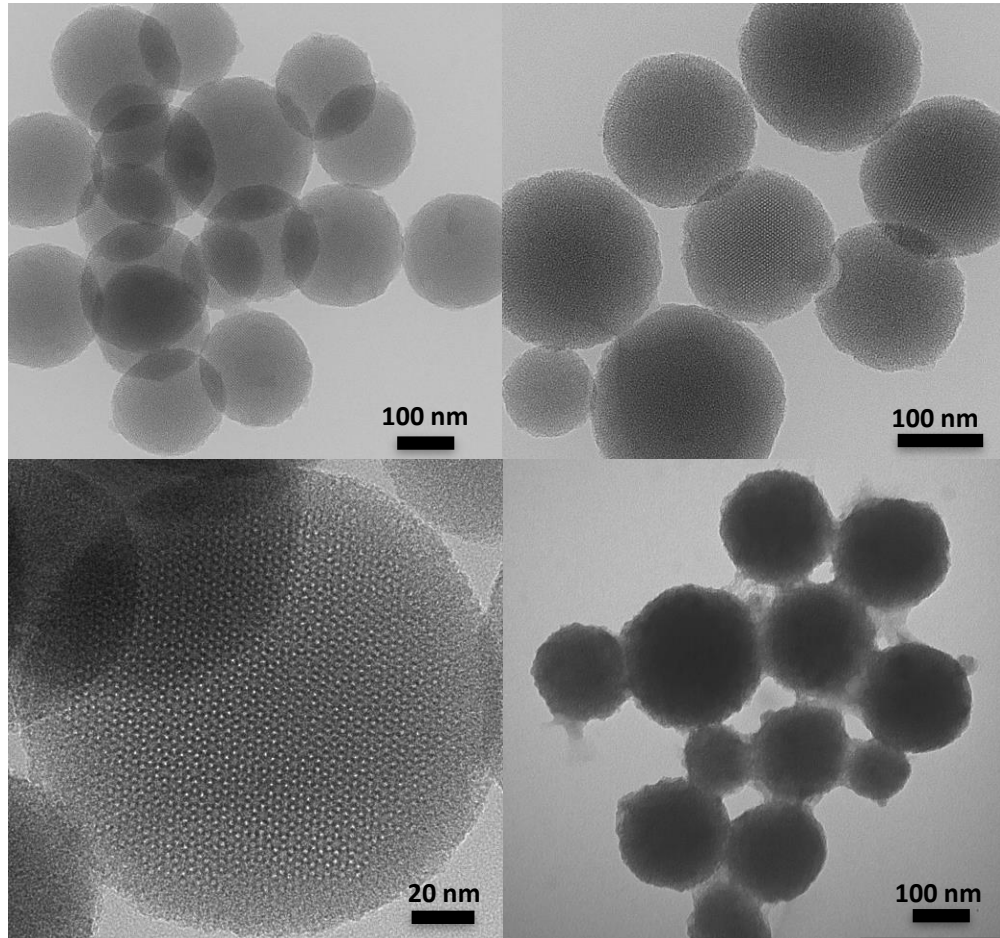
Oral Delivery of MEROPENEM



Microfluidic assembly of hierarchical microparticles

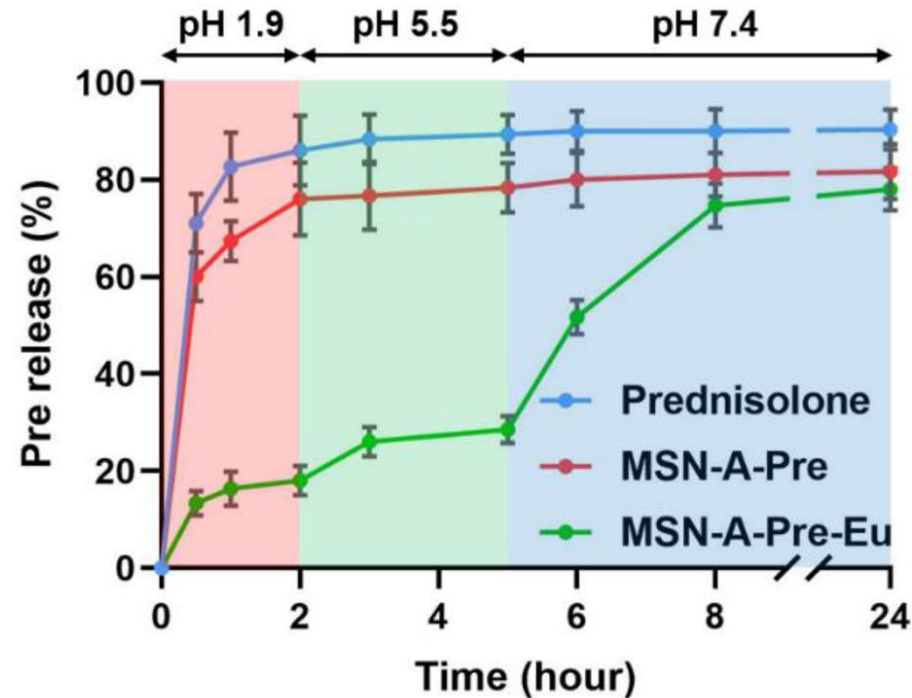


Programmable MSNs for Oral Delivery

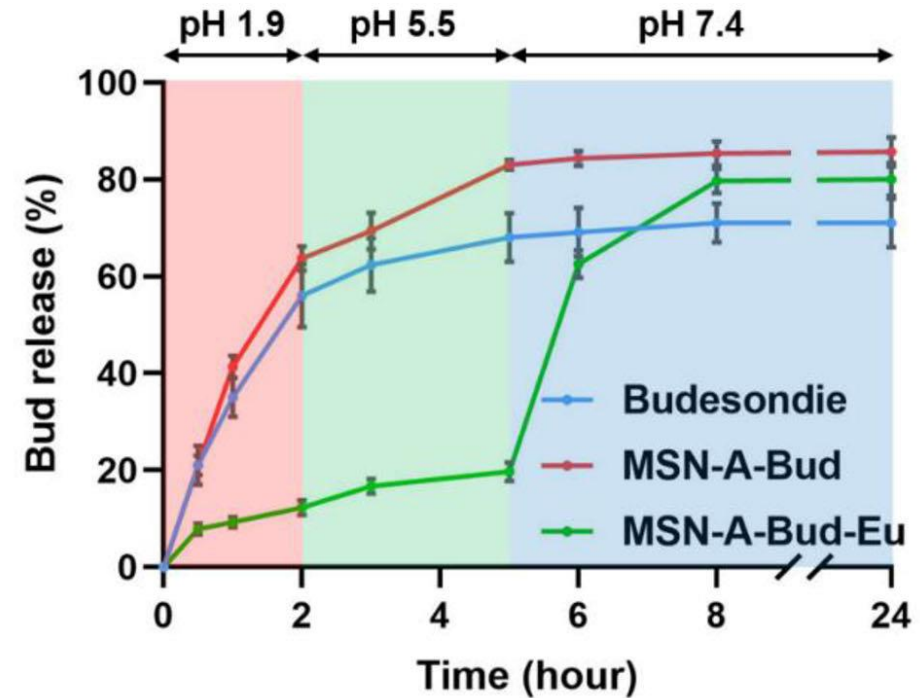


In-vitro release

(a)



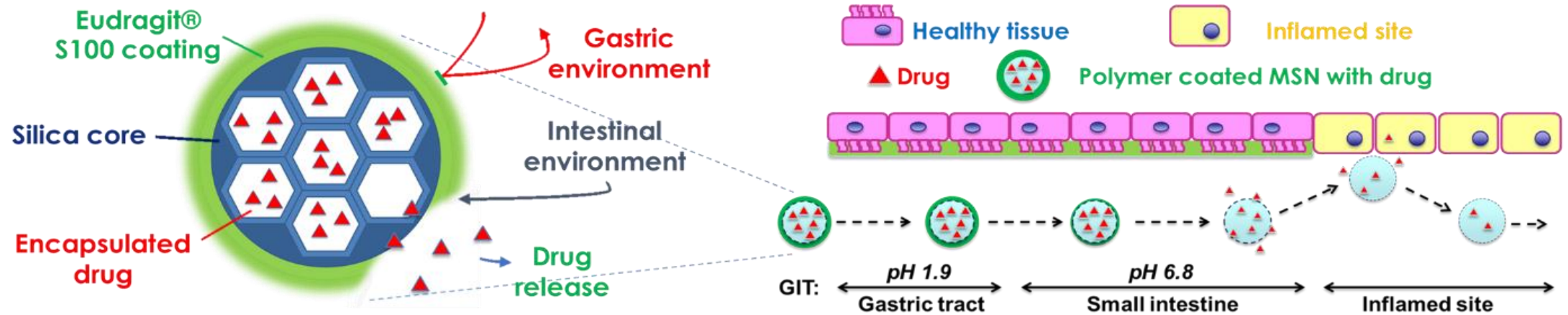
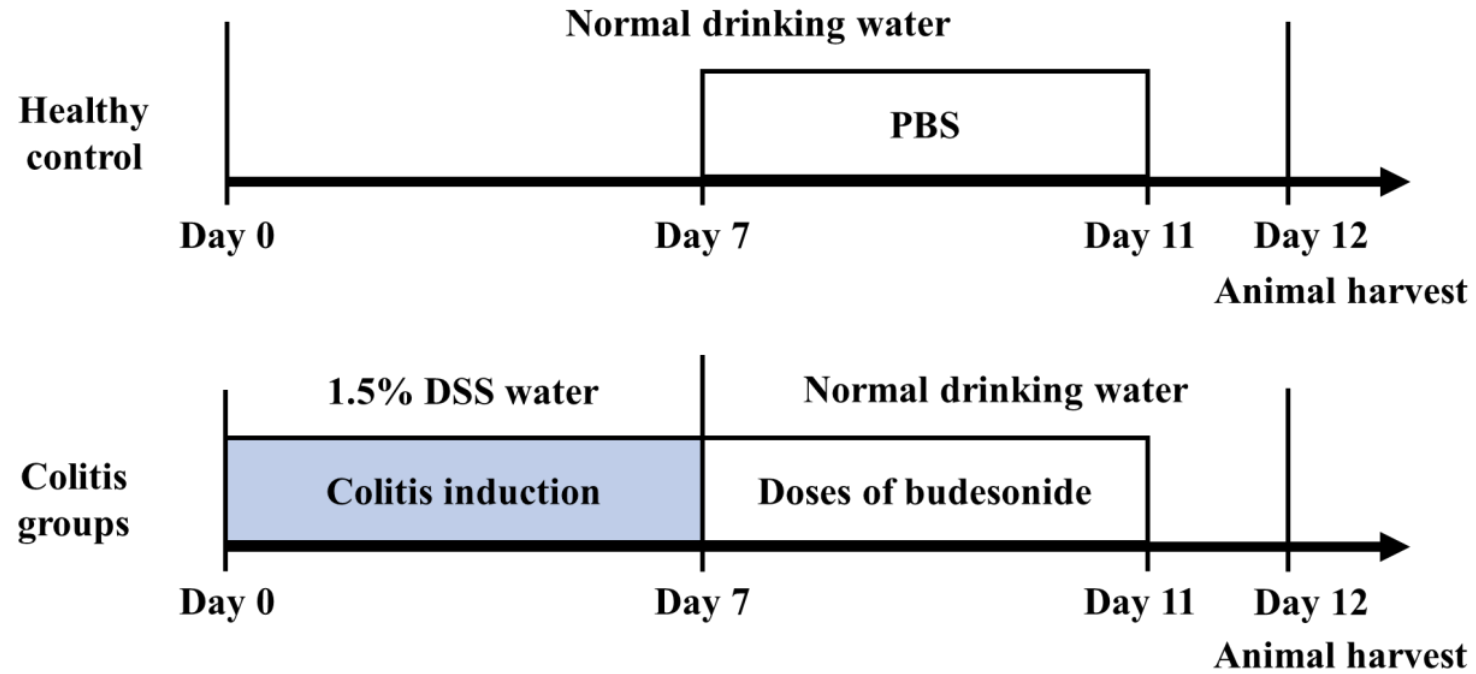
(b)



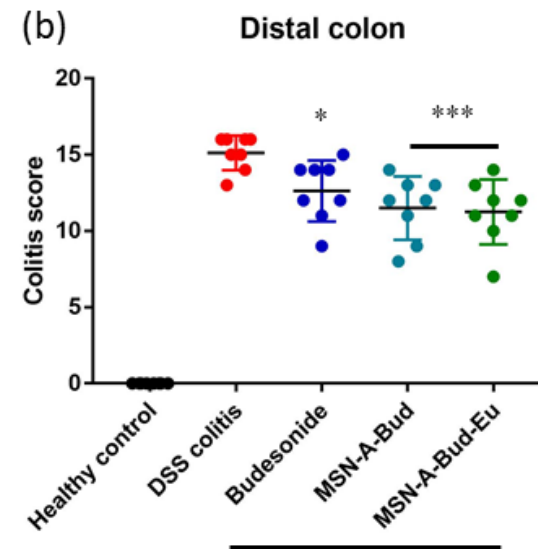
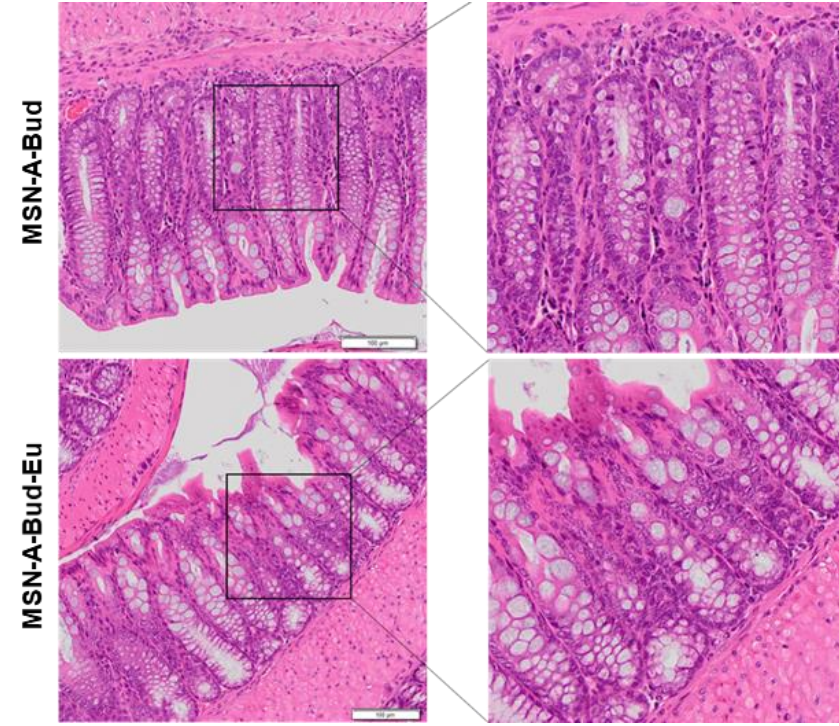
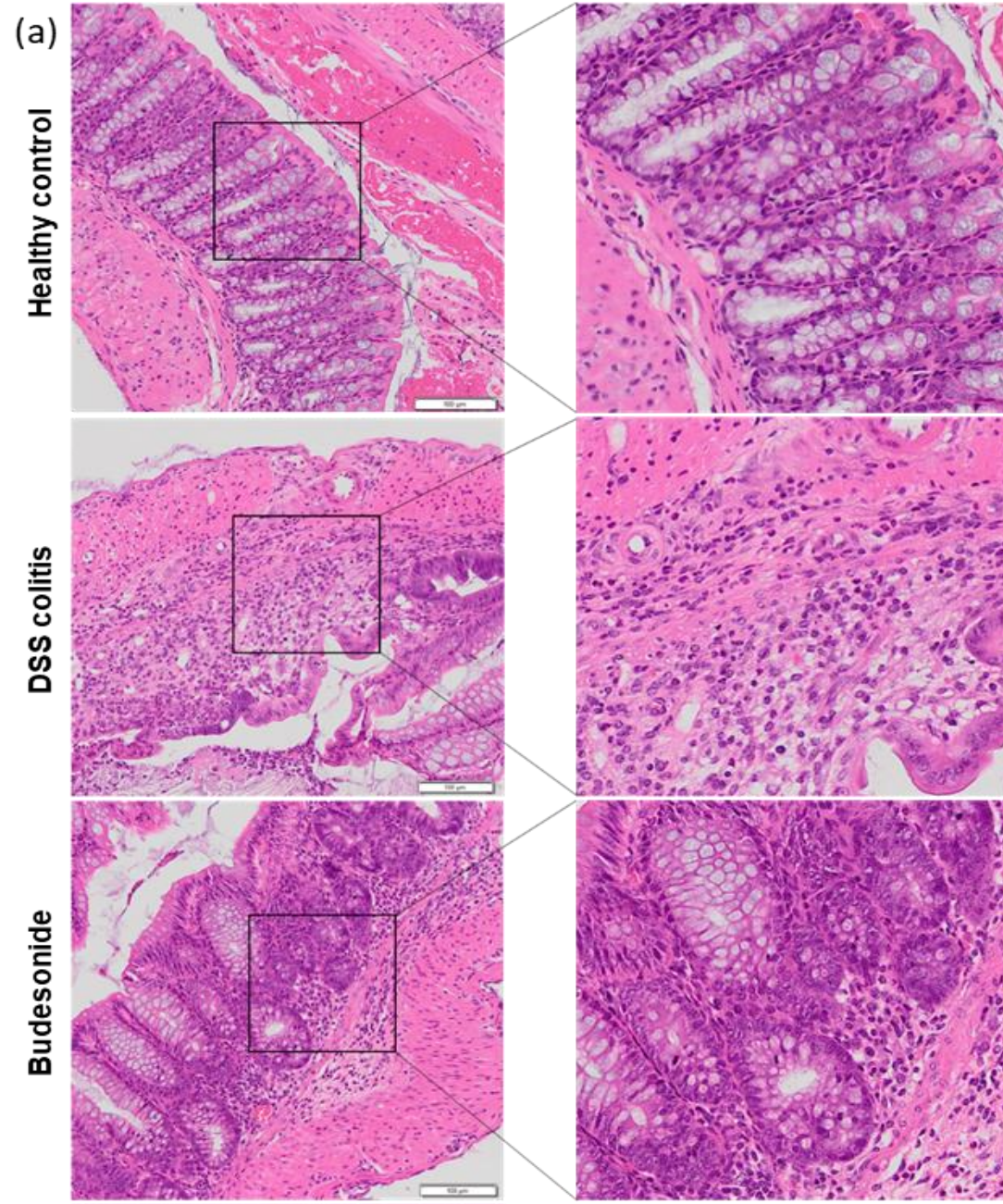
	Free drug	MSN-A-Bud	MSN-A-Bud-Eu
pH 1.9	56.25 ± 6.86%	63.57 ± 2.69%	12.08 ± 0.17%
pH 5.5	11.89 ± 2.96%	19.63 ± 1.09%	7.36 ± 0.78%
pH 7.4	5.56 ± 3.22%	2.69 ± 0.93%	65.45 ± 1.50%

(a). Cumulative release of budesonide from free budesonide, MSN-A-Bud and MSN-A-Bud-Eu in a series of pH universal buffers at 37 °C. pH was changed at 3 h and 5 h. (b). Percentage of budesonide released in pH 1.9, 5.5 and 7.4 after 24 hours. Data represent mean ± SD. (n=3).

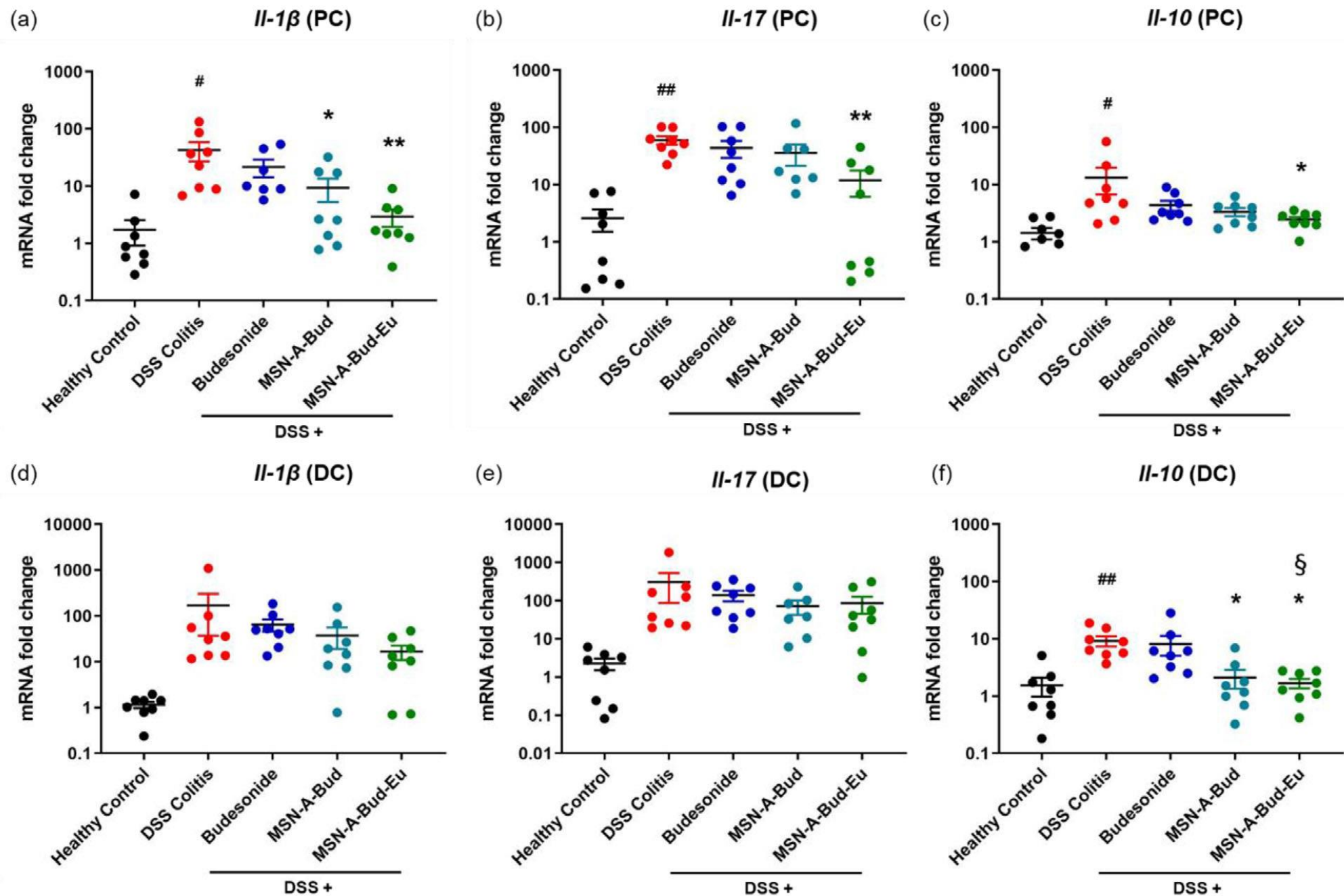
In-vivo



Histology



qPCR

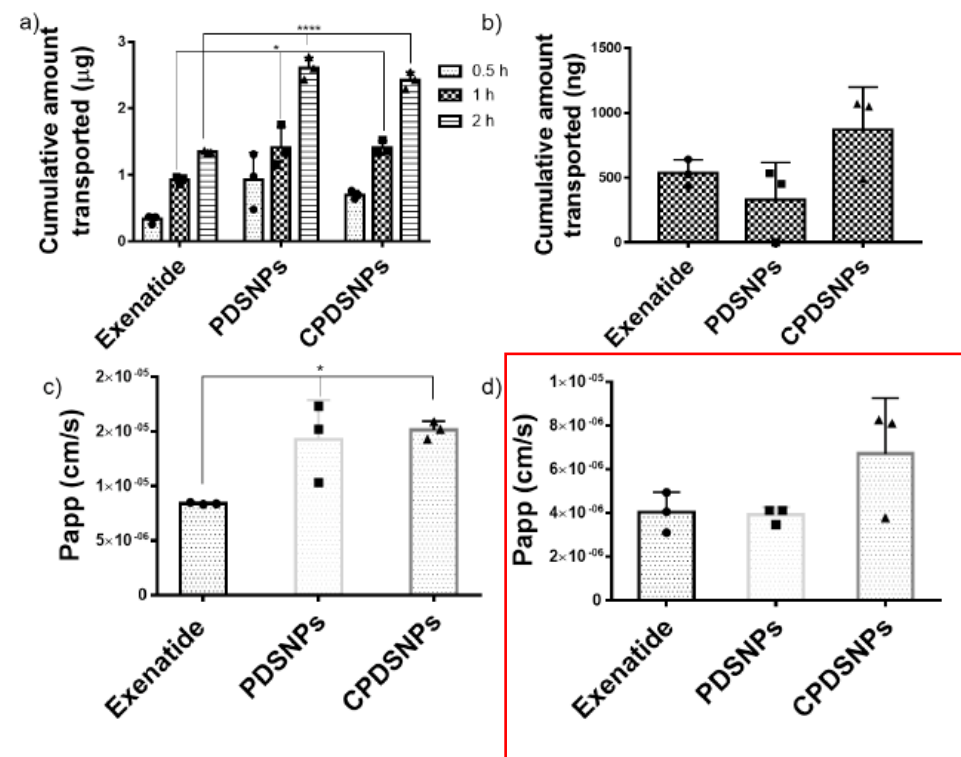
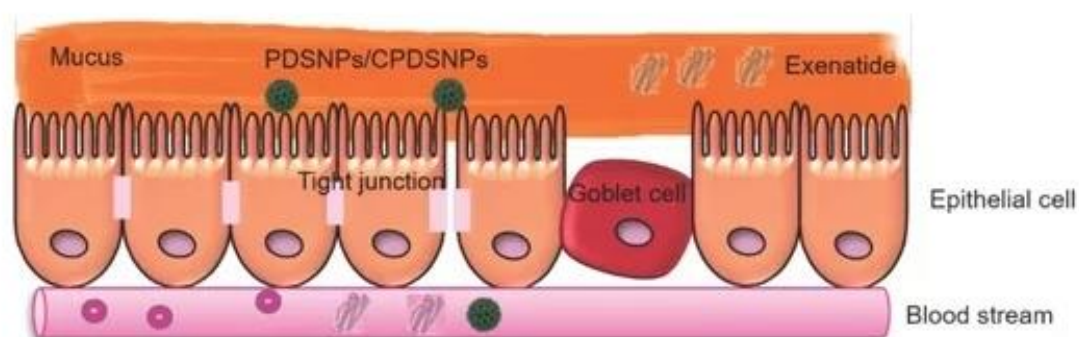
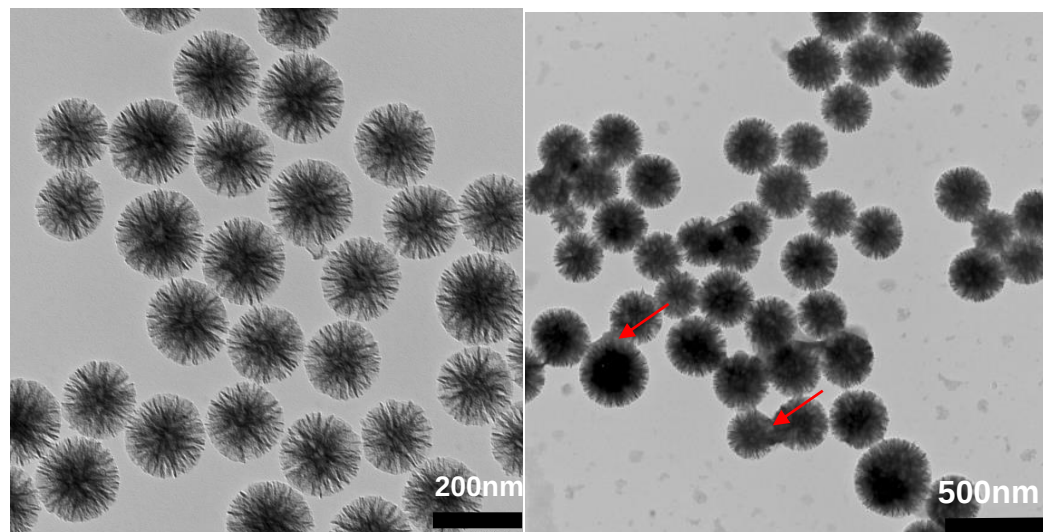




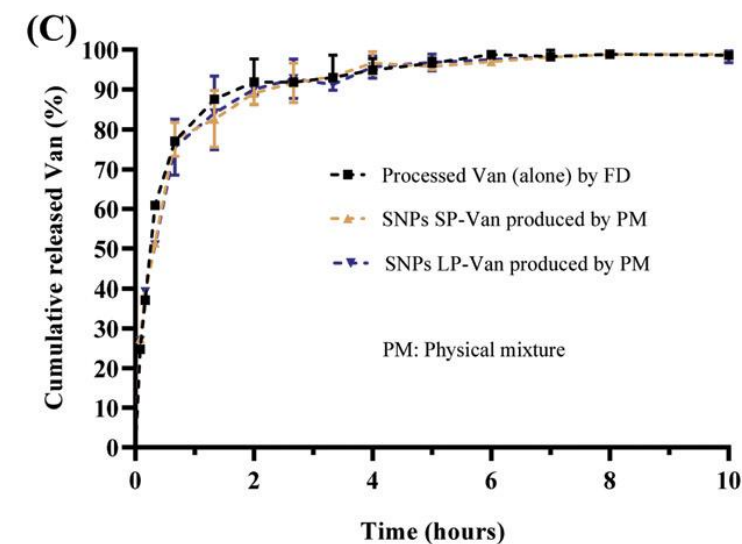
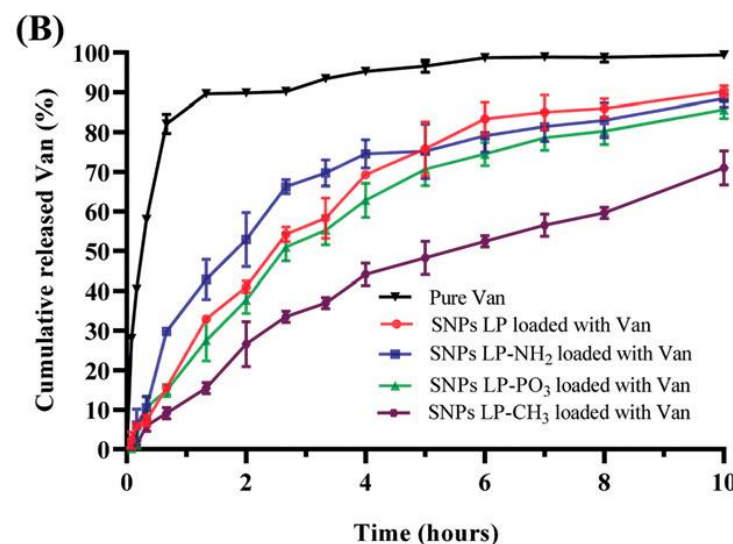
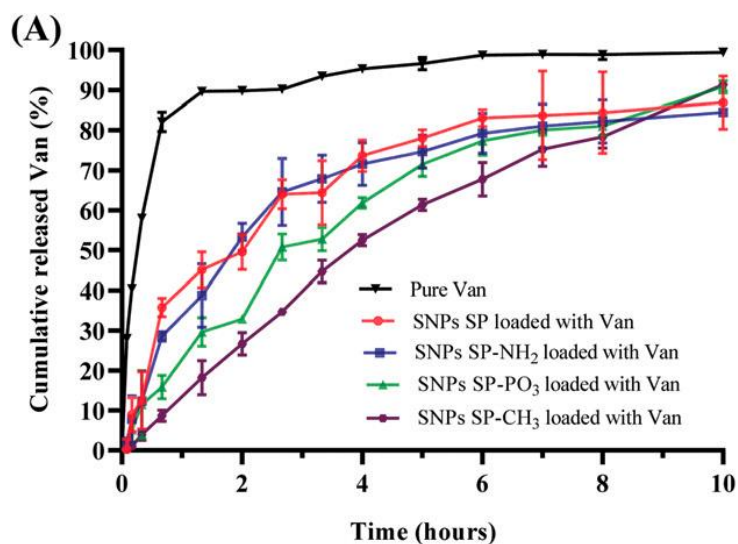
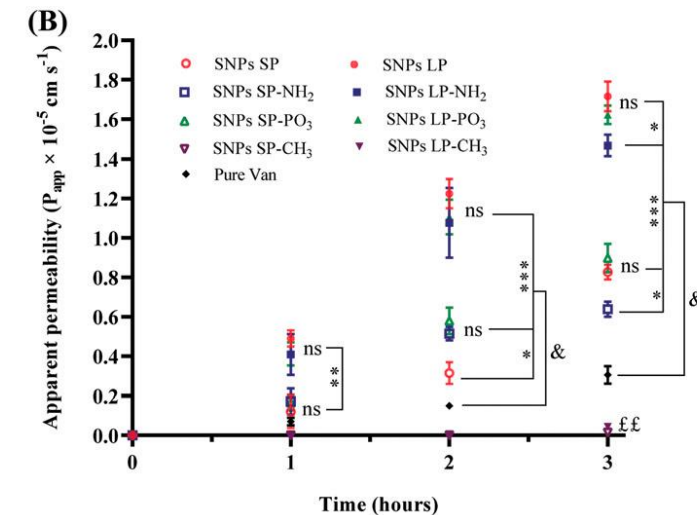
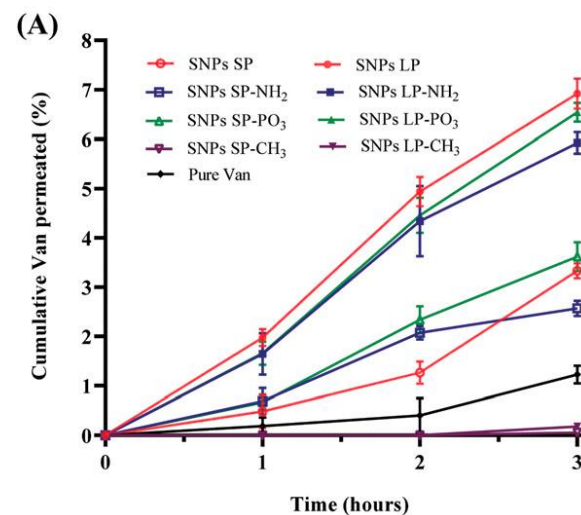
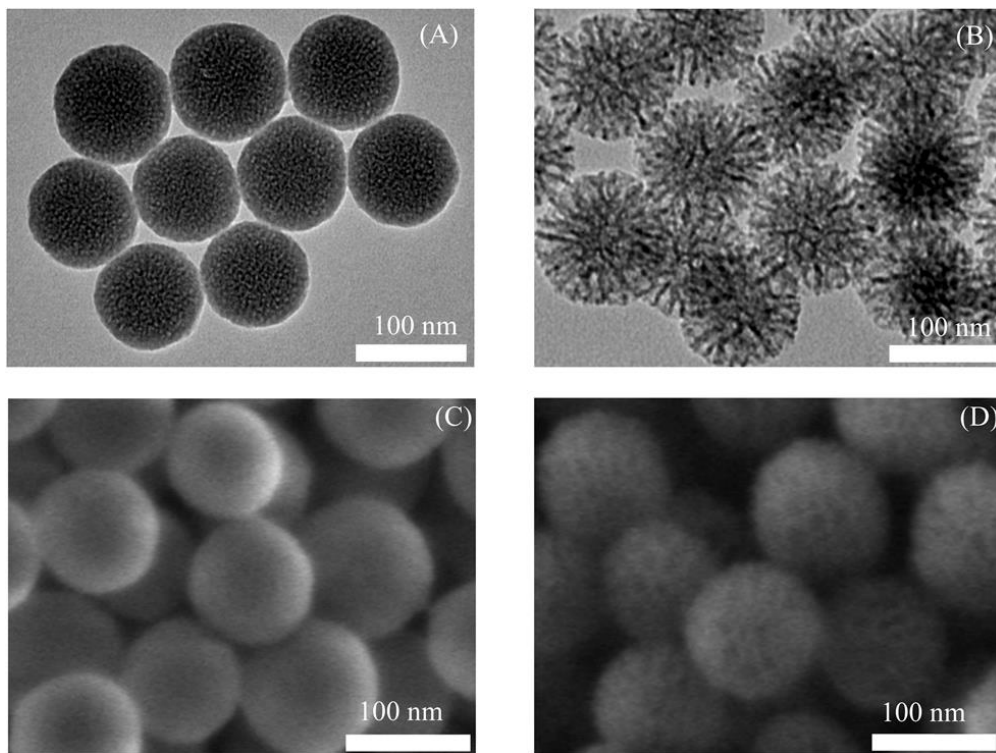
Article

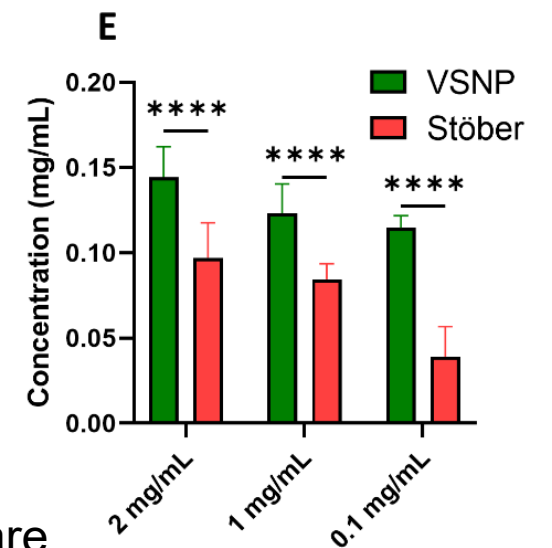
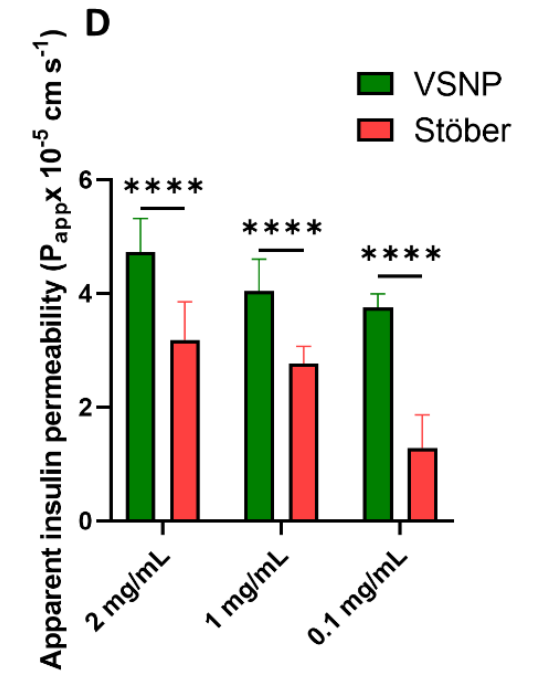
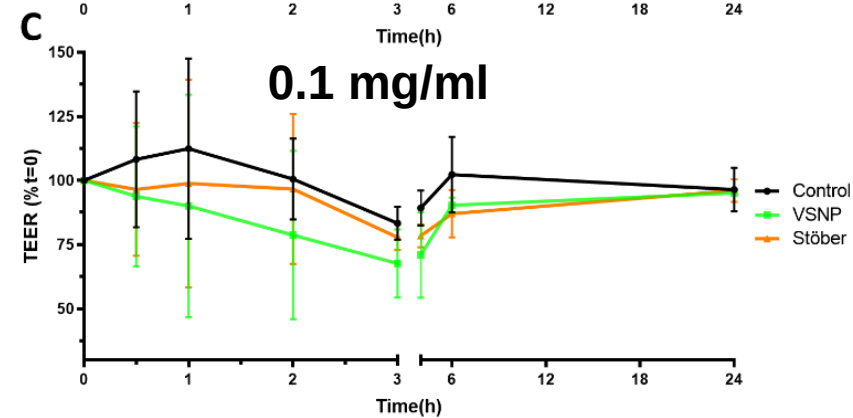
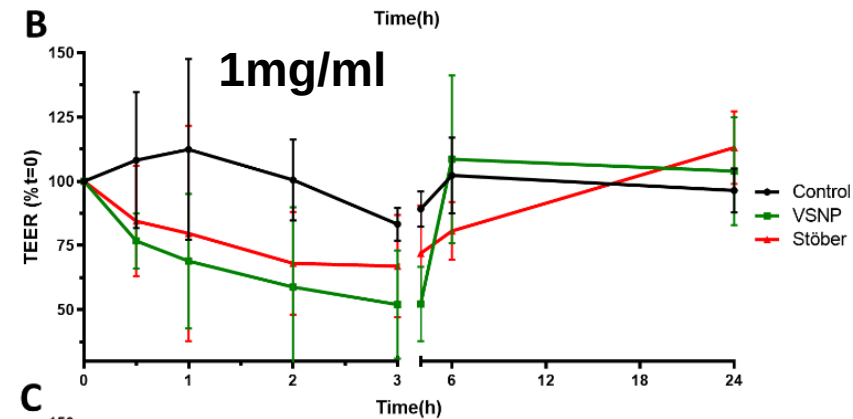
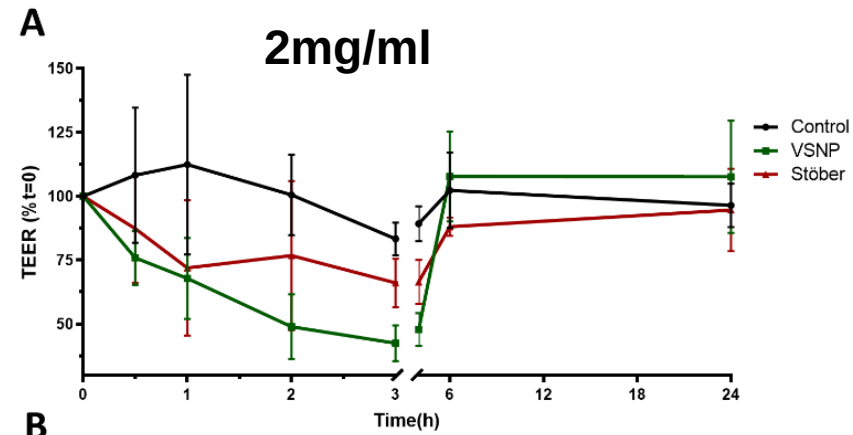
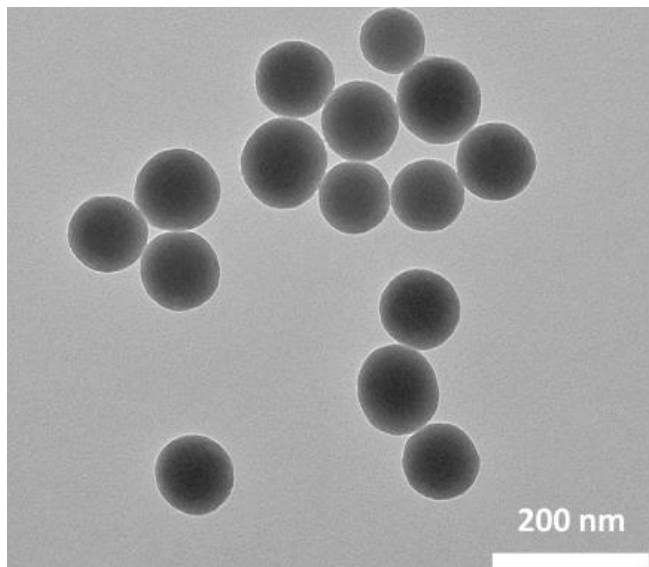
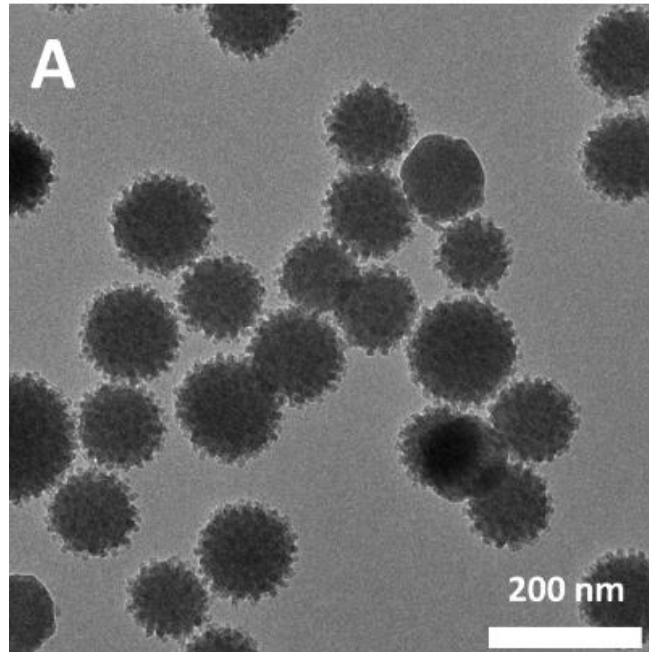
Rationally Designed Dendritic Silica Nanoparticles for Oral Delivery of Exenatide

Muhammad Mustafa Abeer ¹, Anand Kumar Meka ¹, Naisarg Pujara ¹, Tushar Kumeria ^{1,2}, Ekaterina Strounina ³, Rute Nunes ^{4,5}, Ana Costa ^{4,5}, Bruno Sarmento ^{4,5,6}, Sumaira Z. Hasnain ^{2,7}, Benjamin P. Ross ¹ and Amirali Popat ^{1,2,*}



Improved permeability of Vancomycin

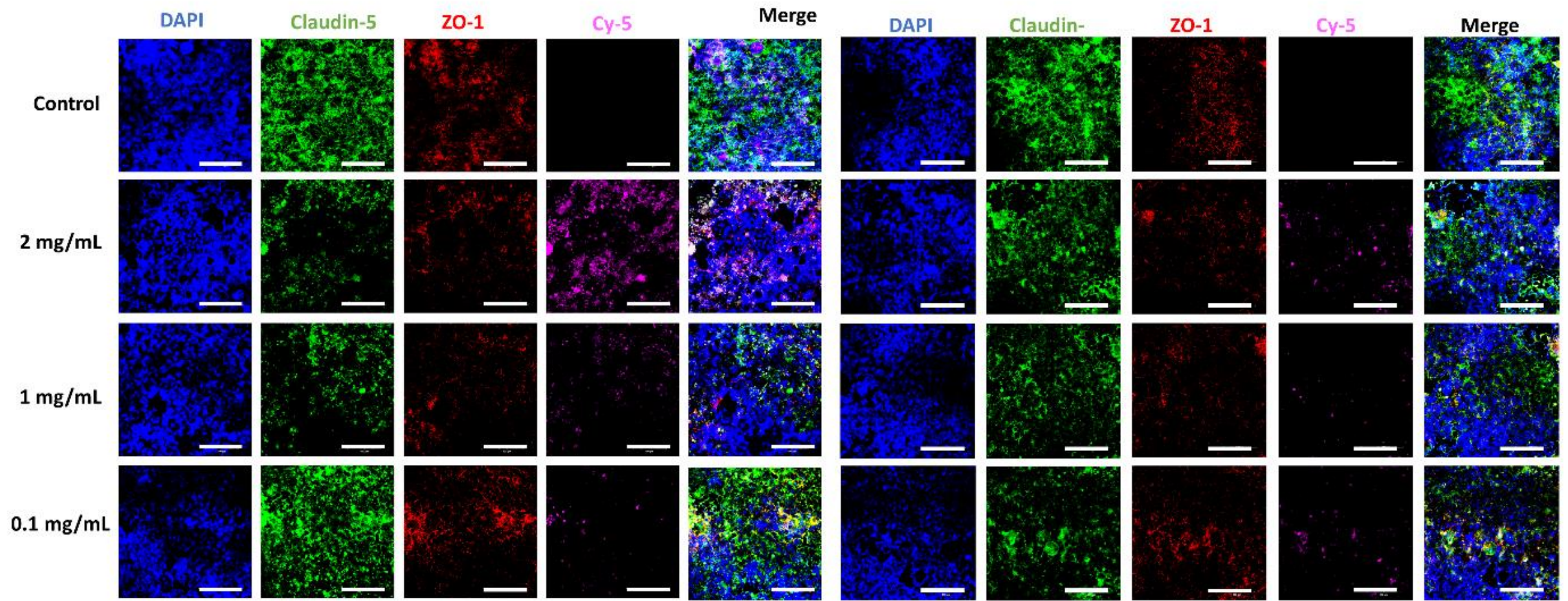




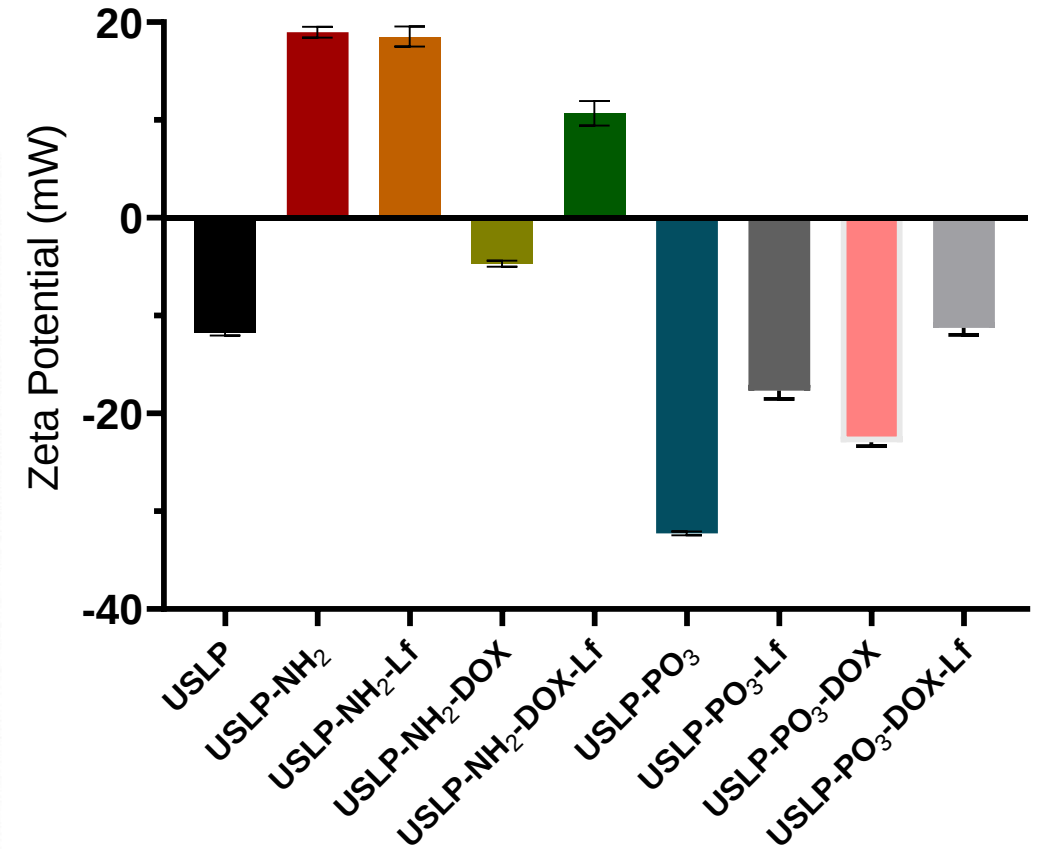
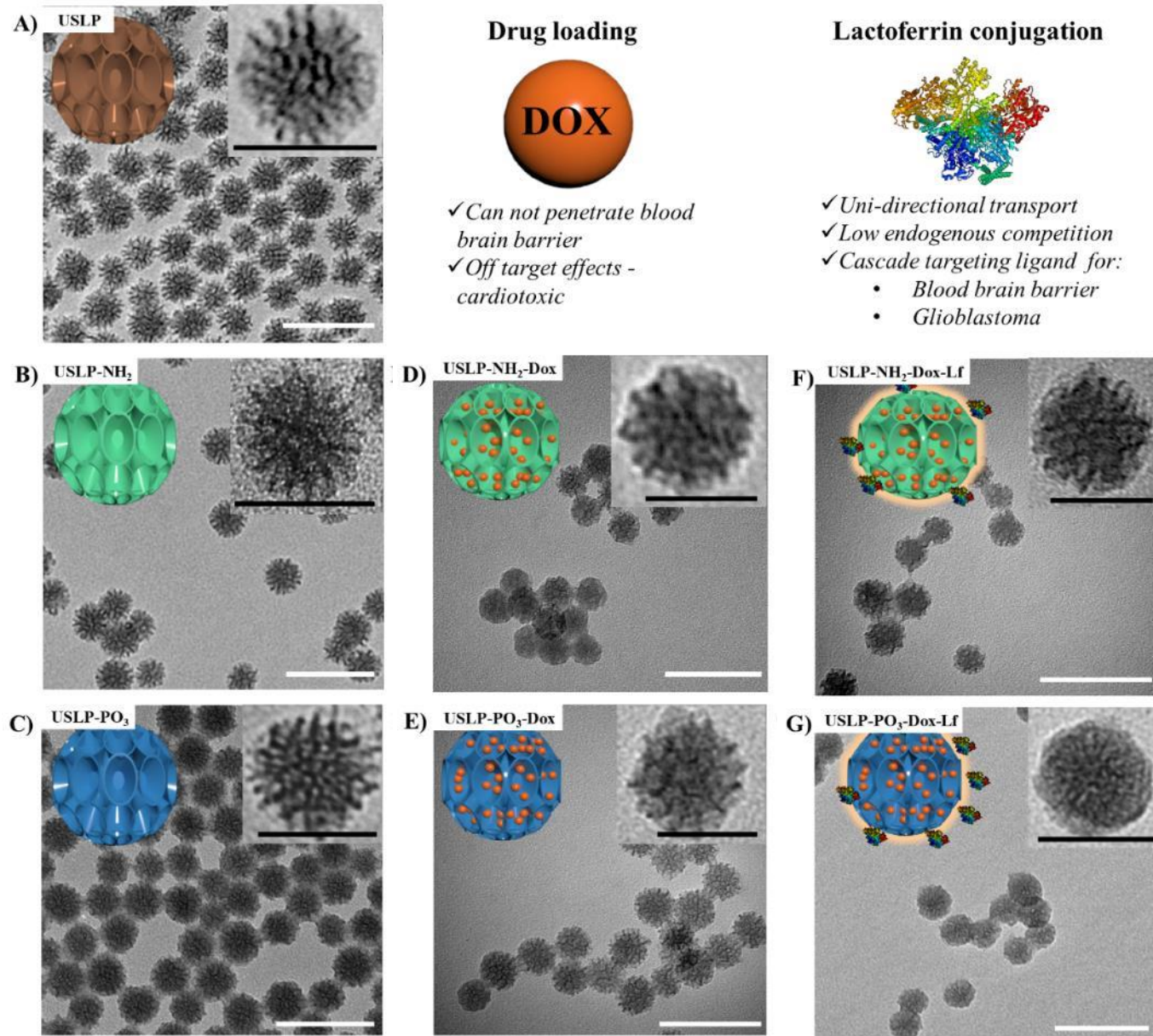
Unpublished – don't share

VSNP

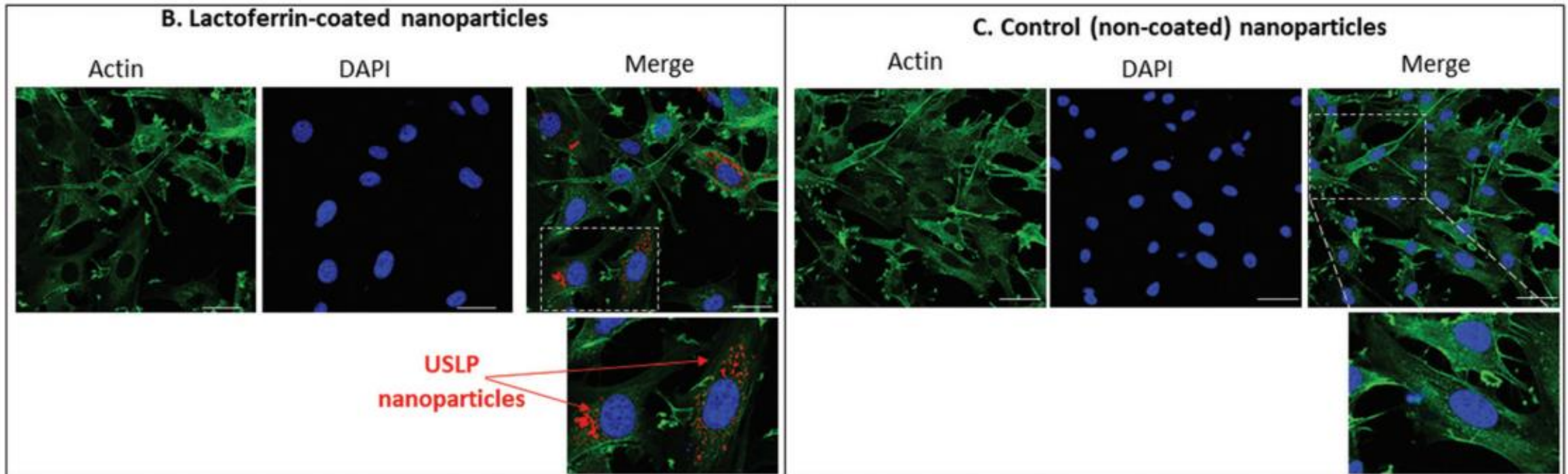
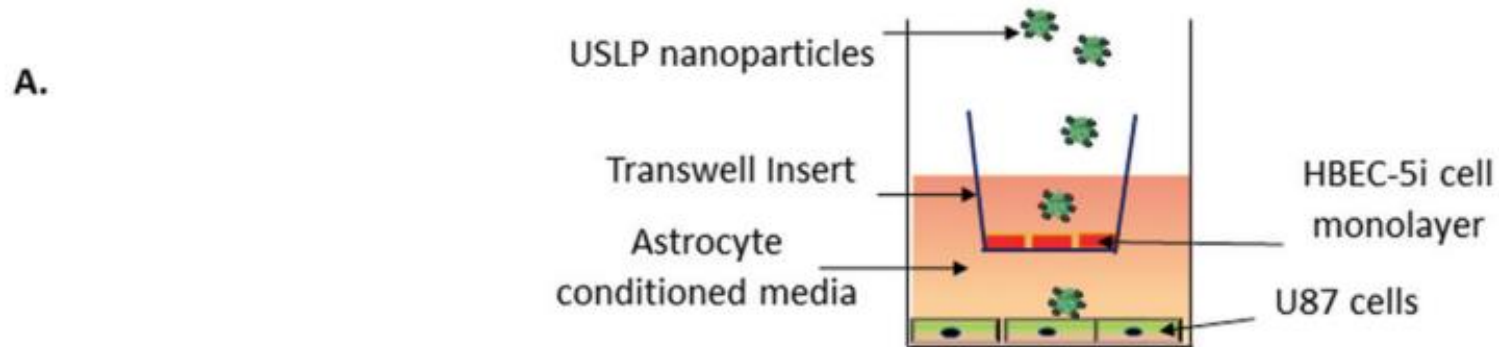
Stöber



Results - Design and Synthesis of USLP delivery system



Results – USLP permeates *in vitro* blood brain barrier

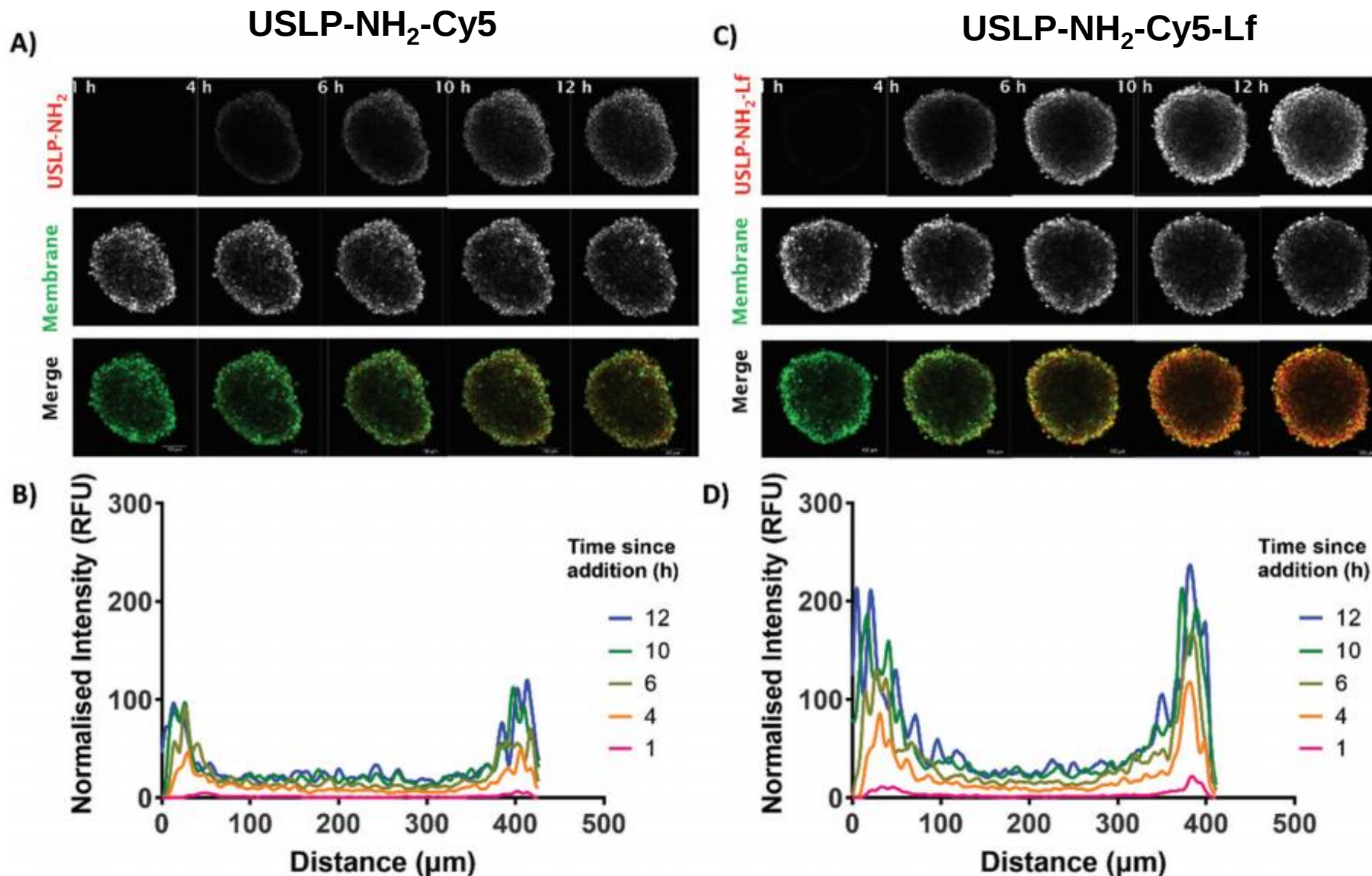


scale bars = 30 μm

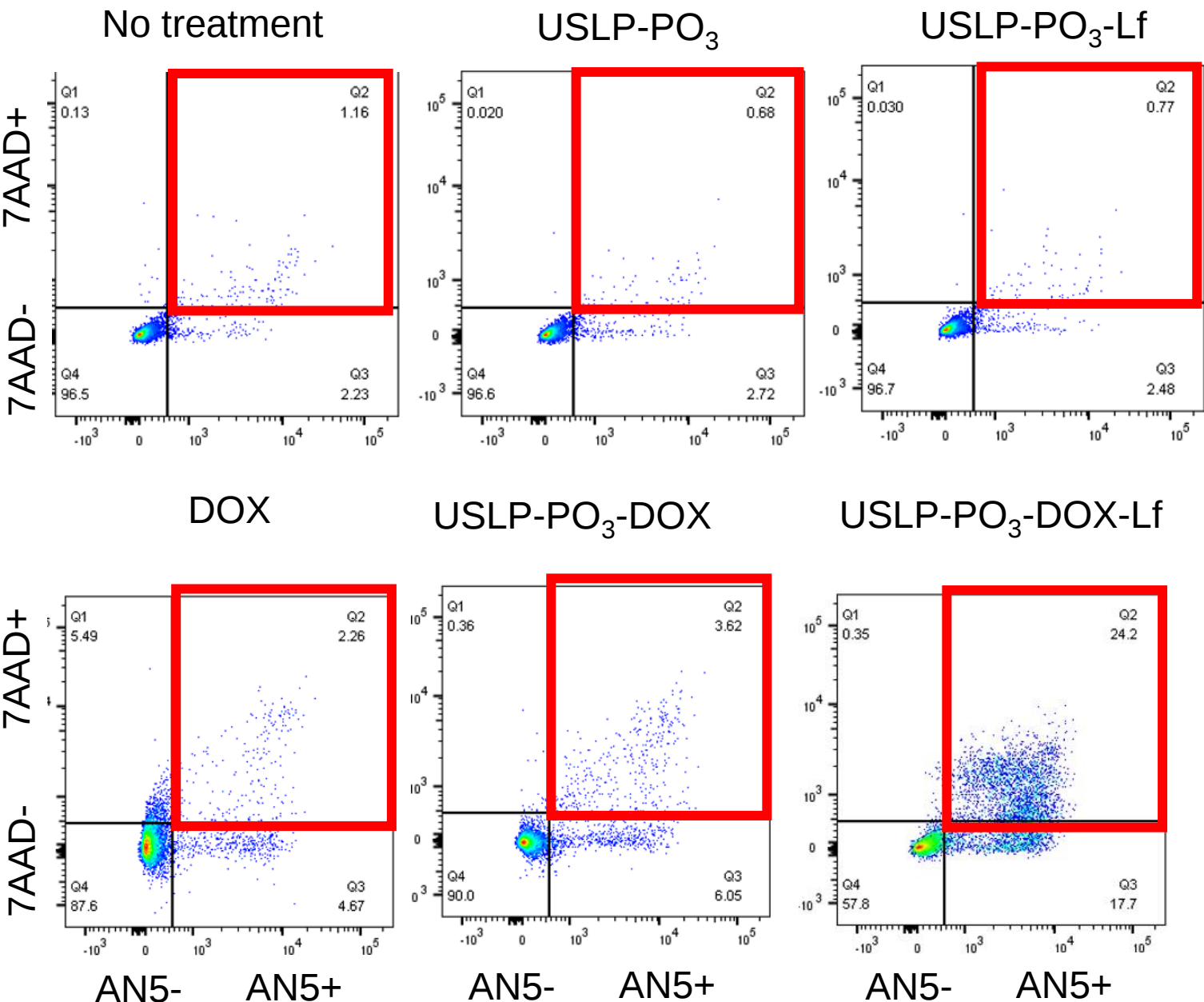
Results – USLP permeates glioblastoma cell line



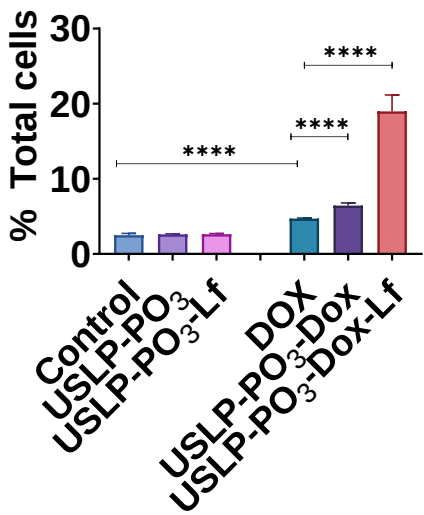
3D U87 tumour
Spheroid – Aria



Cell apoptotic studies U87 GBM cells

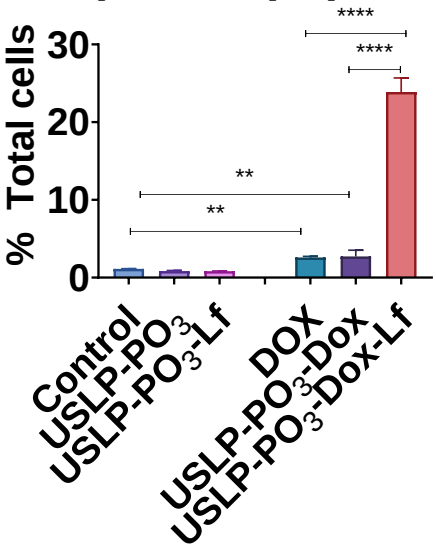


B) Early apoptosis

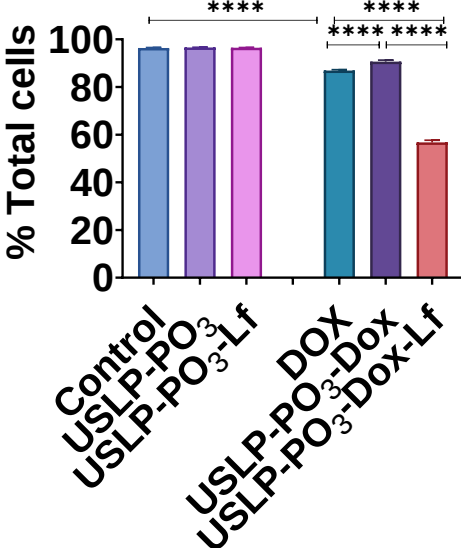


2D Cell culture

C) Late apoptosis

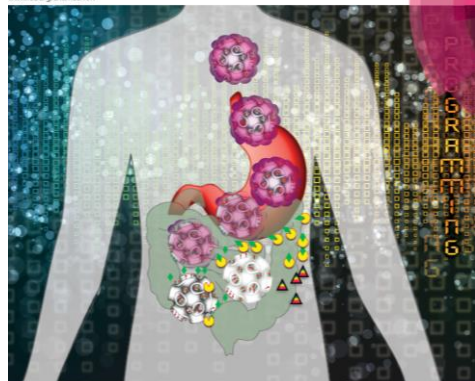


D) Alive cells



ChemComm

Chemical Communications
www.rsc.org/chemcomm



ISSN 1359-7345



COMMUNICATION
Chengrong Yu et al.
Programmable drug release using biocompatible mesoporous silica
nanoparticles for site-specific oral drug delivery

Journal of Materials Chemistry B

Materials for biology and medicine
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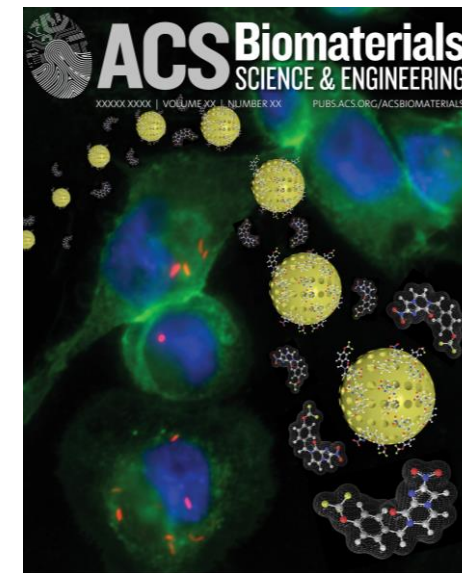
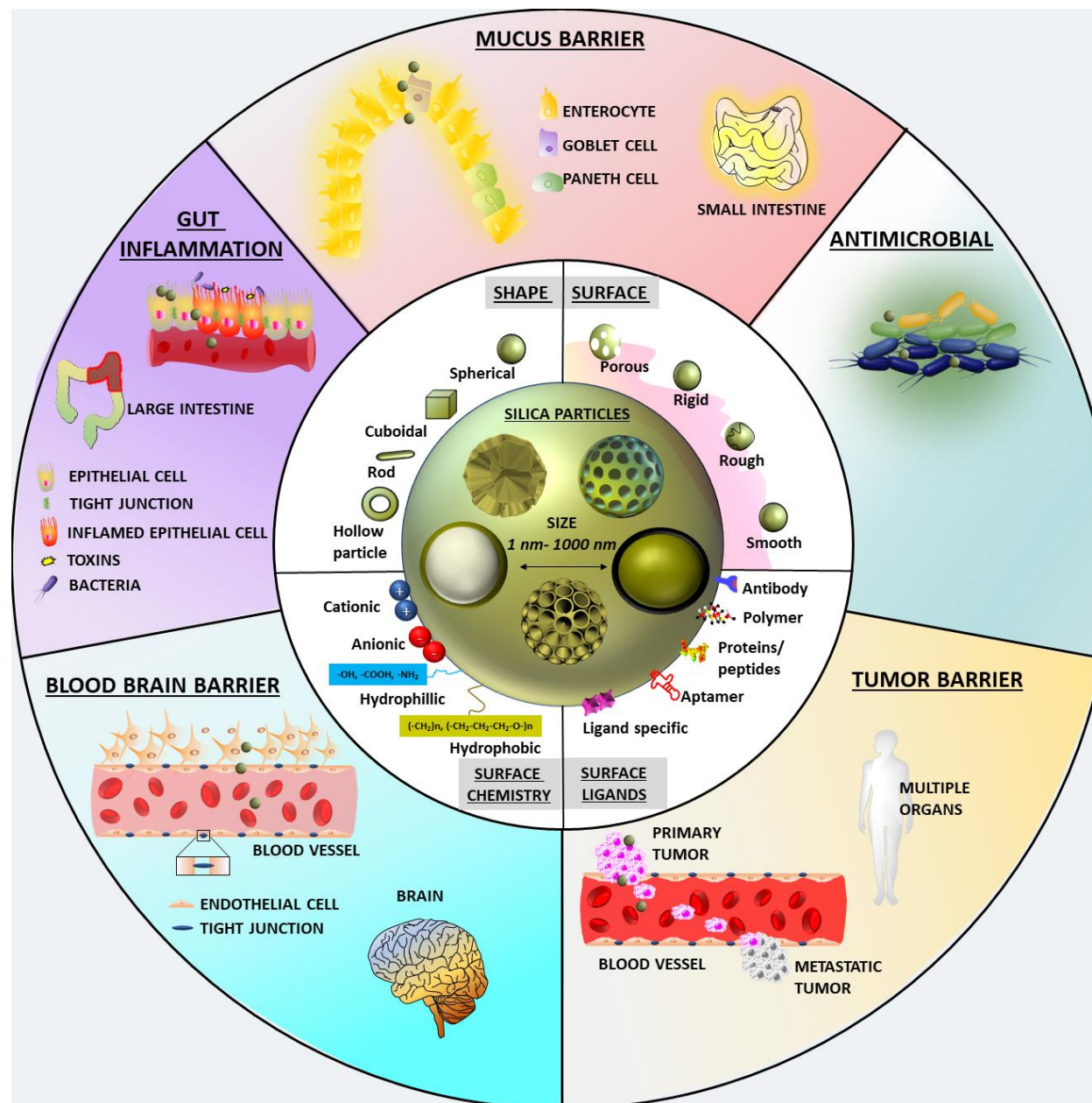
Themed issue: Emerging Investigators 2021

ISSN 2050-750X



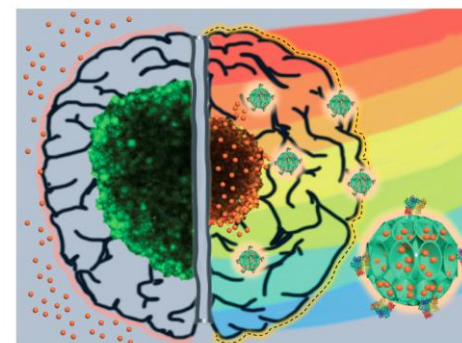
PAPER
Amal Popal et al.
Engineering mesoporous silica nanoparticles towards oral
delivery of vancomycin

Included in
Medline!



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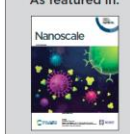


Showing the work of Taskeen Iqbal Janjua from A/Prof Amal Popal's group at the School of Pharmacy, The University of Queensland, Australia in collaboration with Prof Maria Kavallaris at Children's Cancer Institute, University of New South Wales and Dr. Roberta Mazzilli, Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre, Victoria.

Facile synthesis of lactoferrin conjugated ultra small large pore silica nanoparticles for the treatment of glioblastoma

Treatment of brain cancer is challenging due to difficulty in delivering drugs across the blood brain barrier (BBB) into the tumour microenvironment. This work highlights the potential of Ultra Small Large Pore Silica (USLPS) to significantly improve the utility of chemotherapeutic drugs such as doxorubicin, which cannot otherwise cross the BBB and thereby improve penetration of chemotherapy deep into the brain tumour.

As featured in:



See Roberta Mazzilli, Maria Kavallaris, Amal Popal et al., Nanoscale, 2021, 13, 16309



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