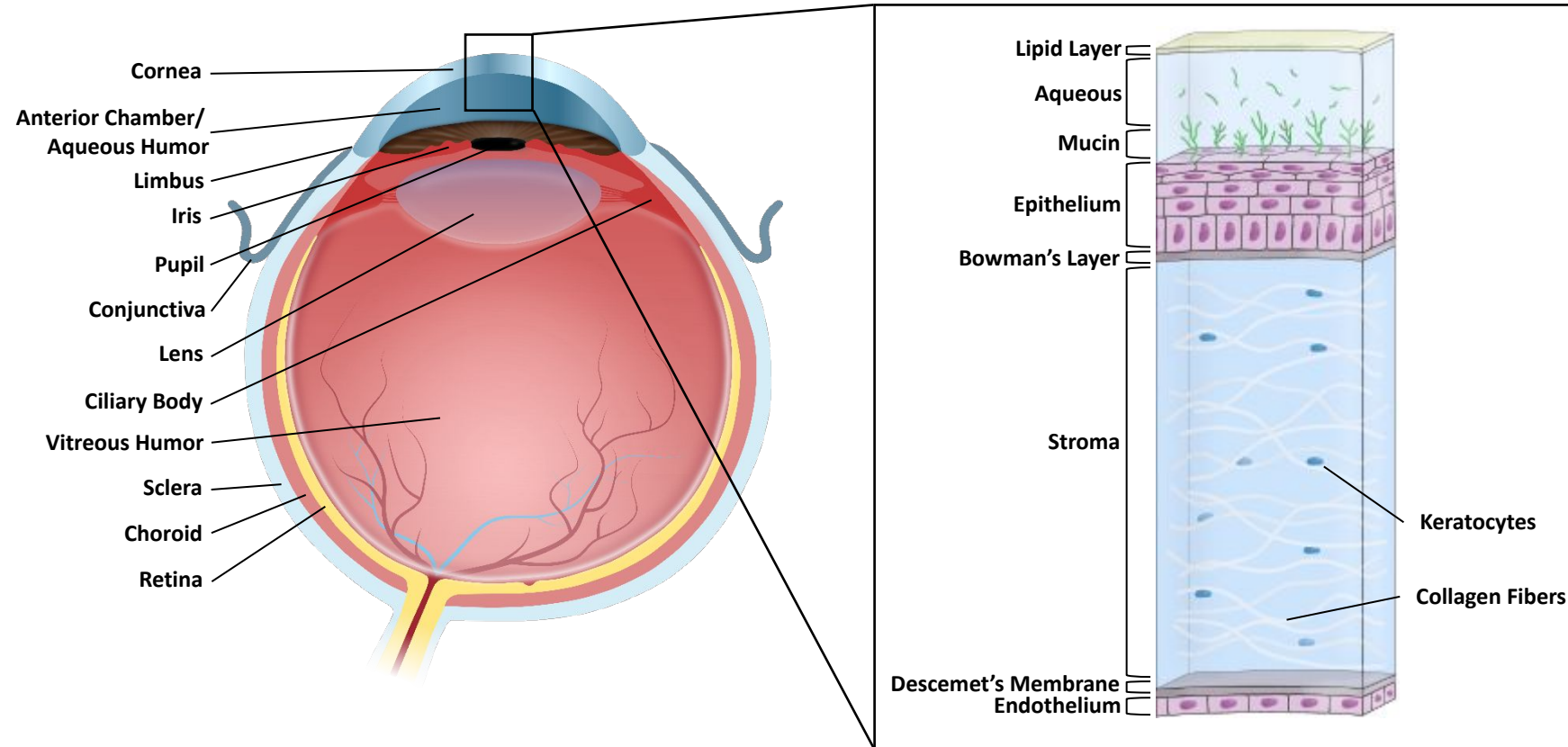


Photoporation of the corneal epithelium by laser-induced nanobubbles

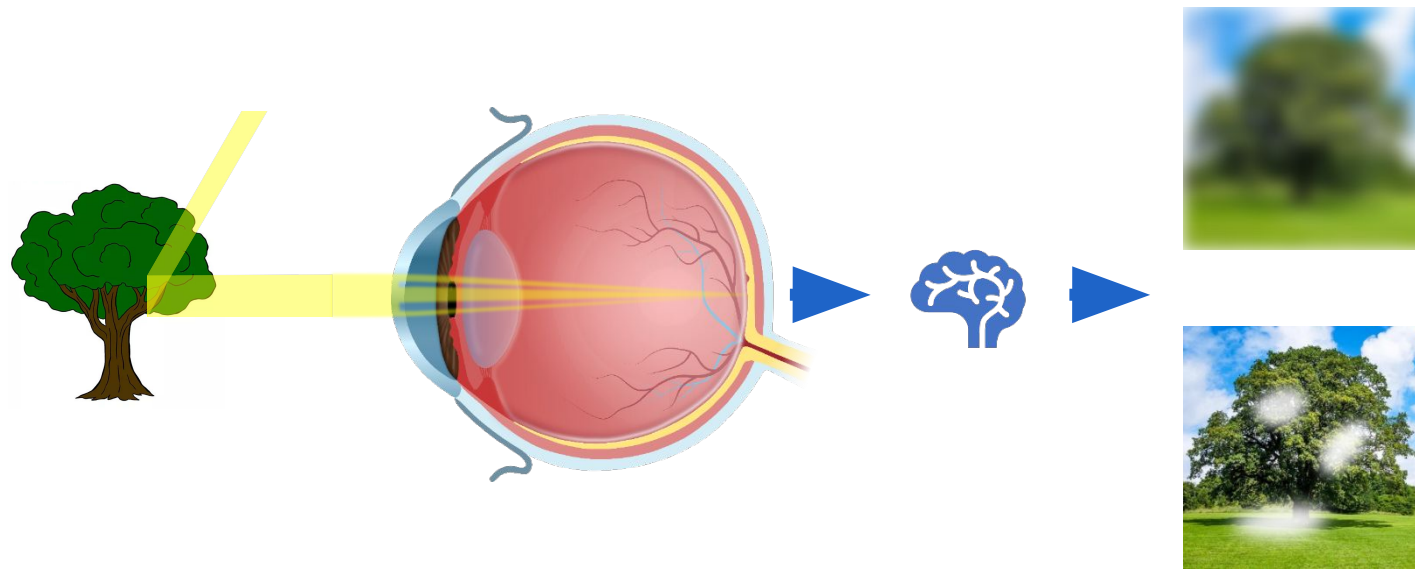
Félix Sauvage, Pharm.D, Ph.D



Corneal epithelium defects



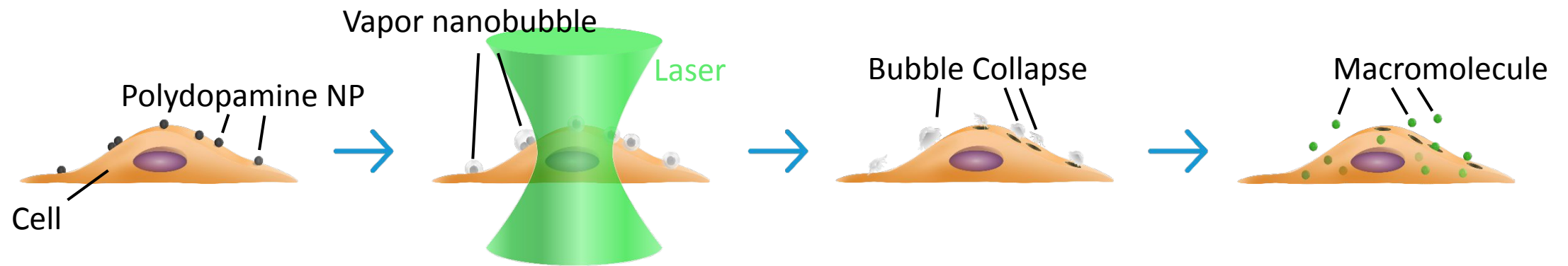
- Corneal blindness is the 4th cause of blindness worldwide
- Epithelium, stroma, endothelium
- Epithelial healing is altered with some diseases (e.g. diabetes)
- Entry point for infections



Nucleic acids hold great promises for treating the corneal epithelium



Nucleic acids delivery at the ocular surface is hampered by several barriers (tear film, mucus...)



Polydopamine nanoparticle

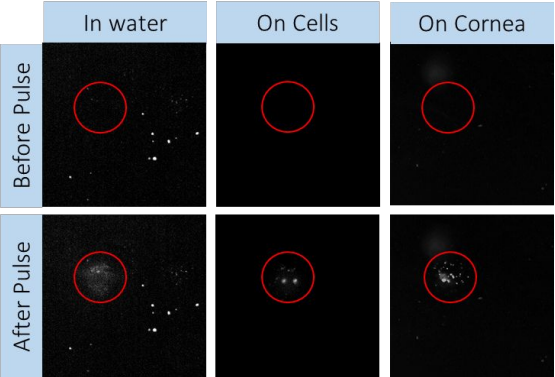
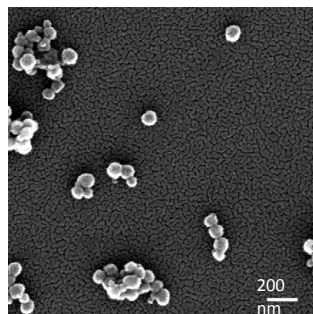
Light absorbing

Synthetic polymer

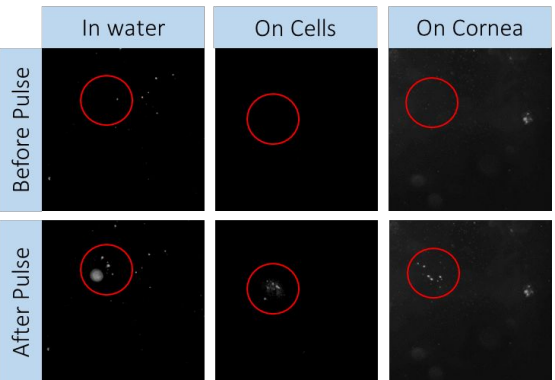
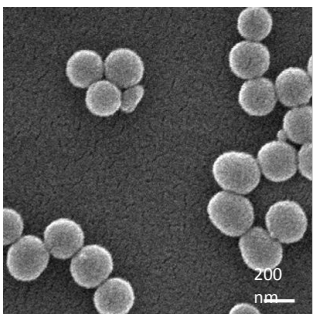
PEI coating

Nanobubble generation and photoporation

90 nm PD-PEI NPs

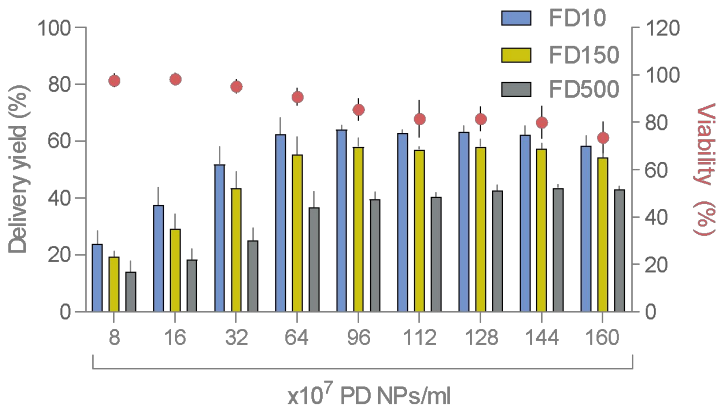


250 nm PD-PEI NPs

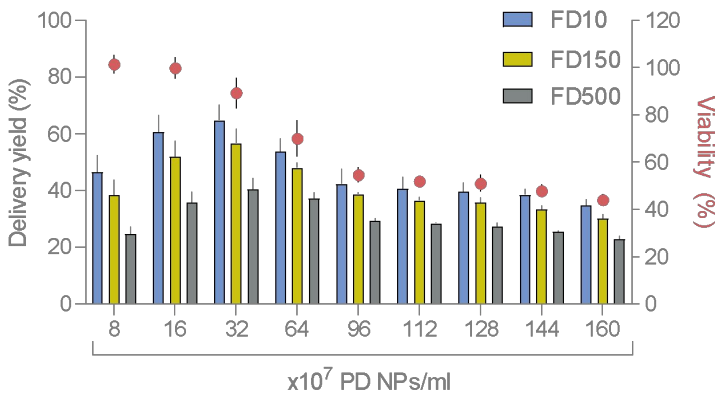


Primary bovine epithelial cells

1.8 J/cm²; 561 nm; <7ns

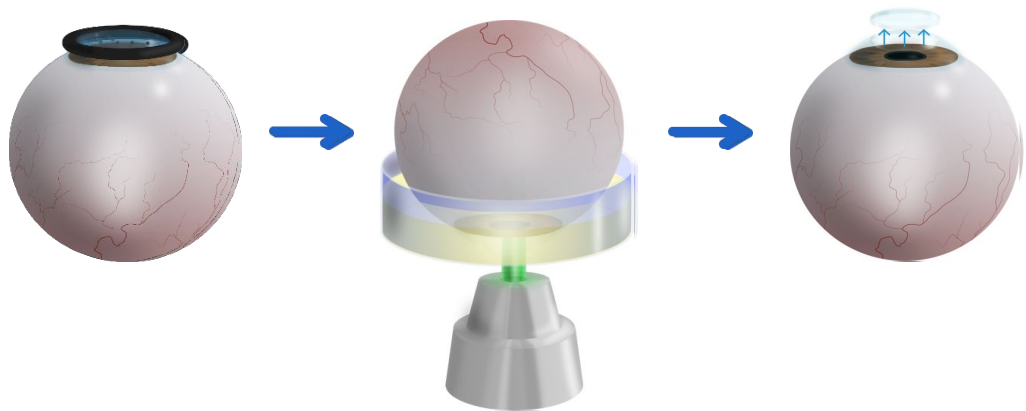


1.8 J/cm²; 561 nm; <7ns

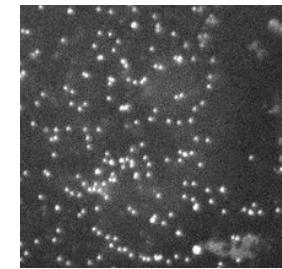
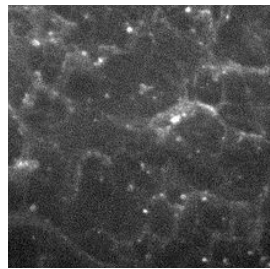
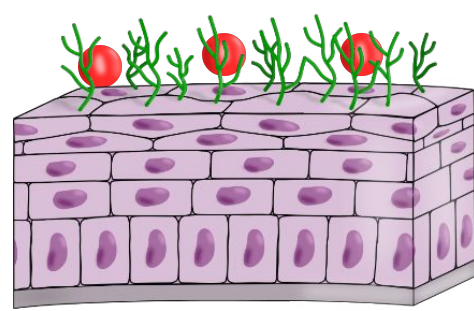


Nanobubble-mediated mucus disruption

Ex vivo model (bovine)

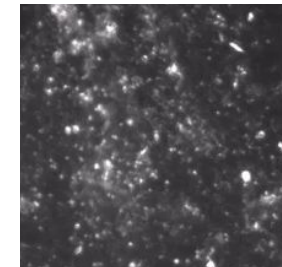
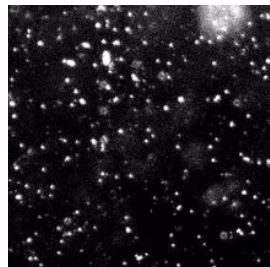
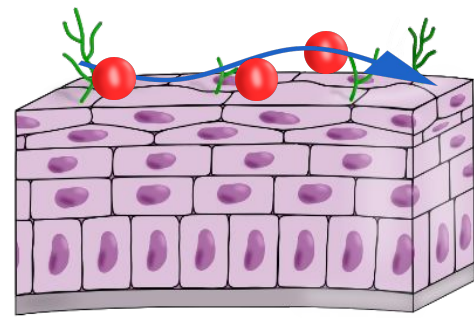


2.5 J/cm²; 561 nm; <7ns



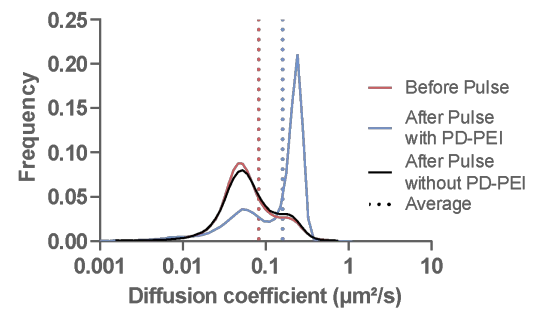
Bla

Beads



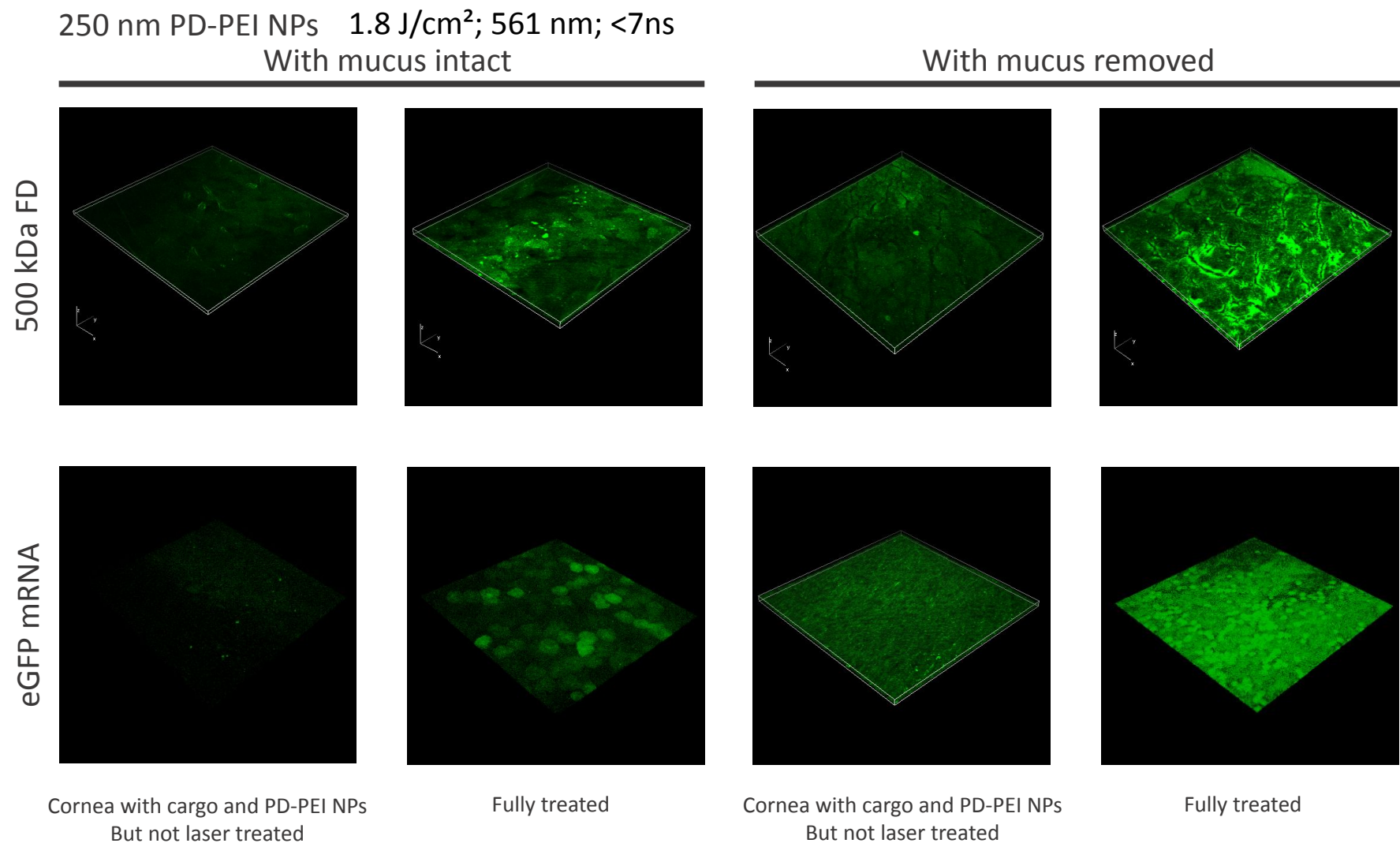
Beads with PD-PEI NPs

Beads with PD-PEI NPs

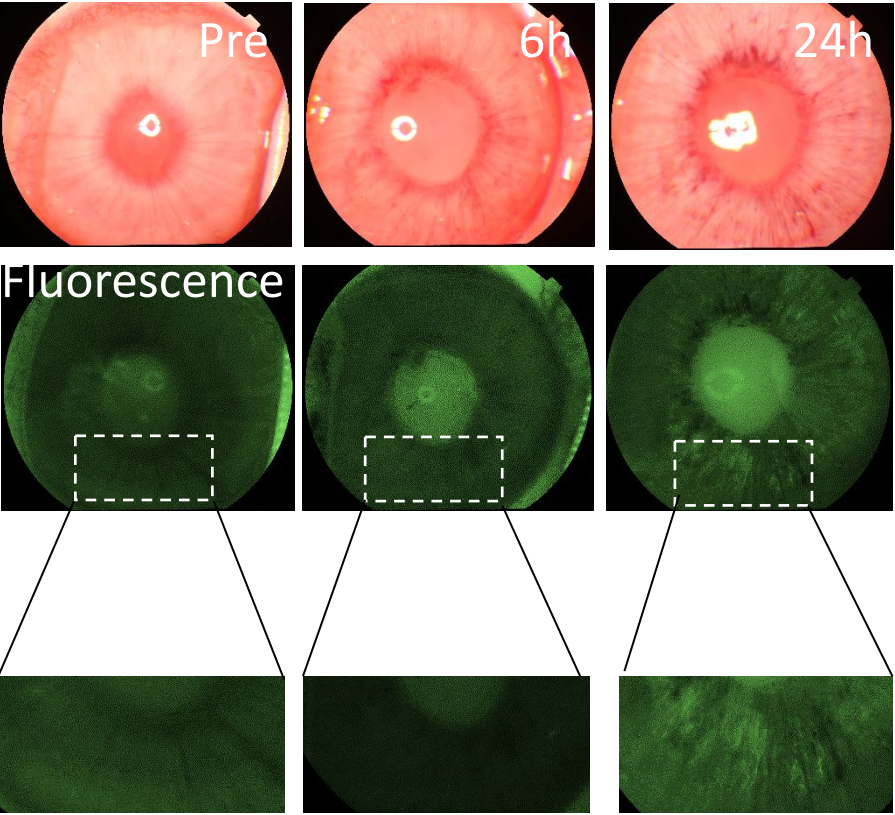


Photoporation (*ex vivo*)

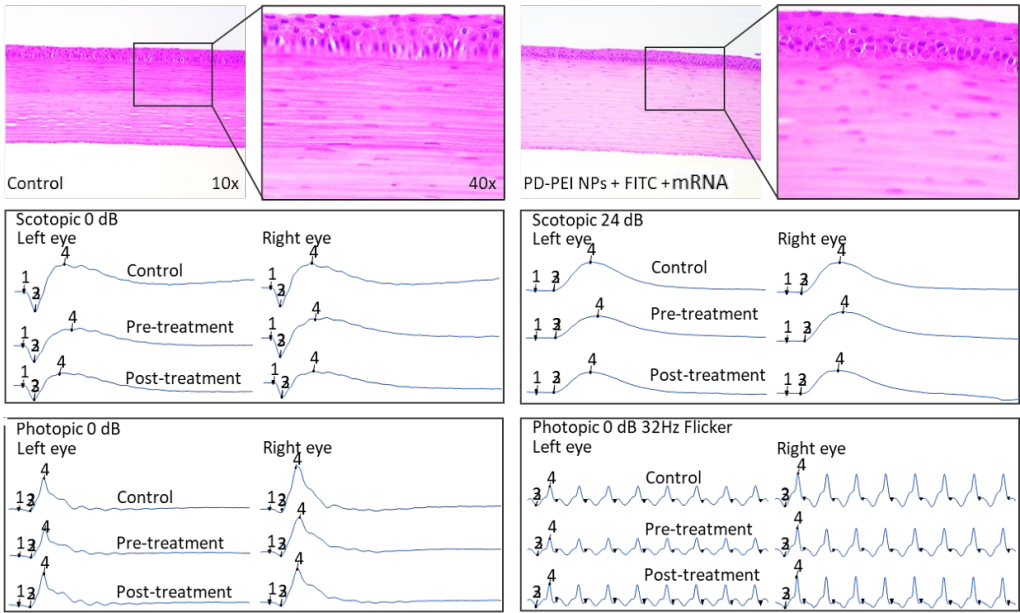
Ex vivo model (bovine)



eGFP mRNA 1.8 J/cm²; 532 nm; <7ns



H&E and ERG



Post treatment: 7 days

- Laser-induced nanobubbles can disrupt the mucus
- Laser-induced nanobubbles can deliver molecular compounds in corneal epithelial cells
- eGFP expression could be seen on the corneal surface of rabbits
- Photoporation did not show toxicity in rabbits, 7 days post-treatment

Thanks for your attention!

Acknowledgement

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